Appendix

This appendix contains supporting evidence for the December Bulletin 2024.

A primer on productivity

What is productivity?

Productivity measures the rate at which output of goods and services are produced per unit of input. It is calculated as the ratio of the quantity of output produced to some measure of the quantity of inputs used. Many factors can affect productivity growth such as: technological improvements, workforce skills, changes in other inputs (such as capital), competitive pressures and the business cycle.

What are the main measures?

Two metrics are commonly used to measure aggregate productivity. **Labour productivity** is the ratio of output to hours worked. Output is typically defined as gross value added (the total value of a firm's production minus intermediate inputs). **Multifactor productivity** (MFP) is the ratio of output to a combined input of labour and capital. It is generally considered to be a better measure of technological change and efficiency improvements than labour productivity.¹

This bulletin does not include multifactor productivity because it is not included in the quarterly national accounts.

What parts of the economy are we measuring?

The most accurate estimates of productivity are for those industries where prices are set in markets – known as the 'market sector' – and where it is therefore easier to measure output (in terms of real industry gross value added). This Bulletin provides estimates for the 16 market sector industries and the 3 non-market sectors industries.²

¹ Usually, the growth in labour productivity exceeds the growth in multifactor productivity. The difference between the two is the contribution from 'capital deepening'.

² Labour productivity can also be measured for the whole economy (in terms of real GDP per hour worked). Labour productivity measured in this way contributes to growth in living standards but is a poorer indicator of technological change and efficiency improvement because of the difficulty measuring output in health, education and public administration.

Detailed productivity statistics

Table 1 – Whole economy and market sector growth rates^{a,b}

	Latest qu	Latest quarters		iverage	Through the year	
	Jun 24 to Sep	Mar 24 to	Q4 2023 to	Q4 2019 to	Sep 23 to	
	24	Jun 24	Q3 2024	Q3 2024	Sep 24	
Whole economy						
Output (real GDP)	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.6%	0.8%	
Hours worked	0.8%	1.1%	0.4%	0.6%	1.7%	
Labour productivity	-0.5%	-0.9%	-0.2%	0.0%	-0.8%	
Market sector						
Output (gross value added)	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	0.8%	
Hours worked	0.5%	0.7%	0.0%	0.4%	0.1%	
Labour productivity	-0.4%	-0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.7%	

a. Some figures will not appear to add correctly due to rounding to one decimal place. Gross value added (GVA) output is Gross domestic product (GDP) less taxes less subsidies on products and the statistical discrepancy. Labour productivity is the growth in output per unit of labour input. **b.** All values are in real, chain weighted, terms. Through the year estimates show the change between the current quarter and the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

Sources: Productivity Commission (PC) estimates based on: ABS (2024, Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, September 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 1).

Table 2 – Industry-level growth rates

	Labour p	oductivity		GVA		ŀ	lours wo	orked
		Average quarterly			Average quarterly			Average quarterly
	Q3 Q	2 change	Q3	Q2	change	Q3	Q2	change
All 19 industries	2024 202	4 (Annual)	2024	2024	(Annual)	2024	2024	(Annual)
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	6.8% -1.4%	1.8%	6.6%	0.8%	2.7%	-0.2%	2.2%	0.9%
Mining	-1.7% -2.4%	-1.3%	-0.8%	-0.6%	-0.2%	0.9%	1.9%	1.2%
Manufacturing	-3.8% 2.2%	0.4%	-0.8%	1.0%	-0.1%	3.1%	-1.1%	-0.5%
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	-0.5% 7.6%	1.2%	0.5%	1.7%	1.3%	0.9%	-5.5%	0.1%
Construction	-0.4% 0.9%	-0.4%	0.9%	0.9%	0.2%	1.4%	-0.1%	0.6%
Wholesale trade	0.0% -0.1%	-0.2%	-0.3%	-0.3%	-1.0%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.8%
Retail trade	-0.9% -4.6%	-1.0%	0.6%	-0.4%	0.1%	1.5%	4.4%	1.1%
Accommodation and food services	1.6% 0.1%	3.1%	-0.4%	-0.1%	-0.6%	-2.0%	-0.3%	-3.6%
Transport, postal and warehousing	-2.9% 0.6%	0.7%	-0.9%	0.8%	0.4%	2.1%	0.1%	-0.3%
Information media and telecommunications	2.0% -0.2%	3.1%	1.2%	1.5%	0.3%	-0.8%	1.7%	-2.7%
Financial and insurance services	1.1% -2.3%	0.1%	0.9%	0.6%	0.7%	-0.2%	2.9%	0.6%
Rental, hiring and real estate services	2.5% 0.2%	1.6%	0.4%	0.7%	0.4%	-2.0%	0.5%	-1.3%
Professional, scientific and technical services	-2.1% 0.3%	-0.8%	-1.0%	0.6%	0.2%	1.1%	0.2%	1.0%

	Labour productivity		GVA			Hours worked			
			Average quarterly			Average quarterly			Average quarterly
	Q3	Q2	change	Q3	Q2	change	Q3	Q2	change
All 19 industries	2024	2024	(Annual)	2024	2024	(Annual)	2024	2024	(Annual)
Administrative and support	1.2%	-3.0%	-1.8%	-1.0%	0.9%	0.1%	-2.1%	4.0%	1.9%
services									
Public administration and safety	-0.9%	-1.1%	-1.1%	1.3%	0.5%	0.9%	2.2%	1.7%	2.0%
Education and training	2.7%	-2.8%	0.4%	1.3%	1.3%	0.5%	-1.3%	4.2%	0.0%
Health care and social	-1.4%	-1.6%	-1.4%	1.2%	-0.7%	0.5%	2.6%	0.9%	2.0%
assistance									
Arts and recreation services	5.0%	8.1%	3.8%	2.4%	-0.6%	1.0%	-2.5%	-8.1%	-2.7%
Other services	-1.8%	1.7%	-0.1%	-1.0%	0.7%	-0.3%	0.8%	-1.0%	-0.2%

Sources: PC estimates based on ABS (2024, *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product*, September 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 6) and ABS (2024, *Labour Account Australia*, September 2024, Cat. No. 6150.0.55.003, industry summary table).

