
13 Aged care services

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Attachment tables

Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this chapter by a '13A' prefix (for example, table 13A.1). A full list of attachment tables is provided at the end of this chapter, and the attachment tables are available from the Review website at www.pc.gov.au/gsp.

The aged care system comprises all services specifically designed to meet the care and support needs of older people living in Australia. This chapter focuses on government funded residential and community care for older people and services designed for the carers of older people. Some government expenditure on aged care is not reported, but continual improvements are being made to the coverage and quality of the data.

Improvements to the reporting of aged care services in this edition include:

- addition of a measure on 'access to Transition Care services by Indigenous status' for the 'use by different groups' indicator
- improved reporting on the 'compliance with service standards for community care' indicator to revise the measure to report on 'the proportion of reviews of community aged care services that met all expected outcomes under each of the Home Care Common Standards'
- development of the 'social participation in the community' indicator to report three measures, 'the estimated proportions of older people (aged 65 years or over) who:

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- participated in social or community activities away from home in the last three months’
 - ‘had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in the last week, month or three months’
 - ‘did not leave home or did not leave home as often as they would like’
 - improving, simplifying and streamlining the attachment table set
 - data quality information (DQI) available for the first time for a further two measures ‘use by different groups — access by veterans’ and ‘hospital patient days used by aged care type patients – proportion of completed hospital separations for which the length of stay was 35 days or longer’.

In addition to these improvements, reporting on aged care services this year has been revised to reflect program changes for community and flexible aged care. From 1 August 2013, the new Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community and flexible packaged care programs — Community Aged Care Packages (CACPs), Extended Aged Care at Home (EACH) packages, and EACH Dementia (EACH-D) packages.

Older Australians are also users of other government services covered in this Report, including primary and community health services (chapter 10), public hospitals (chapter 11), specialised mental health services (chapter 12), disability services (chapter 14), and housing assistance (chapter 17). Understanding the relationship between the health system and the aged care system is of particular importance (sector overview E and chapters 10–12), given that people aged 65 years or over account for around 50 per cent of all patient days in public hospitals (AIHW 2013). Interactions between health and aged care services are critical for the performance of both systems; for example, the number of operational residential aged care places can affect demand for public hospital beds, and throughput of older patients in acute and sub-acute care has a substantial effect on the demand for residential and community aged care.

13.1 Profile of aged care services

Service overview

Services for older people are provided on the basis of frailty or disability. Government funded aged care services covered in this chapter include:

- information and assessment services that seek to ensure that older people who may need aged care, and their carers, know about and can access the appropriate support services to meet these needs — services include those provided under the Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres and the Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP)

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- residential care services, which provide supported accommodation for older people who are unable to continue living independently in their own homes, services include permanent and respite high and low level care
 - community care services, which provide home based care and assistance to help older people remain, or return to, living independently in the community as long as possible — services include those provided under the Home Care Packages Program, Home and Community Care (HACC), and the Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) Veterans' Home Care (VHC) and Community Nursing programs
 - community care respite services which provide support to carers to allow them a break from their usual care arrangements, including HACC respite and centre based day care services and services provided under the National Respite for Carers Program (NRCP)
 - services provided in mixed delivery settings, which are designed to provide flexible care or specific support:
 - flexible care services address the needs of care recipients in ways other than that provided through mainstream residential and community care — services are provided under the Transition Care Program (TCP), Multi-Purpose Service (MPS) Program, Aged Care Innovative Pool and National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program
 - specific support services address particular needs such as those identified under the Community Visitors Scheme and the National Aged Care Advocacy Program.

The formal publicly funded services covered represent only a small proportion of total assistance provided to older people. Extended family and partners are the largest source of emotional, practical and financial support for older people. Around 85 per cent of older people living in the community in 2012 who required help with self-care, mobility or communication received assistance from the informal care network of family, friends and neighbours (Australian Bureau of Statistics [ABS] unpublished, *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012*, Cat. no. 4430.0). Many people receive assistance from both formal aged care services and informal sources. Older people also purchase support services in the private market, and these services are not covered in this chapter.

Roles and responsibilities

The *Aged Care Act 1997*, together with the accompanying Aged Care Principles, are the main regulatory instruments establishing the aged care framework, although some services are provided outside of the Act. Key provisions covered include service planning, user rights, eligibility for care, funding, quality assurance and accountability (Productivity Commission 2010). During 2013, a package of bills amending the *Aged Care Act 1997* was passed into law to implement some major reforms to the aged care system (see box 13.21). The 2011 *National Health Reform Agreement* also defines Australian, State and Territory governments' roles and responsibilities that apply across the aged care

and disability services systems (for more details see the Community services sector overview F).

The funding, regulation and policy oversight of aged care services are predominantly the role of the Australian Government, although all three levels of government are involved. Services are largely delivered by non-government organisations, although State, Territory and local governments deliver some aged care services.

Information and assessment

The ACAP is the main program in this category reported on in this chapter. Aged Care Assessment Teams (ACATs)¹ assess and approve clients as eligible for residential and home care services. An ACAT approval is mandatory for admission to Australian Government subsidised residential care (including respite), to receive Home Care or enter the TCP. People can also be referred by an ACAT to other services, such as those funded by the HACC program (although a referral under the ACAP is not mandatory for receipt of these other services).

The Australian Government has oversight of policy and guidelines, and engages State and Territory governments to operate ACATs who undertake the assessments. State and Territory governments are responsible for the day to day operation and administration of ACATs. The scope and practice of ACATs differ across and within jurisdictions, partly reflecting the service setting and location (for example, whether the team is attached to a hospital or a community service) and this has an effect on program outputs.

Residential care services

The Australian Government is responsible for most of the policy oversight and regulation of Australian Government subsidised residential aged care services, including:

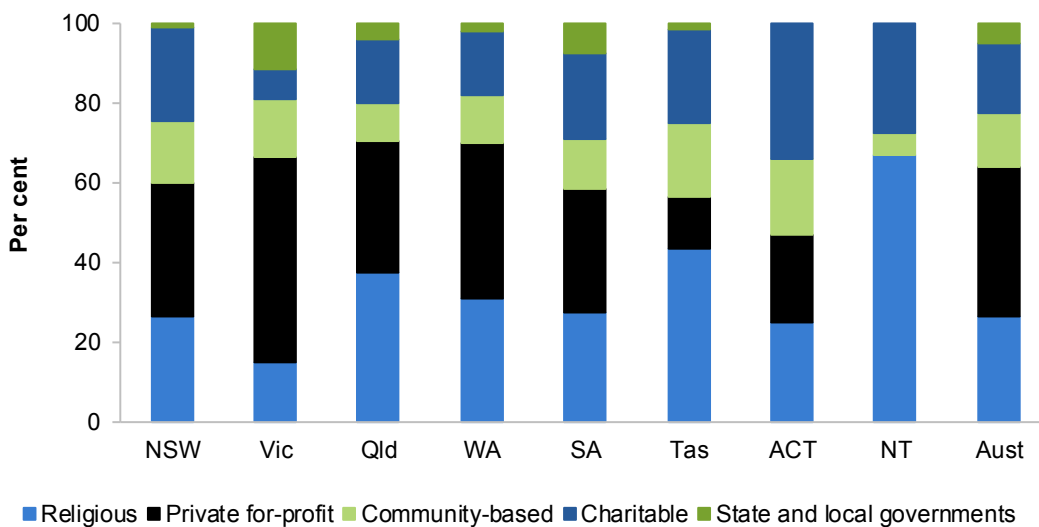
- control over the number of subsidised residential care places through the provision ratio
- requirements that regulate the nature of the subsidised residential care places offered; for example services are expected to meet regional targets for places for concessional, assisted and supported residents and the number of extra service places are restricted
- accreditation of the service, certification of facilities and the ongoing monitoring of quality of care through the complaints scheme.

State, Territory and local governments may also have a regulatory role in areas such as work health and safety, workers compensation requirements, building standards, and fire prevention and firefighting measures. Industrial relations arrangements and outcomes vary between and within jurisdictions.

¹ In Victoria, an ACAT is referred to as an Aged Care Assessment Service (ACAS). Where this Report refers to an ACAT, it intends the Victorian term ACAS to be read as interchangeable.

Religious and private for-profit organisations are the main providers of residential care. At June 2014, they accounted for 26.4 per cent and 37.4 per cent respectively of all Australian Government subsidised residential aged care places. Community-based organisations and charitable organisations accounted for a further 13.6 per cent and 17.4 per cent respectively. State and local governments provided the remaining 5.1 per cent (figure 13.1).

Figure 13.1 Ownership of operational residential places, June 2014^{a, b, c}



^a Community-based residential services provide a service for an identifiable community, based on locality or ethnicity and not for financial gain. ^b Charitable residential services provide a service for the general community or an appreciable section of the public, not for financial gain. ^c Data exclude the flexible places provided under the Multi-Purpose Service (MPS) Program, Aged Care Innovative Pool and the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Source: Department of Social Services (DSS) (unpublished); table 13A.15.

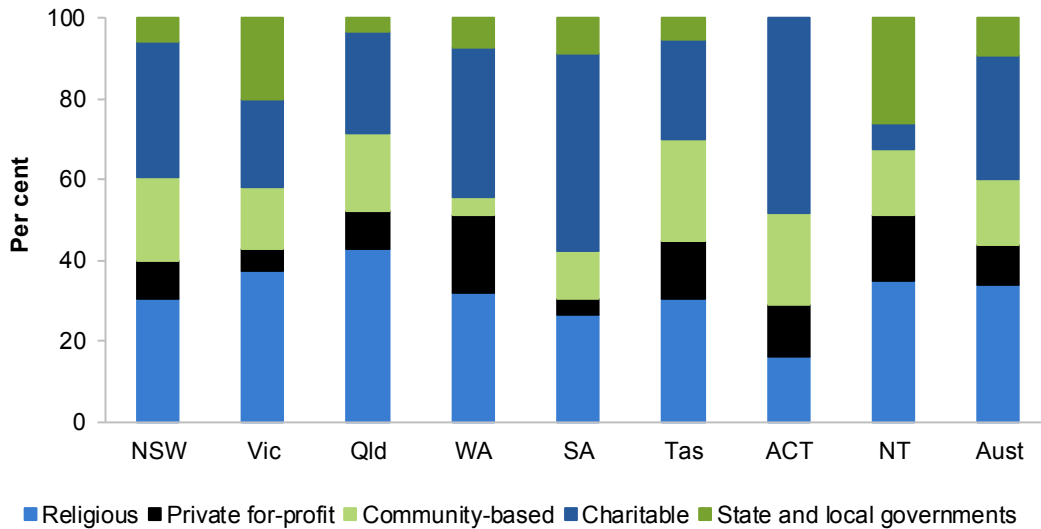
Community care services

The main community care programs reported in this chapter are the HACC, Home Care, DVA VHC and Veterans' Community Nursing.

The Australian Government has full financial and operational responsibility for HACC services for older people, except in Victoria and WA where it is a joint Australian Government and State governments' program administered under the *Home and Community Care Review Agreement 2007*. HACC service providers vary from small community-based groups to large charitable and public sector organisations.

The Australian Government is responsible for the policy oversight and regulation of the Home Care Packages Program. Religious and charitable organisations are the main providers of Australian Government subsidised Home Care places (figure 13.2).

Figure 13.2 **Operational Home Care places, by provider type, June 2014^{a, b, c}**



^a Community based organisations provide a service for an identifiable community based on location or ethnicity, not for financial gain. ^b Charitable organisations provide a service for the general community or an appreciable section of the public, not for financial gain. ^c Data exclude the flexible home care places in the following programs: MPS, Aged Care Innovative Pool and the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

The Australian Government is also primarily responsible for policy oversight and provision of the VHC and Community Nursing programs for veterans and war widows/widowers. These services are delivered by organisations contracted by DVA.

Services provided in mixed delivery setting

Two categories of services are defined in this Report as being provided in mixed delivery settings: flexible care and specific support services.

Flexible care services

Flexible care services comprise those provided under the *Aged Care Act 1997* (TCP, MPS and innovative care places) and the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, which is administered outside of the *Aged Care Act 1997*.

- The TCP was established to assist older people in regaining physical and psychosocial functioning following an episode of inpatient care, to maximise independence and to help avoid premature entry to residential aged care. Services are delivered to patients in their own homes or in dedicated, home like residential facilities for a period of up to 12 weeks. To be eligible, patients must have been assessed by an ACAT as having the

potential to benefit from Transition Care, be eligible for residential aged care, and they must begin to receive Transition Care directly on discharge from hospital. The TCP is jointly funded by the Australian, State and Territory governments. Its implementation is overseen by the Transition Care Working Group, which includes representatives from all State and Territory governments and the Australian Government. State and Territory governments, as approved providers, develop their own service delivery models within the framework of the Program.

- The MPS Program is a joint initiative between the Australian Government and State and Territory governments, which aims to deliver flexible and integrated health and aged care services to small rural and remote communities. Some health, aged and community care services may not be viable in a small community if provided separately. Australian Government aged care funding is combined with State and Territory governments' health services funding. Services are primarily located in small rural hospital settings, where the MPS providers are State governments (DoHA 2012).
- The Aged Care Innovative Pool supports the development and testing of flexible models of service delivery in areas where mainstream aged care services might not appropriately meet the needs of a location or target group. At the beginning of each financial year, the Australian Government's Minister for Ageing determines the flexible care subsidy rates for the Innovative Pool pilots.
- Under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program the Australian Government funds organisations to provide quality, flexible, culturally appropriate aged care to older Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people close to home and community. Flexible Aged Care services can deliver a mix of residential and community aged care services to meet the needs of the community. Services funded under this Program operate outside the regulatory framework of the *Aged Care Act 1997*.

Specific support services

A range of programs designed to meet the specific support needs of older people across care settings are funded and operate outside the regulatory framework of the *Aged Care Act 1997*. The Day Therapy Centre Program, for example, provides a wide range of therapy services to older people living in the community and to residents of Australian Government funded residential aged care facilities. The Australian Government is responsible for the funding and oversight of most of these programs.

Funding

Recurrent expenditure on aged care services reported in this chapter was \$14.8 billion in 2013-14 (table 13.1). Table 13.1 does not include all Australian, State and Territory government expenditure on caring for older people, for example, the experimental estimates of expenditure on non-HACC post-acute packages of care (table 13A.10) and

funding provided for older people in specialist disability services, and Australian, State or Territory government capital expenditure are excluded (table 13A.11). Data on Australian, State and Territory governments' expenditure per person in the aged care target population by program, jurisdiction and over time are in table 13A.5.

Table 13.1 Recurrent expenditure on aged care services, 2013-14 (\$ million)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Assessment and information services ^a	41.8	29.9	22.1	12.8	11.2	3.5	1.4	1.7	124.3
Residential care services ^b	3 342.8	2 637.8	1 821.4	859.1	941.5	253.5	93.7	26.5	9 976.3
Community care services ^c	1 063.7	1 028.9	744.8	480.2	288.2	98.8	60.3	36.4	3 801.2
Services provided in mixed delivery settings ^d	291.4	191.8	139.0	73.8	97.9	19.6	12.2	27.4	853.0
Total	4 739.8	3 888.3	2 727.3	1 425.8	1 338.7	375.4	167.7	91.9	14 754.9

^a Assessment and information services include only Australian Government expenditure on the Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP), additional Council of Australian Governments (COAG) funding for Aged Care Assessment Teams (ACATs), Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres and Carers Information and Support. ^b Residential care services include Department of Social Services (DSS) and Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) (including payroll tax supplement) and State and Territory governments' expenditure and funding. ^c Community care services include Home and Community Care (HACC), Home Care, National Respite for Carers Program (NRCP), Veterans' Home Care (VHC), DVA Community Nursing and Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged. Expenditure on HACC in Victoria and WA is an estimate of that spent on older people under the HACC Review Agreement. ^d Services provided in mixed delivery settings include MPS, Transition Care Program (TCP), National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program and other flexible care and services directed at Workforce and Quality, and Ageing and Service Improvement.

Source: DSS (unpublished); Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 13A.4.

Assessment and information services

In 2013-14, the Australian Government provided funding of \$99.7 million nationally for the ACAP (table 13A.6). Australian Government ACAP expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years was \$28 nationally during 2013-14 (table 13A.6). State and Territory governments also contribute funding for the ACAP, but this expenditure is not available for reporting. Aged care assessment program activities and expenditure for 2012-13 and costs per assessment for 2004-05 to 2012-13 are reported in table 13A.57. Expenditure on other access and information services was \$24.7 million in 2013-14 (table 13A.6).

Residential care services

The Australian Government provides most of the recurrent funding for residential aged care services. State and Territory governments provide funding for residential aged care for younger people and places provided by some public sector organisations. Residents provide most of the remaining service revenue, with some income derived from charitable sources and donations.

Total recurrent government expenditure on residential aged care was \$10.0 billion in 2013-14 (table 13A.5). Australian Government expenditure (including payroll tax supplement) on residential aged care was \$9.8 billion in 2013-14, comprising DSS expenditure of \$8.5 billion and DVA expenditure of \$1.3 billion (table 13A.7). State and Territory governments' expenditure was \$252.9 million from four categories of residential care expenditure/funding: adjusted subsidy reduction supplement (\$18.8 million), enterprise bargaining agreement supplement (\$147.0 million), rural small nursing home supplement (\$18.9 million) and funding of younger people in residential aged care (excluding for Victoria and WA) (\$68.2 million) (tables 13A.7 and 13A.10).

Australian Government basic subsidy

The Australian Government annual basic subsidy for each occupied place varies according to clients' levels of dependency. Each permanent resident has a dependency level for each of three domains (activities of daily living, behaviours and complex health care). At 30 June 2014, the average annual subsidy per residential place, including the Conditional Adjustment Payment (CAP), was \$51 078 nationally (table 13A.16). The amount of CAP payable in respect of a resident is calculated as a percentage of the basic subsidy amount (8.75 per cent since 2008-09). Detailed data on the dependency levels of permanent residents categorised by the proportion of high and low care places provided are shown in table 13A.16. A veteran with a service related mental health condition can also receive a Veterans' supplement for additional care needs.

Capital expenditure

Capital expenditure on aged care services in 2013-14 is summarised in table 13A.11. The Australian Government provided \$26.1 million in 2013-14 for the Rural and remote building fund. State governments also provided \$6.0 million in 2013-14 for capital expenditure on residential aged care services (table 13A.11). These capital funds are in addition to the total recurrent expenditure reported in table 13.1.

Community care services

Changing government policies over the past decade — shifting the balance of care away from the more intensive types of residential care towards community-based care — have

meant that the HACC, Home Care and DVA VHC and Community Nursing programs have become increasingly important components of the aged care system.

Total government expenditure on community care services for older people in 2013-14 was \$3.8 billion (table 13A.4). Expenditure on HACC, Home Care, NRCP and DVA community nursing comprised most of this expenditure (table 13.2).

Table 13.2 Governments' expenditure on selected community aged care programs, 2013-14 (\$million)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>HACC aged care services expenditure by the Australian, Victorian and WA governments^a</i>									
	516.0	630.7	411.3	266.4	151.6	51.3	21.0	10.2	2 058.5
<i>Australian Government aged care services expenditure^b</i>									
Home Care									
Levels 1-2	220.4	170.7	110.1	51.6	53.3	15.4	9.0	11.0	641.4
Levels 3-4	162.7	129.1	136.6	123.2	35.4	13.7	20.5	8.2	629.5
NRCP	68.2	49.6	37.5	20.4	19.1	6.9	4.8	5.8	212.3
Veterans' services									
Community nursing	60.0	21.0	23.0	6.0	8.0	6.0	3.0	0.1	127.0
VHC	28.7	19.7	18.5	8.0	7.0	3.8	1.6	0.1	87.4

HACC = Home and Community Care. NRCP = National Respite for Carers Program. VHC = Veterans' Home Care ^a HACC aged care expenditure is the estimated funding from the Australian Government on all people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years. The exceptions are Victoria and WA where the expenditure is for people of all ages and includes a component of funding (\$357.2 million in total) from those two jurisdictions (\$252.5 million spent by the Victorian Government in Victoria and \$104.7 million spent by the WA Government in WA). ^b Includes total program expenditure, including expenditure on services provided for younger people with disability.

Source: DSS (unpublished); DVA unpublished; tables 13A.4 and 13A.8.

Services provided in mixed delivery settings

In 2013-14, government expenditure on flexible care and specific support provided in mixed delivery settings was \$853.0 million. Three types of flexible care are provided under the *Aged Care Act 1997* (TCP, MPS and innovative care places). The Australian, State and Territory governments jointly fund the TCP and MPS. In 2013-14, the Australian Government spent \$232.3 million and the State and Territory governments spent \$102.9 million on the TCP (table 13A.9) and the Australian Government spent \$133.0 million on the MPS (State and Territory governments' expenditure on MPS is not available) (table 13A.9). Australian Government expenditure on a range of other services provided in mixed delivery settings was \$384.8 million in 2013-14 (table 13A.9).

Size and scope of sector

Aged care target population

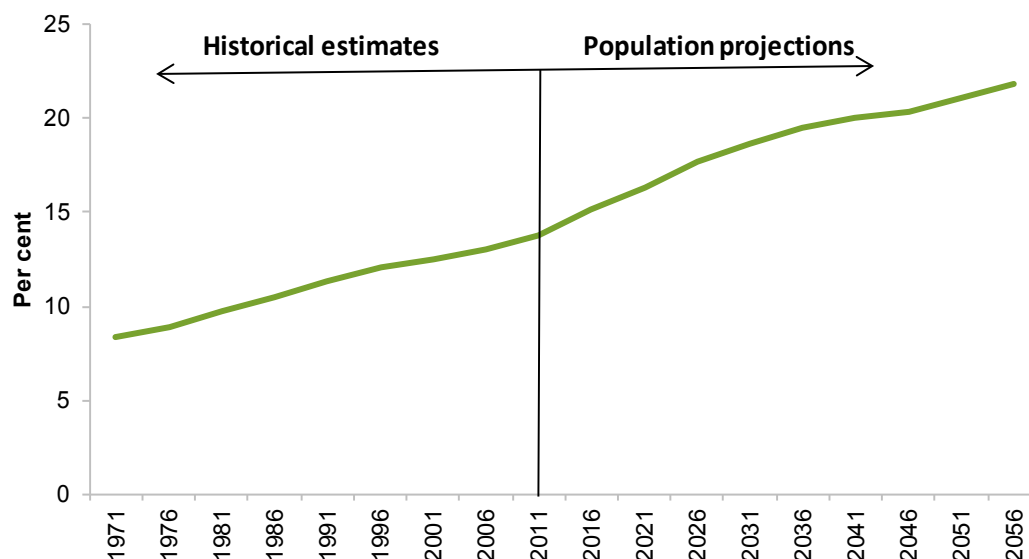
To align with the funding arrangements as specified under the *National Health Reform Agreement*, this Report defines the aged care target population as all people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. This aged care target population differs in scope to the Australian Government’s aged care ‘planning population’ (people aged 70 years or over) used to allocate residential care places and community care packages under the *Aged Care Act 1997*, and which for reporting purposes is combined with the population of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years.

Size and growth of the older population

The Australian population is ageing, as indicated by an increase in the proportion of older people (aged 65 years or over) in the total population and this trend is expected to continue during this century (figure 13.3). The proportion of older people in the population at June 2014 was 14.7 per cent nationally (figure 13.4). Higher life expectancy for females resulted in all jurisdictions having a higher proportion of older females than older males in the total population (except the NT) (table 13A.1). A disaggregation by remoteness categorisation is provided in table 13A.1.

The demand for aged care services is driven by the size and health of the older population. Females comprise a larger proportion of the older population and are more likely to utilise aged care services than males (partly because they are more likely to live alone). Based on the current age- and sex-specific utilisation rates for residential and community care combined, and the projected growth in the size of the aged care planning population, it is estimated that the demand for aged care services for people aged 70 years or over will more than treble by 2056 (DSS unpublished estimate, based on ABS population projections series B in Cat. no. 3222.0).

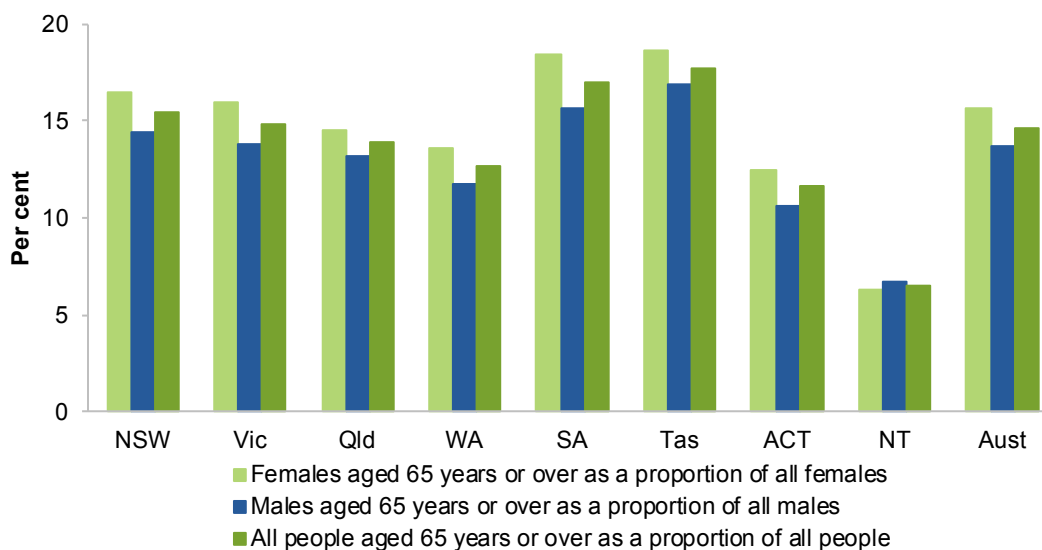
Figure 13.3 **People aged 65 years or over as a proportion of the total population^a**



^a Population projections are derived from the ABS 'B' series population projections.

Source: ABS (2014) *Australian Historical Population Statistics, 2014*, Cat. no. 3105.0.65.001, Canberra; ABS (2013) *Population Projections, Australia, 2012 (base) to 2101*, Cat. no. 3222.0, Canberra.

Figure 13.4 **Estimated proportion of population aged 65 years or over, by sex, June 2014**

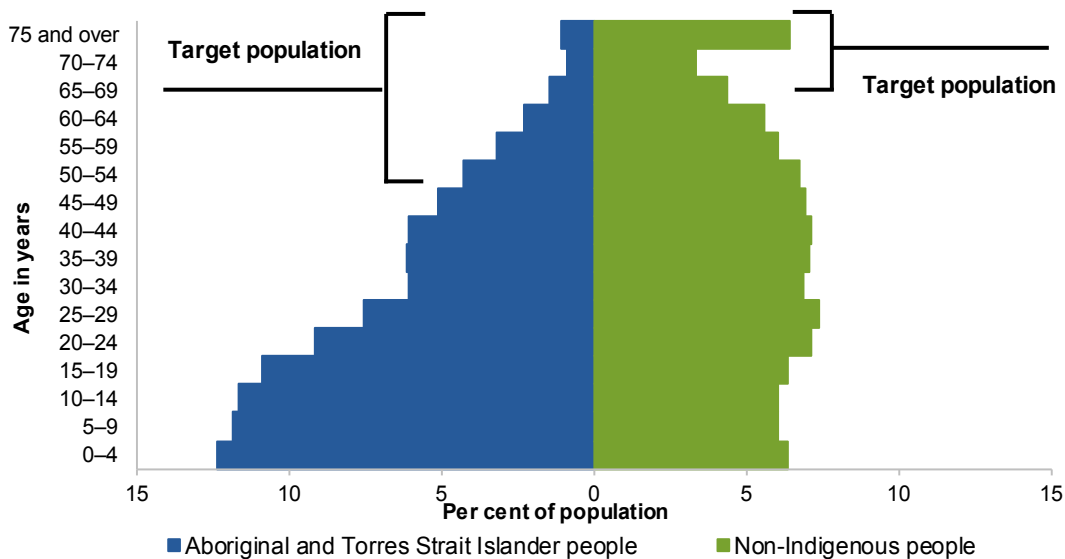


Source: Population projections prepared by the ABS based on the 2011 Census according to assumptions agreed to by DSS (unpublished); table 13A.1.

Characteristics of older Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

ABS estimates that about 102 612 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians were aged 50 years or over in Australia at 30 June 2014 (table 13A.2). Although the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population is also ageing, there are marked differences in the age profile of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians compared with non-Indigenous Australians (figure 13.5). Estimates show life expectancy at birth in the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population is around 10.6 years less for males and 9.5 years less for females when compared with the total Australian population (ABS 2013). Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over are used in this Report as a proxy for the likelihood of requiring aged care services, compared to 65 years or over for the general population.

Figure 13.5 **Age profile and aged care target population differences between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and other Australians, June 2011**



Source: ABS (2013) *Australian Demographic Statistics, March 2013*, Cat. no. 3101.0, Canberra; ABS (2013) *Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011*, Cat. no. 3238.0.55.001.

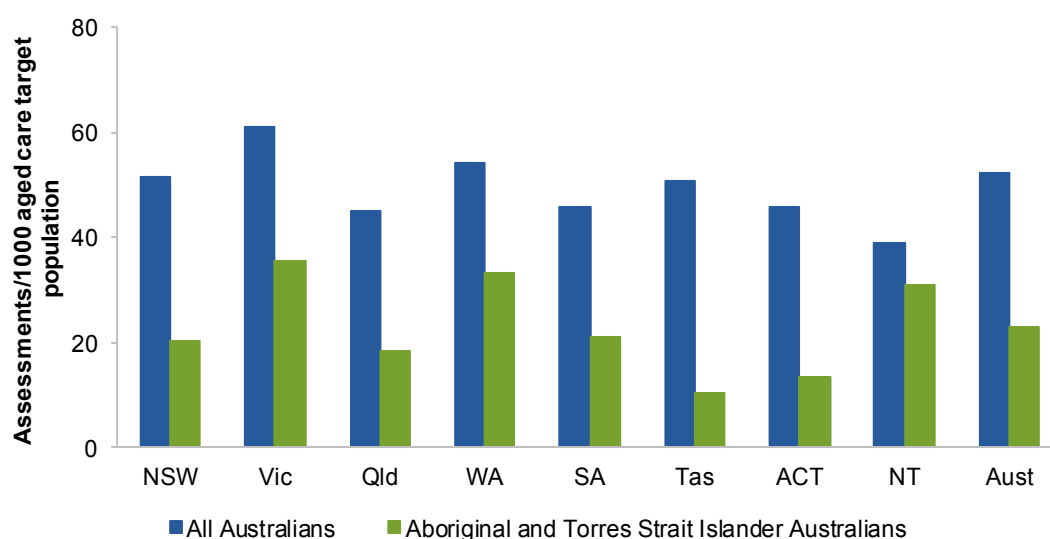
Aged care services

Aged Care Assessments

Aged care assessments are designed to assess the care needs of older people and assist them to gain access to the most appropriate type of care. There were 95 ACATs (94 Australian Government funded) at 30 June 2014 (DSS unpublished). Nationally, there

were 52.3 assessments per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years in 2012-13. The rate for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians was 23.1 per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (figure 13.6).

Figure 13.6 **Aged Care Assessment Team assessment rates, 2012-13^{a, b, c, d, e, f}**



^a Includes ACAT assessments for all services. ^b All Australians includes all assessments of people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. ^c Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander includes all assessments of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. ^d The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander assessments is based on self-identification of Indigenous status. ^e Data were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective date of 31 August 2014. Future extracts of these data may change. ^f See table 13A.40 for further explanation of these data.

Source: Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) National Data Repository (unpublished); table 13A.40.

Assessments that result in ACAT approvals of eligibility for various types of care can be reported by age specific rates, for a series of age groups in the population, for residential care and for Home Care (see table 13A.41). These data reflect the numbers of approvals, which are a subset of assessments, as some assessments will not result in an approval for a particular level of care.

Residential care services

Residential care services provide permanent high level and low level care and respite high/low level care:

- high care combines services such as nursing care, continence aids, basic medical and pharmaceutical supplies and therapy services with the types of services provided in low care such as accommodation, support services (cleaning, laundry and meals) and personal care services
- low care focuses on accommodation, support services (cleaning, laundry and meals) and personal care services
- respite provides short term residential high/low care on a planned or emergency basis (DoHA 2012).

At June 2014, there were 2688 residential aged care services (table 13A.17). The size and distribution across remoteness areas of residential aged care services — which can influence the costs of service delivery — vary across jurisdictions. Nationally, there were 189 283 mainstream operational places (excluding flexible care places) in residential care services at June 2014 (table 13A.17). Box 13.1 contains information on how the Aged Care Funding Instrument (ACFI) is used to appraise a resident's needs as high or low care.

Box 13.1 The Aged Care Funding Instrument (ACFI) and the characteristics of residents

Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approvals for residential care may limit the approval for some residents to low care. Following an assessment, approved providers of aged care homes appraise the level of a resident's care needs using the ACFI. The ACFI was introduced on 20 March 2008 and replaced the Resident Classification Scale (RCS).

The ACFI measures each resident's need for care (high, medium, low or nil) in each of three domains: Activities of Daily Living, Behaviours and Complex Health Care. Residents are classified as high or low care based on the resident's level of approval for care (determined by an ACAT) and on the approved provider's appraisal of the resident's care needs against the ACFI, in the following manner:

- Residents who have not yet received an ACFI appraisal are classified using their ACAT approval.
- Residents whose ACAT approval is not limited to low care, are classified as high care if they are appraised under the ACFI as:
 - High in Activities of Daily Living, or
 - High in Complex Health Care, or
 - High in Behaviour, together with low or medium in at least one of the Activities of Daily Living or Complex Health Care domains; or
 - Medium in at least two of the three domains.

(Continued next page)

Box 13.1 (continued)

- All other residents appraised under the ACFI are classified as low care residents.
- In addition, residents whose ACAT approval is limited to low care, but whose first ACFI appraisal rates them in a high care range are classified as 'interim low' until the ACAT low care restriction is removed, or the ACFI high status is confirmed by a subsequent assessment or review.

Residents' care needs may change over time. Under 'ageing in place', a low care resident who becomes high care at a later date is able to remain within the same service.

The combined number of all operational high care and low care residential places per 1000 people in the aged care planning population (aged 70 years or over) at June 2014 was 82.6 (41.6 high care and 41.1 low care) on a national basis (table 13.3). Nationally, the proportion of low care places relative to high care places has remained relatively constant between 2007 and 2014 (table 13A.24).

Table 13.3 Operational high care and low care residential places, 30 June 2014^{a, b, c, d, e}

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over										
High care places	no.	43.7	40.9	38.2	36.0	49.5	43.3	29.8	47.2	41.6
Low care places	no.	40.7	43.2	40.6	38.4	42.0	36.7	40.8	29.2	41.1
Total places	no.	84.5	84.1	78.8	74.4	91.5	80.0	70.6	76.4	82.6
Proportion of places										
High care places	%	51.7	48.6	48.5	48.4	54.1	54.1	42.2	61.8	50.3
Low care places	%	48.2	51.4	51.5	51.6	45.9	45.9	57.8	38.2	49.7

^a Excludes places that have been 'approved' but are not yet operational. Includes multi-purpose and flexible services attributed as high care and low care places. ^b The target ratio of 125 aged care places comprises 80 residential places and 45 Home Care Packages. This target is to be achieved by 2021-22. In recognition of poorer health among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, planning in some cases also takes account of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50–69 years. This means that the provision ratio based on the population aged 70 years or over may appear high in areas with a higher proportion of the population who are Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (such as in the NT). ^c Includes residential places categorised as high care or low care. ^d See table 13A.19 for further information regarding the calculation of provision ratios, which may vary from corresponding data published elsewhere. ^e Data in this table may not add due to rounding.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.19.

Age-specific usage rates for permanent residential aged care, by jurisdiction and remoteness, at 30 June 2014 are included in tables 13A.26 and 13A.31, respectively. National, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander age-specific usage rates for all these services by remoteness category are in table 13A.32.

During 2013-14, the number of older clients (aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) who received either high or low care

in a residential aged care facility was 224 222 nationally for permanent care and 46 851 nationally for respite care (table 13A.3). These figures reflect the number of older individuals who utilised these services during the year, for any length of time. Data on the number of younger people aged under 65 years who used permanent residential care during 2013-14 are in table 13A.30.

Community care services

The distinctions between the HACC and Home Care are summarised in table 13.4. DVA VHC and Community Nursing Program services are described below.

Table 13.4 Distinctions between HACC and Home Care, 2013-14

	<i>HACC</i>	<i>Home Care levels 1–2</i>	<i>Home Care levels 3–4</i>
Type of services ^a	Maintenance and support services for people in the community whose independence is at risk	Package of basic to low level care tailored to client needs	Package of intermediate to high level care tailored to client needs
Relationship to residential care	Aims to prevent premature or inappropriate admission	Level 2 substitutes for a low care residential place	Level 4 substitutes for a high care residential place
Eligibility	ACAT approval not required	ACAT approval mandatory	ACAT approval mandatory
Funding	Funded by the Australian Government and client contributions, except in Victoria and WA where funding is also provided by those jurisdictions.	Funded primarily by the Australian Government and client contributions — State and Territory governments fund younger people using these services (except in Victoria and WA).	Funded primarily by the Australian Government and client contributions — State and Territory governments fund younger people using these services (except in Victoria and WA).
Target client groups ^b	Available to frail older people with functional limitations as a result of profound, severe or moderate disability and their carers. Not age specific in Victoria and WA	Targets older people with care needs similar to low level residential care	Targets older people with care needs similar to high level residential care
Size of program	\$2.1 billion funding for older clients (includes funding for younger people in Victoria and WA) At least 775 959 older clients ^c	\$641.4 million total funding 52 265 operational places ^d	\$629.5 million total funding 14 689 operational places

^a HACC services such as community nursing, can be supplied to someone receiving Home Care levels 1-2 when additional nursing services are required to support the consumer to remain living at home. ^b Most HACC clients with lower support needs would not be assessed as eligible for residential care; for example, an individual may receive only an hour of home support per fortnight. At the higher end, some people have needs that would exceed the level available under a Home Care place. ^c The proportion of HACC funded agencies that submitted Minimum Data Set data for 2013-14 differed across jurisdictions and ranged from 75 per cent to 100 per cent. Consequently, the total number of clients will be higher than those reported. ^d The number of operational places includes Home Care levels 1–2 and flexible community places. See notes to table 13A.14.

Source: DSS (unpublished); tables 13A.3, 13A.4 and 13A.14.

Services provided under the HACC program are basic maintenance and support services, including allied health care, assessment, case management and client care coordination, centre based day care, counselling, support, information and advocacy, domestic assistance, home maintenance, nursing, personal care and respite care, social support, meals, home modification, linen service, goods and equipment and transport. During 2013-14, the HACC program delivered approximately 9895 hours per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (table 13A.33).

Home Care levels 1–2 provides community-based basic to low level care to older people who are assessed by ACATs as having these care needs, but who are able to live at home with assistance. There were 21.6 places of Home Care levels 1–2 per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years in June 2014 (table 13A.20). Home Care levels 3–4 provides community-based intermediate to high level care to older people who are assessed by ACATs as having these care needs, but who have expressed a preference to live at home and are able to do so with assistance. There were 6.1 places of Home Care levels 3–4 per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years in June 2014 (table 13A.20). Older people who access a package of Home Care levels 1–4 can also receive supplements for additional care needs including a Dementia and Cognition Supplement, Veterans' Supplement for veterans with service-related mental health conditions, an Oxygen Supplement and an Enteral Feeding Supplement.

Age-specific usage rates for Home Care, by jurisdiction and remoteness, at 30 June 2014 are included in tables 13A.26 and 13A.31 respectively. National, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander age-specific usage rates for permanent residential and Home Care services by remoteness category are in table 13A.32. Presentation of age-specific usage rates raises particular data issues. In particular, if the numbers of people within a particular range for a given service are small, this can lead to apparently large differences in rates across categories.

Data on the number of older clients (aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) who received HACC and Home Care in 2013-14 are included in table 13.5. These data reflect the number of individuals who utilised these services during the year, for any length of time, as distinct from the number of places available. Data on the number of younger people aged under 65 years who used Home Care during 2013-14 are in table 13A.30.

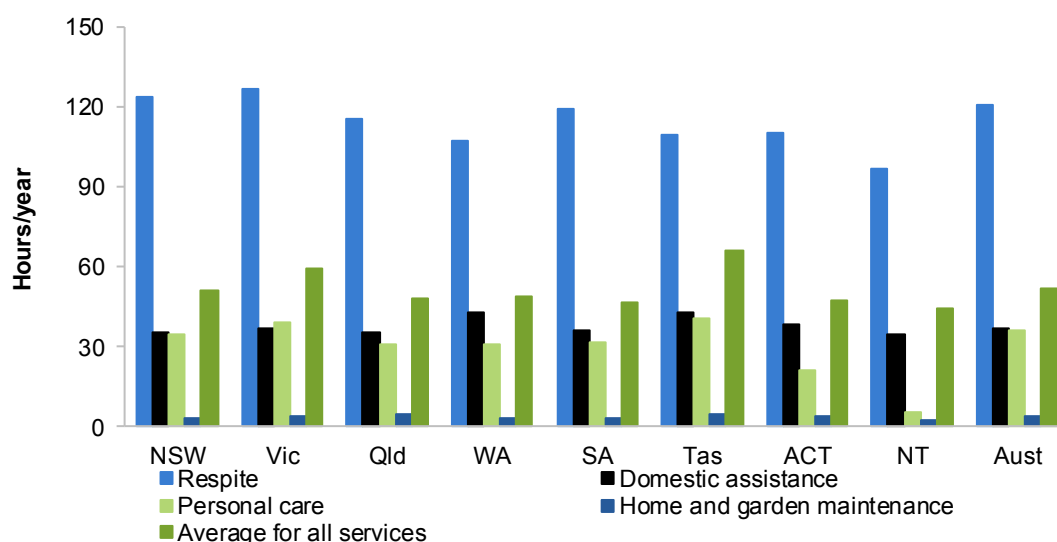
Table 13.5 Number of community aged care older clients, by program, 2013-14

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
HACC	229 332	217 745	152 583	57 599	83 370	22 708	10 556	2 066	775 959
Home Care									
Levels 1–2	22 265	16 191	11 350	5 514	5 590	1 671	958	818	64 312
Levels 3–4	5 232	3 939	4 266	3 988	1 218	440	657	218	19 942

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.3.

The services of the VHC program target veterans and war widows/widowers with low care needs. The program offers veterans and war widows/widowers who hold a Gold or White Repatriation Health Card home support services, including domestic assistance, personal care, home and garden maintenance, and respite care. Eligibility for VHC services is not automatic, but based on assessed need. There were 63 741 people approved for VHC services in 2013-14 (table 13A.12). The average number of hours provided per year for veterans who were eligible to receive VHC services was 52 nationally in 2013-14 (figure 13.7).

Figure 13.7 Average number of hours approved for Veterans' Home Care, 2013-14



Source: Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) (unpublished); table 13A.12.

The DVA also provides community nursing services to veterans and war widows/widowers. These services include acute/post-acute support and maintenance, personal care, medication management and palliative care. In 2013-14, 25 977 veterans received these services (table 13A.12) and the average number of hours provided for each recipient was 9.3 per 28 day period (table 13A.12).

Services provided in mixed delivery setting

Information on the size/scope of a selection of the programs delivering services in mixed delivery settings is below:

- At 30 June 2014, the Australian Government had allocated 4000 places to transition care, all were operational, across 87 services nationally. The average length of stay in 2013-14 was 60 days (8.6 weeks) nationally for completed episodes (table 13A.66).
- At 30 June 2014, there were 147 operational MPS program services with a total of 3525 operational flexible aged care places (includes residential and community places). Some of the MPS providers serve more than one location (DSS 2014).
- At 30 June 2014, there were 30 aged care services funded to deliver 739 flexible aged care places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (DSS unpublished).

13.2 Framework of performance indicators

The framework of performance indicators aims to provide information on equity, efficiency and effectiveness, and to distinguish the outputs and outcomes of government aged care services. This approach is consistent with the general performance indicator framework and service process diagram outlined in chapter 1 (see figures 1.2 and 1.3) that have been agreed by the Steering Committee. The performance indicator framework for aged care services is based on a set of shared government objectives in the aged care sector (box 13.2).

Box 13.2 Objectives for aged care services

The aged care system aims to promote the wellbeing and independence of older people and their carers through the funding and delivery of care services that are:

- accessible
- appropriate to needs
- high quality
- efficient
- person centred.

These objectives are consistent with the Australian, State and Territory governments' long-term aged care objectives articulated under the National Healthcare Agreement (NHA) that 'older Australians receive appropriate high quality and affordable health and aged care services' (COAG 2009).

The Council of Australian Governments (COAG) has agreed six National Agreements to enhance accountability to the public for the outcomes achieved or outputs delivered by a range of government services (see chapter 1 for more detail on reforms to federal financial

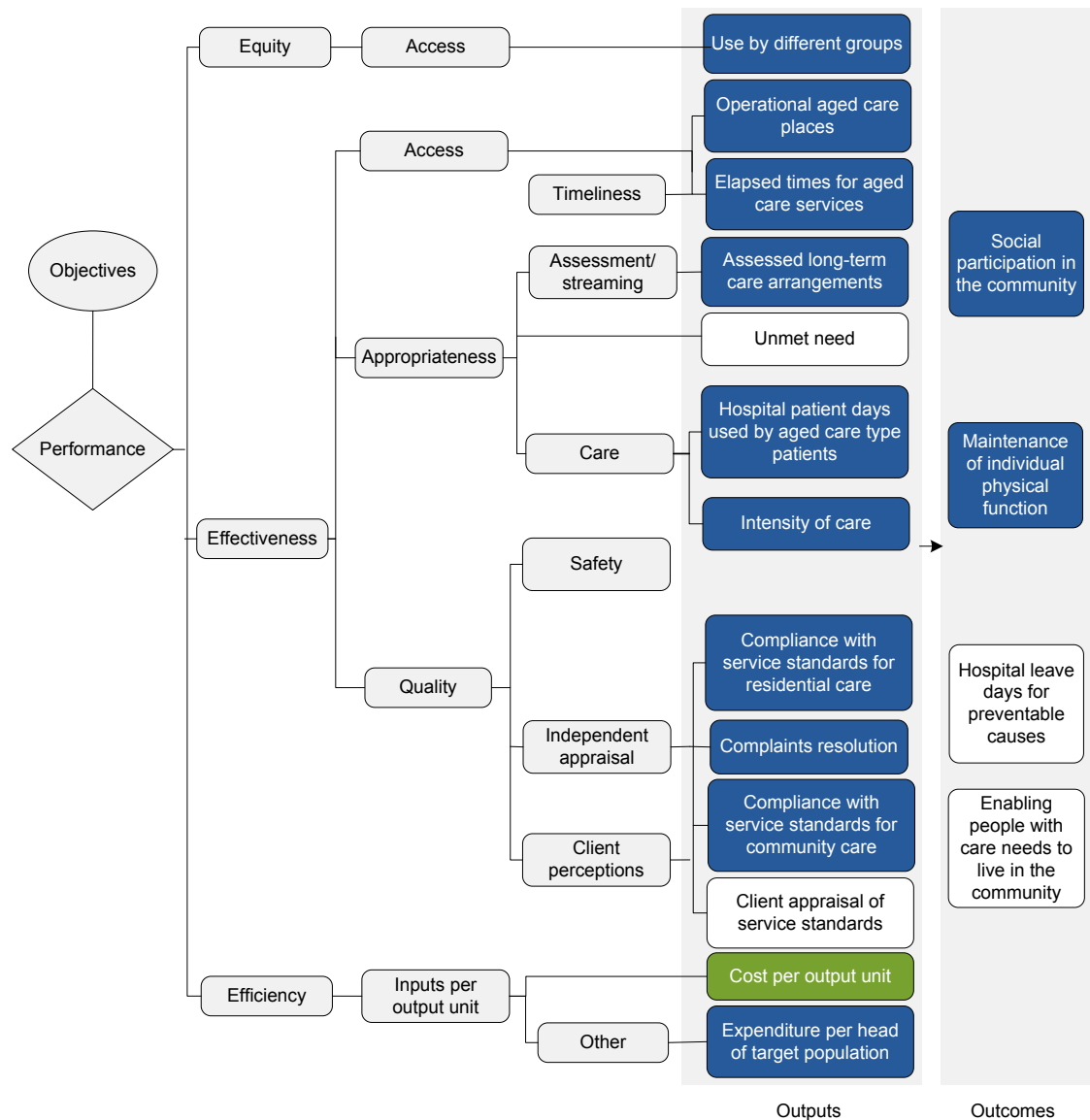
relations). The National Healthcare Agreement (NHA) covers the area of health and aged care, and health indicators in the National Indigenous Reform Agreement (NIRA) establish specific outcomes for reducing the level of disadvantage experienced by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians. Both agreements include sets of performance indicators. The Steering Committee collates NIRA performance information for analysis by the Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet. Performance indicators reported in this chapter are aligned with health performance indicators in the most recent version of the NHA, where relevant.

The performance indicator framework provides information on equity, efficiency and effectiveness, and distinguishes the outputs and outcomes of aged care services (figure 13.8). The performance indicator framework shows which data are complete and comparable in the 2015 Report. For data that are not considered directly comparable, text includes relevant caveats and supporting commentary. Chapter 1 discusses data comparability and data completeness from a Report wide perspective (section 1.6).

The Report's statistical context chapter contains data that may assist in interpreting the performance indicators presented in this chapter. These data cover a range of demographic and geographic characteristics, including age profile, geographic distribution of the population, income levels, education levels, tenure of dwellings and cultural heritage (including Indigenous and cultural status) (chapter 2).

DQI is being progressively introduced for all indicators in the Report. The purpose of DQI is to provide structured and consistent information about quality aspects of data used to report on performance indicators, in addition to material in the chapter or sector overview and attachment tables. DQI in this Report cover the seven dimensions in the ABS' data quality framework (institutional environment, relevance, timeliness, accuracy, coherence, accessibility and interpretability) in addition to dimensions that define and describe performance indicators in a consistent manner, and key data gaps and issues identified by the Steering Committee. All DQI for the 2015 Report can be found at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

Figure 13.8 Aged care services performance indicator framework



Key to indicators*

- Text Most recent data for all measures are comparable and complete
- Text Most recent data for at least one measure are comparable and complete
- Text Most recent data for all measures are either not comparable and/or not complete
- Text No data reported and/or no measures yet developed

* A description of the comparability and completeness of each measure is provided in indicator interpretation boxes within the chapter

13.3 Key performance indicator results

Different delivery contexts, locations and types of client may affect the effectiveness and efficiency of aged care services.

Outputs

Outputs are the services delivered (while outcomes are the impact of these services on the status of an individual or group) (see chapter 1, section 1.5).

Equity — Access

Use by different groups

‘Use by different groups’ is an indicator of governments’ objective for the aged care system to provide equitable access to aged care services for all people who require these services (box 13.3). Data presented for this indicator are organised by the relevant special needs groups.

Box 13.3 Use by different groups

'Use by different groups' has four measures defined as follows:

- the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians using residential services, Home Care, Home and Community Care (HACC) and Transition Care services, divided by the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (because Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians tend to require aged care services at a younger age than the general population), compared with the rate/proportions at which the total aged care target population (people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) access these services
- the rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians compared with the rate for all people
- the number of veterans aged 65 years or over in residential care divided by the total number of eligible veterans aged 65 years or over, where a veteran is defined as a Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) Gold or White card holder
- access to residential aged care services for financially disadvantaged people
 - the proportion of new residents classified as supported
 - the proportion of permanent resident care days classified as concessional, assisted or supported.

In general, usage rates for special needs groups similar to those for the broader aged care population are desirable, but interpretation of results differs for some special needs groups because:

- there is evidence that Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians have higher disability rates than those of the general population, which suggests a greater level of need for services compared with those in the broader aged care population
- for financially disadvantaged users, Australian Government planning guidelines require that services allocate a minimum proportion of residential places for concessional, assisted or supported residents. These targets range from 16 per cent to 40 per cent of places, depending on the service's region. Usage rates equal to, or higher than, the minimum rates are desirable.

Use by different groups is a proxy indicator of equitable access. Various groups are identified by the *Aged Care Act 1997* and its principles (regulations) as having special needs, including people from Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds, people who live in rural or remote areas, people who are financially or socially disadvantaged, veterans (including widows and widowers of veterans), people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless, people who are care leavers², parents separated from their children by forced adoption or removal and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex people.

(Continued next page)

² A care leaver is a person who was in institutional care (such as an orphanage or mental health facility) or other form of out-of-home care, including foster care, as a child or youth (or both), at some time during their lifetime (DoHA 2012).

Box 13.3 (continued)

Several factors need to be considered in interpreting the results for this set of measures:

- Cultural differences and geographic location can influence the extent to which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians use different types of services.
- The availability of informal care and support can influence the use of aged care services in different population groups.

In previous editions of this Report, proxy measures of access (number of recipients/hours per 1000 aged care target population) were reported across states and territories for people born in non-English speaking countries (for residential care, Home Care and HACC) and for people who live in regional or remote areas (for HACC). Data for these measures are no longer reported due to data quality concerns regarding the derived relevant aged care target populations used for the denominators. Data are still available by State and Territory on the proportion of all residential and Home Care recipients who are from non-English speaking countries (table 13A.24) and nationally on the number of residential and Home Care recipients per 1000 aged care target population for people from regional and remote areas (tables 13A.21 and 13A.31-32).

Data reported for the four measures for this indicator are:

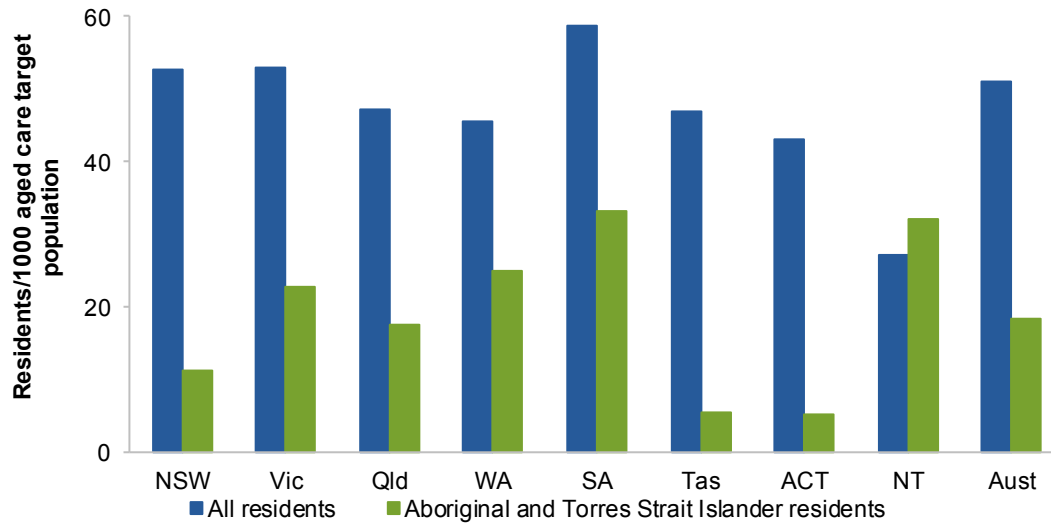
- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions for all measures and comparable over time for the 'access to residential services by financially disadvantaged users' and 'access by veterans' measures, but not comparable over time for measures that use the aged care target populations as they are based on different Census years (see footnotes to table 13A.2 for details)
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for these measures is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015. Data quality information for some service types (HACC and Transition Care) is under development.

Access to residential aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

Nationally at 30 June 2014, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians had lower rates of use of aged care residential services (18.5 per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over), compared with the population as a whole (51.1 per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) (figure 13.9).

Figure 13.9 Residents per 1000 aged care target population, 30 June 2014^{a, b}



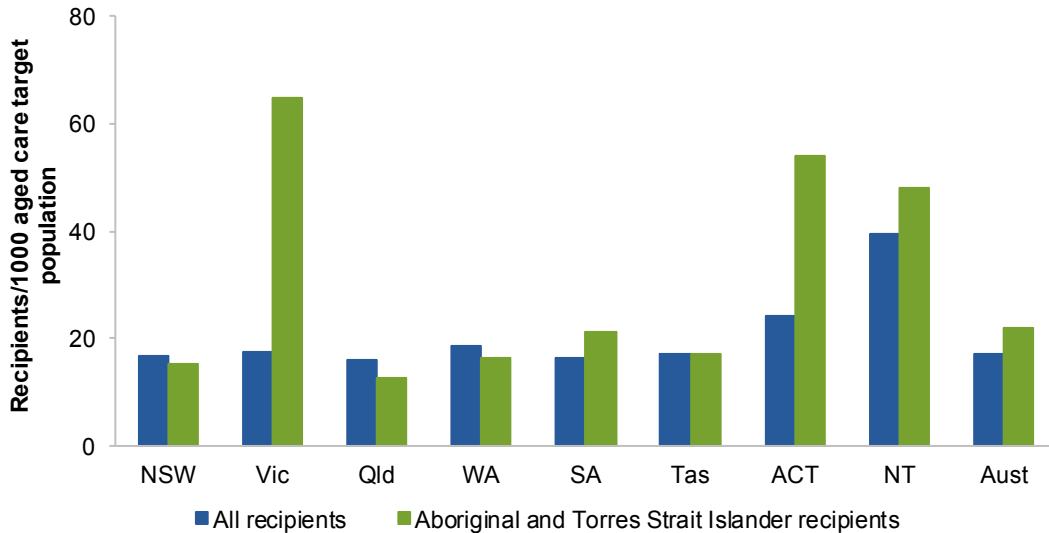
^a All residents data are per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. ^b Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander residents data are per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over.

Source: DSS (unpublished); tables 13A.22 and 13A.25.

Access to Home Care by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

Nationally at 30 June 2014, the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients of Home Care per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over was 22.1, compared to a total of 17.2 per 1000 of the aged care target population (people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) (figure 13.10).

Figure 13.10 Home Care recipients per 1000 aged care target population, 30 June 2014^{a, b, c}



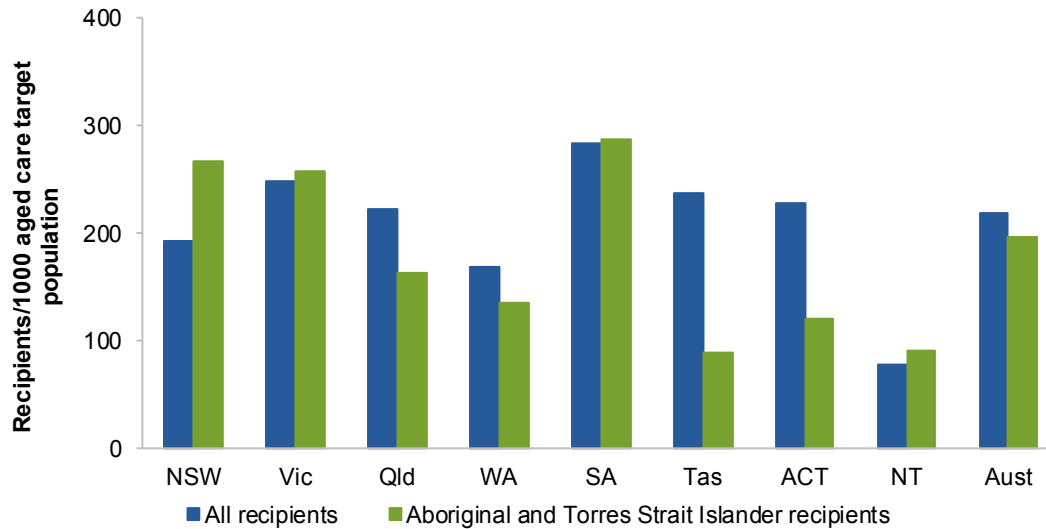
^a All recipients data are per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. ^b Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients data are per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. ^c The ACT has a very small Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50 years or over (table 13A.2), and a small number of places result in a very high provision ratio.

Source: DSS (unpublished); tables 13A.22 and 13A.25.

Access to HACC aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

Nationally in 2013-14, the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC recipients per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over was 197.9 compared to a total of 218.3 per 1000 of the aged care target population (people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) (figure 13.11).

Figure 13.11 **HACC recipients per 1000 aged care target population, 2013-14^{a, b}**

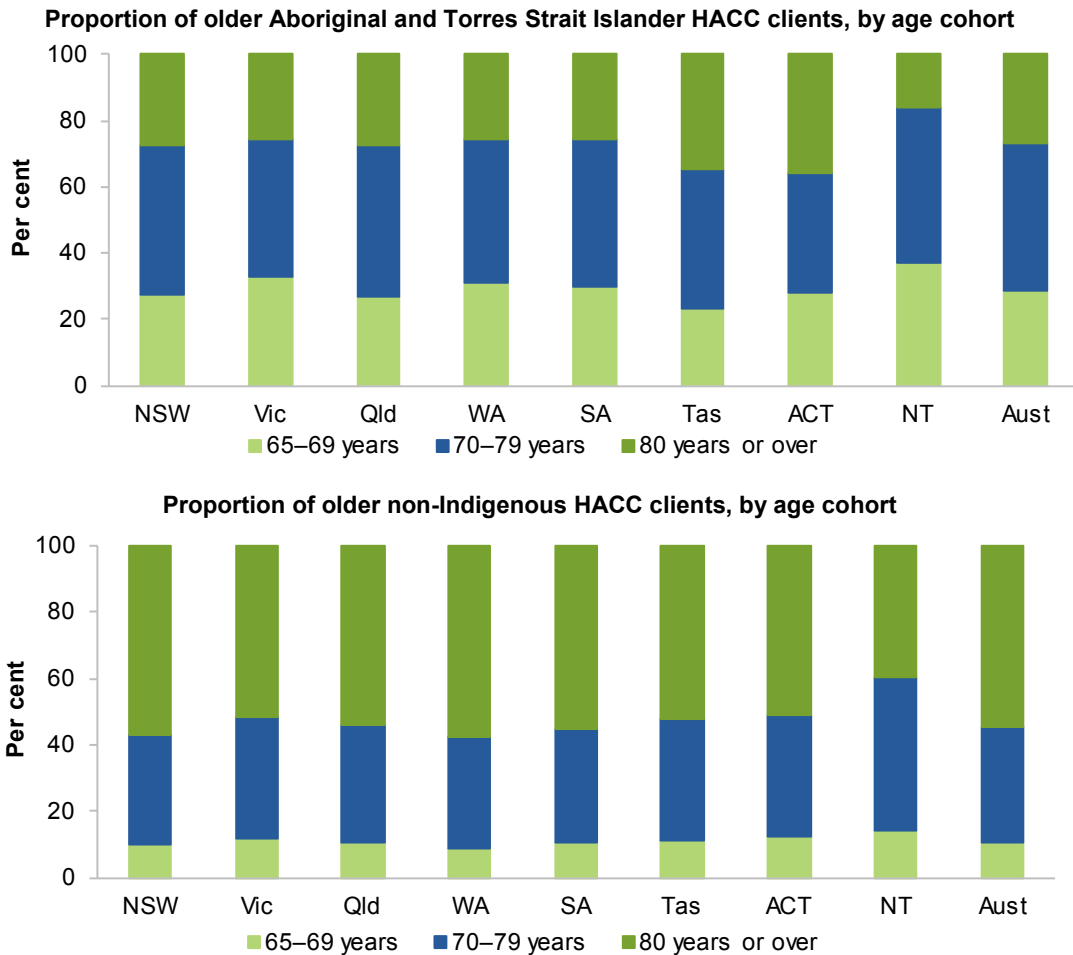


^a All recipients data are per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. ^b Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients data are per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over.

Source: DSS (unpublished) Home and Community Care (HACC) Minimum Data Set; table 13A.23.

There are substantial differences in the age profile across the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous populations. This reflects the difference in morbidity and mortality trends between Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians and the general population. The proportion of older Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (aged 65 years or over) who are aged 80 years or over is 26.9 per cent and the proportion of non-Indigenous HACC clients who are aged 80 years or over is 54.5 per cent (figure 13.12).

Figure 13.12 Older recipients of HACC aged care services by age and Indigenous status, 2013-14^{a, b, c}



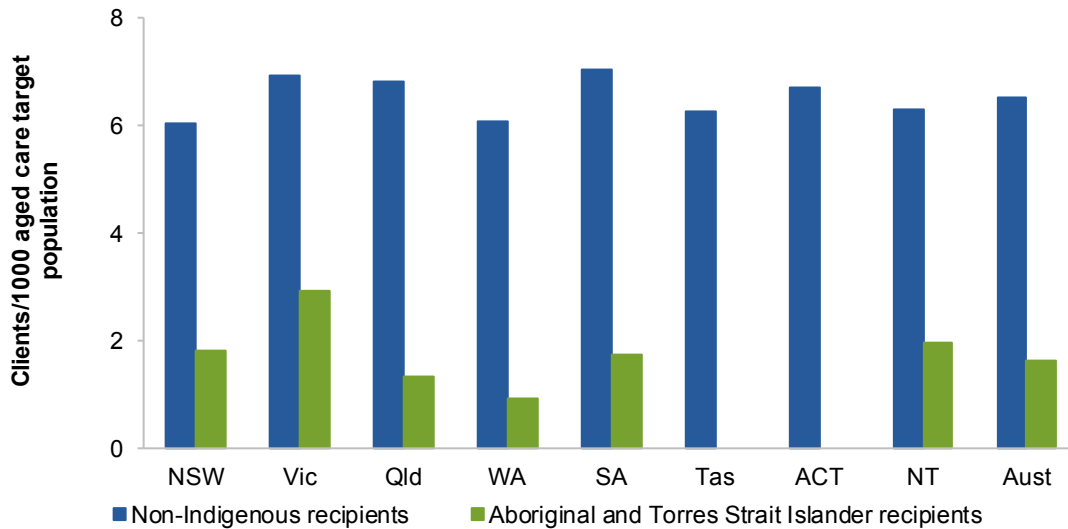
^a Reports provisional HACC data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision. ^b The proportion of older HACC clients with unknown Indigenous status differed across jurisdictions. Nationally, the proportion of older HACC clients with unknown or null Indigenous status was 6.3 per cent (table 13A.36). ^c The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander proportions are derived using data contained in table 13A.37.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.37.

Access to TCP services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians

Nationally, the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander TCP clients per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over was 1.6 compared to a total of 6.5 clients per 1000 non-Indigenous people aged 65 years or over (figure 13.13).

Figure 13.13 **TCP clients per 1000 aged care target population, 2013-14^{a, b, c}**



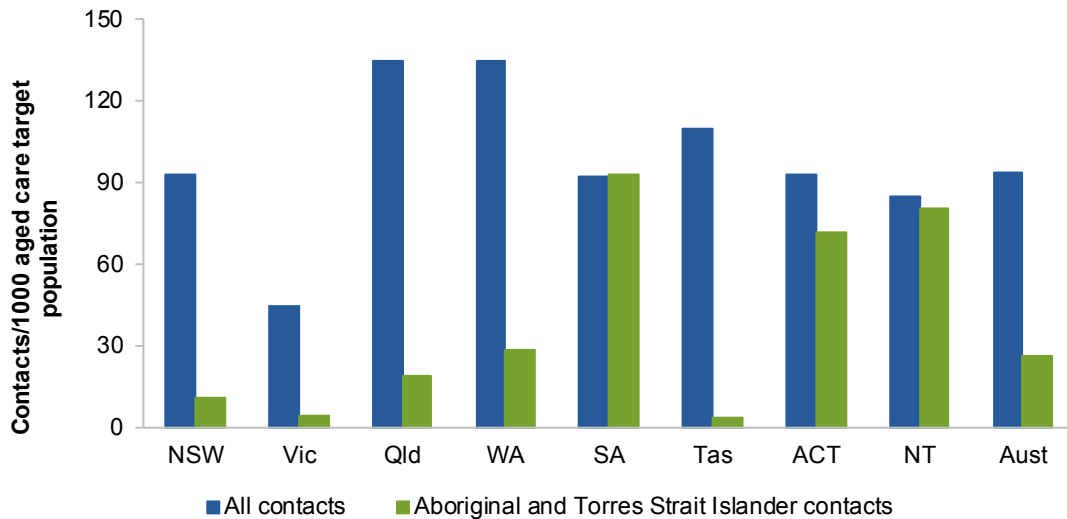
^a Non-Indigenous recipients data are per 1000 people aged 65 years or over. ^b Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients data are per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. ^c Data for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients are not published for Tasmania and the ACT.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.3.

Access by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians to Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres

Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres provide information on a range of community services and supports available locally or anywhere in Australia, the costs of services, assessment processes and eligibility criteria. The national rate at which Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians contacted Respite and Carelink Centres at 30 June 2014, was 26.2 people per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. The rate for all Australians was 93.4 per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. These figures varied across jurisdictions (figure 13.14).