Productivity data revisions

Previous ABS account releases can be subject to revisions due to more up-to-date data and seasonal adjustments. It is important to examine these revisions in case they change Australia's productivity story. The tables below show revisions from the September 2024 quarterly release for aggregate and industry statistics.

Table 3 – Revisions to whole economy and market sector growth rates

	Revision on Q2 2024		Difference	
	Before	Now	(percentage point)	
Whole economy				
Output (real GDP)	0.2%	0.2%	0	
Hours worked	1.1%	1.1%	0	
Labour productivity	-0.8%	-0.9%	-0.1	
Market sector				
Output (gross value added)	0.3%	0.4%	0.1	
Hours worked	0.9%	0.7%	-0.2	
Labour productivity	-0.7%	-0.4%	0.3	

Sources: PC estimates based on ABS (2024, Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, September 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 1) and ABS (2024, Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 1).

Table 4 – Revisions to industry gross value added (GVA)

	Revision or	Difference	
Market sector	Before	After	(percentage point)
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-0.2%	0.8%	1.0
Mining	-0.3%	-0.6%	-0.3
Manufacturing	0.7%	1.0%	0.3
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	1.3%	1.7%	0.4
Construction	0.5%	0.9%	0.4

	Revision on	Difference	
Market sector	Before	After	(percentage point)
Wholesale trade	0%	-0.3%	-0.3
Retail trade	-0.3%	-0.4%	-0.1
Accommodation and food services	-0.3%	-0.1%	0.2
Transport, postal and warehousing	0.6%	0.8%	0.2
Information, media and telecommunications	1.6%	1.5%	-0.1
Financial and insurance services	0.2%	0.6%	0.4
Rental, hiring and real estate services	0.4%	0.7%	0.3
Professional, scientific and technical services	0.4%	0.6%	0.2
Administrative and support services	0.8%	0.9%	0.1
Public administration and safety	0.6%	0.5%	-0.1
Education and training	0.6%	1.3%	0.7
Health care and social assistance	0.4%	-0.7%	-1.1
Arts and recreation services	-0.7%	-0.6%	0.1
Other services	0.6%	0.7%	0.1

Sources: PC estimates based on ABS (2024, Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, September 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 6) and ABS (2024, Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, June 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 6).

Table 5 – Revisions to industry hours worked

	Revision on Q	Difference	
Market sector	Before	After	(percentage point)
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1.2%	2.2%	1.0
Mining	3%	1.9%	-1.1
Manufacturing	0%	-1.1%	-1.1
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	-4.5%	-5.5%	-1.0
Construction	0.9%	-0.1%	-1.0
Wholesale trade	1.5%	-0.2%	-1.7
Retail trade	3.4%	4.4%	1.0
Accommodation and food services	-0.3%	-0.3%	0.0
Transport, postal and warehousing	-1.2%	0.1%	1.3
Information, media and telecommunications	-3.3%	1.7%	5.0
Financial and insurance services	3%	2.9%	-0.1
Rental, hiring and real estate services	-1.3%	0.5%	1.8
Professional, scientific and technical services	1.5%	0.2%	-1.3
Administrative and support services	5.3%	4.0%	-1.3
Public administration and safety	1.6%	1.7%	0.1
Education and training	2.8%	4.2%	1.4
Health care and social assistance	0.6%	0.9%	0.3
Arts and recreation services	-7.7%	-8.1%	-0.4
Other services	-1.3	-1.0%	0.3

Sources: PC estimates based on ABS (2024, *Labour Account Australia*, September 2024, Cat. No. 6150.0.55.003, industry summary table) and ABS (2024, *Labour Account Australia*, June 2024, Cat. No. 6150.0.55.003, industry summary table).

	Revision on	Revision on Q2 2024			
Market sector	Before	After	(percentage point)		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-1.4%	-1.4%	0.0		
Mining	-3.2%	-2.4%	0.8		
Manufacturing	0.7%	2.2%	1.5		
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	6.1%	7.6%	1.5		
Construction	-0.4%	0.9%	1.3		
Wholesale trade	-1.4%	-0.1%	1.3		
Retail trade	-3.6%	-4.6%	-1.0		
Accommodation and food services	0%	0.1%	0.1		
Transport, postal and warehousing	1.8%	0.6%	-1.2		
Information, media and telecommunications	5%	-0.2%	-5.2		
Financial and insurance services	-2.7%	-2.3%	0.4		
Rental, hiring and real estate services	1.7%	0.2%	-1.5		
Professional, scientific and technical services	-1%	0.3%	1.3		
Administrative and support services	-4.2%	-3.0%	1.2		
Public administration and safety	-1%	-1.1%	-0.1		
Education and training	-2.2%	-2.8%	-0.6		
Health care and social assistance	-0.2%	-1.6%	-1.4		
Arts and recreation services	7.6%	8.1%	0.5		
Other services	1.9%	1.7%	-0.2		

Table 6 – Revisions to industry labour productivity

Sources: PC estimates based on ABS (2024, *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product*, September 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 6); ABS (2024, *Labour Account Australia*, September 2024, Cat. No. 6150.0.55.003, industry summary table); ABS (2024, *Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product*, June 2024, Cat. no.5206.0, table 6); and ABS (2024, *Labour Account Australia*, June 2024, Cat. No. 6150.0.55.003, industry summary table).