Figure 13.14 Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres, contacts per 1000 aged care target population, by Indigenous status, 30 June 2014^{a, b, c, d}



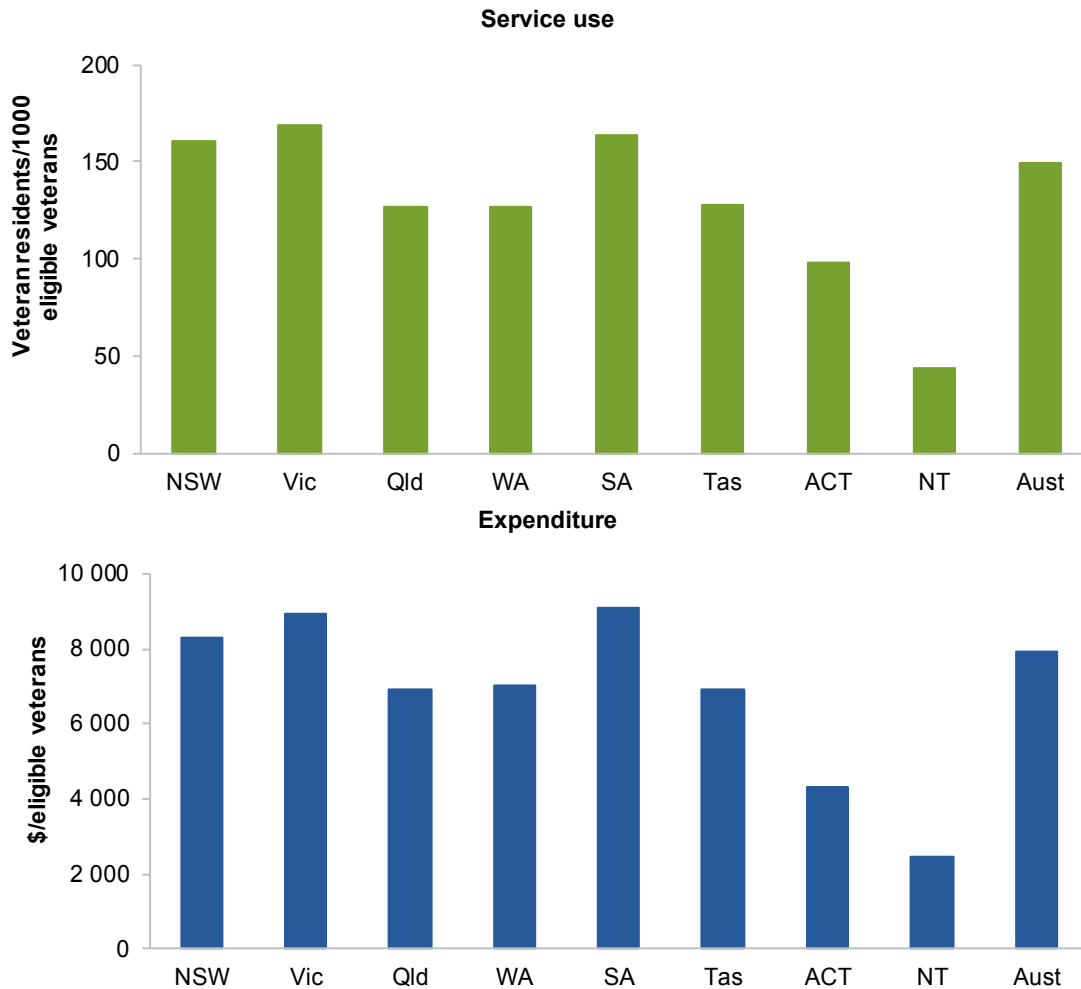
^a Contacts include phone calls, visits, emails and facsimiles. ^b Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander contacts refer to contacts by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. ^c All contacts refers to contacts per 1000 aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. ^d Indigenous status is determined through people making contact self-identifying themselves as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. Therefore, there is likely to be substantial under reporting of Indigenous status.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.39.

Access by veterans

The total number of veterans 65 years or over who were in the DVA treatment population (that is, eligible veterans) at 30 June 2014 was 165 658 (table 13A.13). The number of veterans in residential care per 1000 eligible veterans aged 65 years or over at 30 June 2014 was 149.0 (figure 13.15). Nationally, DVA expenditure on residential aged care subsidy per client was \$53 108 (including payroll tax) in 2013-14 (table 13A.13). Total DVA expenditure on residential aged care per 1000 eligible veterans aged 65 years or over was \$7911 (figure 13.15).

Figure 13.15 **Veterans use of and DVA expenditure on, residential care, 2013-14^{a, b}**



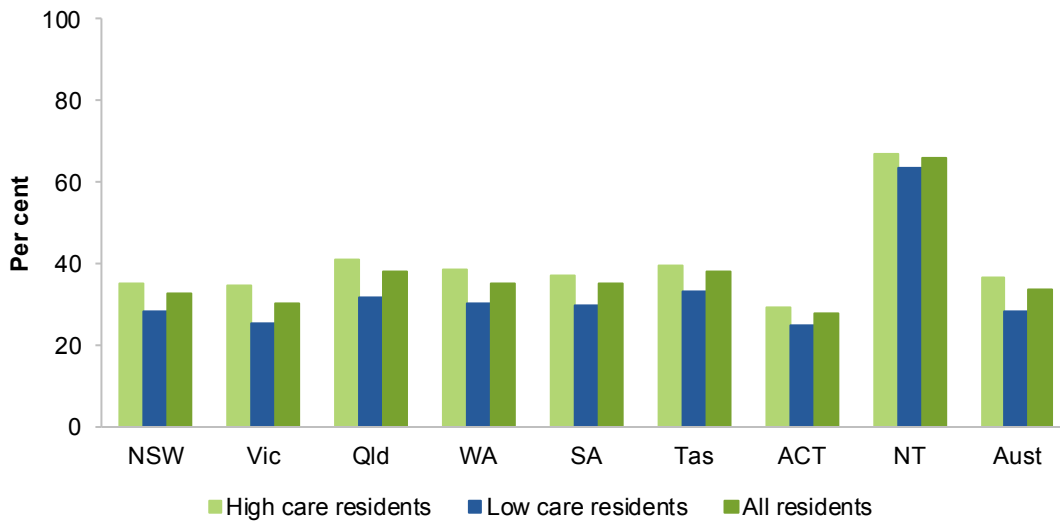
^a Data are subject to a time lag and may be subject to revision. ^b Eligible veterans are veterans with a DVA Gold and White card holder residents as at June 2014. ^c The number of eligible veterans aged 65 years or over used to derive these results, includes those whose age was unknown.

Source: DVA (unpublished); DSS (unpublished); table 13A.13.

Access to residential services by financially disadvantaged users

New residents who are assessed as eligible to receive subsidised accommodation costs are known as supported residents. Residents who entered care prior to 20 March 2008 are still subject to the eligibility criteria for ‘concessional’ or ‘assisted’ resident status. The proportion of all new residents classified as supported residents during 2013-14 was 33.5 per cent nationally (figure 13.16). Targets for financially disadvantaged users range from 16 per cent to 40 per cent of places, depending on the service’s region.

Figure 13.16 **New residents classified as supported residents, 2013-14^a**

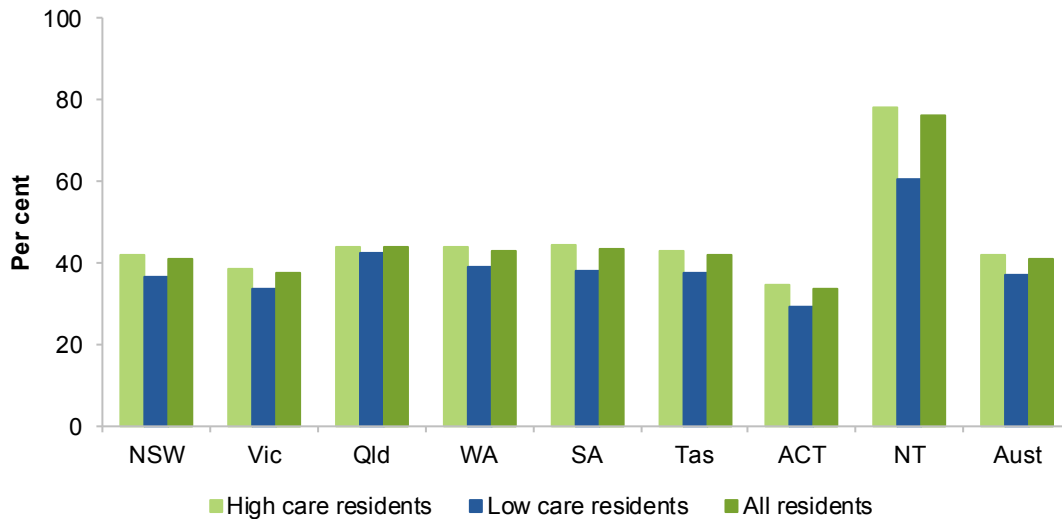


^a Supported residents are those who have entered permanent residential care on or after 20 March 2008 (or who re-entered care on or after 20 March 2008 after a break in care of more than 28 days) and have assets of up to a set value (from 20 March 2013 to 19 September 2013 — \$112 243.20, from 20 September 2013 to 19 March 2014 — \$113 784.00 and from 20 March 2014 to 30 June 2014 — \$116 136.00).

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.27.

The proportion of all permanent resident care days classified as concessional, assisted or supported during 2013-14 was 40.9 per cent nationally (figure 13.17).

Figure 13.17 **Permanent residents' care days classified as concessional, assisted or supported, 2013-14^a**



^a Concessional residents are those who entered permanent residential care before 20 March 2008, receive an income support payment and have not owned a home for the last two or more years (or whose home is occupied by a protected person, for example, the care recipient's partner), and have assets of less than 2.5 times the annual single basic age pension (or for a transfer from 20 September 2009 less than 2.25). Assisted residents are those meeting the above criteria, but with assets between 2.5 and 4.0 times the annual single basic age pension (or for a transfer from 20 September 2009 between 2.25 and 3.61). Supported residents are those who have entered permanent residential care on or after 20 March 2008 (or who re-enter care on or after 20 March 2008 after a break in care of more than 28 days) and have assets of up to a set value (from 20 March 2013 to 19 September 2013 — \$112 243.20, from 20 September 2013 to 19 March 2014 — \$113 784.00 and from 20 March 2014 to 30 June 2014 — \$116 136.00).

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.27.

Effectiveness — level of access

Operational aged care places

'Operational aged care places' is an indicator of governments' objective to provide older Australians with access to a range of aged care services that can meet their care needs (box 13.4). This indicator does not include places that have been approved, but are not yet operational.

Box 13.4 Operational aged care places

'Operational aged care places' is defined by two measures, the number of operational places (by type of place — high or low residential aged care and Home Care levels 1-2 or Home Care levels 3-4) per 1000 people in the aged care planning population:

- aged 70 years or over
- aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years.

The planning framework for services provided under the *Aged Care Act 1997* aims to keep the growth in the number of Australian Government subsidised aged care places in line with growth in the aged population, and to ensure a balance of services across Australia, including services for people with lower levels of need and in rural and remote areas. The national provision ratio is planned to increase from 113 operational places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over to 125 places by 2021-22. Within this provision ratio, the number of home care places will increase from 27 to 45, reflecting a greater emphasis on assisting people to remain in their own home as they age. The absolute number of residential aged care places will also continue to increase, but at a rate more reflective of consumer demand (decreasing from 86 to 80 per 1000 of the population aged 70 years or over).

In recognition of poorer health among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities and that planning in some cases also takes account of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50–69 years, the provision ratio is also reported for operational places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years. A provision ratio based on the population aged 70 years or over will appear high in areas with a higher proportion of the population who are Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (such as the NT).

In general, provision ratios across states and territories, and across regions, that are broadly similar to the overall target provision ratios are desirable as it indicates that older Australians have access to a similar level and mix of services to meet their care needs.

This indicator does not provide information on whether the overall target provision ratios are adequate or provide an appropriate mix of services relative to need.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 30 June 2014 data are available for all jurisdictions.

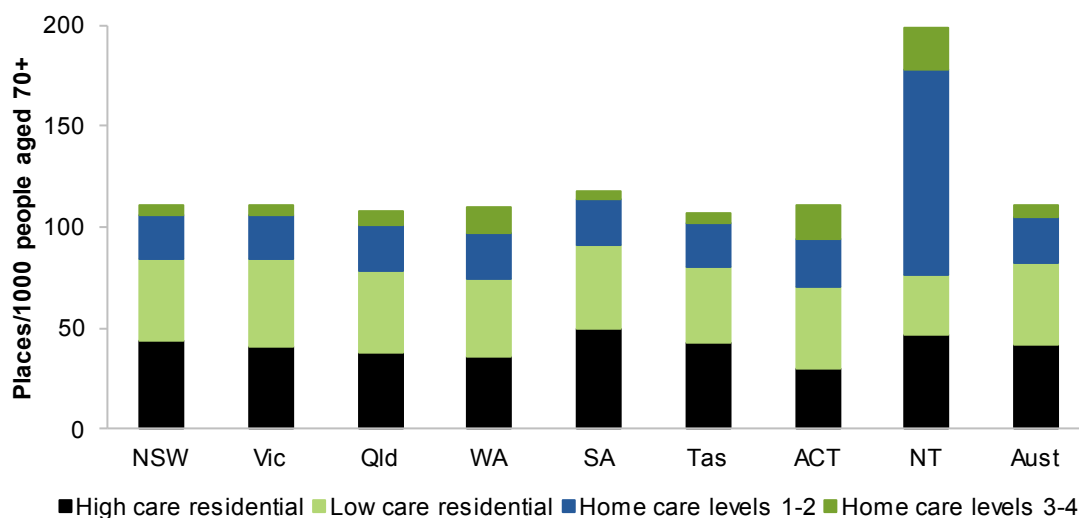
Data quality information for this indicator is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

Nationally, the combined number of high care residential places, low care residential places, and Home Care places at 30 June 2014, was 111.3 per 1000 people aged 70 years or over (figure 13.18). Transition Care places add an additional 1.7 per 1000 people aged 70 years or over (table 13A.19), however, these places are not included in the national provision ratio (box 13.4). The number of operational aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over by care type was:

- 41.6 places for residential high care
- 41.1 places for residential low care

- 22.4 places for Home Care levels 1-2
- 6.3 places for Home Care levels 3-4 (figure 13.18).

Figure 13.18 **Operational residential and Home Care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over, 30 June 2014^{a, b, c, d, e, f, g}**

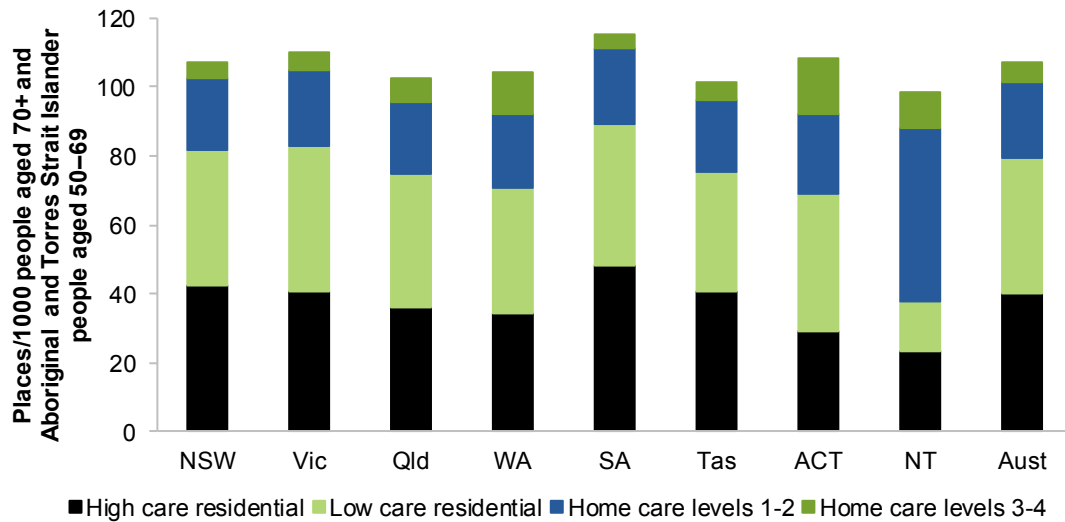


^a Excludes places that have been approved but are not yet operational. ^b Ageing in place may result in some low care places being filled by high care residents. ^c For this Report, Australian Government planning targets are based on places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over. However, in recognition of poorer health among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities, planning in some cases also takes account of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50–69 years. This means that the provision ratio based on the population aged 70 years or over will appear high in areas with a higher proportion of the population who are Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people (such as the NT). ^d Includes residential places categorised as high care or low care. ^e Home Care places are included in the Australian Government planning targets. ^f Home Care places data include flexible community care places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, MPS Program and Innovative Pool Program. ^g See table 13A.19 for further information regarding the calculation of provision ratios.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.19.

The number of operational aged care places can also be shown using an aged care planning population that incorporates Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years (figure 13.19). Use of this ‘adjusted’ aged care planning population has a noticeable effect on the NT, which has a large proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians.

Figure 13.19 **Operational residential and Home Care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years, 30 June 2014^a, b, c, d, e, f**



^a Excludes places that have been approved but are not yet operational. ^b Ageing in place may result in some low care places being filled by high care residents. ^c Home Care places are included in the Australian Government planning targets. ^d Includes residential places categorised as high care or low care. ^e Home Care places data include flexible community care places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, MPS Program and Innovative Pool Program. ^f TCP places are not shown, see table 13A.20.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.20.

Data on the number of residential and Home Care operational aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years by remoteness areas are in table 13A.21.

Effectiveness — timeliness of access

Elapsed times for aged care services

‘Elapsed times for aged care services’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to maximise the timeliness with which people are able to access aged care services (box 13.5).

Box 13.5 **Elapsed times for aged care services**

'Elapsed times for aged care services' is defined by two measures.

- The proportion of people who entered residential high care who did so within three months of their ACAT approval. Entry into a residential care service refers to the date of admission to a residential aged care service. ACAT approval refers to the most recent approval date for the type of care for which the client is being admitted.
- The proportion of people who commenced Home Care who did so within three months of their ACAT approval. ACAT approval refers to the most recent approval date for the type of care which the client is commencing.

Data are also presented for these service types on the proportions who enter/receive these services within other periods of time.

Higher proportions of admission to residential high care or commencement of Home Care within three months of ACAT approval are desirable.

This indicator needs to be interpreted with caution. The measure of 'elapsed time' is utilised, rather than 'waiting times', because the period of time between the ACAT approval and entry into residential care or commencement of Home Care may be affected by factors other than time spent 'waiting' to enter/receive a service, for example:

- hospital discharge policies and practices
- client choice not to enter or commence care immediately, but to take up the option at a later time
- variations in perceived quality of care, care fee regimes and building quality, which influence client choice of preferred service and delays their take up of care.

In addition, the measure does not include clients who have received an ACAT approval and who may have spent time waiting, but who:

- did not enter residential care or commence Home Care (for example, who died before entering care)
- ultimately decided not to take up a care placement offer
- choose to take up an alternative care option due to, for example, varying fee regimes.

Elapsed time needs to be interpreted locally and may vary in relevance according to individual circumstances. A client's decision to take up care at a particular point in time can be influenced by the location of residential care services; the availability of alternatives to residential care, such as Home Care places; and for community care, the availability of informal care and respite services.

(Continued next page)

Box 13.5 (continued)

For residential aged care, this indicator focuses on high care services because the link between 'elapsed time' before entry to residential care and actual 'waiting time' is stronger for high care residents than for low care residents. This is due to the urgency of high care residents' needs, and the greater number of alternatives for people with ACAT approvals for low residential aged care only. Where there is some urgency because of a client's high care needs, it is clearly desirable to minimise the time elapsing between ACAT approval and entry to high level residential aged care. However, there is an equally strong argument for ensuring all options are explored, including Transition Care, to ensure that premature entry to residential aged care is avoided or at least postponed for as long as practical given individual circumstances.

It is recognised that this indicator has limitations and work is underway to review the data. This indicator will continue to be reported until improved data are available.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

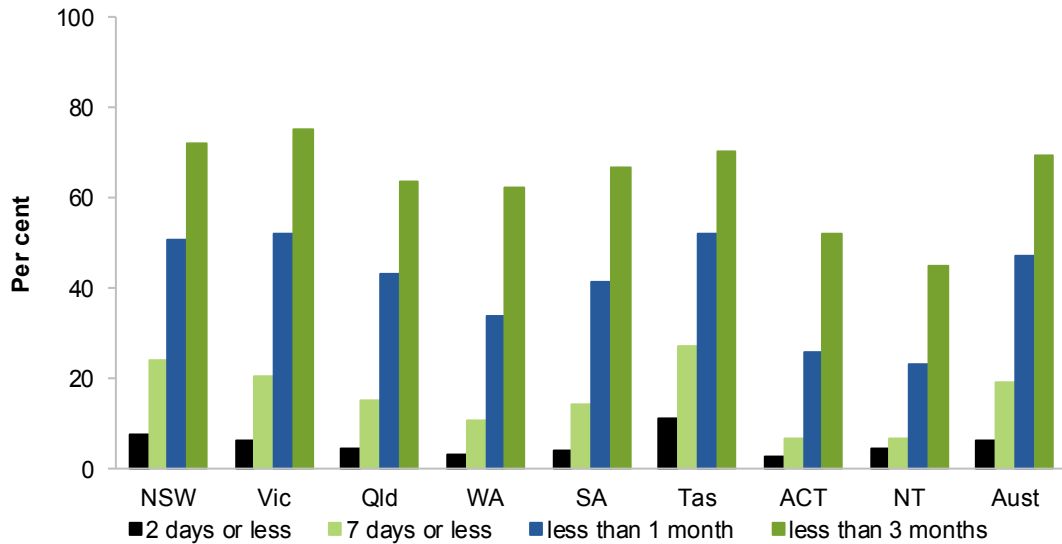
Data quality information for this indicator is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

Overall, 19.3 per cent of all people entering residential high care during 2013-14 did so within seven days of being approved by an ACAT, compared with 22.0 per cent in 2012-13 (table 13A.42). In 2013-14, 47.0 per cent entered within one month of their ACAT approval and 69.4 per cent entered within three months of their approval (figure 13.20), compared with 50.0 per cent and 72.0 per cent respectively in 2012-13 (table 13A.42). The median time for entry into high care residential services was 35 days in 2013-14 compared to 30 days in 2012-13 (table 13A.42).

Nationally in 2013-14, a greater proportion of people entering high care residential services entered within three months of approval (69.4 per cent), compared with the proportion entering low care residential services within that time (62.3 per cent). Further data on elapsed time by remoteness, Socio Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) and Indigenous status are included in table 13A.43-45.

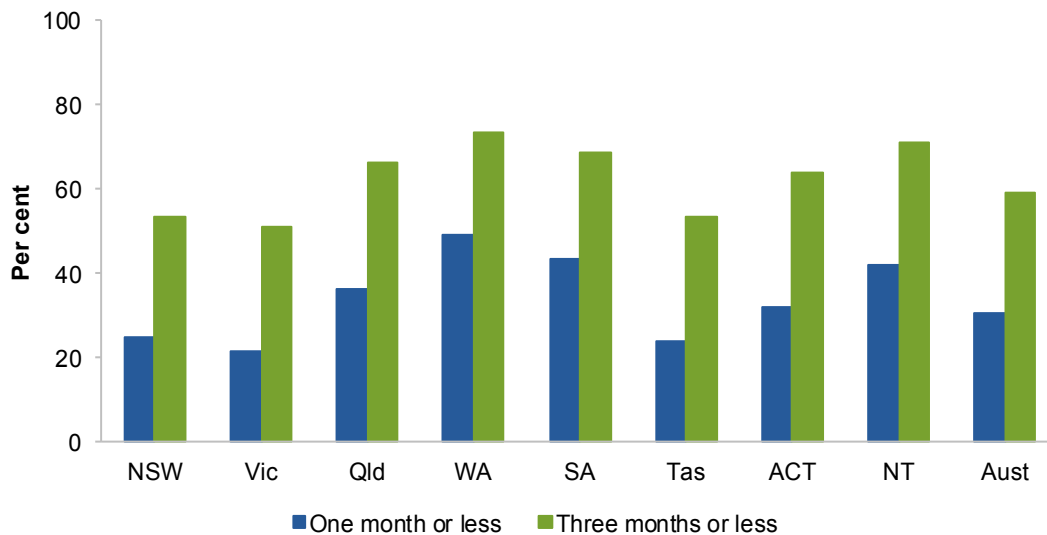
Overall, 59.2 per cent of all people commencing Home Care during 2013-14 received it within three months of being approved by an ACAT. This proportion varied across jurisdictions. Nationally, 30.7 per cent started receiving Home Care within one month of being approved by an ACAT (figure 13.21). Data to 2012-13, on 'elapsed time' for CACP, EACH and EACH are in table 13A.42.

Figure 13.20 **People entering high care residential care within specified time periods of their ACAT approval, 2013-14**



Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.42.

Figure 13.21 **People commencing Home Care within three months of their ACAT approval, 2013-14**



Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.42.

Effectiveness — appropriateness

Assessed long-term care arrangements

‘Assessed long-term care arrangements’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to meet clients’ needs through provision of appropriate aged care services (box 13.6).

Box 13.6 Assessed long-term care arrangements

Assessed long-term care arrangements’ is defined as the proportions of ACAT clients recommended to reside in the community (private residence or other community), or in residential care (high or low level), or in another location (such as, other institutional care) or for clients whom ACATs did not make a recommendation for long-term care arrangements for reasons such as death, transfer or cancellation. A recommendation does not mean that the person will be approved for the care recommended, and an approval does not mean that the person will take up the care approved. Aged care approvals are mandatory for admission to Australian Government subsidised residential care, or for receipt of Home Care (Community Aged Care Packages [CACPs], Extended Aged Care at Home [EACH] packages, and EACH Dementia [EACH-D] in the 2012-13 reporting year) or Transition Care.

High or increasing proportions of clients recommended to remain in the community (assuming this is appropriate) are desirable.

The results for this indicator show the distribution of long-term care arrangements of ACAT clients in each jurisdiction. Differences in recommendations across jurisdictions can reflect external factors such as geographic dispersion of clients and service availability, but also views on the types of client best served by community based services and client preferences. The distribution of ACAT recommendations for various care arrangements are influenced by the degree to which any pre selection process refers people requiring residential care to an ACAT for an assessment.

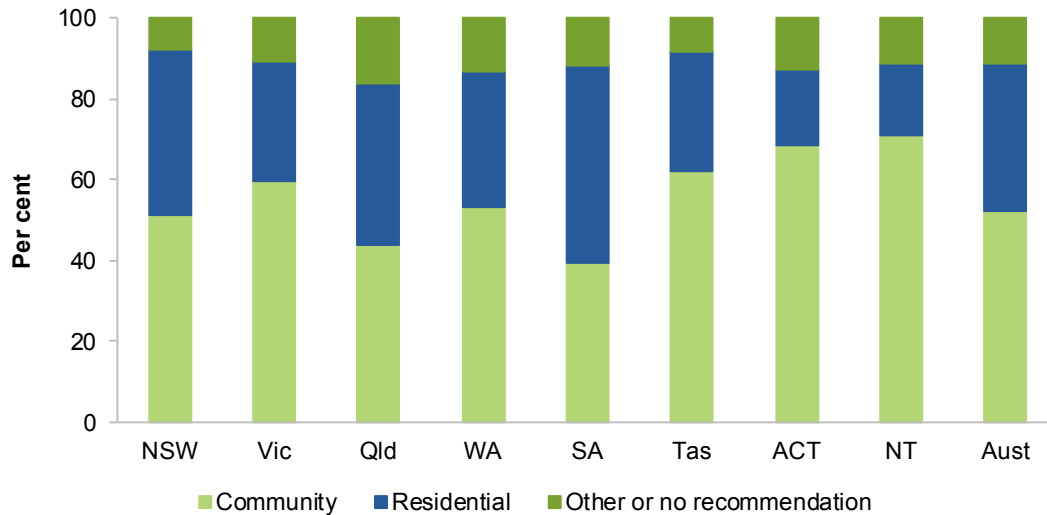
Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2012-13 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

The national proportion of ACAT clients recommended for residential care in 2012-13 was 36.5 per cent and the proportion recommended to remain in the community was 52.4 per cent (figure 13.22). The remaining 11.1 per cent comprise those for whom the recommendation was another location (for example, other institutional care) or for whom reasons such as death, transfer or cancellation meant that no recommendation for long-term care arrangements was made.

Figure 13.22 Recommended long-term care arrangements of ACAT clients, 2012-13^{a, b, c}



^a Other includes hospital and other institutional care. ^b No recommendation includes deaths, cancellations and transfers. ^c Data were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective date of 31 August 2014. Future extracts of these data may change.

Source: DSS (unpublished) Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from ACAP Minimum Data Set; table 13A.46.

Unmet need

‘Unmet need’ is an indicator of governments’ objective of ensuring aged care services are allocated to meet clients’ needs (box 13.7).

Box 13.7 Unmet need

‘Unmet need’ is defined as the extent to which demand for services to support older people requiring assistance with daily activities is not met.

Low rates of unmet need are desirable; however, defining and determining the level of need at an individual level is complex and at a population level is highly complex. Perceptions of need and unmet need are often subjective.

Data for this indicator are drawn from the ABS 2012 *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers*. Data are for people aged 65 years or over, living in households, who have a need for assistance with at least one everyday activity, and the extent to which that need was being met (fully, partly or not at all).

(Continued next page)

Box 13.7 (continued)

Direct inferences about the demand for services need to be made with caution, because the measure used does not:

- reveal the intensity of care required by those who identify an unmet need — there is no indication of whether the need can readily be met informally or by formal home care, or whether the person may require residential care
- reflect the degree of unmet demand for a specific type of service. Differences across jurisdictions in the proportion of unmet need can reflect different policy approaches to targeting services. Some governments may choose to focus on those with the greatest degree of need for care and on fully meeting their needs. By contrast, other governments may choose to provide a lower level of service to a greater number of people, while only partly meeting the needs of those with the greatest need for care — both are valid policy approaches
- reflect the past and possible future duration of the need — that is, whether it is long term or transitory
- reflect whether the need relates to a disability support service, aged care service or health care.

Although data are included, this indicator is regarded as yet to be developed, because of the extent of the caveats.

Of those people aged 65 years or over in 2012, who were living in households and who have a need for assistance with at least one everyday activity, 34.0 ± 1.3 per cent reported that their need for assistance was not fully met (table 13A.47).

Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients

‘Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to minimise the incidence of older people staying in hospitals for extended periods of time when their care needs may be met more appropriately through residential or community care services (box 13.8).

Box 13.8 **Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients**

'Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients' has two measures:

- the proportion of completed aged care type public hospital separations for people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years for which the length of stay was 35 days or longer, where 'aged care type' hospital separations are defined as:
 - the care type was maintenance, and
 - the diagnosis (either principal or additional) was either person awaiting admission to residential aged care service or need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care
- the proportion of all patient days (for overnight separations only) used by patients who are waiting for residential aged care, where the:
 - care type was maintenance, and
 - diagnosis (either principal or additional) was person awaiting admission to residential aged care service, and
 - separation mode was discharge/transfer to another acute hospital or to residential aged care (unless this is usual place of residence); statistical discharge, that is a change in care type; the patient died; discharge/transfer to other health care accommodation (including mother craft hospitals and another psychiatric hospital); left against medical advice/discharge at own risk or statistical discharge from leave.

Low or decreasing proportions of hospital stays of 35 days or more and low or decreasing proportions of patient days used by people waiting for residential aged care are desirable.

Hospital inpatient services are geared towards shorter periods of care aimed at addressing serious illness or injury, or diagnosis, and are a less effective form of care for older people who cannot live independently in the long term.

These measures should be interpreted with caution, because:

- patients who have not completed their period of care in a hospital are not included
- although the diagnosis codes reflect a care type, they do not determine a person's eligibility for residential aged care (this is determined by an ACAT assessment) or necessarily reliably reflect access issues for residential aged care from the acute care sector
- diagnosis codes may not be applied consistently across jurisdictions or over time
- reported hospital separations and patient days do not necessarily reflect the full length of hospital stay for an individual patient. If a change in the type of care occurs during a patient's hospital stay (for example, from acute to maintenance) then two separations are reported for that patient
- for the first measure, the code 'need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care' may also be used for respite care for aged care residents or those receiving community care, and some jurisdictions may have a high proportion of this type of use. This is particularly relevant in some rural areas where there are few alternative options for these clients

(Continued next page)

Box 13.8 (continued)

- the measures do not necessarily reflect alternative strategies in place by states and territories to manage the older person into appropriate residential aged care facilities from acute care hospitals
- the measures are regarded as proxies, as the desired measures (utilising appropriate linked hospital separations and ACAT approvals) are not available at this time. Further development is underway to improve available data sets and associated measures for future reports.

Data reported for the first measure are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions, but a break in series means that data from 2011-12 are not comparable to data for earlier years
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2012-13 data are available for all jurisdictions.

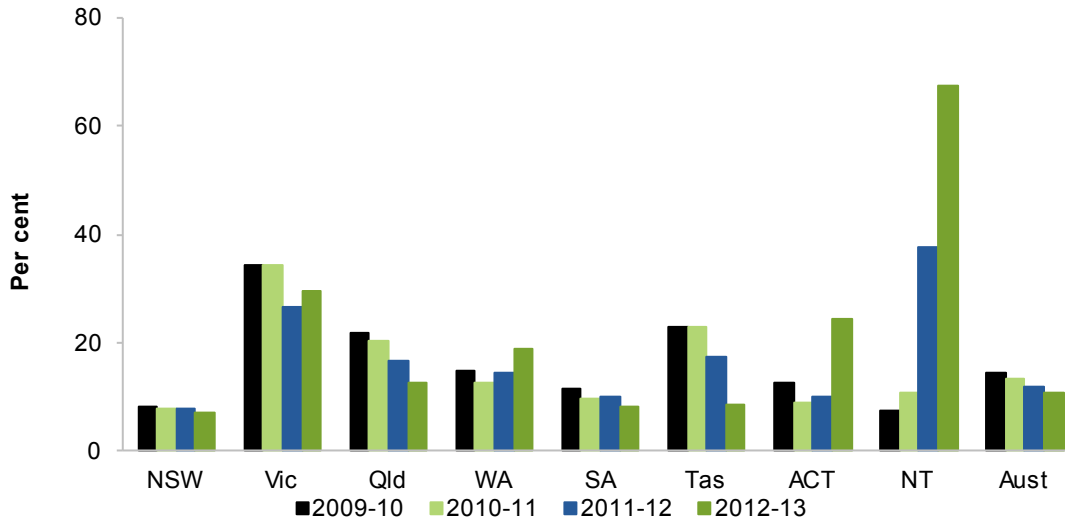
Data reported for the second measure are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time (except Tasmanian data where two significant private hospitals are excluded in 2008-09)
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2012-13 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

The proportion of separations for ‘aged care type’ patients (as defined in box 13.8) aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years whose separation was 35 days or longer was 10.9 per cent nationally in 2012-13 (figure 13.23). The number of ‘aged care type’ patient separations for people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years was 12 290, of a total 2.2 million nationally (table 13A.48).

Figure 13.23 Proportion of separations for 'aged care type' public hospitals patients that were 35 days or longer^{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}

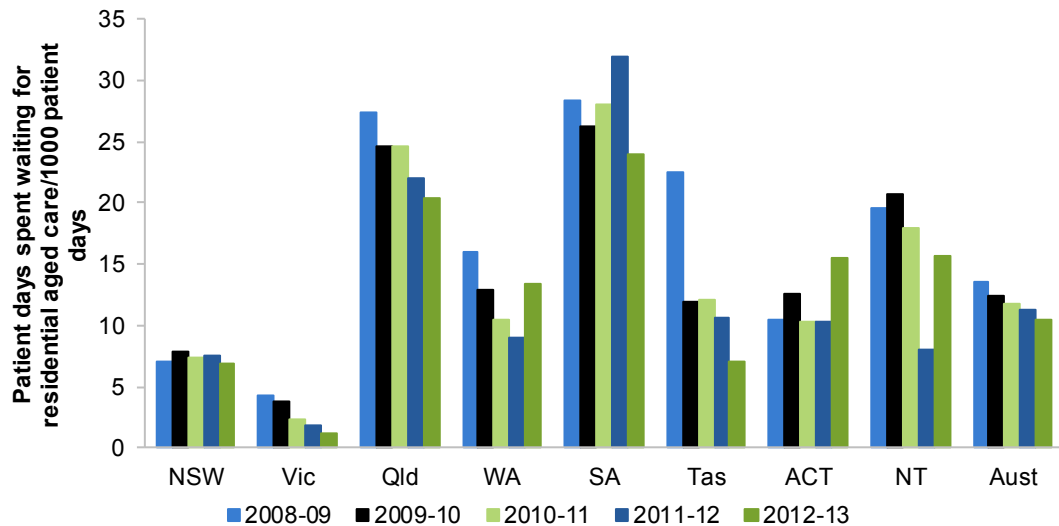


^a Data are for hospital separations with a care type of maintenance and a diagnosis (either principal or additional) of either 'person awaiting admission to residential aged care service' or 'need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care' and where the separation lasted 35 days or longer. ^b Age of patients is 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander patients 50–64 years. ^c Although the diagnosis codes reflect a care type, they do not determine a person's eligibility for residential aged care. ^d Diagnosis codes may not be applied consistently across jurisdictions or over time. ^e These data only account for completed unlinked separations. ^f The code 'need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care' may also be used for respite care for either residential or community care patients. ^g An individual patient may have multiple hospital separations during a single hospital stay, for example, if a change in the type of care occurs during a patient's hospital stay. Data on length of stay relate to each separation and not to the whole hospital stay. ^h Data from 2011-12 include public patients in private hospitals, these patients were not included in earlier years.

Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) (unpublished); table 13A.48.

The proportion of all hospital patient days (for overnight separations only) used by patients who are waiting for residential aged care (as defined in box 13.8) was 10.4 per 1000 patient days nationally in 2012-13 (figure 13.24).

Figure 13.24 **Hospital patient days used by patients waiting for residential aged care^{a, b, c, d, e, f}**



^a Data include overnight hospital separations only. ^b Numerator data include patients with a care type of maintenance, and diagnosis (either principal or additional) was 'person awaiting admission to residential aged care service', and separation mode was 'discharge/transfer to another acute hospital'; 'discharge, transfer to residential aged care (unless this is usual place of residence)'; 'statistical discharge—type change'; 'died'; 'discharge/transfer to other health care accommodation (including mother craft hospitals)' or 'left against medical advice/discharge at own risk; statistical discharge from leave; discharge/transfer to (an)other psychiatric hospital'. ^c Includes patients of all ages. ^d Although the diagnosis codes reflect a care type, they do not determine a person's eligibility for residential aged care. ^e Diagnosis codes may not be applied consistently across jurisdictions or over time. ^f These data only account for completed unlinked separations. An individual patient may have multiple hospital separations during a single hospital stay, for example, if a change in the type of care occurs during a patient's hospital stay. Data on patient days relate to the defined separations and not to the whole hospital stay.

Source: AIHW (unpublished); table 13A.49.

Intensity of care

'Intensity of care' is an indicator of governments' objective to encourage 'ageing in place' to increase choice and flexibility in residential aged care service provision (box 13.9). (See box 13.10 for background information on the 'ageing in place' policy.)

Box 13.9 **Intensity of care**

'Intensity of care' is defined by two measures:

- the proportion of people who stayed in the same residential aged care service when changing from low care to high care
- the proportion of low care places occupied by residents with high care needs, compared with the proportion of all operational places taken up by residents with high care needs.

High or increasing rates of ageing in place are desirable, in the context of a flexible system that also meets the need for low level care either in residential facilities or in the community.

These measures reflect the proportion of residents who remain in the same residential aged care facility as their care needs increase from low care to high care. The *Aged Care Act 1997* aims explicitly to encourage ageing in place to increase choice and flexibility in residential aged care service provision (box 13.10).

This indicator needs to be viewed from the perspective of the system as a whole. The implication of ageing in place is that some places that were allocated for low care will be occupied by high care residents (or, conversely, allocated for high care and occupied by low care residents). Information about the use of operational residential aged care places is provided to demonstrate the impact of ageing in place on the aged care services system over time.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required June 2014 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

Nationally, from 2005-06 to 2013-14, there was a steady increase in the proportion of people who stayed in the same residential aged care service when changing from low care to high care, from 75.0 per cent to 92.8 per cent (figure 13.25). For 2013-14, the proportion in major cities (93.1 per cent) was similar to other areas, with the lowest proportion in outer regional areas (91.1 per cent) (table 13A.28).

Box 13.10 Ageing in place in residential care

In its Objects, the *Aged Care Act 1997* aims to:

... encourage diverse, flexible and responsive aged care services that:

(i) are appropriate to meet the needs of the recipients of those services and the carers of those recipients; and

(ii) facilitate the independence of, and choice available to, those recipients and carers.

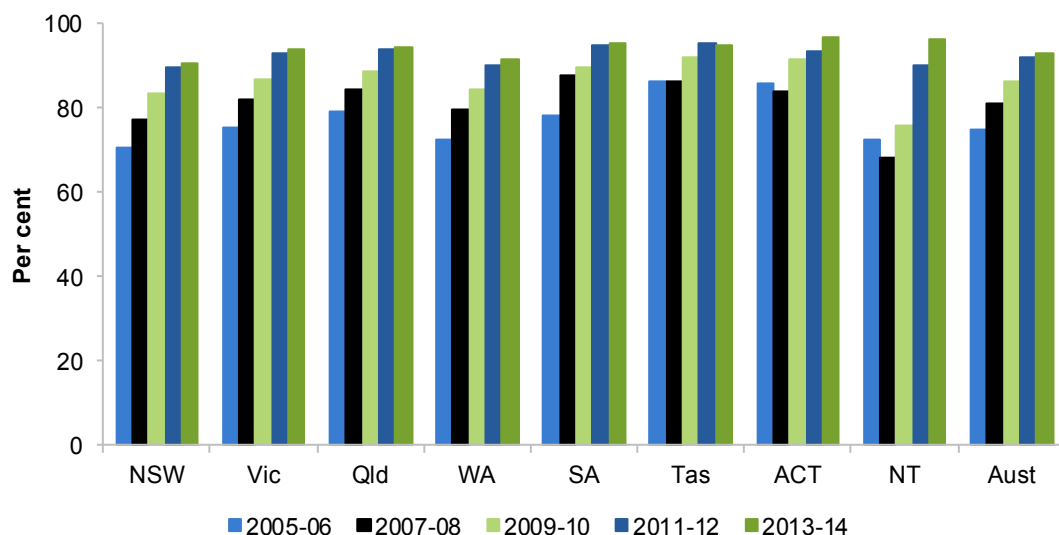
Further, the *Aged Care Act 1997* explicitly aims to encourage and facilitate 'ageing in place'. The Act does not define 'ageing in place', but one useful definition is 'the provision of a responsive and flexible care service in line with the person's changing needs in a familiar environment'. In effect, 'ageing in place' refers to a resident remaining in the same residential aged care service as his or her care needs increase from low level to high level. This is changing the profile of people in services.

The *Aged Care Act 1997* does not establish any 'program' or require any residential aged care service to offer ageing in place. Rather, it creates the opportunity for providers to choose to provide the full continuum of care, by removing the legislative and administrative barriers that prevented this outcome in the past.

The concept of 'ageing in place' is linked to the outcomes of increasing choice and flexibility in residential aged care service provision. These are difficult outcomes to measure.

Source: Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) (unpublished).

Figure 13.25 Proportion of residents who changed from low care to high care and remained in the same aged care service^a

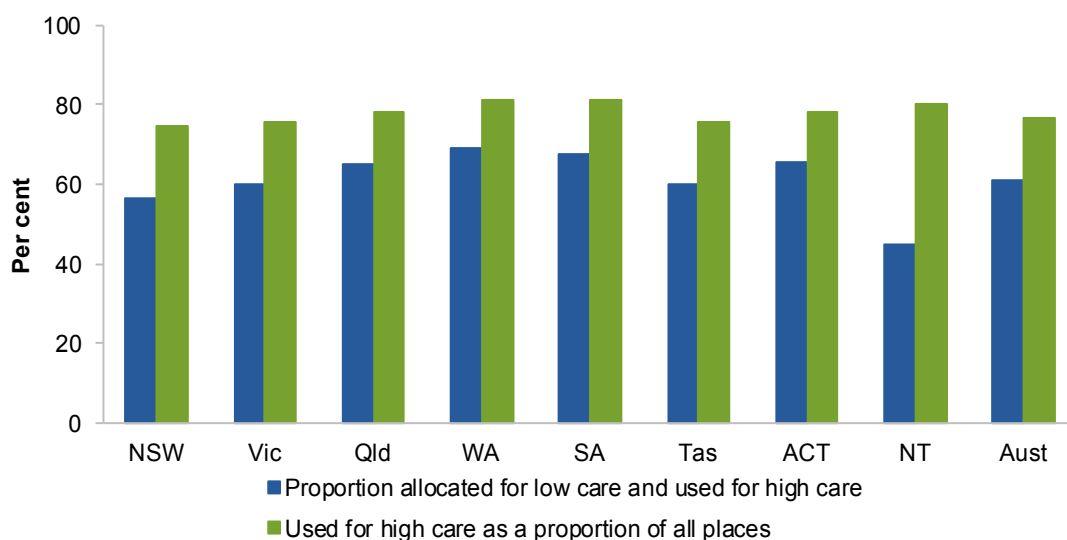


^a Ten years of annual data for this indicator are in table 13A.28.

Source: Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA)/DSS (unpublished); table 13A.28.

Nationally, 61.2 per cent of low care places in 2013-14 were occupied by residents with high care needs. The proportion of all operational places taken up by residents with high care needs was 76.8 per cent (figure 13.26).

Figure 13.26 **Utilisation of operational residential places, 30 June 2014^a**



^a Includes residential places categorised as high care or low care.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.29.

Effectiveness — quality

Compliance with service standards for residential care

‘Compliance with service standards for residential care’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to ensure residential care services attain high levels of service quality, through compliance with certification and accreditation standards (box 13.11).

Box 13.11 **Compliance with service standards for residential care**

'Compliance with service standards for residential care' is defined by two measures:

- the proportion of re-accredited services that have received three year accreditation:
 - services re-accredited in the financial year
 - all re-accredited services
- the proportion of aged care services that are compliant with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements.

High or increasing proportions of approval for three year re-accreditation and services that are compliant with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements are desirable. The extent to which residential care services comply with service standards and other requirements implies a certain level of care and service quality.

Australian Government funded residential services are required to meet accreditation standards (which comprise 44 expected outcomes). The accreditation indicator reflects the period of accreditation granted. The accreditation process is managed by an accreditation agency (currently the Australian Aged Care Quality Agency, which replaced the Aged Care Standards and Accreditation Agency Ltd (ACSAA) on 1 January 2014). A service applies for accreditation and its application is based on a self-assessment of performance against the accreditation standards. Following an existing residential service applying for accreditation, a team of registered quality assessors reviews the application, conducts an onsite assessment and prepares a report based on these observations, interviews with residents, relatives, staff and management, and relevant documentation. An authorised decision maker from the accreditation agency then considers the report, in conjunction with any submission from the residential service and other relevant information (including information from the Department of Social Services [DSS]) and decides whether to accredit and, if so, for how long. Commencing services are subject to a desk audit only, and are accredited for one year.

A home must be certified to be able to receive accommodation payments and extra service charges. Residents expect high quality and safe accommodation in return for their direct and indirect contributions. Certification provides a mechanism to encourage provision of safe and high quality accommodation within the regulatory frameworks for buildings legislated by State and Territory governments. Aged care homes are required to meet building certification, fire safety, privacy and space requirements to be eligible to receive the maximum level of the accommodation supplement.

Under the privacy and space requirements, all new buildings constructed since July 1999, are required to have an average, for the whole aged care home, of no more than 1.5 residents per room. No room may accommodate more than two residents. There is also a mandatory standard of no more than three residents per toilet, including those off common areas, and no more than four residents per shower or bath.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and over time
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required June 2014 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

Accreditation decisions and further information relating to the accreditation standards and the Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (Quality Agency) are publicly available (Quality Agency 2014). Further information on the number of residential aged care facilities that had an audit in 2013-14 and the outcomes of these audits is available in the latest *Report on the Operation of the Aged Care Act 1997* (DSS 2014). The accreditation process is summarised in box 13.11.

As at 30 June 2014, 496 residential aged care services had a re-accreditation decision in 2013-14. Of these, 87.9 per cent were granted three years accreditation (table 13.6). Data on re-accreditation decisions during 2013-14 by remoteness and size of facility are in tables 13A.51-52. Of all re-accredited residential aged care services, 96.7 per cent had an accreditation status of a period of three years, as at 30 June 2014 (table 13.6).

Table 13.6 Residential aged care services re-accredited for three years, 30 June 2014^{a, b}

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>Services re-accredited during 2013-14</i>									
Total no.	131	139	105	55	45	13	3	5	496
% 3 year accredited	90.1	89.9	81.0	92.7	86.7	100.0	100.0	40.0	87.9
<i>All re-accredited services</i>									
Total no.	868	747	441	237	258	77	25	12	2 665
% 3 year accredited	98.2	97.5	93.4	96.6	96.5	100.0	92.0	58.3	96.7

^a Data as at 30 June 2014 relate only to re-accredited services and do not include accreditation periods for 27 commencing services. ^b Note that 'accreditation period' shows the decision in effect as at 30 June 2014.

Source: Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (unpublished); tables 13A.50 and 13A.53.

Nationally, as at 30 June 2014, 100.0 per cent of residential aged care services were compliant with building certification, fire safety, and privacy and space requirements (table 13.7).

Table 13.7 Residential aged care services compliant with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements, at 30 June 2014

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total residential services	no	876	755	443	239	260	78	25	12	2 688
Total compliant services	no	876	755	443	239	260	78	25	12	2 688
Proportion of compliant services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Source: DSS (unpublished) and table 13A.17.

Complaints resolution

‘Complaints resolution’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to ensure aged care services provide a high quality of care (box 13.12).

Box 13.12 Complaints resolution

‘Complaints resolution’ has two measures:

- the number of complaints received by the Aged Care Complaints Scheme (the Scheme) that are within the scope of the Scheme to handle (that is, relate to the responsibilities of an approved provider of residential or community care under the *Aged Care Act 1997* or HACC funding agreements with the Australian Government) per 1000 permanent care recipients
- the proportion of complaints that were resolved without the need for a direction.

This indicator is a proxy of the quality of care and of the responsiveness of approved providers where issues about the quality of care or services are raised through complaints. A low or decreasing rate of complaints received and high proportion of complaints that were resolved without the need for a direction are desirable.

The Scheme encourages people to raise their concerns with the aged care provider in the first instance where possible. This can achieve a faster and sustainable result through building relationships between all parties. If concerns are unable to be resolved directly with a service provider, then people can contact the Scheme. The Scheme assesses the risk associated with a complaint and the most appropriate method for resolving the complaint. This may mean encouraging resolution at a local provider level, conciliating an outcome between the complainant and the provider, or the Scheme investigating the complaint. Where the Scheme decides that an approved provider is not meeting its responsibilities, it has the power to issue the provider with directions. Prior to issuing a direction, the Scheme will typically give the provider other opportunities to remedy the issues, including giving the provider the opportunity to respond to a notice of intention to issue directions. Where issues are addressed, directions may not be issued.

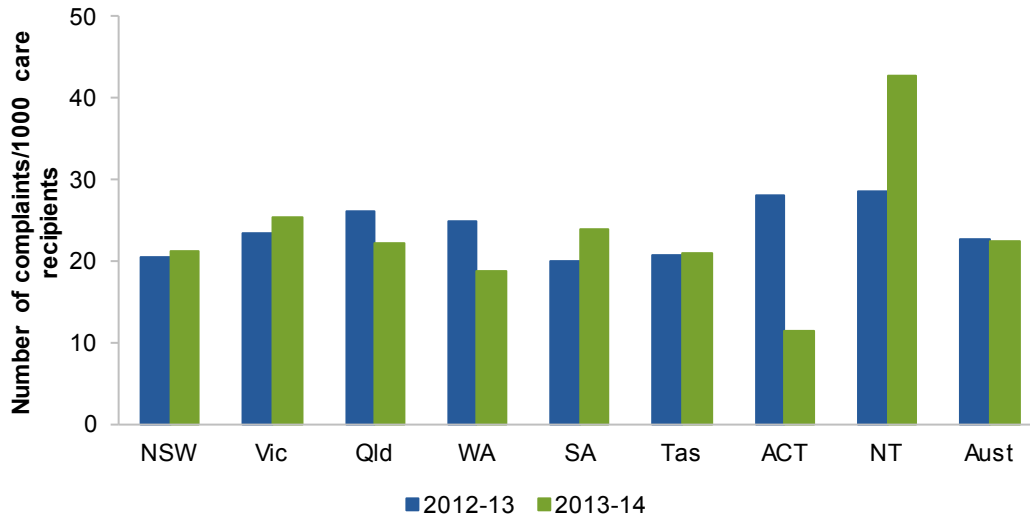
Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions, but a break in series means that data from 2012-13 are not comparable to data for 2011-12
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

During 2013-14, the Scheme received 3903 complaints that were within the scope of the Scheme to handle. The number of complaints per 1000 care recipients was 22.4 nationally in 2013-14 (figure 13.27). Of the complaints dealt with by the Scheme in 2013-14, 88.9 per cent related to residential care services, 8.4 per cent related to Home Care services and 1.5 per cent related to HACC services. A further 1.2 per cent of complaints were not linked to a corresponding care type (DSS unpublished).

Figure 13.27 **Complaints received by the Aged Care Complaints Scheme which are within its scope to handle**



Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 13A.54.

In 2013-14, 78.5 per cent of complaints were resolved through early resolution and 21.5 per cent progressed to resolution, utilising the range of techniques available to Scheme officers including approved provider resolution, conciliation, and investigation (DSS unpublished). Of those complaints that progressed to resolution, 97.5 per cent were resolved without the need for a direction to the approved provider (figure 13.28).

Figure 13.28 **Proportion of in-scope complaints that were resolved without the need for a direction**



Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 13A.54.

Compliance with service standards for community care

‘Compliance with service standards for community care’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to ensure that community aged care programs provide a high quality of service (box 13.13). Reporting of compliance with service standards for community aged care services for Home Care, NRCP and HACC has changed for this year’s Report to provide more meaningful and greater detail about community aged care service compliance with the service standards than the previous reporting of an overall rating of a service’s processes and systems. Historical data using the new reporting format is included in tables 13A.55-56 to enable comparison.

Box 13.13 Compliance with service standards for community care

Compliance with service standards for community care' is defined as the proportion of reviews of community aged care services that met all expected outcomes under each of the Home Care Common Standards:

- Standard 1 — Effective management — the service provider demonstrates effective management processes based on a continuous improvement approach to service management, planning and delivery.
- Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery — each service user (and prospective service user) has access to services and service users receive appropriate services that are planned, delivered and evaluated in partnership with themselves and/or their representatives.
- Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities — each service user (and/or their representative) is provided with information to assist them to make service choices and has the right (and responsibility) to be consulted and respected. Service users (and/or their representative) have access to complaints and advocacy information and processes and their privacy and confidentiality and right to independence is respected.

The number of reviews against program standards for community aged care services that were completed is also provided for information. Data are reported for the Home Care Packages Program and National Respite for Carers Program (NRCP) combined and separately for the HACC program. HACC review numbers and outcomes are reported separately as they may be undertaken at a different organisational level to the other programs.

A high or increasing proportion of community aged care reviews that met all expected outcomes under each standard of the Home Care Common Standards is desirable.

The indicator monitors the extent to which agencies are being reviewed over a three year cycle by identifying what proportion of services targeted for review have been reviewed in a particular year. This indicator also measures the proportion of individual agencies that comply with the service standards, through the outcomes of service standard. It should be noted that a review against the standards is not an accreditation process.

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and overtime
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

Nationally, a total of 545 reviews of community aged care organisations providing Home Care and NRCP services were completed in 2013-14 (table 13.8). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 1 — effective management, were achieved in 67.2 per cent of these reviews (table 13.8). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery, were achieved in 74.6 per cent of these reviews (table 13.8). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities, were achieved in 85.5 per cent of these reviews (table 13.8).

Table 13.8 Compliance with service standards for community aged care services — Home Care and NRCP, 2013-14

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>Number of reviews completed (no.)</i>	198	94	107	46	63	9	2	26	545
<i>Proportion of reviews achieving all relevant expected outcomes for the standard (%)</i>									
Standard 1 ^a	77.8	63.8	24.3	100.0	95.2	66.7	50.0	42.3	67.2
Standard 2 ^b	76.3	84.0	42.1	100.0	96.8	77.8	100.0	53.8	74.6
Standard 3 ^c	93.4	96.8	59.8	100.0	87.3	77.8	100.0	57.7	85.5

^a Standard 1 — Effective management. ^b Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery. ^c Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.55.

Nationally, a total of 621 reviews of HACC services were completed in 2013-14 (table 13.9). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 1 — effective management, were achieved in 44.2 per cent of these reviews (table 13.9). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery, were achieved in 58.7 per cent of these reviews (table 13.9). All relevant expected outcomes for Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities, were achieved in 65.3 per cent of these reviews (table 13.9).

Table 13.9 Compliance with service standards for HACC, 2013-14

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
<i>Number of reviews completed (no.)</i>	104	204	154	37	100	14	1	7	621
<i>Proportion of reviews achieving all relevant expected outcomes for the standard (%)</i>									
Standard 1 ^a	45.2	22.0	60.4	59.0	53.0	71.4	100.0	57.1	44.2
Standard 2 ^b	57.7	28.0	81.8	74.0	78.0	85.7	100.0	42.9	58.7
Standard 3 ^c	89.4	31.0	85.7	74.0	73.0	85.7	100.0	57.1	65.3

^a Standard 1 — Effective management. ^b Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery. ^c Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities.

Source: DSS (unpublished); Victorian and WA governments (unpublished); tables 13A.56.

Client appraisal of service standards

‘Client appraisal of service standards’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to ensure high levels of client satisfaction with aged care services (box 13.14).

Box 13.14 Client appraisal of service standards

'Client appraisal of service standards' is yet to be defined.

Data for this indicator were not available for the 2015 Report.

Efficiency — inputs per output unit

Cost per output unit

'Cost per output unit' is an indicator of governments' objective to deliver efficient aged care services (box 13.15).

Box 13.15 Cost per output unit

'Cost per output unit' is defined by two measures:

- Australian Government expenditure per ACAT assessment — Australian Government expenditure on the Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) divided by the number of assessments completed
- expenditure per hour of service for HACC — Australian, Victorian and WA governments expenditure on services (some of the expenditure in Victoria and WA is funded by the Australian Government), divided by the number of hours of service provided (by service type domestic assistance, personal care, nursing and allied health service).

This is a proxy indicator of efficiency and needs to be interpreted with caution. While high or increasing expenditure per assessment or hour of service may reflect deteriorating efficiency, it may also reflect changes in aspects of the service (such as greater time spent with clients) or changes in the characteristics of clients (such as their geographic location). Similarly, low or declining expenditure per assessment or hour of service may reflect improving efficiency or less time spent with clients, for example.

Australian Government expenditure per ACAT assessment and expenditure per hour of HACC service have been developed as proxies. For Australian Government expenditure per ACAT assessment, only Australian Government expenditure is included, although State and Territory governments also contribute to the cost of ACAT assessments. Similarly only Australian, State and Territory governments' expenditure on HACC services is included and expenditure funded by non-government sources is excluded.

Data reported for the 'Australian Government expenditure per ACAT assessment' measure are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and overtime
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2012-13 data are available for all jurisdictions.

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Box 13.15 (continued)

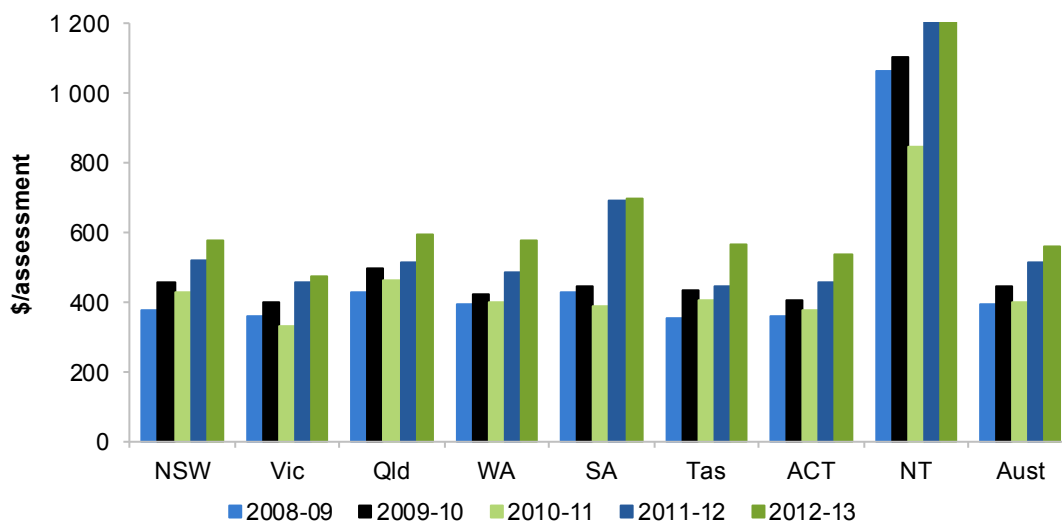
Data reported for the 'expenditure per hour of service for HACC' measure are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) within jurisdictions over time, but are not comparable across jurisdictions
- incomplete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2012-13 data were not available for Queensland and the NT.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

Australian Government expenditure per aged care assessment during 2012-13 averaged \$560 nationally (figure 13.29).

Figure 13.29 Australian Government expenditure on aged care assessments, per assessment (2012-13 dollars)^{a, b, c, d, e}

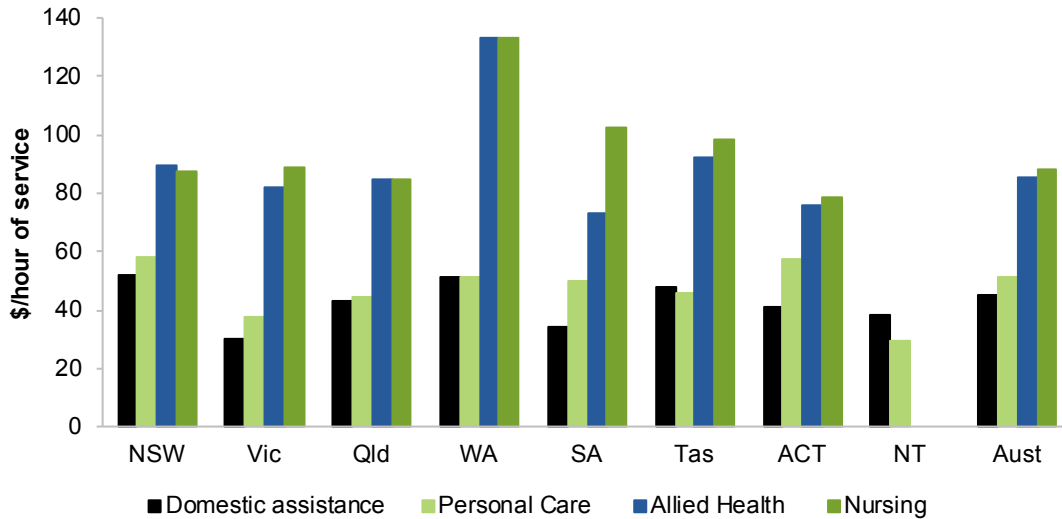


^a Only includes Australian Government expenditure on ACATs. ^b The referrals and operations of ACATs vary across jurisdictions. ^c Data on the number of assessments used to derive this measure were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective date of 31 August 2014. Future extracts of these data may change. ^d Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details. ^e The high cost for each assessment in the NT may be influenced by the remoteness of people requiring assessments, clients having English as a second or third language, and a lack of supporting health and community services infrastructure to assist with assessments..

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 13A.57.

Australian, Victorian and WA governments' expenditure per hour of HACC service during 2012-13 was higher for nursing and allied health than for domestic assistance and personal care across the states and territories for which data are available (figure 13.30).

Figure 13.30 **State and Territory governments' expenditure per hour of HACC service, by service type, 2012-13^{a, b}**



^a WA contract by service group. Unit costs (includes government expenditure only) reported are an average across all services in the group. ^b Unit costs (includes government expenditure only) are not available for the NT for allied health and nursing.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.58.

Expenditure per head of aged care target population

'Expenditure per head of aged care target population' is an indicator of governments' objective to deliver efficient aged care services (box 13.16).

Box 13.16 Expenditure per head of aged care target population

'Expenditure per head of aged care target population' is defined as government inputs (expenditure) divided by the number of people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. Expenditure per person in the aged care target population is reported for residential care, Home Care and multi-purpose and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific services combined and reported separately for the three main service types: residential care services, Home Care and HACC.

This is a proxy indicator of efficiency and needs to be interpreted with caution as it measures cost per head of the aged care target population, not cost per unit of service. While high or increasing expenditure per person can reflect deteriorating efficiency, it can also reflect changes in aspects of the service (such as better quality of services) or in the characteristics of clients receiving the service (such as their geographic location or level of care need). Similarly, low or declining expenditure per person can reflect improving efficiency or a decrease in service standards.

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Box 13.16 (continued)

Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions for all services, but a break in series means that data from 2012-13 are not comparable to data for earlier years
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

Governments' expenditure on residential care, Home Care and on Multi-Purpose and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander specific services combined per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years was \$3233 nationally in 2013-14 (figure 13.31).

Figure 13.31 Governments' expenditure on selected programs, per person in the aged care target population, 2013-14^a

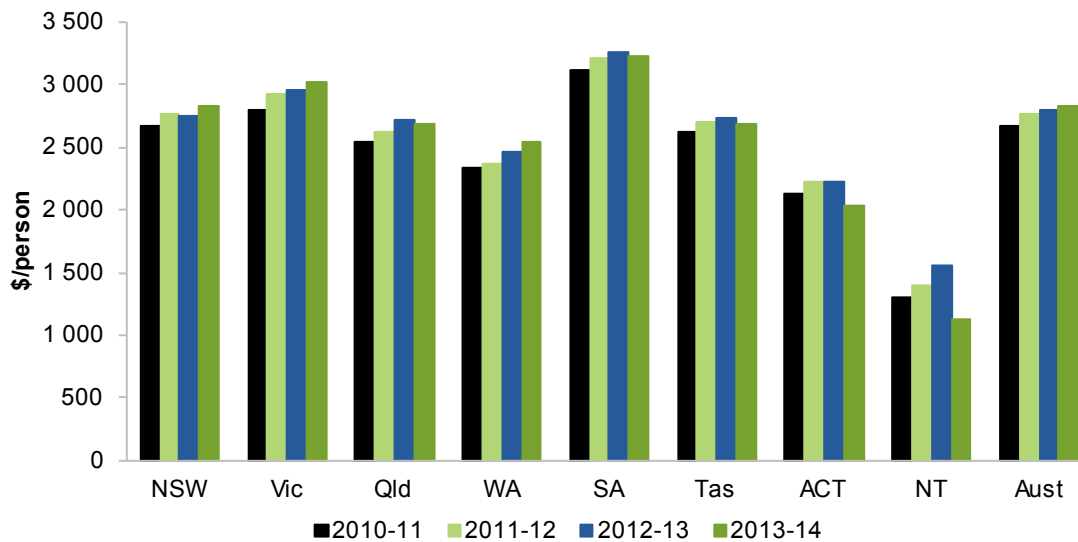


^a Results include State and Territory governments expenditure on residential aged care services and funding of younger people with disability (people aged under 65 years and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged under 50 years) in residential and home care. The majority of expenditure included is from the Australian Government (DSS and DVA).

Source: DSS (unpublished); tables 13A.7–9.

Nationally, governments' expenditure on residential care services per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years was \$2828 in 2013-14 (figure 13.32).

Figure 13.32 Governments' real expenditure on residential services per person in the aged care target population (2013-14 dollars)^{a, b, c}



^a Includes a payroll tax supplement provided by the Australian Government. Actual payroll tax paid may differ. ^b Results include State and Territory governments' expenditure and funding for younger people with disability (people aged 64 years or under and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged 49 years or under) in residential aged care (see tables 13A.4 and 13A.7 for details). ^c Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); DVA (unpublished); table 13A.59.

Australian Government expenditure on Home Care per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years was \$360 in 2013-14 (figure 13.33).

Figure 13.33 **Australian Government expenditure on Home Care per person in the aged care target population, 2013-14^a**

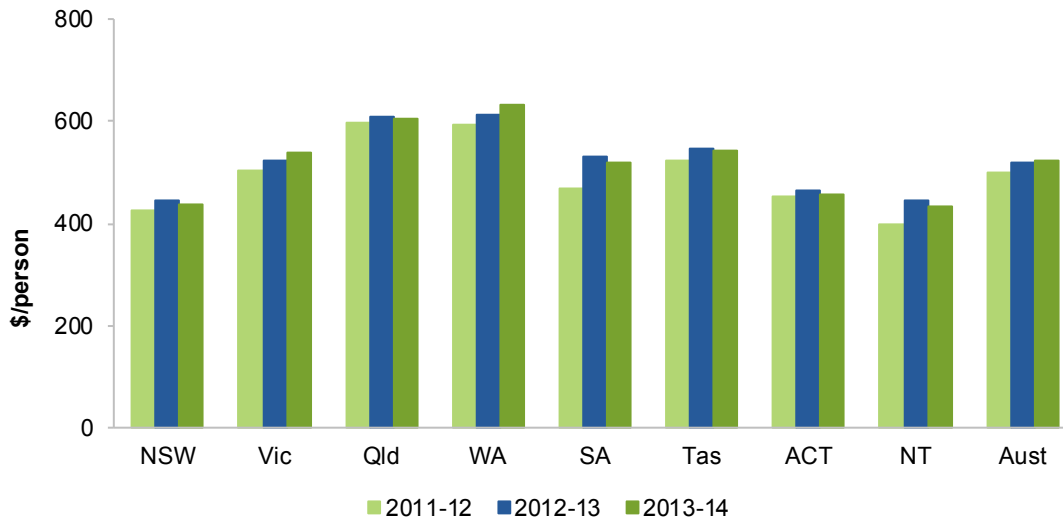


^a Results include State and Territory governments' funding for younger people with disability (people aged under 65 years and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged under 50 years) receiving Home Care (see tables 13A.4 and 13A.8 for details).

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.62.

Nationally, in 2013-14, Australian, Victorian and WA governments' expenditure on HACC services was \$523 per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (figure 13.34). These data reflect expenditure against the aged care target population (see section 13.2), which is not the same as the HACC target population for older people. Expenditure per person in the HACC target population for older people is reported in table 13A.60.

Figure 13.34 **Australian, Victorian and WA governments' real expenditure on HACC services per person in the aged care target population (2013-14 dollars)^{a, b, c, d}**



^a For Victoria and WA, these data represent expenditure under the HACC Review agreements. HACC total program expenditure is adjusted (reduced) to take into account the proportion of people who are older (around 75 per cent in Victoria and 80 per cent in WA) and will not match data reported in table 13A.8. ^b Expenditure per person in the older HACC target population (people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) is in table 13A.60. ^c Reports provisional HACC data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision. ^d Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.61.

Outcomes

Outcomes are the impact of services on the status of an individual or group (while outputs are the services delivered) (see chapter 1, section 1.5).

Social participation in the community

‘Social participation in the community’ is an indicator of governments’ objective to encourage the wellbeing and independence of older people (box 13.17).

Box 13.17 **Social participation in the community**

'Social participation in the community' is defined by three measures, the estimated proportions of older people (aged 65 years or over) who:

- participated in social or community activities away from home in the last three months
- had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in the last week, month or three months
- did not leave home or did not leave home as often as they would like.

These measures are reported by disability status (profound or severe, other disability, all disability, without disability) and for all older people. Disability status is used as a 'proxy' to identify those older people who might need more assistance to support their social participation in the community.

High or increasing proportions of social participation in the community are desirable, as it indicates higher levels of wellbeing and independence.

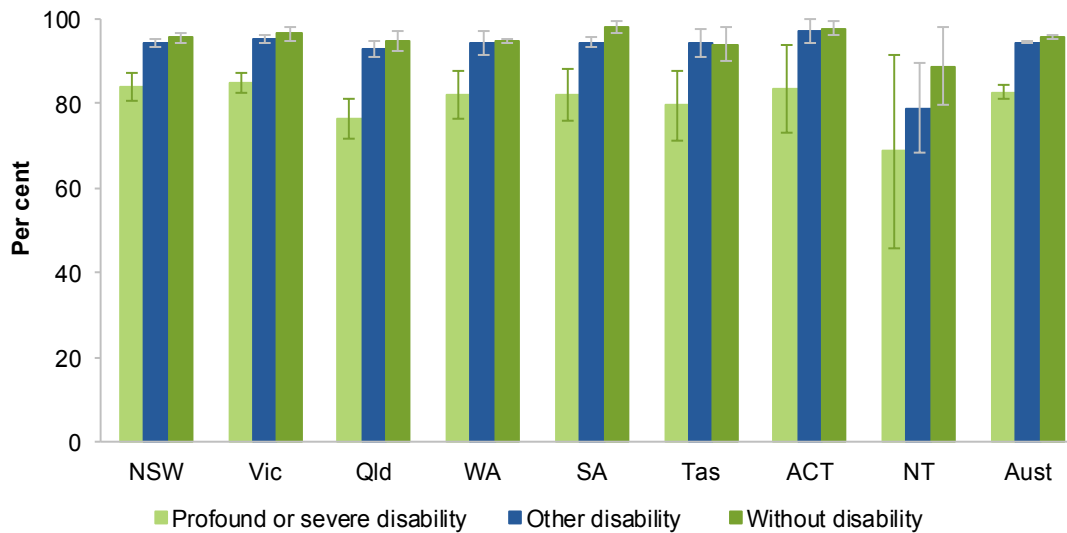
Data reported for this measure are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions
- complete (subject to caveats) for the current reporting period. All required 2012 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is under development.

Nationally in 2012, the estimated proportion of people aged 65 years or over who participated in any social or community activities away from home in the last three months was 93.2 ± 0.6 per cent (table 13A.63). Participation in these activities was 82.7 ± 1.8 per cent for people with profound or severe disability, 94.5 ± 0.3 per cent for other people with disability and 95.6 ± 0.5 per cent for those without disability (figure 13.35).

Figure 13.35 Participation of people aged 65 years or over in any social or community activities away from home in the last three months, by disability status, 2012^{a, b, c}

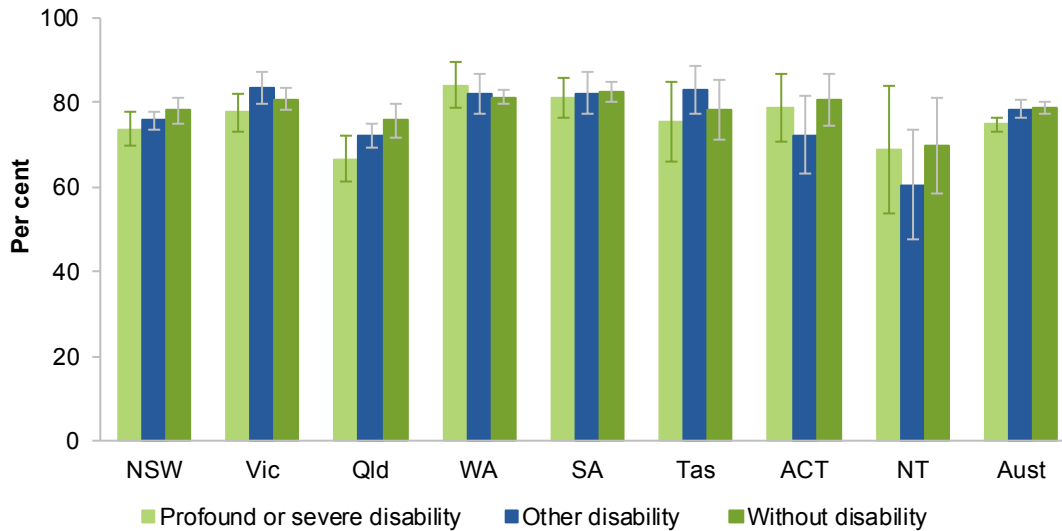


^a Data used to derive this figure have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals (table 13A.63). ^b The rates reported in this figure include 95 per cent confidence intervals. ^c Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012*; table 13A.63.

Nationally in 2012, the estimated proportion of people aged 65 years or over who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household at least once in the last week was 78.1 ± 1.0 per cent (table 13A.64). Older people without disability were more likely than those with profound or severe disability to have face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in the last week (78.9 ± 1.3 per cent compared to 74.8 ± 1.4 per cent) (figure 13.36). Data on face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household, in the last month and last three months are in table 13A.64.

Figure 13.36 **People aged 65 years or over who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in the last week, by disability status, 2012^{a, b, c, d}**

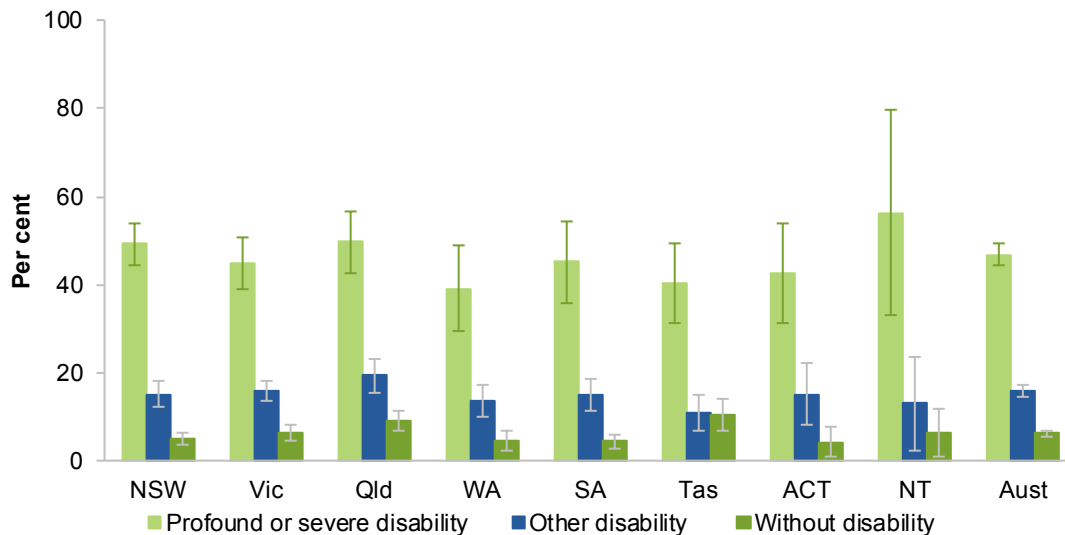


^a Data used to derive this figure have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals (table 13A.64). ^b The rates reported in this figure include 95 per cent confidence intervals. ^c At least once in the last week includes people who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household every day or at least once in the last week. ^d Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012*; table 13A.64.

Nationally in 2012, the estimated proportion of people aged 65 years or over who did not leave home or did not leave home as frequently as they would like was 16.2 ± 0.8 per cent (figure 13.37). A higher proportion of older people with profound or severe disability (46.8 ± 2.5 per cent) did not leave home or did not leave as often as they would like, than for other older people especially those without disability (6.4 ± 0.7 per cent). Nationally, the two main reasons older people did not leave home as frequently as they would like was their own disability/condition or they could not be bothered/nowhere to go (table 13A.65).

Figure 13.37 People aged 65 years or over who did not leave home or did not leave home as often as they would like, by disability status, 2012^{a, b, c, d}



^a Data used to derive this figure have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals (table 13A.65). ^b The rates reported in this figure include 95 per cent confidence intervals. ^c Data for people with 'other disability' in the NT and for older people without disability in the ACT and the NT have a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. ^d Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012*; table 13A.65.

Maintenance of individual physical function

'Maintenance of individual physical function' is an indicator of governments' objective for aged care services to promote the health, wellbeing and independence of older people and is measured using data for the TCP only (box 13.18).

Box 13.18 Maintenance of individual physical function

Maintenance of individual physical function' is defined as the improvement in the Transition Care Program (TCP) client's level of physical function, reflected in the difference between the average Modified Barthel Index (MBI) score on entry to the TCP to the average MBI score on exit from the TCP. The minimum MBI score is 0 (fully dependent) and the maximum score is 100 (fully independent).

This indicator needs to be interpreted with caution. The TCP operates with some differences across jurisdictions including differences in health and aged care service systems, local operating procedures and client groups. Variation in the average MBI scores on entry and exit from the program may reflect a range of target client groups for the program across jurisdictions. An increase in the score from entry to exit is desirable.

The TCP is a small program at the interface of the health and aged care systems. A person may only enter the TCP directly upon discharge from hospital. The average duration of care is around 8 weeks (62 days for completed episodes), with a maximum duration of 12 weeks that may in some circumstances be extended by a further 6 weeks. It may be possible to develop measures for other aged care programs such as residential aged care and community aged care services which would be indicators of maintenance of individual physical function.

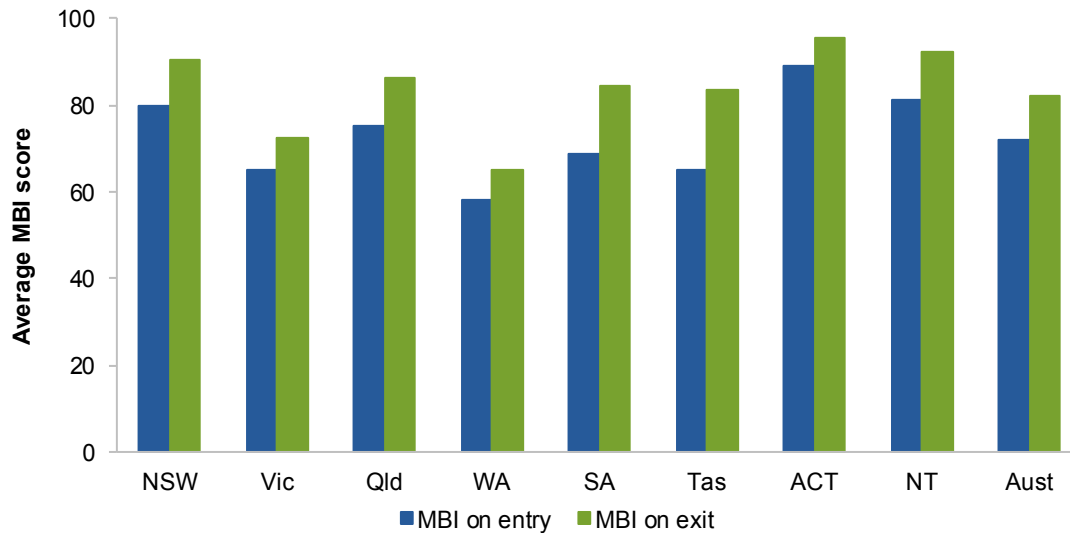
Data reported for this indicator are:

- comparable (subject to caveats) across jurisdictions and overtime
- complete for the current reporting period (subject to caveats). All required 2013-14 data are available for all jurisdictions.

Data quality information for this indicator is at www.pc.gov.au/rogs/2015.

The average Modified Barthel Index (MBI) score on entry to the TCP in 2013-14 was 72 nationally. The average MBI score on exit from the TCP was 82 nationally (figure 13.38). This was an average increase in the score of 10 nationally.

Figure 13.38 Transition Care Program — average MBI score on entry and exit, 2013-14^{a, b}



MBI = Modified Barthel Index. ^a The MBI is a measure of functioning in the activities of daily living, ranging from 0 (fully dependent) to 100 (fully independent). Data are reported for TCP recipients who completed a transition care episode. ^b Different health and aged care service systems, local operating procedures and client groups can affect the outcomes of the TCP across jurisdictions.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 13A.66.

Hospital leave days from residential aged care for preventable causes

‘Hospital leave days from residential aged care for preventable causes’ has been identified for development as an indicator of governments’ objective to provide high quality and safe residential aged care services (box 13.19).

Box 13.19 Hospital leave days from residential aged care for preventable causes

‘Hospital leave days from residential aged care for preventable causes’ is yet to be defined.

Low or decreasing proportions of residential aged care days on hospital leave due to selected preventable causes are desirable.

When developed for future reports, this indicator will show the proportion of residential aged care days that are taken as hospital leave for selected preventable causes.

Enabling people with care needs to live in the community

‘Enabling people with care needs to live in the community’ has been identified for development as an indicator of governments’ objective to delay entry to residential care when a person’s care needs can be met in the community (box 13.20).

Box 13.20 Enabling people with care needs to live in the community

‘Enabling people with care needs to live in the community’ is yet to be defined.

High or increasing rates of people with care needs remaining and participating in the community are desirable.

When developed for future reports, this indicator will show the extent to which older people’s entry to residential care is delayed.

13.4 Future directions in performance reporting

For several aspects of aged care services, indicators are not fully developed and there is little performance reporting available. Priorities for the future include:

- continued improvement of equity and efficiency indicators
- improved reporting of elapsed times for aged care
- improved reporting of hospital patient days used by aged care type patients
- inclusion of data on hospital leave days for preventable causes as they become available
- development of performance indicators relevant to the aged care reforms
- further development of outcome indicators, including possible improvements to the current reporting on the TCP.

In 2012, the Australian Government announced a package of reforms to aged care. On 28 June 2013, to implement these reforms, a package of Bills amending the *Aged Care Act 1997* was passed into law. The key reform implemented since 1 July 2014 that will have a significant effect on reporting in the next version of this Report is the removal of the distinction between high care and low care in permanent residential aged care (table 13.21). A number of other reforms implemented since 1 July 2014 are also outlined in box 13.21.

Box 13.21 **Aged care reforms**

The Australian Government's aged care reforms were developed in response to the Productivity Commission's *Caring for Older Australians Report*. The focus of the reforms is to make the structural changes needed to ensure the future sustainability of Australia's aged care system. The key elements of the new aged care system are designed to provide for:

- greater choice and control over aged care arrangements for consumers
- new and more equitable ways of meeting the ever increasing costs of aged care
- ensuring that the most vulnerable in our society are fully protected
- the aged care sector working more closely with the wider health system to tackle key health challenges in particular, the increasing prevalence of dementia, and support for end of life care
- a single identifiable entry point for consumers, called the Aged Care Gateway
- access to aged care based on need and not the ability to pay.

The key reforms implemented from 1 July 2014 include the following:

- Two fee estimators were made available for consumers, families and carers to estimate fees payable for entering residential or home care.
- Income testing for home care fees commenced including reduction in subsidies.
- Providers commenced publishing residential care accommodation prices on the My Aged Care website.
- A means test replaced separate income tests for residential aged care fees and assets test for accommodation payments.
- Refundable Accommodation Deposits (RADs) and Daily Accommodation Payments (DAPs) replaced accommodation bonds and accommodation charges for new residential aged care recipients.
- Restrictions on accommodation pricing in high care residential settings were removed.

(Continued next page)

Box 13.21 (continued)

- There was an increase in the accommodation supplement paid to new or significantly refurbished residential care facilities. The maximum level of the accommodation supplement in residential care facilities was increased from \$32.58 to \$52.84 per day to certified providers who meet the 'significant refurbishment' criteria.
- The Schedule of Specified Care and Services for residential care services was reviewed and modernised.
- ACAT approvals for residential aged care are now indefinitely valid, unless approval is for a specific period.
- The distinction between high care and low care in permanent residential aged care was removed, all permanent residential aged care is now provided on an 'ageing in place' basis.
- The Aged Care Pricing Commissioner commenced approving costs for extra services and accommodation prices greater than \$550 000.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

13.5 Jurisdictions' comments

This section provides comments from each jurisdiction on the services covered in this chapter.

Australian Government comments

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In an effort to ensure that we get the best outcomes for older Australians, now and into the future, a number of changes were implemented on 1 July 2013 and 1 July 2014.

These changes lay the groundwork for longer term changes that will be needed to meet increasing demands on our aged care system.

In 2013-14, the recurrent expenditure on aged care was \$14.8 billion and included aged care support and assistance provided under and outside the *Aged Care Act 1997*.

Reporting on aged care services in 2013-14 was revised to reflect changes for community and flexible aged care, with continued improvements being made to the coverage and quality of the data.

The provision of Government funded aged care services for older people include information and assessment, residential care, community care, respite and services that are delivered in mixed settings, such as flexible care and specific support services.

The demand for aged care services will continue to be driven by the size and health of the older population.

The Government is continuing to introduce further changes to the aged care system, including the way that care is provided to older people in their homes and community. Home care packages will be delivered on a consumer directed care basis — giving consumers more choice, control and flexibility in the way their care and support is provided.

The functionality of My Aged Care will be increased, providing a simple and effective entry point into the aged care system, while also providing increased transparency and information on aged care services.

The Commonwealth HACC Programme, the Day Therapy Centres Programme, the National Respite for Carers Programme and the Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged programme will be rolled into one programme — the Commonwealth Home Support Programme. This will provide basic maintenance, care, support and respite services for older people living in the community and their carers.

The changes to aged care are also aimed at reducing the red tape burden on aged care providers to increase business flexibility and allow them to focus on meeting the needs of their consumers.

The Government will continue to work with the aged care sector to deliver quality, affordable and accessible aged care and carer support services for older people.

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New South Wales Government comments

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The NSW Government's first report on progress with implementation of its 2012 Ageing Strategy covers activities undertaken by government and non-government agencies during 2013-14. A key action is to prevent and address abuse against older people. The Elder Abuse Helpline and Resource Unit started operating in March 2013. The revised interagency policy on *Preventing and responding to the abuse of older people* is being implemented across NSW.

Keeping people healthy and out of hospital is a priority for NSW Health under the Ageing Strategy. Initiatives include the NSW Aboriginal Health Plan 2013–2023, developed in partnership with the Aboriginal Health and Medical Research Council, identifies six key strategic directions to close the gap in Aboriginal health outcomes including specific actions designed to achieve the goal of keeping Aboriginal people healthy and out of hospital.

The NSW Minister for Health launched its Advance Planning for Quality Care at End of Life: Action Plan 2013–2018 in July 2013. Projects include developing a standardised Resuscitation Plan for NSW; developing an End of Life Model of Care; piloting 'AMBER Care Bundles' as a means of better identifying those in the last months of life; releasing state standards for death auditing including assessing for prior advance care planning; and finalising release of a resource for health professionals on end of life decisions and the law in NSW.

The NSW Healthy Eating and Active Living Strategy 2013–2018 provides a whole of government framework to promote and support healthy eating and active living in NSW and to reduce the impact of lifestyle-related chronic disease.

A key direction of the NSW State Health Plan launched in June 2014 is to deliver truly integrated care. Consistent with the NSW Health Integrated Care Strategy, it sets a new direction for the health system and for transforming the way services are provided for patients. The NSW Government will be investing \$120 million over four years in new and innovative models of integrated care.

NSW Health will continue to manage the Aged Care Assessment Program in NSW through to 30 June 2016 after which responsibility for delivery of ACAT services moves under the Commonwealth's My Aged Care gateway. It also continues to operate the 1378 Transition Care places allocated to NSW. At June 2014, 44 Transition Care services provided 138 (10 per cent) residential places, 1205 (87.5 per cent) community places and 35 (2.5 per cent) 'mixed setting' places.

The Agency for Clinical Innovation (ACI), one of the NSW Health pillars, is developing a Framework for integrating the care of older people with complex health needs. Another ACI project is CHOPS (Care of Confused Hospitalised Older Persons) in recognition that confusion or cognitive impairment is a common condition for older people in hospital. The ACI has developed *Key Principles for Care of Confused Hospitalised Older Persons* to assist hospitals identify key components of best practice management of confusion in the older person that will support optimal patient care across NSW.

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Victorian Government comments

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A number of important change initiatives were underway in Victoria in 2013-14, that will contribute to shaping Victoria's role in ageing and aged care for the future.

Victoria and the Commonwealth have been negotiating a complex range of issues associated with implementing changed roles and responsibilities in Home and Community Care (HACC). They include base funding for agencies following transition and the means for retaining the benefits of the Victorian HACC system.

Some important features of Victoria's HACC system are being built into the new Commonwealth Home Support Program and the Aged Care Gateway or single point of access to services. The acceptance by the Commonwealth Government of a wellness promoting model of service delivery as a key policy focus and the importance of face to face assessment when a person makes initial contact with the Aged Care Gateway is welcomed.

Victoria and the Commonwealth have also jointly engaged with service providers and other stakeholders across the State.

In September 2013, Mr Gerard Mansour was appointed as the first Commissioner for Senior Victorians and Chair of the newly appointed Ministerial Advisory Committee of Senior Victorians (MACSV).

The terms of reference of the MACSV include the development of a whole of government older persons action plan, provision of advice to the Minister and departments across Government, and consideration of opportunities for improving the perceptions of older people in society and opportunities for intergenerational collaboration.

The prime focus of the work of the MACSV in this period has been the development of *Seniors Count! – The Victorian Seniors Participation Action Plan*, which was finalised by the MACSV in June.

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Queensland Government comments

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The Queensland Government is committed to delivering its primary role of providing a quality health system for all Queenslanders by delivering public hospital and health services such as elective surgery and emergency department services. In recognition of its primary role, the Queensland Government is continuing to transfer residential aged care places to non-government providers having regard to local circumstances and capacity. This recognises that non-government providers of residential aged care already provide over 95 per cent of residential aged care places in Queensland and have the necessary expertise and capacity to provide high quality services.

During 2013-14, Queensland Hospital and Health Services (HHSs) continued to examine their role in providing residential aged care services to determine whether these could be more appropriately delivered by non-government providers. In addition, HHSs have continued to assess their role in providing community services under the Commonwealth Home and Community Care (HACC) Program and where appropriate, relinquished funding to the Commonwealth for reallocation to non-government providers. This process has allowed HHSs to focus on the provision of public hospital services, whilst strengthening the capacity of the non-government sector.

The Queensland Government will continue to be a provider of residential aged care services and HACC Program services in circumstances where no other alternative providers are willing or able to provide services or for people who have high and complex care needs that are unable to be met by other providers.

HHSs have continued to work closely with Medicare Locals as well as primary health and aged care providers to improve the integration of services for older people between the different sectors. This work, similar to 2012-13, has contributed to the continued downward trend in the number of longer stay older patients remaining in public hospitals who are in need of aged care services. In addition, the Government has continued to support a range of clinical networks such as the Queensland Clinical Senate, the Statewide Dementia Clinical Network and the Statewide Older People's Clinical Network to drive service improvements in the care of older people.

Queensland provided 733 transition care places across the state assisting more than 3000 older people in 2013-14 to regain or maximise their level of independence following discharge from hospital.

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Western Australian Government comments

“ During the past 12 months the Western Australian (WA) Aged Care Advisory Council has supported two key dementia initiatives for the health and community care sectors in WA. The overarching aim is to achieve better outcomes and quality of life for people with dementia and their carers through improved service delivery.

The establishment of the Dementia Partnership Project in conjunction with Alzheimer’s Australia WA in January 2014 represents a significant investment in the community care sector and its capacity to provide high quality support to people living with dementia in the community. Utilising a train the trainer, change management model the Dementia Partnership Project has already provided mentoring for community care providers, opportunities for professional development and established a network of 13 Dementia Champions across 10 community care service providers.

In respect of acute hospitals, work commenced on the objective of improving hospital performance when screening, assessing and supporting patients with cognitive impairment. A key output is development of a framework for improvement that can be applied by hospitals. These projects are founded on recommendations from the WA models of care for dementia and delirium and the work aligns with the national Framework for Action on Dementia.

State-wide implementation of the WA Assessment Framework was achieved during the past twelve months with the outcome being improved pathways, communication and information sharing arrangements, and all relevant client information being available on the web-based client management system. The colocation and shared in-take process of country Regional Assessment Services with the Aged Care Assessment Teams has led to significantly improved coordination of care and reduced duplication of assessment.

Reablement interventions are also being utilised by a number of Regional Assessment Services with results independently evaluated as part of the ‘Measuring the impact of community care’ research commissioned by the WA Home and Community Care Program. Findings of this research continue to inform assessment and service delivery practice in WA and will be shared with the Commonwealth to inform the development and implementation of the Home Support Program.

The Department of Health has completed a Tender process for the provision of 331 Transition Care places to ensure the continued access in the metropolitan and rural areas. In accordance with National *Transition Care Program Guidelines* Quality Improvement Framework, WA completed the community based Transition Care services quality audits in April 2013 and has commenced the 2nd residential audit cycle.

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South Australian Government comments

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In 2013-14, SA has implemented a wide range of initiatives as part of its vision for an all ages friendly state outlined in the *Prosperity Through Longevity: South Australia's Ageing Plan Action 2014–2021* released in February 2014.

In June 2014 the SA Government released its *Strategy to Safeguard the Rights of Older South Australians 2014–2021*, which focuses on preventing the abuse of older people carried out by someone the older person knows and trusts. It raises awareness of physical, psychological, social, sexual, chemical and financial abuse, accidental or deliberate that can occur particularly during times of increased vulnerability and provides direction for preventing and responding to elder abuse issues. To activate the strategy, SA is undertaking development of a state government action plan for initiatives to enable a range of responses to key strategic areas to be implemented under the action plan over a seven year time frame. This will be released in 2014-15.

On 27 November 2013 the Parliamentary Select Committee on the Review of the *Retirement Villages Act 1987* tabled its report and recommendations. The state government response has comprised of three elements: the establishment of a retirement Village Residents' Advocacy Service, Better Practice Guidelines and proposed legislative amendments seeking to achieve a balance between the interests of residents and operators.

The *Advanced Care Directives Act 2013* will commence legal operation on 1 July 2014. The new rights based legislation enables adults to put in place clear legal arrangements for their future health care, residential, accommodation and personal matters and/or appointed trusted people to make such decisions in the event of future incapacity, whether temporary or permanent. A user friendly toolkit has been prepared and will be promoted widely to support this important safeguard for South Australians.

SA provided restorative care services to older people across the state through its 347 Transition Care Program places and provided health and aged care services to people living in rural and remote areas across the state through 14 Multi-purpose Health Services.

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Tasmanian Government comments

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- Tasmania's population is ageing more rapidly than any other Australian jurisdiction. Tasmania has the highest proportion of the population who are over 65 years of age (17.7 per cent) and it is anticipated that future demand for aged care services will increase at a significantly faster rate than the rate of availability. Tasmania is also likely to have more people per capita with dementia than any other state or territory.
- Population ageing will continue to have a significant impact on hospitalisation rates in Tasmania. While the Australian Government has assumed full funding and management responsibility for the provision of aged care services to people over 65 years of age, the Tasmanian Government retains a strong interest in those services and their impact on the broader health and human services system as older people use a broad range of Tasmanian Government health and human services, including public hospital services.
- It is likely that there will continue to be a complex relationship between aged care and health services for older people and their families. With increasing demand associated with the ageing of the population, it is important that avoidable hospitalisations and long-stays by older people are minimised and well managed.
- From 2006 until 2014, the Australian Government funded Long Stay Older Patients (LSOP) initiatives underpinned effective programs in Tasmania for diverting older people away from, or reducing their necessary stay in, hospital care. Tasmania's public hospitals have also implemented their own strategies, such as purchasing temporary beds in private aged care facilities to facilitate the transition for older people from hospital to home or into residential care.
- The funding provided through the *National Partnership Agreement (on Financial Assistance for LSOP — 2011-12 to 2013-14)*, enabled Tasmania to support older patients in public hospitals who no longer required acute or subacute care but were waiting for residential aged care. Most State and Territory governments' reported that this Australian Government funding enabled the implementation of valuable interventions to mitigate the problem of longer stay older patients.
- The Tasmanian Government is concerned that, with the expiry of the current funding arrangement in June 2014, the successful programs now in place are at risk and that the numbers of older people remaining for excessive periods in hospital will again increase due to the sufficient unavailability of safe and appropriate aged care services.
- Despite an increase in demand, total expenditure on aged care services in Tasmania decreased by 4.8 per cent in 2013-14 compared to the previous year (partly as a result of the winding down of the LSOP program) and this decrease is likely to be greater in 2014-15 with the discontinuation of the program and a decrease in related Australian Government funding.

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Australian Capital Territory Government comments

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- In September 2014, the ACT signed the new *Agreement for the Payment of Flexible Care Subsidy for Transition Care* and the associated *Transition Care Programme Guidelines 2014*. The ACT was an active member of the Transition Care Working Group (TCWG) and provided feedback on both the draft Agreement and Programme Guidelines leading to the final documents.
- In line with the new 2014–16 ACT Aged Care Assessment Program Agreement was signed in August 2014, the ACT continued to contribute to the Commonwealth's Government's aged care reforms through the development of a national screening and assessment form and training requirements for the screening and assessment workforce as part of the My Aged Care initiative.
- Following the launch of the ACT Palliative Care Services Plan 2013-17 in October 2013, the ACT Palliative Care Clinical Network (the Network) has been formed. Meeting monthly, the Network is currently finalising its Action Plan for the implementation of measures including strategies to support people to die at home, and models of care that work to minimise unwanted interventions at end-of-life, especially for Residential Aged Care Facility residents, such as exploration of extended scope of practice for ACT Ambulance Services.
- Launched in May 2013, the ACT Chronic Conditions Strategy 2013-18 sets the direction for the care and support of those living with chronic conditions in the ACT. Sizable projects during the reporting period have included the development of ACT localised integrated HealthPathways of care (a jointly funded project by ACT Health and ACT Medicare Local (ACTML) to progress chronic disease management and coordination); and the promotion of Advance Care Plans (ACP). Promotion included a joint project undertaken with ACTML to provide education and support to local GPs, Residential Aged Care Facilities and the local community. In March 2014 a promotional campaign "Be My Voice" was conducted to increase uptake of ACP generally.

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Northern Territory Government comments

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- The Australian Government Department of Social Services continues to provide Aged Care Funding for Dementia Nurse Services, Specialist Community Care Nurses and HACC Equipment program for HACC clients in the Northern Territory. (Eligibility: 65 years and over; and 50 years and over for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons)
- The Equipment program has continued to grow since its establishment in July 2012, providing assessments and equipment for HACC eligible aged clients across the NT. The delivery of this program is currently contracted to the NT Department of Health until 30 June 2015.
- The NT continues to provide comprehensive aged care assessments as per the Aged Care Assessment Program agreement. In the period from 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2014 the NT Aged Care Assessment Teams (ACAT) received 1163 referrals. A total of 988 referrals resulted in delegated assessments and approvals. The delivery of this program is currently under contract to the NT Department of Health until 30 June 2016.
- Throughout the last year the ACAT teams have continued to successfully utilise the electronic Aged Care Evaluation software throughout the NT, which enables the electronic transfer of ACAT assessments direct to Medicare
- During 2013-14, the NT Transition Care Program provided services to frail aged persons throughout the NT. The goal oriented, time-limited and therapy focussed care is for older persons following a hospital stay. There are 29 allocated places under the Transition Care Program in the NT. These packages are provided throughout the Territory and are managed and co-ordinated by the NT Department of Health.
- The NT Psychogeriatric Service gained approval for ongoing funding for two positions in each of the Health Services. The program continues to provide intervention, assessment and case management to elderly people with mental health disorders, cognitive impairment and ageing issues.
- Memory Clinics continue to be delivered collaboratively by the Community Geriatrician and the Dementia Nurse Services. These are delivered in Darwin, Palmerston, Alice Springs, Katherine and have included several remote locations. The number of people referred for cognitive assessment, diagnosis and management continues to escalate and it is expected specialist staff increases will be required to meet this increasing demand.

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13.6 Definitions of key terms

Adjusted subsidy reduction supplement	<p>An adjusted subsidy reduction supplement is a payment made by State governments to some public sector residential care operators to offset the effect of the Australian Government's adjusted subsidy reduction. The adjusted subsidy reduction reduces the daily rate of Residential Care Subsidy paid by the Australian Government in respect of certain residential aged care places owned by State governments or State public sector organisations. The rate of the reduction is determined by the relevant Commonwealth Minister from 1 July each year, in accordance with section 44-19 of the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i>.</p>
Accreditation	<p>Accreditation is a key component of the Australian Government's quality framework for federally funded residential aged care and is a quality assurance system for residential aged care services — based on the principle of continuous improvement.</p> <p>Accreditation requires assessment against the 44 expected outcomes used for accreditation assessment — grouped into four standards: management systems, staffing and organisational development; health and personal care; residential lifestyle; and physical environment and safety systems.</p>
Aged care	<p>Formal services funded and/or provided by governments that respond to the functional and social needs of older people, and the needs of their carers. Community aged care services aim to optimise independence and to assist older people to stay in their own homes, while residential care services provide accommodation and care for those who can no longer be assisted to stay at home. Assessment of care needs is an important component of aged care.</p> <p>The majority of aged care services assist in activities of daily living such as personal care (for example, bathing and dressing), housekeeping and meal provision. Other services aim to promote social participation and connectedness. These services are delivered by trained aged care workers and volunteers. However, aged care services may also be delivered by health professionals such as nurses and occupational therapists.</p> <p>Aged care services generally aim to promote wellbeing and foster function rather than to treat illness. Although some aged care services such as transition care have a specific restorative role, they are distinguished from the health services described in Part E of this Report.</p> <p>Aged care services may be funded through programs specifically or mainly directed to older people, or through programs that address the needs of people of different ages.</p>
Aged care target population	<p>The Aged Care target population is defined as all people (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous) aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. This is the population specified in the <i>National Health Reform Agreement</i> who are within the scope of, and funded for services under, the national aged care system (except in Victoria and WA).</p>
Aged care planning population	<p>The Aged care planning population is defined as people aged 70 years or over. This is the population used by the Australian Government for its needs-based planning framework to ensure sufficient supply of both low-level and high-level residential and community care places by matching the growth in the number of aged care places with growth in the aged population. It also seeks to ensure balance in the provision of services between metropolitan, regional, rural and remote areas, as well as between people needing differing levels of care (DoHA 2012).</p> <p>Under the framework, the Australian Government seeks to achieve and maintain a specified national provision level of subsidised operational aged care places for every 1000 people aged 70 years or over. This provision level is known as the aged care provision ratio (DoHA 2012).</p>

Ageing in place in residential care	<p>An approach that aims to provide residents with appropriate care and increased choice by allowing them to remain in the same facility regardless of changes in their level of care needs. It also allows couples with different levels of care needs to be cared for in the same facility. The main facet of 'ageing in place' is that funding is tied to the assessed care needs of the client rather than to the services provided by the facility.</p> <p>One of the objectives of Australian Government aged care legislation is 'to promote ageing in place through the linking of care and support services to the places where older people prefer to live' (<i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> (Cwlth), s.2-1 [1j]).</p>
Capital expenditure on residential services	Expenditure on building and other capital items, specifically for the provision of Australian government funded residential aged care.
Care leaver	A care leaver is a person who was in institutional care (such as an orphanage or mental health facility) or other form of out-of-home care, including foster care, as a child or youth (or both) at some time during their lifetime (DoHA 2012).
Centre day care	Respite care provided from a facility such as a day care or health centre. Respite care is usually combined with social support services to maintain the functional capabilities of the person receiving care.
Commonwealth Home and Community Care Program	Services to support frail older people and their carers, who live in the community and whose capacity for independent living is at risk, or who are at risk of premature inappropriate admission to long-term residential care. Older people are people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50 years and over.
Comparability	Data are considered comparable if (subject to caveats) they can be used to inform an assessment of comparative performance. Typically, data are considered comparable when they are collected in the same way and in accordance with the same definitions. For comparable indicators or measures, significant differences in reported results allow an assessment of differences in performance, rather than being the result of anomalies in the data.
Complaint	A complaint by the affected care recipient or his or her representative, or anyone else, to the Secretary of the Department of Social Services about matters relevant to an approved provider's responsibilities under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> or the Aged Care Principles or a service provider's responsibilities under the Commonwealth HACC funding agreement.
Completeness	Data are considered complete if all required data are available for all jurisdictions that provide the service.
Dementia services program	Includes flexible and innovative support, respite, counselling, information and referral services, education and leisure. The program includes meeting individual and immediate needs which cannot be met by other services, through carer respite services and other carer support agencies. Inpatient services are excluded.
Disability	A limitation, restriction or impairment that has lasted, or is likely to last, for at least six months and restricts everyday activities.
EBA supplement	Payments made to supplement services for the extra costs associated with public sector enterprise bargaining agreements over and above those required by other wage Awards.
Elapsed time	The measure of the time elapsed between ACAT approval and entry into a residential care service. It has been used in past years as an indicator of access to residential care.
HACC target population	The HACC target population is people in the Australian community who, without basic maintenance and support services provided under the scope of the HACC Program, would be at risk of premature or inappropriate long term residential care, including older and frail people with moderate, severe or profound disabilities. The HACC target population is estimated by applying the proportion of all people with moderate, severe or profound disability in households, by sex and five year age groups, from the ABS <i>Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers</i> (SDAC) to population projections for the total population in each jurisdiction. To calculate the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50–64 year component of the HACC target population for older people, the proportion of all people aged 50–64 years in

High/low care recipient	<p>households with moderate, severe or profound disability was multiplied by an additional Indigenous factor of 1.9 (from ABS unpublished analysis) and then applied to DSS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections in the 50–64 years age groups in each jurisdiction. The HACC target population for June 2014 is based on SDAC 2012 while HACC target populations for previous years are based on SDAC 2009. See table 13A.2 for details about the total population projections and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population used in these calculations.</p> <p>On entry, a resident is classified as high or low care based on their approval by an ACAT and their approved provider's appraisal of their care needs under the ACFI.</p> <p>Residents whose ACAT approval is not limited to low care are classified as high care if they have an ACFI appraisal of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • high in Activities of Daily Living, or • high in Complex Health Care, or • high in Behaviour, together with low or medium in at least one of the Activities of Daily Living or Complex Health Care domain, or • medium in at least two of the three domains. <p>All other ACAT approval and ACFI appraisal combinations result in a classification of low level care.</p> <p>A resident's care needs may change over time resulting in a change in classification from low to high level care (ageing in place).</p>
In-home respite	A short term alternative for usual care.
People from non-English speaking countries	People who were born in non-English speaking countries. English-speaking countries are defined as Australia, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, Ireland, the United States, Canada and South Africa.
People with disability	<p>A person with a profound disability is unable to do, or always needs help with, a core activity task.</p> <p>A person with a severe disability:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • sometimes needs help with a core activity task, and/or • has difficulty understanding or being understood by family or friends, or • can communicate more easily using sign language or other non-spoken forms of communication. <p>A person with a moderate disability needs no help, but has difficulty with a core activity task.</p>
Personal care	Assistance in undertaking personal tasks (for example, bathing).
Places	A capacity within an aged care service for the provision of residential care, community care or flexible care in the residential care context to an individual (<i>Aged Care Act 1997 (Cwlth)</i>); also refers to 'beds' (<i>Aged Care (Consequential Provisions) Act 1997 (Cwlth)</i> , s.16).
Real expenditure	Actual expenditure adjusted for changes in prices, using the GDP(E) price deflator and expressed in terms of final year prices.
Resident	For the purposes of the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> , a person who is being provided with residential care through an aged care service conducted by an approved provider under the Act.
Respite care	Alternative care arrangements for dependent people living in the community, with the primary purpose of giving a carer or a care recipient a short term break from their usual care arrangement.
Rural small nursing home supplement	Payments made by states and territories to small sized high care public sector residential aged care facilities (up to 30 places) that are located in rural areas. Three levels of supplement are paid to facilities varying in size from 10 to 20 and 30 places.
Special needs groups	Section 11-3 of the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> , specifies the following people as people with special needs: people from Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander communities; people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds; veterans; people who live in rural or remote areas; people who are financially or socially disadvantaged; people who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless; care-leavers; parents separated from their children by forced adoption or removal; and lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex (LGBTI) people.

Veterans

Veterans, war widows, widowers and dependants who hold a Repatriation Health Card and are entitled to health services and treatment under the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (VEA), *Safety, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 1988* (SRCA) or the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (MRCA).

13.7 List of attachment tables

Attachment tables are identified in references throughout this chapter by a '13A' prefix (for example, table 13A.1). Attachment tables are available on the Review website (www.pc.gov.au/gsp).

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13A Aged care services — attachment

Definitions for the indicators and descriptors in this attachment are in section 13.6 of the chapter. Unsourced information was obtained from the Australian, State and Territory governments.

Data in this Report are examined by the Aged Care Services Working Group, but have not been formally audited by the Secretariat.

Data reported in the attachment tables are the most accurate available at the time of data collection. Historical data may have been updated since the last edition of RoGS.

This file is available in Adobe PDF format on the Review web page (www.pc.gov.au/gsp).

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Table 13A.1 **Older people as a share of the total population, by gender, June 2014 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All people by sex										
Females	'000	3 776.8	2 947.3	2 382.2	1 288.5	851.2	258.7	195.9	116.9	11 817.4
Males	'000	3 726.6	2 889.0	2 372.6	1 317.3	837.2	256.7	194.2	128.3	11 721.8
People	'000	7 503.4	5 836.3	4 754.8	2 605.8	1 688.4	515.4	390.1	245.2	23 539.2
People aged 65 years or over by sex										
Females	'000	621.1	468.8	346.9	174.8	156.5	48.1	24.5	7.3	1 848.0
Males	'000	536.2	397.9	312.3	154.3	131.0	43.2	20.7	8.6	1 604.3
People	'000	1 157.3	866.7	659.2	329.1	287.5	91.3	45.2	15.9	3 452.3
Females aged 65 years or over as a proportion of females in the total population, males aged 65 years and over as a proportion of males in the total population										
Females	%	16.4	15.9	14.6	13.6	18.4	18.6	12.5	6.2	15.6
Males	%	14.4	13.8	13.2	11.7	15.6	16.8	10.7	6.7	13.7
People	%	15.4	14.9	13.9	12.6	17.0	17.7	11.6	6.5	14.7
People aged 65 years or over as a proportion of the total population										
Females	%	8.3	8.0	7.3	6.7	9.3	9.3	6.3	3.0	7.9
Males	%	7.1	6.8	6.6	5.9	7.8	8.4	5.3	3.5	6.8
People	%	15.4	14.9	13.9	12.6	17.0	17.7	11.6	6.5	14.7
Older people, by region (b)										
Major Cities	%	67.0	70.3	58.8	77.1	70.1	..	99.9	..	65.9
Inner Regional	%	24.5	23.6	25.1	10.1	12.9	61.9	0.1	..	22.6
Outer Regional	%	7.9	5.9	13.8	8.8	13.6	35.9	..	64.5	10.0
Remote	%	0.4	0.1	1.3	2.7	2.7	1.7	..	19.0	1.0
Very Remote	%	0.1	..	1.0	1.2	0.6	0.6	..	16.5	0.5
All areas	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Data from this table are not used to calculate the target population for the chapter. Target population data for the chapter are reported in table 13A.2.

(b) See footnotes to table 13A.2 for detail on regional data classification.

Source: Department of Social Services (DSS) projections of the total population are based on the 2012 Estimated Resident Population (ERP). These projections were prepared at Statistical Area 2 (SA2) level for DSS by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) according to assumptions agreed to by DSS.

TABLE 13A.2

Table 13A.2 Aged care target population data, by location ('000) (a), (b), (c)

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
All Australians aged 65 years or over ('000)									
June 2011									
Major Cities	702.0	554.6	348.4	205.2	188.7	..	39.1	..	2 038.0
Inner Regional	257.1	179.3	153.8	46.7	34.7	51.8	–	..	723.4
Outer Regional	83.8	48.9	80.7	27.4	32.7	28.2	..	8.8	310.5
Remote	4.9	1.0	9.3	8.0	7.4	1.3	..	2.8	34.7
Very Remote	0.6	..	4.8	3.1	1.6	0.4	..	1.9	12.4
All areas	1 048.4	783.8	597.0	290.3	265.0	81.7	39.2	13.5	3 119.0
June 2012									
Major Cities	728.7	577.0	366.7	215.8	195.6	..	41.5	..	2 125.3
Inner Regional	268.2	187.4	162.3	49.6	36.5	53.9	–	..	757.9
Outer Regional	86.8	50.6	85.1	28.8	33.8	29.6	..	9.5	324.2
Remote	5.1	1.1	9.7	8.4	7.7	1.4	..	2.9	36.2
Very Remote	0.6	..	5.0	3.3	1.6	0.4	..	2.0	13.0
All areas	1 089.3	816.1	628.7	305.9	275.3	85.3	41.5	14.5	3 256.5
June 2013									
Major Cities	757.2	599.0	376.4	245.6	197.5	..	43.3	..	2 219.0
Inner Regional	268.4	188.1	155.6	31.4	34.1	55.9	–	..	733.6
Outer Regional	87.9	49.6	87.0	27.1	37.8	30.7	..	9.6	329.7
Remote	5.2	1.1	8.5	8.7	7.6	1.6	..	3.1	35.8
Very Remote	1.1	..	5.9	3.6	1.8	0.5	..	2.1	15.0
All areas	1 119.8	837.8	633.4	316.4	278.9	88.7	43.3	14.8	3 333.1
June 2014									
Major Cities	775.9	609.7	387.5	253.8	201.6	..	45.2	..	2 273.8
Inner Regional	283.6	204.9	165.7	33.4	37.2	56.5	–	..	781.4
Outer Regional	91.4	50.9	91.2	29.0	39.2	32.7	..	10.2	344.7
Remote	5.1	1.2	8.3	8.8	7.7	1.5	..	3.0	35.6
Very Remote	1.2	..	6.6	4.0	1.8	0.5	..	2.6	16.8
All areas	1 157.3	866.7	659.2	329.1	287.5	91.3	45.3	15.9	3 452.2
All Australians aged 70 years or over ('000)									
June 2008									
Major Cities	464.2	366.2	217.4	129.1	129.6	..	23.3	..	1 329.9
Inner Regional	164.3	113.5	91.0	27.0	21.5	34.4	–	..	451.7
Outer Regional	54.1	32.1	47.3	16.4	21.1	17.1	..	3.9	192.0
Remote	3.1	0.7	5.5	4.4	4.7	0.7	..	1.3	20.4
Very Remote	0.3	..	2.8	1.5	0.9	0.3	..	0.9	6.6
All areas	686.0	512.6	363.9	178.6	177.7	52.4	23.4	6.1	2 000.6
June 2009									
Major Cities	473.2	373.7	223.6	133.1	132.1	..	24.2	..	1 359.9
Inner Regional	169.2	117.7	94.6	28.7	22.2	35.0	–	..	467.5
Outer Regional	55.7	33.2	48.8	17.3	21.7	17.6	..	4.1	198.4

TABLE 13A.2

Table 13A.2 Aged care target population data, by location ('000) (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	3.2	0.7	5.6	4.6	4.8	0.7	..	1.4	21.0
Very Remote	0.3	..	2.9	1.6	0.9	0.3	..	0.9	6.9
All areas	701.6	525.4	375.5	185.3	181.7	53.6	24.2	6.4	2 053.7
June 2010									
Major Cities	483.1	382.4	230.7	137.1	134.0	..	25.1	..	1 392.4
Inner Regional	173.9	120.9	98.6	30.2	22.9	35.7	–	..	482.2
Outer Regional	56.9	33.9	50.6	18.0	22.2	18.1	..	4.4	204.1
Remote	3.2	0.7	5.8	4.7	4.9	0.7	..	1.4	21.5
Very Remote	0.3	..	2.9	1.7	0.9	0.3	..	1.0	7.1
All areas	717.4	537.9	388.6	191.7	185.0	54.9	25.1	6.8	2 107.4
June 2011									
Major Cities	493.7	391.4	238.5	141.4	135.9	..	26.0	..	1 426.9
Inner Regional	178.7	124.3	102.5	31.7	23.7	36.4	–	..	497.3
Outer Regional	58.1	34.7	52.4	18.5	22.7	18.7	..	4.8	210.0
Remote	3.3	0.7	5.9	4.9	5.0	0.8	..	1.5	22.1
Very Remote	0.3	..	3.0	1.8	0.9	0.3	..	1.0	7.4
All areas	734.2	551.1	402.3	198.3	188.2	56.1	26.1	7.3	2 163.5
June 2012									
Major Cities	505.0	401.4	247.3	146.4	138.4	..	27.1	..	1 465.6
Inner Regional	184.1	128.2	107.0	33.3	24.6	37.2	–	..	514.4
Outer Regional	59.6	35.6	54.4	19.2	23.2	19.3	..	5.2	216.6
Remote	3.4	0.7	6.1	5.1	5.1	0.8	..	1.6	22.8
Very Remote	0.3	..	3.1	1.8	1.0	0.3	..	1.0	7.6
All areas	752.5	565.9	418.0	205.9	192.2	57.6	27.2	7.8	2 227.0
June 2013									
Major Cities	515.5	411.6	248.8	164.1	137.4	..	27.9	..	1 505.4
Inner Regional	182.8	126.1	101.9	20.3	22.5	38.0	–	..	491.7
Outer Regional	59.6	34.0	55.1	17.9	25.6	19.8	..	5.1	217.1
Remote	3.5	0.8	5.2	5.2	5.1	1.0	..	1.7	22.3
Very Remote	0.7	..	3.7	1.8	1.1	0.3	..	1.1	8.7
All areas	762.1	572.5	414.6	209.4	191.7	59.2	27.9	7.9	2 245.2
June 2014									
Major Cities	531.0	419.4	256.3	170.0	139.8	..	29.3	..	1 545.9
Inner Regional	192.6	138.0	108.5	20.9	24.4	39.1	–	..	523.6
Outer Regional	62.7	35.5	60.0	19.7	27.1	20.6	..	5.6	231.1
Remote	3.7	0.8	5.2	5.6	5.2	1.0	..	1.6	23.2
Very Remote	0.7	..	4.3	2.0	1.1	0.3	..	1.4	9.9
All areas	790.7	593.8	434.3	218.3	197.6	61.0	29.4	8.6	2 333.7
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over ('000) (d), (e), (f)									
June 2008	19.8	4.6	16.6	8.3	3.4	2.3	0.4	7.4	62.8
June 2009	20.3	4.7	17.2	8.9	3.4	2.5	0.4	7.8	65.3

TABLE 13A.2

Table 13A.2 **Aged care target population data, by location ('000) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2010	20.8	4.8	17.7	9.3	3.5	2.5	0.4	8.1	67.1
June 2011	24.0	5.4	20.3	10.2	4.0	3.0	0.5	8.9	76.3
June 2012	25.1	5.7	21.4	10.6	4.2	3.2	0.6	9.3	80.1
June 2013	26.3	5.9	22.6	11.1	4.4	3.3	0.6	9.7	84.0
June 2014	34.3	7.2	27.2	13.0	5.7	4.2	0.8	10.2	102.6
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years ('000) (d), (e), (f)									
June 2011	17.5	3.8	15.2	7.5	3.0	2.3	0.5	6.6	56.3
June 2012	18.2	4.0	16.0	7.9	3.1	2.4	0.5	6.8	58.8
June 2013	19.0	4.1	16.7	8.2	3.2	2.5	0.5	7.1	61.4
June 2014	24.9	5.2	20.3	9.8	4.1	3.0	0.7	7.6	75.6
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years ('000) (d), (e), (f)									
June 2008	16.7	3.8	14.1	7.0	2.8	2.0	0.4	6.2	52.9
June 2009	17.2	3.8	14.7	7.5	2.8	2.1	0.4	6.6	55.1
June 2010	17.6	3.9	15.2	7.8	2.9	2.2	0.4	6.7	56.6
June 2011	20.1	4.5	17.6	8.7	3.4	2.6	0.5	7.6	65.0
June 2012	21.1	4.7	18.5	9.1	3.5	2.7	0.5	7.9	68.2
June 2013	22.1	4.9	19.5	9.5	3.7	2.8	0.6	8.2	71.4
June 2014	29.0	6.0	23.5	11.2	4.8	3.5	0.7	8.7	87.5
All Australians aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years									
June 2011	1 065.9	787.6	612.2	297.9	268.0	84.0	39.6	20.0	3 175.3
June 2012	1 107.5	820.0	644.7	313.7	278.4	87.7	42.0	21.3	3 315.4
June 2013	1 138.8	841.9	650.2	324.6	282.1	91.2	43.8	21.9	3 394.5
June 2014	1 182.2	871.9	679.5	338.9	291.6	94.3	45.9	23.4	3 527.8
All Australians aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years									
June 2008	702.7	516.3	378.0	185.5	180.5	54.4	23.7	12.3	2 053.4
June 2009	718.8	529.2	390.2	192.8	184.5	55.7	24.6	12.9	2 108.8
June 2010	735.0	541.9	403.7	199.4	187.9	57.0	25.5	13.5	2 164.0
June 2011	754.3	555.6	419.9	207.0	191.6	58.7	26.6	14.9	2 228.5
June 2012	773.6	570.6	436.6	215.0	195.8	60.3	27.7	15.7	2 295.1
June 2013	784.2	577.4	434.1	218.9	195.4	62.0	28.5	16.1	2 316.6
June 2014	819.7	599.8	457.8	229.6	202.3	64.5	30.1	17.3	2 421.1

(a) For data before June 2013, geographical data are based on the ABS Australian Standard Geographic Classification (ASGC). Data are classified according to an index of remoteness which rates each ABS census district based on the number and size of towns, the distance to major towns and urban centres. For more information refer to the Australian Standard Geographic Classification (ABS Publication 1216.0). From 2013, remoteness areas are based on the Australian Statistical Geographic Standard (ASGS).

Table 13A.2 **Aged care target population data, by location ('000) (a), (b), (c)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
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- (b) Data for total population aged 65 years or over and 70 years or over are based on Statistical Local Area (SLA) (for 2008 to 2013) or Statistical Area 2 (SA2) (for 2014) population projections prepared by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) for the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) or the Department of Social Services (DSS) according to assumptions agreed to by DoHA/DSS. Data for June 2008 are 2006 Census-based preliminary population projections for 2006–2026. Data June 2009–2012 are 2006 Census-based population projections for 2006–2026 based. Data for 2013 are 2011 Census based preliminary population projections for 2011–2026. Data for 2014 are revised population projections (based on the 2012 Estimated Residential Populations (ERPs) for 2012–2027.
- (c) Data in this table are utilised to determine the target populations for the chapter.
- (d) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data for 2008 are Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander estimates based on ratios from ABS Census 2001 data applied to population projections by SLA 2002–2022. Data for June 2009 are determined as follows: observed average annual growth at state-level in ABS Experimental Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ERPs between 2001 and 2006 for total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people of all ages was applied to project 2006 ERPs forward to 2009. The increase from 2001 to 2006 contains unexplained population increase in addition to demographic population increase. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population estimates for June 2010 are based on ratios from ABS 2006 Census-based Experimental Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander ERP data applied to population projections by SLA 2006–2026 (unpublished, produced for DoHA by ABS).
- (e) From June 2011-2013, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections were prepared from ABS 2006 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental ERP data (at SLA level) projected forward so as to align with published ABS *Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental Estimates and Projections* (ABS cat no 3238.0, series B) at the state level.
- (f) For June 2014, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections align closely to ABS 3238.0 — Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026 (which are 2011 Census-based). These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA)/DSS (unpublished) population projections by SLA for 2002–2022, 2006–2026 or 2001–2026 prepared for DoHA/DSS by ABS according to assumptions agreed to by DoHA; ABS (2004) *Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2009*, Cat. no. 3238.0; ABS 2008, *Experimental Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Jun 2006*, Cat. no. 3238.0.55.001; ABS (2014) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0.

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 **People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>All clients, by aged care program (number)</i>										
Residential care - permanent	no.	80 299	59 907	41 599	19 355	21 268	6 002	2 560	523	231 515
Residential care - respite	no.	19 310	12 700	6 507	3 061	4 633	1 458	489	229	48 295
Home Care Levels 1-2	no.	22 525	16 580	11 582	5 608	5 641	1 695	969	857	65 404
Home Care Levels 3-4	no.	5 368	4 143	4 464	4 156	1 235	466	676	228	20 720
Transition Care	no.	7 289	6 321	4 769	2 074	2 049	613	311	120	23 519
Home and Community Care (HACC)	no.	292 120	291 978	189 745	71 552	105 143	28 372	14 906	2 311	996 127
<i>Older clients, aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years, by aged care program (number and rate)</i>										
Number of older clients										
Residential care - permanent	no.	77 621	58 175	40 232	18 812	20 904	5 799	2 482	563	224 222
Residential care - respite	no.	18 711	12 379	6 289	2 962	4 533	1 408	477	244	46 851
Home Care Levels 1-2	no.	22 265	16 191	11 350	5 514	5 590	1 671	958	818	64 312
Home Care Levels 3-4	no.	5 232	3 939	4 266	3 988	1 218	440	657	218	19 942
Transition Care	no.	7 084	6 025	4 540	2 011	2 033	578	305	120	22 669
HACC	no.	229 332	217 745	152 583	57 599	83 370	22 708	10 556	2 066	775 959
Number of older clients per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years										
Residential care - permanent	per 1000	65.7	66.7	59.2	55.5	71.7	61.5	54.0	24.0	63.6
Residential care - respite	per 1000	15.8	14.2	9.3	8.7	15.5	14.9	10.4	10.4	13.3
Home Care Levels 1-2	per 1000	18.8	18.6	16.7	16.3	19.2	17.7	20.9	34.9	18.2
Home Care Levels 3-4	per 1000	4.4	4.5	6.3	11.8	4.2	4.7	14.3	9.3	5.7
Transition Care	per 1000	6.0	6.9	6.7	5.9	7.0	6.1	6.6	5.1	6.4
HACC	per 1000	194.0	249.7	224.5	170.0	285.9	240.8	229.8	88.1	220.0

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Number of older clients, by program										
<i>Residential care - permanent</i>										
Age Group										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	no.	98	24	113	87	13	np	np	45	381
65-69 years	no.	2 642	1 911	1 488	677	613	232	80	43	7 663
70-74 years	no.	4 434	3 081	2 516	1 129	1 048	370	159	68	12 774
75-79 years	no.	7 761	5 669	4 339	1 962	1 938	577	234	100	22 538
80-84 years	no.	14 280	10 950	7 581	3 486	3 668	1 081	433	113	41 527
85-89 years	no.	21 794	16 689	11 056	5 127	6 118	1 620	715	101	63 103
90+ years	no.	26 612	19 851	13 139	6 344	7 506	1 915	860	93	76 236
Indigenous Status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	452	136	490	321	80	np	np	182	1 697
Non-Indigenous	no.	76 824	57 932	39 515	18 450	20 733	5 758	2 476	380	221 710
Not Stated	no.	345	107	227	41	91	np	np	np	815
<i>Residential care - respite</i>										
Age Group										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	no.	26	11	23	34	7	-	-	32	133
65-69 years	no.	722	451	267	110	156	60	24	30	1 812
70-74 years	no.	1 266	781	486	242	250	103	27	41	3 191
75-79 years	no.	2 164	1 554	818	401	527	179	54	51	5 734
80-84 years	no.	4 022	2 784	1 362	669	979	309	94	27	10 210
85-89 years	no.	5 475	3 682	1 744	767	1 370	398	148	48	13 586
90+ years	no.	5 036	3 116	1 589	739	1 244	359	130	15	12 185

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Indigenous Status</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	142	42	81	101	23	np	np	134	533
Non-Indigenous	no.	18 569	12 337	6 208	2 861	4 510	1 400	474	110	46 318
Not Stated	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
<i>Home Care levels 1-4</i>										
<i>Age Group</i>										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	no.	190	217	110	74	27	np	np	136	773
65-69 years	no.	1 105	1 284	836	502	259	87	89	167	4 325
70-74 years	no.	2 199	2 109	1 492	864	492	176	134	167	7 627
75-79 years	no.	3 727	3 204	2 166	1 338	838	327	194	182	11 961
80-84 years	no.	6 426	4 632	3 467	2 083	1 512	493	351	152	19 094
85-89 years	no.	7 463	4 893	3 886	2 299	1 925	573	426	131	21 573
90+ years	no.	5 706	3 274	2 992	1 898	1 546	397	341	59	16 190
<i>Indigenous Status</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	584	430	398	258	94	28	49	483	2 321
Non-Indigenous	no.	24 207	17 963	13 270	8 002	5 829	1 881	1 403	445	72 909
Not Stated	no.	2 425	1 785	1 688	1 046	751	194	132	106	8 125
<i>Transition Care</i>										
<i>Age group</i>										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	no.	15	np	17	np	np	np	-	9	53
65-69 years	no.	412	352	408	127	141	57	26	28	1 549
70-74 years	no.	819	515	626	180	200	79	28	17	2 457
75-79 years	no.	1 326	865	856	288	268	102	51	24	3 777
80-84 years	no.	1 790	1 423	1 104	461	467	153	75	26	5 499

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
85–89 years	no.	1 725	1 657	981	515	531	129	85	12	5 625
90+ years	no.	997	1 208	548	437	423	57	np	np	3 709
Indigenous status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	63	21	37	12	10	np	np	20	169
Non-Indigenous	no.	7 021	6 004	4 503	1 999	2 023	573	304	100	22 500
Not Stated	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
<i>HACC</i>										
Age group										
50–64 years	no.	3 995	991	1 866	788	736	129	64	409	8 978
65–69 years	no.	23 337	26 740	15 679	5 408	9 301	2 633	1 318	358	84 774
70–74 years	no.	31 934	34 385	22 364	7 851	12 130	3 479	1 693	410	114 246
75–79 years	no.	43 530	44 258	30 082	11 506	16 322	4 717	2 135	356	152 906
80–84 years	no.	52 951	49 553	35 553	13 981	18 890	5 512	2 205	277	178 922
85–89 years	no.	45 986	40 044	30 139	11 703	16 452	4 112	1 946	186	150 568
90+ years	no.	27 599	21 774	16 900	6 362	9 539	2 126	1 195	70	85 565
Indigenous status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	no.	9 193	1 856	4 452	1 753	1 651	371	103	925	20 304
Non-Indigenous	no.	211 907	201 997	130 628	53 783	76 318	21 094	10 127	1 121	706 975
Not Stated	no.	8 232	13 892	17 503	2 063	5 401	1 243	326	20	48 680
Number of older clients per 1000 people aged 65 years or over, and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50–64 years, by program										
<i>Residential care - permanent</i>										
Age Group										
50–64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	per 1000	3.9	4.6	5.6	8.8	3.1	np	np	5.9	5.0
65–69 years	per 1000	7.2	7.0	6.6	6.1	6.8	7.7	5.0	5.9	6.9
70-74 years	per 1000	16.3	15.2	15.6	14.3	16.0	16.6	14.9	15.9	15.6

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
75-79 years	per 1000	37.6	36.5	38.1	33.7	38.0	35.9	30.4	44.9	36.9
80-84 years	per 1000	93.0	93.7	94.9	84.7	94.5	92.8	80.6	92.1	92.6
85-89 years	per 1000	210.0	211.2	212.4	194.7	221.2	222.0	192.2	168.1	210.0
90+ years	per 1000	489.0	493.4	485.6	462.8	520.4	517.5	462.2	340.4	489.7
Indigenous Status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50+ age group	per 1000	13.2	19.0	18.0	24.7	14.0	np	np	17.9	16.5
Non-Indigenous 65+ age group	per 1000	66.4	66.8	59.9	56.1	72.1	63.1	54.7	23.9	64.2
<i>Residential care - respite</i>										
Age Group										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	per 1000	1.0	2.1	1.1	3.5	1.7	-	-	4.2	1.8
65-69 years	per 1000	2.0	1.7	1.2	1.0	1.7	2.0	1.5	4.1	1.6
70-74 years	per 1000	4.6	3.9	3.0	3.1	3.8	4.6	2.5	9.6	3.9
75-79 years	per 1000	10.5	10.0	7.2	6.9	10.3	11.1	7.0	22.9	9.4
80-84 years	per 1000	26.2	23.8	17.0	16.2	25.2	26.5	17.5	22.0	22.8
85-89 years	per 1000	52.8	46.6	33.5	29.1	49.5	54.5	39.8	79.9	45.2
90+ years	per 1000	92.5	77.5	58.7	53.9	86.2	97.0	69.9	54.9	78.3
Indigenous Status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50+ age group	per 1000	4.1	5.9	3.0	7.8	4.0	np	np	13.2	5.2
Non-Indigenous 65+ age group	per 1000	16.0	14.2	9.4	8.7	15.7	15.3	10.5	6.9	13.4
<i>Home Care levels 1-4</i>										
Age Group										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	per 1000	7.6	42.0	5.4	7.5	6.5	np	np	18.0	10.2

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
65-69 years	per 1000	3.0	4.7	3.7	4.5	2.9	2.9	5.6	22.9	3.9
70-74 years	per 1000	8.1	10.4	9.2	10.9	7.5	7.9	12.5	39.1	9.3
75-79 years	per 1000	18.0	20.6	19.0	23.0	16.4	20.3	25.2	81.7	19.6
80-84 years	per 1000	41.8	39.6	43.4	50.6	39.0	42.3	65.3	123.9	42.6
85-89 years	per 1000	71.9	61.9	74.7	87.3	69.6	78.5	114.5	218.0	71.8
90+ years	per 1000	104.8	81.4	110.6	138.5	107.2	107.3	183.3	216.0	104.0
<i>Indigenous Status</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50+ age group	per 1000	17.0	60.0	14.6	19.9	16.4	6.7	61.6	47.4	22.6
Non-Indigenous 65+ age group	per 1000	21.1	20.8	20.3	24.6	20.4	20.9	31.1	33.5	21.3
<i>Transition Care</i>										
<i>Age group</i>										
50-64 years (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients only)	per 1000	0.6	np	0.8	np	np	np	-	1.2	0.7
65-69 years	per 1000	1.1	1.3	1.8	1.1	1.6	1.9	1.6	3.8	1.4
70-74 years	per 1000	3.0	2.5	3.9	2.3	3.0	3.5	2.6	4.0	3.0
75-79 years	per 1000	6.4	5.6	7.5	4.9	5.2	6.3	6.6	10.8	6.2
80-84 years	per 1000	11.7	12.2	13.8	11.2	12.0	13.1	14.0	21.2	12.3
85-89 years	per 1000	16.6	21.0	18.8	19.6	19.2	17.7	22.8	20.0	18.7
90+ years	per 1000	18.3	30.0	20.3	31.9	29.3	15.4	np	np	23.8
<i>Indigenous status</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50+ age group	per 1000	1.8	2.9	1.4	0.9	1.7	np	np	2.0	1.6
Non-Indigenous 65+ age group	per 1000	6.1	6.9	6.8	6.1	7.0	6.3	6.7	6.3	6.5

TABLE 13A.3

Table 13A.3 **People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>HACC</i>										
Age group										
50–64 years	per 1000	160.6	191.6	92.0	80.1	177.4	42.7	97.3	54.0	118.8
65–69 years	per 1000	63.7	98.0	69.7	48.8	103.5	87.0	82.7	49.2	75.8
70–74 years	per 1000	117.3	170.0	138.5	99.5	184.9	156.1	158.2	96.0	139.7
75–79 years	per 1000	210.6	285.0	264.4	197.7	319.7	293.2	277.4	159.9	250.3
80–84 years	per 1000	344.8	423.9	445.0	339.6	486.8	473.2	410.3	225.8	398.9
85–89 years	per 1000	443.1	506.7	579.1	444.5	594.8	563.5	523.1	309.6	501.1
90+ years	per 1000	507.1	541.2	624.6	464.1	661.3	574.6	642.2	256.2	549.6
Indigenous status										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50+ age group	per 1000	267.6	258.9	163.4	135.1	288.0	88.9	129.6	90.9	197.9
Non-Indigenous 65+ age group	per 1000	183.1	233.1	198.2	163.4	265.5	231.0	223.6	70.6	204.8

- (a) Recipient numbers in care is a distinct count of clients at any time in the 12 month period to 30 June 2014. Clients may have care under multiple types or states, so a client may be counted twice. Population is people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years at 30 June 2014.
- (b) Data is presented at the program level only. Since an individual may receive services under more than one aged care program throughout the year, the number of unique individuals accessing aged care cannot be determined.
- (c) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – Community Aged Care Packages (CACP), Extended Aged Care at Home (EACH) packages and EACH Dementia (EACH-D) packages.
- (d) State and Territory is based on the location of the service provider outlet. For all programs excluding Home and Community Care (HACC), where a person moved from one State to another they are counted uniquely in each State. Thus, a person who moved between states within the year will be double counted, making the total number of people greater than the number of unique individuals receiving services under the program.

Table 13A.3 **People receiving aged care services, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(e) Populations are derived as follows;

Age Group: Total population within each age bracket by state.

Indigenous Status, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders: Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50+ by state.

Indigenous Status, Non-Indigenous: Total non-Indigenous and not stated population aged 65+ by state.

Indigenous Status, Not Stated: Figures are not provided as population data is not available.

na Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published

Source: DSS (unpublished) Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse and Home and Community Care (HACC) Minimum Data Set; DSS (unpublished) 2011-based Census population projections prepared for DSS by ABS according to assumptions agreed to by DSS; ABS (2014) *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0.

TABLE 13A.4

Table 13A.4 **Government expenditure on aged care services, 2013-14 (\$ million)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Assessment and Information Services									
Australian Government (Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA)/Department of Social Services [DSS]) Expenditure									
Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) (a)	33.8	24.3	17.5	10.1	9.0	2.6	1.1	1.3	99.7
Other access and information services	8.0	5.6	4.6	2.7	2.2	0.9	0.3	0.3	24.7
Total Assessment and Information Services (b)	41.8	29.9	22.1	12.8	11.2	3.5	1.4	1.7	124.3
Residential Care Services									
Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) Expenditure (c), (d)									
Residential Care including payroll tax supplement	2 893.9	2 214.5	1 488.3	757.2	821.5	200.2	80.1	25.4	8 481.0
Australian Government (Department of Veterans' Affairs [DVA]) Expenditure (e)									
Residential aged care subsidy including payroll tax supplement	447.3	319.7	269.6	101.4	118.9	39.0	13.7	1.1	1 310.6
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Residential care funding for young people with disability (f)	–	..	66.4	..	–	–	–	1.8	68.2
Supplements (g)	1.7	103.6	63.5	0.5	1.1	14.3	–	–	184.7
Total Residential Care Services (b)	3 342.8	2 637.8	1 821.4	859.1	941.5	253.5	93.7	26.5	9 976.3
Community Care Services									
Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) Expenditure (c)									
Home Care									
Home Care levels 1–2	220.4	170.7	110.1	51.6	53.3	15.4	9.0	11.0	641.4
Home Care levels 3–4	162.7	129.1	136.6	123.2	35.4	13.7	20.5	8.2	629.5
Home Support									
Commonwealth HACC Program (h)	516.0	..	411.3	..	151.6	51.3	21.0	10.2	1 161.4
HACC Program — Victoria and WA (h)	..	378.2	..	161.7	..	..	..	..	539.8

TABLE 13A.4

Table 13A.4 **Government expenditure on aged care services, 2013-14 (\$ million)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
National Respite for Carers (NRCP)	68.2	49.6	37.5	20.4	19.1	6.9	4.8	5.8	212.3
Other home support (i)	7.6	8.1	7.8	4.5	13.8	1.7	0.5	1.2	45.1
State and Territory Government Expenditure (c)									
Home care levels 1-4 funding for younger people with disability (f)	–	..	8.6	..	–	–	–	0.9	9.5
HACC Program – Victoria and WA (h)	..	252.5	..	104.7	..	..	..	..	357.2
Australian Government (DVA) Expenditure									
DVA Community Nursing (j)	60.0	21.0	23.0	6.0	8.0	6.0	3.0	0.1	127.0
Veterans' Home Care (VHC) (k)	28.7	19.7	18.5	8.0	7.0	3.8	1.6	0.1	87.4
Total Community Care Services (b)	1 063.7	1 028.9	744.8	480.2	288.2	98.8	60.3	36.4	3 801.2
Services Provided in mixed delivery settings									
Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) Expenditure									
Flexible care									
Multi-purpose Service Program	44.5	12.8	20.6	25.8	25.0	3.9	–	0.3	133.0
National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (l)	0.7	4.4	3.0	2.6	7.2	0.7	–	8.0	26.6
Transition Care Program	78.9	60.1	42.4	19.6	21.3	5.6	2.9	1.4	232.3
Other flexible and residential aged care (m)	37.7	14.1	- 1.5	- 4.1	10.9	1.5	3.2	1.3	63.3
Specific support									
Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement (n)	103.4	61.5	56.1	20.9	26.2	5.9	4.9	16.1	294.9
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Transition Care Program	26.3	38.8	18.5	8.9	7.2	2.0	1.2	0.2	102.9
Total Services provided in mixed delivery settings (b)	291.4	191.8	139.0	73.8	97.9	19.6	12.2	27.4	853.0
Total Expenditure on Aged Care Services (b)	4 739.8	3 888.3	2 727.3	1 425.8	1 338.7	375.4	167.7	91.9	14 754.9

TABLE 13A.4

Table 13A.4 **Government expenditure on aged care services, 2013-14 (\$ million)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
(a)	The objective of Aged Care Assessment is to provide comprehensive multidisciplinary assessment of needs of older people, including delegated authority to approve people for Australian Government subsidised care through residential aged care, Home Care and flexible care. Australian Government funding is provided to State and Territory governments to operate Aged Care Assessment Teams (ACATs) and evaluation units.								
(b)	Totals may not add due to rounding.								
(c)	Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) expenditure includes State and Territory governments' funding of younger people with disability using residential aged care and home care. The State and Territory governments' funding of these services is identified separately (but is not double counted in the totals).								
(d)	Recurrent funding to residential care providers is derived using accrual based reporting. Due to accrual adjustments, for smaller jurisdictions in particular, this can lead to significant year on year variation. Based on claims data, recurrent funding for each state and territory grew between 4.7 per cent and 9.6 per cent between 2012-13 and 2013-14.								
(e)	The Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) expenditure figures are subject to lag and may therefore be subject to revision. All figures on the expenditure on veterans in residential aged care are sourced from data from the DSS.								
(f)	Due to delays in finalising the 2013-14 Schedule B of the <i>National Partnership Agreement for Transitioning Responsibilities for Aged Care and Disability Services</i> , funds were not expended in 2013-14. Expenditure in 2013-14 for Queensland and the NT relates to the 2012-13 Schedule.								
(g)	Detailed data and footnotes on the State and Territory governments' supplements paid to residential aged care facilities are in table 13A.10.								
(h)	Reports provisional HACC estimates that may be subject to revision. Data are Australian Government expenditure on Commonwealth HACC services for older people under the national aged care program, except for Victoria and WA where it is expenditure under the <i>2007 HACC Review Agreements</i> . The expenditure in Victoria and WA is total program expenditure so includes expenditure on younger and older people. The estimated proportion of total HACC program expenditure spent on older people in Victoria and WA is around 75 per cent.								
(i)	The category other home support includes expenditure on Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged, Day Therapy Centres and other home support.								
(j)	DVA community nursing expenditure data are at 18 September 2014. Figures are subject to significant claiming lag and may therefore be subject to revision. These figures may also differ slightly from the figures published in the DVA annual report for this reason. Community nursing program expenditure does not include an additional \$2 million that was spent on wound management consumables.								
(k)	Veterans' Home Care (VHC) expenditure data are as at 30 June 2014. The VHC service provision expenditure does not include fees for respite care services, as these are paid under separate appropriations. Social Assistance is also not included. The 2013-14 appropriation for in-home and emergency respite was \$21.5 million. Residential respite is funded under the aged care appropriation and separate figures are not available.								
(l)	Data relate to expenditure administered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program which is aimed at providing quality, flexible, culturally appropriate aged care to older Aboriginal and Torres Strait islander people close to their home and community.								

TABLE 13A.4

Table 13A.4 **Government expenditure on aged care services, 2013-14 (\$ million)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(m) The category Other flexible and residential aged care includes expenditure on Innovative Pool, Zero Real Interest Loans and other residential care and flexible care.									
(n) The total Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement category includes expenditure on Aged Care Workforce Fund, Community Visitors Scheme and Advocacy Services, Indigenous Aged Care Workforce, Other Workforce and Quality, Aged Care Service Improvement and Healthy Ageing Grants, Continence Aids Payment Scheme and Other Ageing and Service Improvement.									
.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.									

Source: DSS (unpublished); Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA) (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.5

Table 13A.5 **Government real expenditure on aged care services, by program type (2013-14\$) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
<i>Total expenditure (\$ million)</i>									
Assessment and Information Services (c)									
2005-06	29.5	20.3	15.3	9.7	7.8	2.7	1.1	1.6	90.7
2006-07	30.6	21.0	16.0	10.2	8.4	2.8	1.1	1.5	97.1
2007-08	32.3	22.9	16.9	10.4	8.8	3.2	1.3	1.9	102.2
2008-09	32.9	23.2	17.1	10.6	8.5	2.9	1.2	1.6	104.9
2009-10	32.3	22.8	17.6	10.6	8.7	2.9	1.2	1.5	105.7
2010-11	29.9	19.0	16.3	9.9	6.5	2.7	1.0	1.4	92.7
2011-12	36.0	26.4	18.7	11.3	10.7	3.0	1.4	1.8	109.2
2012-13	43.4	30.8	23.3	13.8	11.7	3.8	1.6	1.9	130.2
2013-14	41.8	29.9	22.1	12.8	11.2	3.5	1.4	1.7	124.3
Residential Care Services (d)									
2005-06	2 329.6	1 658.6	1 201.2	555.5	693.1	185.4	65.0	22.3	6 724.2
2006-07	2 381.6	1 788.7	1 278.3	571.2	717.0	203.1	65.8	21.2	7 043.1
2007-08	2 435.7	1 837.9	1 318.0	578.1	737.5	202.8	67.3	21.0	7 198.3
2008-09	2 526.1	1 920.6	1 354.8	602.3	763.4	203.2	68.8	21.0	7 467.7
2009-10	2 658.3	2 063.2	1 484.7	649.4	805.1	208.4	75.3	22.5	7 966.8
2010-11	2 848.2	2 204.7	1 552.1	696.6	833.8	220.0	84.1	26.1	8 473.8
2011-12	3 068.9	2 395.1	1 689.3	743.8	893.0	237.5	93.1	29.7	9 150.4
2012-13	3 138.3	2 483.0	1 766.3	797.2	918.7	249.4	97.6	34.2	9 485.4
2013-14	3 342.8	2 637.8	1 821.4	859.1	941.5	253.5	93.7	26.5	9 976.3
Community Care Services (e)									
2005-06	831.4	664.9	487.6	247.4	221.4	74.5	40.6	26.1	2 602.0
2006-07	891.6	715.2	537.0	268.9	241.1	80.3	45.1	28.5	2 820.7
2007-08	1 002.1	775.4	596.9	291.3	268.9	91.9	50.4	31.6	3 123.1
2008-09	1 058.7	805.8	642.0	310.5	282.0	96.8	53.0	31.8	3 294.1
2009-10	1 108.9	837.9	689.7	333.9	292.7	102.8	62.3	35.0	3 463.2
2010-11	1 114.8	850.5	734.9	353.7	298.0	105.5	56.6	35.0	3 562.3
2011-12	973.9	913.0	675.8	402.5	258.5	91.8	50.0	31.6	3 397.2
2012-13	1 023.7	963.8	703.4	440.5	282.6	97.2	55.5	34.4	3 601.4
2013-14	1 063.7	1 028.9	744.8	480.2	288.2	98.8	60.3	36.4	3 801.2
Services provided in mixed delivery settings (f)									
2005-06	10.7	11.0	10.3	5.6	15.4	2.0	0.4	1.0	60.9
2006-07	79.0	49.5	37.2	41.9	44.1	10.1	2.9	7.6	293.2
2007-08	95.5	67.6	47.5	42.2	51.3	11.7	2.9	9.5	360.6
2008-09	117.3	88.3	60.2	45.6	62.8	12.7	3.7	11.3	445.7
2009-10	128.5	98.6	77.0	52.2	65.9	13.4	4.3	11.0	501.0
2010-11	141.3	106.8	86.6	56.4	69.6	15.1	4.2	10.5	538.4
2011-12	261.6	187.1	156.3	91.4	103.1	27.5	7.9	19.6	854.4
2012-13	270.3	197.2	174.7	103.9	106.3	32.7	24.9	21.9	931.7

TABLE 13A.5

Table 13A.5 **Government real expenditure on aged care services, by program type (2013-14\$) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust (b)</i>
2013-14	291.4	191.8	139.0	73.8	97.9	19.6	12.2	27.4	853.0
Total Expenditure on Aged Care Services									
2005-06	3 201.1	2 354.8	1 714.4	818.1	937.7	264.5	107.1	51.0	9 477.7
2006-07	3 382.8	2 574.4	1 868.5	892.2	1 010.5	296.4	114.9	58.7	10 254.2
2007-08	3 565.6	2 703.8	1 979.4	922.0	1 066.5	309.5	121.9	63.9	10 784.1
2008-09	3 735.0	2 837.8	2 074.1	969.1	1 116.7	315.6	126.6	65.6	11 312.3
2009-10	3 927.9	3 022.5	2 268.9	1 046.1	1 172.4	327.6	143.1	70.0	12 036.7
2010-11	4 134.1	3 181.0	2 389.8	1 116.6	1 207.9	343.3	145.9	73.0	12 667.3
2011-12	4 340.3	3 521.6	2 540.1	1 248.9	1 265.3	359.9	152.4	82.6	13 511.2
2012-13	4 475.7	3 674.8	2 667.7	1 355.3	1 319.2	383.1	179.5	92.5	14 148.7
2013-14	4 739.8	3 888.3	2 727.3	1 425.8	1 338.7	375.4	167.7	91.9	14 754.9
<i>Expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years (\$ per person)</i>									
Assessment and Information Services (c)									
2010-11	28.06	24.14	26.63	33.18	24.31	32.11	26.21	68.15	29.20
2011-12	32.47	32.21	29.05	36.01	38.40	34.30	32.89	82.95	32.95
2012-13	38.10	36.62	35.83	42.46	41.39	41.20	35.76	86.72	38.36
2013-14	35.37	34.24	32.52	37.65	38.36	37.07	31.11	71.73	35.24
Residential Care Services (d)									
2010-11	2 671.97	2 799.42	2 535.23	2 338.58	3 111.43	2 618.53	2 122.47	1 302.41	2 668.67
2011-12	2 770.91	2 920.74	2 620.40	2 370.72	3 208.06	2 707.79	2 216.14	1 392.89	2 759.99
2012-13	2 755.79	2 949.30	2 716.71	2 456.23	3 256.39	2 733.74	2 226.58	1 560.14	2 794.32
2013-14	2 827.75	3 025.34	2 680.43	2 534.84	3 228.61	2 687.81	2 040.15	1 130.14	2 827.92
Community Care Services (e)									
2010-11	1 045.79	1 079.92	1 200.35	1 187.47	1 112.05	1 255.33	1 427.29	1 745.86	1 121.89
2011-12	879.31	1 113.42	1 048.24	1 282.81	928.77	1 047.04	1 190.99	1 483.95	1 024.67
2012-13	898.95	1 144.79	1 081.83	1 357.15	1 001.92	1 065.80	1 266.93	1 568.37	1 060.94
2013-14	899.83	1 180.10	1 096.04	1 416.91	988.29	1 047.04	1 312.01	1 552.86	1 077.50
Services provided in mixed delivery settings (f)									
2010-11	132.54	135.55	141.39	189.31	259.53	179.90	105.30	525.57	169.57
2011-12	236.18	228.15	242.45	291.21	370.42	313.82	187.72	919.60	257.72
2012-13	237.36	234.20	268.64	319.97	376.64	357.99	567.61	998.97	274.47
2013-14	246.49	219.92	204.62	217.64	335.60	208.07	266.18	1 166.54	241.80
Total Expenditure on Aged Care Services									
2010-11	3 878.37	4 039.04	3 903.59	3 748.53	4 507.32	4 085.87	3 681.27	3 641.99	3 989.33
2011-12	3 918.87	4 294.52	3 940.14	3 980.75	4 545.64	4 102.96	3 627.74	3 879.38	4 075.33
2012-13	3 930.21	4 364.91	4 103.01	4 175.81	4 676.35	4 198.73	4 096.88	4 214.20	4 168.09
2013-14	4 009.44	4 459.61	4 013.61	4 207.04	4 590.85	3 980.01	3 649.45	3 921.28	4 182.46

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the General Government Final Consumption Expenditure (GGFCE) chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) The Australian totals can include other expenditure that cannot be attributed to individual states or territories.

Table 13A.5 Government real expenditure on aged care services, by program type (2013-14\$) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i> (b)
(c)	See table 13A.6 for further categories of assessment and information services expenditure included across the years 2011-12 to 2013-14.								
(d)	Residential aged care expenditure in this table includes payroll tax supplement. See table 13A.7 for further categories of residential aged care expenditure included across the years 2011-12 to 2013-14.								
(e)	See table 13A.8 for further categories of community care expenditure included across the years 2011-12 to 2013-14.								
(f)	See table 13A.9 for further categories of services provided in mixed delivery settings expenditure included across the years 2011-12 to 2013-14.								

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); DVA (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.51.

Table 13A.6 Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) real expenditure on assessment and information services (2013-14\$) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total expenditure (\$ million)</i>									
Aged Care Assessment Program (b), (c)									
2011-12	31.4	23.6	15.6	8.9	9.5	2.3	1.1	1.3	93.7
2012-13	35.3	25.4	18.3	10.5	9.4	2.8	1.1	1.4	104.1
2013-14	33.8	24.3	17.5	10.1	9.0	2.6	1.1	1.3	99.7
Other access and information services									
2011-12	4.6	2.8	3.2	2.4	1.2	0.7	0.3	0.5	15.6
2012-13	8.1	5.5	5.0	3.3	2.3	1.0	0.4	0.5	26.1
2013-14	8.0	5.6	4.6	2.7	2.2	0.9	0.3	0.3	24.7
Total expenditure on assessment and information services									
2011-12	36.0	26.4	18.7	11.3	10.7	3.0	1.4	1.8	109.2
2012-13	43.4	30.8	23.3	13.8	11.7	3.8	1.6	1.9	130.2
2013-14	41.8	29.9	22.1	12.8	11.2	3.5	1.4	1.7	124.3
<i>Expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years (\$ per person)</i>									
Aged Care Assessment Program									
2011-12	28.36	28.78	24.16	28.49	34.02	26.56	25.15	60.14	28.25
2012-13	30.97	30.13	28.14	32.35	33.22	30.21	25.90	63.38	30.66
2013-14	28.56	27.86	25.78	29.66	30.75	27.99	23.63	56.83	28.25
Other access and information services									
2011-12	4.11	3.43	4.89	7.52	4.38	7.75	7.74	22.81	4.70
2012-13	7.14	6.49	7.68	10.11	8.18	10.99	9.86	23.34	7.70
2013-14	6.80	6.38	6.74	7.99	7.61	9.09	7.48	14.90	6.99
Total expenditure on assessment and information services									
2011-12	32.47	32.21	29.05	36.01	38.40	34.30	32.89	82.95	32.95
2012-13	38.10	36.62	35.83	42.46	41.39	41.20	35.76	86.72	38.36
2013-14	35.37	34.24	32.52	37.65	38.36	37.07	31.11	71.73	35.24

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) The objective of Aged Care Assessment is to provide comprehensive multidisciplinary assessment of needs of older people, including delegated authority to approve people for Australian Government subsidised care through residential aged care, Home Care and flexible care. Australian government funding is provided to State and Territory governments to operate ACATs and evaluation units.

(c) Total ACAP expenditure for 2012-13 includes \$8.7 million of funding from the previous financial year.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

TABLE 13A.7

Table 13A.7 **Government real expenditure on residential aged care services (2013-14\$)**
(a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total expenditure (\$ million)</i>									
Australian Government									
DoHA/DSS expenditure (b), (c)									
Including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 597.5	1 961.6	1 335.5	647.2	765.2	181.0	78.6	28.5	7 594.9
2012-13	2 681.3	2 059.2	1 400.0	698.2	794.6	196.1	84.1	33.0	7 946.7
2013-14	2 893.9	2 214.5	1 488.3	757.2	821.5	200.2	80.1	25.4	8 481.0
Excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 553.9	1 920.1	1 318.1	634.2	756.1	179.8	77.8	28.3	7 468.3
2012-13	2 630.2	2 007.6	1 379.0	683.0	783.9	194.9	83.0	32.9	7 794.3
2013-14	2 839.1	2 159.1	1 464.9	740.0	810.5	199.1	78.4	25.3	8 316.3
DVA expenditure (d)									
Including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	469.5	326.9	274.0	96.6	127.2	39.3	14.5	1.2	1 349.2
2012-13	455.0	320.1	266.5	98.8	123.4	40.2	13.4	1.2	1 319.4
2013-14	447.3	319.7	269.6	101.4	118.9	39.0	13.7	1.1	1 310.6
Excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	461.6	319.2	270.2	94.6	125.8	39.0	14.4	1.2	1 325.9
2012-13	445.8	310.6	261.9	96.4	121.8	39.8	13.3	1.2	1 291.5
2013-14	438.7	310.6	264.8	98.9	117.6	38.8	13.4	1.1	1 284.0
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Residential care funding for young people with disability (c), (e)									
2011-12	125.7	..	70.9	..	25.7	8.4	3.3	2.6	236.5
2012-13	122.4	..	–	..	25.5	8.3	3.3	–	159.4
2013-14	–	..	66.4	..	–	–	–	1.8	68.2
Supplements (f)									
2011-12	1.9	106.6	79.8	–	0.6	17.3	–	–	206.3
2012-13	1.9	103.6	99.8	0.3	0.6	13.1	–	–	219.3
2013-14	1.7	103.6	63.5	0.5	1.1	14.3	–	–	184.7
Total expenditure on residential aged care services, including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	3 068.9	2 395.1	1 689.3	743.8	893.0	237.5	93.1	29.7	9 150.4
2012-13	3 138.3	2 483.0	1 766.3	797.2	918.7	249.4	97.6	34.2	9 485.4
2013-14	3 342.8	2 637.8	1 821.4	859.1	941.5	253.5	93.7	26.5	9 976.3
Total expenditure on residential aged care services, excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	3 017.4	2 345.8	1 668.1	728.8	882.5	236.1	92.1	29.5	9 000.4
2012-13	3 077.9	2 421.8	1 740.7	779.6	906.3	247.8	96.2	34.1	9 305.1
2013-14	3 279.5	2 573.3	1 793.3	839.4	929.1	252.1	91.9	26.4	9 785.0

TABLE 13A.7

Table 13A.7 **Government real expenditure on residential aged care services (2013-14\$)**
(a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years (\$ per person)</i>									
Australian Government									
DoHA/DSS expenditure (b), (c)									
Including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 345.27	2 392.11	2 071.51	2 062.75	2 748.85	2 062.92	1 871.09	1 336.90	2 290.82
2012-13	2 354.53	2 445.93	2 153.30	2 151.08	2 816.77	2 149.78	1 919.88	1 505.57	2 341.02
2013-14	2 447.95	2 539.87	2 190.28	2 234.30	2 817.08	2 122.58	1 742.35	1 081.89	2 404.06
Excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 305.88	2 341.56	2 044.53	2 021.35	2 716.37	2 050.27	1 851.43	1 327.81	2 252.62
2012-13	2 309.60	2 384.57	2 120.97	2 104.18	2 778.58	2 136.07	1 893.24	1 500.04	2 296.13
2013-14	2 401.63	2 476.26	2 155.87	2 183.47	2 779.29	2 110.81	1 706.94	1 077.79	2 357.37
DVA expenditure (d)									
Including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	423.89	398.69	425.05	307.98	456.93	447.68	345.05	55.98	406.96
2012-13	399.58	380.27	409.91	304.38	437.36	440.32	306.70	54.57	388.69
2013-14	378.36	366.65	396.69	299.06	407.69	413.75	297.80	48.25	371.51
Excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	416.79	389.21	419.11	301.56	451.86	444.54	341.99	55.46	399.92
2012-13	391.46	368.94	402.80	296.88	431.81	436.71	303.18	54.25	380.47
2013-14	371.13	356.28	389.73	291.84	403.18	411.01	292.21	48.17	363.97
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Residential care funding for young people with disability (c), (e)									
2011-12	113.46	..	109.93	..	92.38	96.01	77.46	120.32	71.33
2012-13	107.48	..	–	..	90.29	90.54	74.70	–	46.96
2013-14	–	..	97.76	..	–	–	–	75.40	19.33
Supplements (f)									
2011-12	1.76	129.94	123.84	–	2.28	197.19	–	–	62.21
2012-13	1.68	123.09	153.49	0.77	2.26	143.64	–	–	64.61
2013-14	1.44	118.82	93.45	1.48	3.84	151.49	–	–	52.36
Total expenditure on residential aged care services, including payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 770.91	2 920.74	2 620.40	2 370.72	3 208.06	2 707.79	2 216.14	1 392.89	2 759.99
2012-13	2 755.79	2 949.30	2 716.71	2 456.23	3 256.39	2 733.74	2 226.58	1 560.14	2 794.32
2013-14	2 827.75	3 025.34	2 680.43	2 534.84	3 228.61	2 687.81	2 040.15	1 130.14	2 827.92
Total expenditure on residential aged care services, excluding payroll tax supplement									
2011-12	2 724.43	2 860.70	2 587.48	2 322.91	3 170.51	2 692.01	2 193.43	1 383.26	2 714.76
2012-13	2 702.74	2 876.60	2 677.27	2 401.83	3 212.65	2 716.41	2 196.42	1 554.29	2 741.21
2013-14	2 774.20	2 951.37	2 639.05	2 476.78	3 186.30	2 673.31	1 999.15	1 125.96	2 773.70

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

Table 13A.7 Government real expenditure on residential aged care services (2013-14\$)
(a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	Recurrent funding to residential care providers is derived using accrual based reporting. Due to accrual adjustments, for smaller jurisdictions in particular, this can lead to significant year on year variation. Based on claims data, recurrent funding for each state and territory grew between 4.7 per cent and 9.6 per cent between 2012-13 and 2013-14.								
(c)	Australian Government (DSS) expenditure includes State and Territory governments' funding of younger people with disability using residential aged care. The State and Territory governments' funding of these services is identified separately (but is not double counted in the totals).								
(d)	The figures are subject to lag and may therefore be subject to revision. For data on expenditure per client, see table 13A.13.								
(e)	Due to delays in finalising the 2013-14 Schedule B of the National Partnership Agreement for Transitioning Responsibilities for Aged Care and Disability Services, State and Territory funding for young people with disability was not expended in 2013-14. Expenditure in 2013-14 for Queensland and the NT relates to the 2012-13 Schedule.								
(f)	Detailed data and footnotes on the State and Territory governments' supplements paid to residential aged care facilities are in table 13A.10.								
	.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.								

Source: DSS (unpublished); DVA (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.51.

TABLE 13A.8

Table 13A.8 **Government real expenditure on community care services (2013-14\$) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total expenditure (\$ million)</i>									
Australian Government									
DVA expenditure									
DVA Community Nursing (b)									
2011-12	60.2	20.9	21.6	6.3	11.4	6.0	2.3	0.1	128.6
2012-13	59.7	20.6	22.3	5.8	9.3	5.6	2.6	–	126.1
2013-14	60.0	21.0	23.0	6.0	8.0	6.0	3.0	0.1	127.0
VHC (c)									
2011-12	29.3	19.9	18.4	7.9	7.0	4.1	1.6	0.1	88.3
2012-13	28.4	19.4	17.9	7.8	7.0	3.9	1.6	0.1	86.1
2013-14	28.7	19.7	18.5	8.0	7.0	3.8	1.6	0.1	87.4
DoHA/DSS expenditure									
<i>Home care</i>									
Home care — Community Aged Care Packages (CACP), Extended Aged Care at Home (EACH) packages and EACH Dementia (EACH-D) packages to 2012-13 and Home Care levels 1–4 for 2013-14 (d)									
2011-12	337.5	263.7	205.9	132.1	78.0	27.7	22.1	16.2	1 083.2
2012-13	355.0	277.6	221.1	154.9	84.4	29.4	25.8	17.7	1 165.9
2013-14	383.1	299.9	246.6	174.9	88.7	29.0	29.5	19.2	1 270.9
<i>Home support</i>									
Commonwealth HACC Program (e)									
2011-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2012-13	505.1	..	397.1	..	149.3	49.9	20.4	9.8	1 131.6
2013-14	516.0	..	411.3	..	151.6	51.3	21.0	10.2	1 161.4
HACC Program — Victoria and WA only from 2012-13 (e)									
2011-12	473.2	331.8	386.2	141.8	130.0	46.0	19.0	8.5	1 536.5
2012-13	..	353.6	..	151.2	..	..	..	..	504.8
2013-14	..	378.2	..	161.7	..	..	..	..	539.8
NRCP									
2011-12	66.3	47.3	36.3	18.0	18.6	6.6	4.5	5.7	203.4
2012-13	67.9	48.4	37.2	18.5	19.1	6.8	4.6	5.8	208.3
2013-14	68.2	49.6	37.5	20.4	19.1	6.9	4.8	5.8	212.3
Other home support (f)									
2011-12	7.4	8.0	7.4	4.4	13.5	1.5	0.5	1.1	43.8
2012-13	7.6	8.1	7.8	4.4	13.6	1.6	0.4	1.1	44.5
2013-14	7.6	8.1	7.8	4.5	13.8	1.7	0.5	1.2	45.1
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Home care — CACP, EACH and EACH-D to 2012-13 and Home Care levels 1–4 for 2013-14 (d), (g)									
2011-12	8.6	..	7.5	..	1.7	0.8	0.3	2.4	21.3
2012-13	8.4	..	–	..	1.8	1.3	0.6	–	12.1
2013-14	–	..	8.6	..	–	–	–	0.9	9.5
HACC Program — Victoria and WA (e)									
2011-12	..	221.5	..	91.9	..	..	..	..	313.4

TABLE 13A.8

Table 13A.8 **Government real expenditure on community care services (2013-14\$) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13	..	236.1	..	97.9	..	..	..	..	334.1
2013-14	..	252.5	..	104.7	..	..	..	..	357.2
Total expenditure on community care services									
2011-12	973.9	913.0	675.8	402.5	258.5	91.8	50.0	31.6	3 397.2
2012-13	1 023.7	963.8	703.4	440.5	282.6	97.2	55.5	34.4	3 601.4
2013-14	1 063.7	1 028.9	744.8	480.2	288.2	98.8	60.3	36.4	3 801.2
<i>Expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years (\$ per person)</i>									
Australian Government									
DVA expenditure									
DVA Community Nursing (b)									
2011-12	54.36	25.44	33.48	19.93	40.87	68.18	53.93	3.30	38.79
2012-13	52.40	24.43	34.26	18.01	32.87	61.88	59.82	0.23	37.15
2013-14	50.75	24.09	33.85	17.70	27.43	63.62	65.30	3.24	36.00
Veterans' Home Care (VHC) (c)									
2011-12	26.44	24.23	28.52	25.26	25.32	46.18	39.09	4.76	26.64
2012-13	24.98	23.05	27.52	24.11	24.65	42.99	36.46	4.14	25.37
2013-14	24.32	22.58	27.19	23.61	24.14	40.09	34.28	3.97	24.78
DoHA/DSS expenditure									
Home care — CACP, EACH and EACH-D to 2012-13 and Home Care levels 1-4 for 2013-14 (d)									
2011-12	304.68	321.62	319.37	421.13	280.09	315.42	526.49	760.78	326.71
2012-13	311.74	329.70	340.04	477.18	299.33	322.14	589.07	806.23	343.46
2013-14	324.11	343.92	362.96	516.05	304.17	307.82	641.94	817.39	360.26
<i>Home support</i>									
Commonwealth Home and Community Care Program (e)									
2011-12	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
2012-13	443.56	..	610.80	..	529.35	546.48	465.92	445.32	333.37
2013-14	436.53	..	605.36	..	519.82	543.95	457.18	433.04	329.23
Home and Community Care Program — Victoria and WA only from 2012-13 (e)									
2011-12	427.26	404.56	599.01	452.09	467.02	524.74	453.15	398.08	463.45
2012-13	..	420.02	..	465.80	..	..	..	..	148.71
2013-14	..	433.71	..	477.04	..	..	..	..	153.02
NRCP									
2011-12	59.86	57.68	56.37	57.50	66.82	75.42	107.50	266.82	61.35
2012-13	59.61	57.54	57.25	56.93	67.55	74.36	105.42	264.36	61.36
2013-14	57.67	56.91	55.22	60.24	65.48	73.22	103.50	246.15	60.17
Other home support (f)									
2011-12	6.71	9.73	11.49	14.08	48.65	17.10	10.82	50.22	13.21
2012-13	6.65	9.57	11.95	13.42	48.16	17.96	10.23	48.09	13.11
2013-14	6.45	9.27	11.47	13.28	47.26	18.35	9.82	49.07	12.79
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Home care — CACP, EACH and EACH-D to 2012-13 and Home Care levels 1-4 for 2013-14 (d), (g)									

Table 13A.8 **Government real expenditure on community care services (2013-14\$) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12	7.77	..	11.63	..	6.10	8.98	7.60	113.30	6.43
2012-13	7.35	..	–	..	6.48	14.14	13.78	–	3.56
2013-14	–	..	12.62	..	–	–	–	37.62	2.68
Home and Community Care Program — Victoria and WA (e)									
2011-12	..	270.16	..	292.82	..	..	..	..	94.53
2012-13	..	280.48	..	301.70	..	..	..	..	98.41
2013-14	..	289.62	..	308.99	..	..	..	..	101.26
Total expenditure on community care services									
2011-12	879.31	1 113.42	1 048.24	1 282.81	928.77	1 047.04	1 190.99	1 483.95	1 024.67
2012-13	898.95	1 144.79	1 081.83	1 357.15	1 001.92	1 065.80	1 266.93	1 568.37	1 060.94
2013-14	899.83	1 180.10	1 096.04	1 416.91	988.29	1 047.04	1 312.01	1 552.86	1 077.50

- (a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.
- (b) DVA community nursing expenditure data are subject to significant claiming lag and may therefore be subject to revision. These figures may also differ slightly from the figures published in the DVA annual report for this reason. Community nursing program expenditure does not include that spent on wound management consumables.
- (c) The VHC service provision expenditure does not include fees for respite care services, as these are paid under separate appropriations. Social Assistance is also not included. Residential respite is funded under the aged care appropriation and separate figures are not available.
- (d) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs — CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages (July expenditure for packaged care is reported as Home Care for 2013-14). Australian Government (DSS/DoHA) expenditure includes State and Territory governments' funding of younger people with disability using home care. The State and Territory governments' funding of these services is identified separately (but is not double counted in the totals).
- (e) Reports provisional HACC estimates that may be subject to revision. Data are Australian Government expenditure on Commonwealth HACC services for older people under the national aged care program, except for Victoria and WA where it is expenditure under the 2007 HACC Review Agreements. The expenditure in Victoria and WA is total program expenditure so includes expenditure on younger and older people. The estimated proportion of total HACC program expenditure spent on older people in Victoria and WA is around 75 per cent. See table 13A.61 that shows expenditure per person in the aged care target population adjusted (that is, reduced) to account for this proportion.
- (f) The category other home support includes expenditure on Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged, Day Therapy Centres and other home support.
- (g) Due to delays in finalising the 2013-14 Schedule B of the National Partnership Agreement for Transitioning Responsibilities for Aged Care and Disability Services, State and Territory funding for young people with disability was not expended in 2013-14. Expenditure in 2013-14 for Queensland and the NT relates to the 2012-13 Schedule.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS (unpublished); DVA (unpublished); table 2A.51.

TABLE 13A.9

Table 13A.9 **Government real expenditure on aged care services provided in mixed delivery settings (2013-14\$) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Total expenditure (\$ million)</i>									
Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) Expenditure									
Flexible care									
Multi-purpose Service Program									
2011-12	40.0	12.8	16.7	24.0	21.5	3.7	–	0.3	119.0
2012-13	42.1	12.7	18.6	25.4	24.7	3.8	–	0.3	127.7
2013-14	44.5	12.8	20.6	25.8	25.0	3.9	–	0.3	133.0
National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (b)									
2011-12	0.6	2.4	4.0	1.1	6.7	0.7	–	7.5	23.0
2012-13	0.7	3.8	3.8	1.4	7.4	0.7	–	7.8	25.6
2013-14	0.7	4.4	3.0	2.6	7.2	0.7	–	8.0	26.6
Transition Care Program									
2011-12	69.6	55.6	37.7	17.1	19.5	4.6	1.9	1.1	207.1
2012-13	75.8	61.1	41.5	17.7	21.4	5.5	2.1	1.4	226.5
2013-14	78.9	60.1	42.4	19.6	21.3	5.6	2.9	1.4	232.3
Other flexible and residential aged care (c)									
2011-12	41.7	21.4	32.6	19.0	24.1	6.2	2.1	1.6	148.7
2012-13	38.5	17.2	38.5	25.2	15.9	8.2	4.6	1.4	149.6
2013-14	37.7	14.1	- 1.5	- 4.1	10.9	1.5	3.2	1.3	63.3
Specific support									
Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement (d)									
2011-12	81.0	59.3	46.3	21.2	24.3	5.7	2.6	8.5	248.8
2012-13	87.3	64.2	53.7	24.9	29.8	8.6	16.8	10.9	296.2
2013-14	103.4	61.5	56.1	20.9	26.2	5.9	4.9	16.1	294.9
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Transition Care Program									
2011-12	28.8	35.5	18.9	8.9	7.1	6.6	1.4	0.5	107.8
2012-13	25.8	38.2	18.6	9.3	7.0	5.8	1.3	0.1	106.2
2013-14	26.3	38.8	18.5	8.9	7.2	2.0	1.2	0.2	102.9
Total expenditure on services provided in mixed delivery settings									
2011-12	261.6	187.1	156.3	91.4	103.1	27.5	7.9	19.6	854.4
2012-13	270.3	197.2	174.7	103.9	106.3	32.7	24.9	21.9	931.7
2013-14	291.4	191.8	139.0	73.8	97.9	19.6	12.2	27.4	853.0
<i>Expenditure per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50-64 years (\$ per person)</i>									
Australian Government (DoHA/DSS) Expenditure									
Flexible care									
Multi-purpose Service Program									
2011-12	36.10	15.59	25.95	76.42	77.34	41.88	–	14.44	35.89

Table 13A.9 Government real expenditure on aged care services provided in mixed delivery settings (2013-14\$) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13	37.00	15.07	28.67	78.33	87.60	42.00	–	14.00	37.63
2013-14	37.64	14.69	30.31	76.17	85.76	41.71	–	13.25	37.69
National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program (b)									
2011-12	0.50	2.99	6.22	3.41	23.95	8.00	–	353.36	6.93
2012-13	0.62	4.56	5.81	4.19	26.11	7.68	–	356.18	7.53
2013-14	0.58	5.07	4.46	7.68	24.86	7.15	–	340.11	7.55
Transition Care Program									
2011-12	62.86	67.81	58.51	54.66	69.90	52.78	45.00	50.27	62.48
2012-13	66.57	72.54	63.85	54.62	75.83	60.41	48.33	61.84	66.73
2013-14	66.73	68.97	62.36	57.86	72.90	59.78	63.74	61.08	65.84
Other flexible and residential aged care (c)									
2011-12	37.64	26.06	50.62	60.69	86.42	70.98	48.83	77.32	44.86
2012-13	33.85	20.39	59.15	77.71	56.53	90.05	104.86	64.97	44.06
2013-14	31.86	16.22	- 2.21	- 11.99	37.52	16.27	70.36	56.84	17.94
Specific support									
Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement (d)									
2011-12	73.09	72.36	71.82	67.53	87.22	65.33	60.99	398.74	75.06
2012-13	76.64	76.25	82.52	76.56	105.79	94.18	384.52	497.37	87.25
2013-14	87.43	70.50	82.51	61.79	89.76	62.10	106.75	688.49	83.60
State and Territory Government Expenditure									
Transition Care Program									
2011-12	25.97	43.34	29.33	28.50	25.59	74.85	32.90	25.47	32.51
2012-13	22.69	45.40	28.64	28.56	24.77	63.66	29.91	4.62	31.27
2013-14	22.25	44.47	27.19	26.13	24.80	21.07	25.33	6.78	29.18
Total expenditure on services provided in mixed delivery settings									
2011-12	236.18	228.15	242.45	291.21	370.42	313.82	187.72	919.60	257.72
2012-13	237.36	234.20	268.64	319.97	376.64	357.99	567.61	998.97	274.47
2013-14	246.49	219.92	204.62	217.64	335.60	208.07	266.18	1 166.54	241.80

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) Data relate to expenditure administered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, which is aimed at providing quality, flexible, culturally appropriate aged care to older Aboriginal and Torres Strait islander people close to their home and community.

(c) The category Other flexible and residential aged care includes expenditure on Innovative Pool, Zero Real Interest Loans and other residential care and flexible care.

(d) The total Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement category includes expenditure on Aged Care Workforce Fund, Community Visitors Scheme and Advocacy Services, Indigenous Aged Care Workforce, Other Workforce and Quality, Aged Care Service Improvement and Healthy Ageing Grants, Continence Aids Payment Scheme and Other Ageing and Service Improvement.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

Table 13A.10 **State and Territory governments' aged care related expenditure (\$2013-14 million) (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-HACC Post Acute packages of care — experimental estimates (b), (c), (d), (e)									
2006-07	na	na	..	3.9	na	na	..	na	3.9
2007-08	14.0	na	..	4.7	24.6	na	0.4	0.1	43.8
2008-09	21.7	na	..	3.0	..	na	0.2	..	24.9
2009-10	23.1	29.8	..	3.3	..	na	0.2	..	56.4
2010-11	20.9	30.1	..	12.1	..	na	0.3	..	63.3
2011-12	22.0	33.0	..	11.9	..	na	0.3	..	67.2
2012-13	22.2	34.2	..	12.3	..	na	0.3	..	68.9
2013-14	22.1	33.9	..	10.4	..	na	0.3	..	66.7
Residential aged care expenditure (f), (g)									
Adjusted subsidy reduction supplement									
2006-07	3.2	19.1	7.2	2.8	..	1.9	..	..	34.1
2007-08	3.7	18.7	6.9	..	..	0.2	..	..	29.5
2008-09	3.0	18.4	6.6	..	..	0.1	..	..	28.2
2009-10	3.0	18.6	6.4	..	..	..	..	..	28.0
2010-11	2.8	17.7	7.3	..	..	..	..	..	27.8
2011-12	1.9	18.1	6.0	..	..	..	..	..	26.1
2012-13	1.9	17.4	1.5	..	..	..	..	..	20.9
2013-14	1.7	17.1	..	..	..	..	..	..	18.8
Enterprise Bargaining Agreement (EBA) supplement									
2006-07	..	68.2	51.5	..	..	na	..	..	119.7
2007-08	..	67.6	75.7	..	..	na	..	..	143.2
2008-09	..	69.5	82.3	..	..	na	..	..	151.7
2009-10	..	68.9	91.8	..	0.5	na	..	..	161.2
2010-11	..	65.6	80.1	..	0.6	na	..	..	146.3
2011-12	..	84.6	73.8	..	0.6	na	..	..	159.1
2012-13	..	82.2	98.3	..	0.6	na	..	..	181.1
2013-14	..	82.4	63.5	..	1.1	na	..	..	147.0
Rural small nursing home supplement									
2006-07	..	6.8	na	3.9	..	15.0	..	0.2	25.9
2007-08	..	6.8	na	..	..	14.1	..	0.1	21.0
2008-09	..	6.8	na	..	..	14.8	..	0.1	21.8
2009-10	..	7.0	na	..	..	14.1	..	0.1	21.2
2010-11	..	6.2	na	0.3	..	16.0	..	..	22.6
2011-12	..	3.8	na	..	..	17.3	..	..	21.1
2012-13	..	4.0	na	0.3	..	13.1	..	..	17.4
2013-14	..	4.1	na	0.5	..	14.3	..	..	18.9

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

Table 13A.10 State and Territory governments' aged care related expenditure (\$2013-14 million) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	These data are experimental or aged care related, but are not included in calculations of recurrent expenditure in the Report.								
(c)	In NSW, not all recipients of Post Acute Packages of Care are aged 70 years or over.								
(d)	In Victoria, 67 per cent of recipients of Post Acute packages of care were aged over 60 years and 50 per cent over 70 years of age.								
(e)	Tasmania provides substantial non-HACC funded nursing services to post-acute clients in the community. However, as these are not counted discretely it is not possible to quantify or cost the services.								
(f)	In Queensland, Enterprise Bargaining Agreement (EBA) expenditure includes all additional funding including depreciation provided for operations of State owned and operated Residential Aged Care Facilities. Rural Small Nursing Home Supplement expenditure is included with EBA supplement. In Tasmania, while it finances an EBA supplement to registered nursing staff it is not possible to quantify the amount of that supplement in relation to its aged care services as they are delivered in integrated settings and programs. Data for 2012-13 are not directly comparable to previous years, as improved accounting methods have resulted in better attribution and identification of costs related to aged care in some regions.								
(g)	While Tasmania finances an EBA supplement to registered nursing staff it is not always possible to quantify the amount of that supplement in relation to its aged care services as they are delivered in integrated settings and programs.								
	na Not available. ... Not applicable.								

Source: State and Territory governments (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.11

Table 13A.11 **Real capital expenditure on aged care services (2013-14 \$million) (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (c)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2006-07</i>									
Australian Government									
Rural and Regional Building Fund and Capital Infrastructure (e), (f)	20.9	4.9	8.7	8.1	3.9	8.4	–	2.2	57.0
State and territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	na	na	na	na	na	na	..	na	na
<i>2007-08</i>									
Australian Government									
Rural and Regional Building Fund and Capital Infrastructure (e), (f)	13.0	8.5	9.0	10.3	3.4	8.4	–	3.9	56.1
State and territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	46.3	37.9	11.2	2.6	4.3	1.2	..	2.3	103.5
<i>2008-09</i>									
Australian Government									
Rural and Regional Building Fund and Capital Infrastructure (e), (f)	16.8	8.3	8.1	6.0	2.3	2.1	–	1.1	44.3
State and territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	77.6	5.9	12.9	2.5	na	..	..	98.9
<i>2009-10</i>									
Australian Government									
Rural and Regional Building Fund and Capital Infrastructure (e), (f)	15.2	7.7	6.0	1.4	1.6	2.6	–	3.9	38.4
State and territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	3.3	10.5	1.2	1.1	na	..	..	16.1
<i>2010-11</i>									
Australian Government									
Rural and Regional Building Fund and Capital Infrastructure (e), (f)	5.9	6.5	0.4	1.3	4.2	3.4	1.8	–	23.5
State and Territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	14.4	17.7	..	0.7	na	..	..	32.8

Table 13A.11 Real capital expenditure on aged care services (2013-14 \$million) (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (c)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12									
Australian Government									
Rural and Remote Building Fund (g)	9.1	12.1	0.6	2.9	–	2.8	–	0.7	28.2
State and Territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	18.3	2.0	..	1.6	na	..	..	22.0
2012-13									
Australian Government									
Rural and Remote Building Fund (g)	11.4	11.8	6.3	0.5	1.2	3.6	–	4.9	39.7
State and Territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	41.0	..	..	1.4	na	..	..	42.5
2013-14									
Australian Government									
Rural and Remote Building Fund (g), (h)	4.1	2.3	11.3	3.8	0.4	0.3	–	3.9	26.1
State and Territory governments									
Capital expenditure on aged care residential services	..	5.5	..	..	0.5	na	..	..	6.0

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) These expenditure data are not included in calculations of recurrent expenditure.

(c) While Tasmania maintains a regular maintenance and capital renewal program for all its facilities it is not always able to quantify its capital expenditure on aged care services only.

(d) Capital expenditure in 2007-08 by NT Government was gifted lands.

(e) Rural and Regional Building Fund/ Rural and Remote Building Fund expenditure is to assist aged care residential services in rural or remote locations which target people who have less access to residential aged care, that are unable to meet the cost of necessary capital works from the income they receive through resident accommodation payments (accommodation bonds and accommodation charges and the capital component of Australian Government recurrent funding).

(f) Capital Infrastructure (remote and Indigenous services) expenditure is to assist services providing aged care to Indigenous people and remote communities.

(g) From 2011-12 onwards, Capital Infrastructure expenditure (Remote and Indigenous Services) will not be included in this table. This expenditure will now be included in Aged Care Service Improvement and Healthy Ageing Grants which forms part of Workforce and Quality and Ageing and Service Improvement in Table 13A.4.

na Not available. .. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.12

Table 13A.12 Australian Government (DVA) Veterans' Home Care (VHC) and Community Nursing programs, 2013-14

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Veterans approved for VHC services (a)										
Type of service										
Domestic assistance	no.	19 798	11 921	12 795	4 552	4 495	2 088	1 039	71	56 616
Home and garden maintenance	no.	5 416	5 395	3 968	2 235	1 644	1 129	268	17	20 066
Personal care	no.	996	1 467	116	214	369	187	35	6	3 385
Respite	no.	2 872	2 451	1 799	443	496	552	115	12	8 724
Total (b)	no.	21 851	13 979	14 108	5 196	5 119	2 450	1 144	83	63 741
Average number of hours approved per year for non-transitional veterans (a), (c)										
Domestic assistance	hrs/year	36	37	35	43	36	43	39	34	37
Home and garden maintenance	hrs/year	3	4	5	3	3	5	4	2	4
Personal care	hrs/year	35	39	31	31	31	41	21	6	36
Respite	hrs/year	124	127	116	107	119	109	110	97	121
Average for all services	hrs/year	51	59	48	49	47	66	48	44	52
Approvals for veterans aged under 65 (d)	no.	437	280	564	156	154	73	46	10	1 912
Approvals for veterans aged 65 years or over (d)	no.	21 414	13 699	13 544	5 040	4 965	2 377	1 098	73	61 829
VHC expense (e)										
Service provision (f)	\$'000	25 730	17 740	16 494	7 235	6 323	3 436	1 417	82	78 457
Assessment/Coordination	\$'000	3 020	1 950	1 980	765	716	346	158	11	8 946
Total VHC expense	\$'000	28 749	19 691	18 474	8 000	7 039	3 782	1 575	93	87 403
Average expense per client (g)	\$	1 369	1 495	1 360	1 579	1 417	1 597	1 420	1 240	1 429
Veterans receiving Community Nursing services (h)										
Type of service										
Clinical care (i)	no.	6 221	2 963	2 677	857	1 009	429	183	15	14 342
Personal Care	no.	6 723	1 556	2 825	690	692	621	308	11	13 403
Medication management	no.	876	895	509	73	334	103	14	–	2 804
Palliative Care	no.	355	286	275	59	62	36	–	–	1 072

TABLE 13A.12

Table 13A.12 Australian Government (DVA) Veterans' Home Care (VHC) and Community Nursing programs, 2013-14

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Other	no.	596	262	426	58	131	56	8	–	1 537
Total (j)	no.	11 223	4 796	5 365	1 467	1 729	982	431	23	25 977
Veterans aged under 65 years	no.	144	53	110	28	32	15	9	–	390
Veterans aged 65 years or over	no.	11 079	4 743	5 255	1 439	1 699	967	422	21	25 587
Average number of hours provided per client per 28 day claiming period (k), (l)	no.	9.0	9.1	8.9	11.2	9.2	12.2	16.5	18.9	9.3
Veterans Community Nursing expense										
Total program expense (m)	\$'000	60 000	21 000	23 000	6 000	8 000	6 000	3 000	76	127 000
Average expense per client (n)	\$	649	739	668	760	785	788	878	790	689

- (a) Veterans approved for VHC Services' and the 'Average number of hours approved per year for non-transitional veterans' relate to services that were approved to occur but not necessarily provided in the reference year.
- (b) Individual service totals will not add to the all services total because veterans may be approved for more than one service. In addition, State/Territory totals may slightly exceed total Australia figure as some veterans move State during the year and are counted in each State of residence.
- (c) Transitional veterans are those veterans who transferred to the VHC program from the HACC program, often with grandfathered service and/or fee levels, and so may have been approved for higher hours of service than other VHC clients. Veterans who do not transfer from the HACC program are referred to as 'non-transitional'.
- (d) These figures are approximations only; the data has been derived from percentage age distributions sourced from a separate data set.
- (e) VHC expense figures as at 30 June 2014.
- (f) The Service Provision expense figures do not include fees for respite care services, as these are paid under separate appropriations. Social Assistance is also not included. The 2013-14 appropriation for in-home and emergency respite was \$21.5 million. Residential respite is funded under the aged care appropriation and separate figures are not available.
- (g) Average expense per client figures are for core VHC services only; that is, they exclude Respite Services (in-home, emergency and residential) as these are paid under separate appropriations. They also exclude Social Assistance.
- (h) Due to the very small number of clients, some ACT client numbers have been included with NSW and some NT client numbers have been included with SA.
- (i) DVA's Community Nursing Program moved to a new Classification System from March 2010 – all clinical care is now covered under one classification.

Table 13A.12 **Australian Government (DVA) Veterans' Home Care (VHC) and Community Nursing programs, 2013-14**

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
(j)	Individual State/Territory totals may not add up to the total for Australia because veterans can move between states. Individual service totals may not add up to the total for all services because veterans can move between service types.									
(k)	DVA Community Nursing services are provided under a casemix model using a 28-day claiming cycle, with clients classified into categories based on care interventions. As a substantial proportion of clients receive services for well under 12 months, the average hours per 28-day claim period more accurately reflects the average service levels received by clients.									
(l)	Estimated as some data on hours provided are not available.									
(m)	Total Program Expense data are at 18 September 2014. Figures are subject to significant claiming lag and may therefore be subject to revision. These figures may also differ slightly from the figures published in the DVA annual report for this reason. Total program expenses reported does not include an additional \$2 million that was spent on wound management consumables.									
(n)	Average expenses do not include wound management consumables.									
	– Nil or rounded to zero.									

Source: DVA (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.13

Table 13A.13 Australian Government (DVA) residential aged care clients (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
DVA residential aged care subsidy										
Total real expenditure including payroll tax supplement (d)										
2005-06	\$m	352.1	237.7	204.9	78.3	97.5	33.3	9.7	2.2	1 015.7
2006-07	\$m	366.3	250.8	211.9	78.1	103.8	33.3	11.2	1.0	1 056.4
2007-08	\$m	375.5	257.9	210.6	80.4	105.7	33.4	11.6	1.0	1 076.1
2008-09	\$m	374.9	257.7	209.9	82.5	107.5	32.3	11.4	0.9	1 077.0
2009-10	\$m	395.3	271.6	255.8	85.8	112.5	35.2	11.5	1.1	1 168.8
2010-11	\$m	449.2	310.6	253.4	93.9	124.3	36.5	13.8	1.3	1 283.0
2011-12	\$m	469.5	326.9	274.0	96.6	127.2	39.3	14.5	1.2	1 349.2
2012-13	\$m	455.0	320.1	266.5	98.8	123.4	40.2	13.4	1.2	1 319.4
2013-14	\$m	447.3	319.7	269.6	101.4	118.9	39.0	13.7	1.1	1 310.6
Excluding payroll tax supplement (d)										
2005-06	\$m	345.3	232.7	202.2	76.7	96.2	33.1	9.6	2.2	997.9
2006-07	\$m	359.2	245.5	209.1	76.5	102.4	33.0	11.0	1.0	1 037.8
2007-08	\$m	368.4	252.4	207.6	78.6	104.5	33.2	11.4	1.0	1 057.2
2008-09	\$m	368.1	252.4	207.1	80.9	106.3	32.1	11.3	0.9	1 059.0
2009-10	\$m	388.6	265.9	252.9	84.3	111.3	34.9	11.4	1.1	1 150.4
2010-11	\$m	441.8	303.8	250.1	92.1	122.9	36.3	13.7	1.3	1 262.1
2011-12	\$m	461.6	319.2	270.2	94.6	125.8	39.0	14.4	1.2	1 325.9
2012-13	\$m	445.8	310.6	261.9	96.4	121.8	39.8	13.3	1.2	1 291.5
2013-14	\$m	438.7	310.6	264.8	98.9	117.6	38.8	13.4	1.1	1 284.0
Total clients (e), (f), (g)										
30 June 2006	no.	8 918	6 357	5 149	1 992	2 391	787	295	27	25 916
30 June 2007	no.	9 245	6 629	5 316	2 027	2 440	786	330	23	26 796
30 June 2008	no.	9 195	6 602	5 288	2 068	2 456	813	335	26	26 783
30 June 2009	no.	8 789	6 235	5 055	1 934	2 337	763	292	np	25 405

TABLE 13A.13

Table 13A.13 Australian Government (DVA) residential aged care clients (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
30 June 2010	no.	8 793	6 211	5 045	1 853	2 304	779	267	21	25 273
30 June 2011	no.	9 613	6 743	5 352	1 957	2 437	798	321	23	27 244
30 June 2012	no.	9 706	6 793	5 462	2 014	2 373	799	315	26	27 488
30 June 2013	no.	9 677	6 648	5 283	1 997	2 364	801	341	21	27 132
30 June 2014	no.	8 636	6 063	4 951	1 832	2 142	722	312	20	24 678
Total real expenditure per client, including payroll tax supplement										
2005-06	\$	39 479.39	37 399.41	39 788.67	39 309.47	40 762.44	42 351.74	32 958.71	81 537.00	39 193.15
2006-07	\$	39 622.85	37 836.82	39 855.33	38 552.00	42 520.66	42 360.12	33 890.56	43 023.27	39 422.59
2007-08	\$	40 837.48	39 069.52	39 824.21	38 855.12	43 033.23	41 087.00	34 727.18	39 897.68	40 180.23
2008-09	\$	42 657.05	41 336.77	41 514.52	42 632.92	45 986.40	42 324.49	39 081.92	np	42 395.14
2009-10	\$	44 957.18	43 724.73	50 702.32	46 329.24	48 848.58	45 163.02	43 078.37	50 937.48	46 247.96
2010-11	\$	46 725.57	46 058.30	47 354.63	47 961.31	50 995.07	45 778.78	43 074.20	58 240.74	47 093.64
2011-12	\$	48 369.96	48 128.25	50 169.46	47 976.19	53 597.80	49 149.01	46 012.40	45 847.06	49 083.50
2012-13	\$	47 022.45	48 157.07	50 447.49	49 470.37	52 192.50	50 152.78	39 409.11	57 027.65	48 629.49
2013-14	\$	51 792.70	52 726.60	54 444.74	55 324.77	55 501.57	54 048.83	43 854.40	56 567.08	53 107.85
Total real expenditure per client, excluding payroll tax supplement										
2005-06	\$	38 720.73	36 602.18	39 267.67	38 485.65	40 226.74	42 076.49	32 446.39	80 883.95	38 505.40
2006-07	\$	38 855.01	37 040.17	39 325.96	37 743.63	41 982.12	42 047.70	33 381.52	42 476.10	38 729.48
2007-08	\$	40 060.58	38 231.40	39 267.48	38 014.40	42 534.37	40 841.58	34 173.36	39 628.40	39 471.69
2008-09	\$	41 877.75	40 484.39	40 974.23	41 806.29	45 482.89	42 027.58	38 570.60	np	41 684.56
2009-10	\$	44 195.14	42 816.43	50 132.98	45 484.33	48 319.96	44 821.54	42 659.24	50 517.65	45 520.52
2010-11	\$	45 960.70	45 058.23	46 731.10	47 071.59	50 424.54	45 456.61	42 692.03	57 891.92	46 324.56
2011-12	\$	47 559.46	46 983.17	49 468.18	46 976.77	53 003.86	48 805.27	45 604.78	45 414.02	48 235.42
2012-13	\$	46 066.58	46 722.30	49 572.62	48 250.80	51 529.84	49 741.25	38 956.82	56 691.63	47 600.99
2013-14	\$	50 802.81	51 235.99	53 489.33	53 987.98	54 887.70	53 691.43	43 030.01	56 475.48	52 030.07

TABLE 13A.13

Table 13A.13 Australian Government (DVA) residential aged care clients (a), (b), (c)

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total eligible veterans										
Veterans aged under 65 years										
30 June 2011	no.	14 486	9 239	19 312	6 351	4 385	2 244	2 097	778	58 892
30 June 2012	no.	13 153	8 450	18 185	5 880	3 936	2 097	1 966	755	54 422
30 June 2013	no.	12 203	7 697	17 461	5 458	3 579	1 560	1 928	724	50 610
30 June 2014	no.	12 125	7 686	18 037	5 550	3 622	1 977	2 101	806	51 904
Veterans aged 65 years or over (h)										
30 June 2011	no.	62 999	42 501	41 117	15 407	14 914	6 221	3 168	386	186 713
30 June 2012	no.	59 826	40 173	40 439	15 061	14 267	6 015	3 179	418	179 378
30 June 2013	no.	56 811	38 086	39 526	14 734	13 670	5 282	3 158	435	171 702
30 June 2014	no.	53 848	35 888	39 054	14 470	13 107	5 663	3 167	461	165 658
Expenditure per eligible veterans aged 65 years or over										
30 June 2011	no.	7 129.84	7 307.38	6 163.92	6 092.05	8 332.77	5 872.28	4 364.53	3 470.30	6 871.61
30 June 2012	no.	7 847.41	8 138.18	6 776.27	6 415.51	8 914.81	6 528.69	4 559.27	2 851.73	7 521.59
30 June 2013	no.	8 009.65	8 405.93	6 742.75	6 705.06	9 025.83	7 605.52	4 255.39	2 753.06	7 684.33
30 June 2014	no.	8 306.38	8 907.75	6 902.13	7 004.49	9 070.30	6 890.92	4 320.36	2 454.10	7 911.45
Veterans in residential care per 1000 eligible veterans 65 years or over										
30 June 2011	no.	152.6	158.7	130.2	127.0	163.4	128.3	101.3	59.6	145.9
30 June 2012	no.	162.2	169.1	135.1	133.7	166.3	132.8	99.1	62.2	153.2
30 June 2013	no.	170.3	174.6	133.7	135.5	172.9	151.6	108.0	48.3	158.0
30 June 2014	no.	160.4	168.9	126.8	126.6	163.4	127.5	98.5	43.4	149.0

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.

(c) The figures are subject to lag and may therefore be subject to revision. All figures on the number of, and expenditure on, veterans in residential aged care are sourced from the DSS.

Table 13A.13 **Australian Government (DVA) residential aged care clients (a), (b), (c)**

Unit	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(d) The payroll tax figures for 2012-13 have been estimated.

(e) The Tasmanian client number includes overseas clients.

(f) The NT client number figures for 2009 have been included with SA given the very small number of clients.

(g) The State/Territory figures for 2011 have been estimated.

(h) The category 'Veterans 65 years or over' includes those whose age is unknown.

np Not published.

Source: DVA unpublished; table2A.51.

TABLE 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2005-06</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	67 977	51 342	28 597	17 002	14 403	4 633	2 927	842	187 723
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	11 945	9 073	5 971	3 094	3 184	973	451	625	35 316
EACH — operational places (c)	816	718	424	205	230	55	67	60	2 575
EACH-D — operational places (c)	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Community Care Grants (e)	16	8	15	5	1	1	–	1	47
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	13	4	4	5	1	3	3	43
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	34 551	27 469	20 395	8 722	9 333	3 454	2 734	1 539	108 197
Day Therapy Centres — services	43	24	30	14	27	7	1	2	148
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	545 290
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	59 340	20 217	57 557	18 910	16 293	6 612	4 671	636	184 236
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	5 666	5 188	3 738	1 965	1 947	688	254	153	na
<i>2006-07</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	67 178	50 288	27 934	18 171	16 494	4 993	2 807	879	188 744
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	12 686	9 560	6 622	3 375	3 351	1 023	489	641	37 747
EACH — operational places (c)	1 083	882	527	292	286	75	87	70	3 302
EACH-D — operational places (c)	450	326	216	76	111	38	30	20	1 267
Community Care Grants (e)	10	8	18	1	1	3	1	2	44
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	13	3	4	6	1	3	3	45
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	34 392	32 258	30 004	9 596	10 519	5 600	3 874	3 560	129 803
Day Therapy Centres — services	43	24	30	14	27	7	1	2	148
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	452 300
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	64 141	28 671	60 152	24 168	18 534	6 702	4 148	793	207 309
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	6 163	5 670	4 099	2 194	2 090	706	248	174	21 344

TABLE 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2007-08</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	66 860	50 029	30 030	17 910	15 642	5 215	2 282	999	188 967
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	13 573	10 203	7 053	3 597	3 563	1 071	514	661	40 235
EACH — operational places (c)	1 415	1 106	667	406	345	112	110	83	4 244
EACH-D — operational places (c)	675	497	346	174	169	60	45	30	1 996
Community Care Grants (e)	16	10	16	6	2	6	–	7	63
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	13	3	4	5	1	3	3	42
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	44 901	26 760	25 716	7 418	9 100	5 791	3 683	2 138	125 507
Day Therapy Centres — services	43	27	30	14	24	7	1	2	148
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	591 866
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	57 142	22 616	62 842	23 872	16 648	6 579	2 818	648	193 165
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme - people assisted (h)	11 802	11 717	9 547	3 690	4 131	1 362	792	298	43 339
<i>2008-09</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	70 876	53 027	31 716	19 175	16 216	5 625	2 069	1 081	199 785
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	13 567	10 135	6 972	3 927	3 464	1 029	514	587	40 195
EACH — operational places (c)	1 432	1 120	697	557	355	123	111	83	4 478
EACH-D — operational places (c)	675	497	351	194	174	70	45	30	2 036
Community Care Grants (e)	4	1	2	4	–	7	–	2	20
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	13	3	4	5	1	3	3	42
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	40 505	26 942	29 880	8 670	8 492	7 558	3 654	1 803	127 504
Day Therapy Centres — services	41	23	30	14	27	7	1	2	145
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	276 312
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	62 338	24 101	66 652	25 754	16 132	7 088	3 694	714	206 473
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	18 047	17 096	15 233	4 827	5 721	1 753	968	376	64 021

TABLE 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2009-10</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	71 894	52 577	31 947	19 638	16 657	5 630	2 284	968	201 595
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	14 341	10 665	7 989	4 233	3 656	1 163	604	709	43 360
EACH — operational places (c)	1 723	1 366	982	719	399	152	146	100	5 587
EACH-D — operational places (c)	792	569	533	321	194	86	50	38	2 583
Community Care Grants (e)	26	25	26	25	9	8	3	8	130
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	13	3	4	5	1	3	3	42
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	48 710	31 864	27 369	10 432	9 815	9 947	3 622	1 628	143 387
Day Therapy Centres — services	41	24	30	14	27	7	1	2	146
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	374 695
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	64 755	25 724	69 919	22 976	16 315	6 328	2 590	421	209 028
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	22 962	22 450	19 039	6 099	7 312	2 025	1 108	420	81 415
<i>2010-11</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b), (i)	60 562	49 776	29 096	19 447	16 533	4 994	2 212	959	183 579
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	15 180	11 147	8 591	4 740	3 817	1 207	686	758	46 126
EACH — operational places (c)	2 193	1 695	1 794	1 579	434	178	296	109	8 278
EACH-D — operational places (c)	965	783	992	837	212	104	136	38	4 067
Community Care Grants (e)	14	28	18	16	1	3	4	5	89
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	14	5	4	5	1	3	3	45
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	40 554	30 814	26 787	9 952	9 034	9 229	2 418	1 689	130 477
Day Therapy Centres — services	38	23	29	13	27	6	1	2	139
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	301 526
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	99 342	40 384	84 087	31 707	22 480	8 531	3 110	1 970	291 611
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	25 366	23 755	19 136	6 500	8 052	2 069	1 128	370	86 376

TABLE 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2011-12</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	59 499	49 210	28 677	19 106	13 625	4 864	1 942	1 057	177 980
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	15 736	11 854	8 664	4 775	4 078	1 224	691	804	47 826
EACH — operational places (c)	2 248	1 731	1 818	1 902	447	186	329	120	8 781
EACH-D — operational places (c)	993	797	1 008	999	228	109	158	50	4 342
Community Care Grants (e)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	10	14	5	4	5	1	3	3	45
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	32 932	24 915	21 780	8 798	7 939	8 626	2 563	1 657	109 210
Day Therapy Centres — services	36	23	29	13	27	6	1	2	137
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	33 360	30 282	24 887	9 393	7 210	1 192	1 799	2 096	110 219
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	174 031	63 020	137 885	65 042	36 977	13 768	6 250	5 388	502 361
Continence Aids Assistance Scheme — people assisted (h)	31 872	29 697	22 836	7 539	10 041	2 443	1 272	450	106 150
<i>2012-13</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	60 171	51 382	30 045	18 382	13 641	5 170	2 294	1 044	182 129
CACP — operational places (c), (d)	15 750	11 858	8 685	4 803	4 093	1 234	691	823	47 937
EACH — operational places (c)	2 248	1 748	1 818	1 902	447	186	329	120	8 798
EACH-D — operational places (c)	993	807	1 008	999	228	109	158	50	4 352
Community Care Grants (e)	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	12	15	4	5	9	3	3	3	54
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	34 262	25 646	21 491	7 697	10 514	5 843	3 341	1 577	110 371
Day Therapy Centres — services	37	20	31	13	40	6	1	2	150
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	43 912	86 857	85 834	88 533	23 148	9 820	18 534	16 695	373 333
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	186 225	65 213	144 690	91 536	38 896	18 536	6 776	2 581	554 453
Continence Aids Payment Scheme — people assisted (h)	33 625	31 442	23 596	7 945	10 728	2 510	1 319	477	111 642

TABLE 13A.14

Table 13A.14 Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2013-14</i>									
Aged Care Assessment — assessments (a), (b)	60 996	53 374	30 640	18 097	13 338	4 854	2 089	892	184 280
Home Care level 1 — operational places (c)	485	350	245	30	135	50	—	8	1 303
Home Care level 2 — operational places (c), (d)	16 822	12 712	9 465	4 833	4 292	1 284	691	863	50 962
Home Care level 3 — operational places (c)	375	272	210	10	100	35	—	8	1 010
Home Care level 4 — operational places (c)	3 451	2 705	2 897	2 911	746	308	487	174	13 679
Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged — projects	12	15	4	5	9	3	3	4	55
National Respite for Carers — people assisted (f)	31 981	23 551	20 678	9 850	8 429	7 258	3 399	1 610	106 756
Day Therapy Centres — services	37	21	29	14	38	6	1	2	148
Carers Information and Support — items distributed	46 357	9 971	88 636	81 731	19 340	14 559	11 973	4 647	277 214
Commonwealth Carelink Centres — instances of assistance (g)	109 714	39 112	91 689	45 552	26 865	10 376	4 281	1 995	329 584
Continence Aids Payment Scheme — people assisted (h)	38 738	34 019	22 763	7 968	12 509	2 606	1 166	411	120 180

- (a) Aged Care Assessment — assessments data are for the financial year before the one noted in the heading. For example, for 2013-14 the data are for 2012-13 and for 2012-13 the data are for 2011-12. Data for 2011-12 and 2012-13 were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective dates of 31 August 2013 and 31 August 2014 respectively. Future extracts of this data may change and thus alter final numbers.
- (b) Aged care assessments includes all completed assessments for all age groups. (Incomplete assessments are not included).
- (c) Operational places/packages as at 30 June. For 2011-12 and 2012-13, CACP data includes the flexible community low places under Consumer Directed Care (CDC) and EACH data includes CDC high care places. EACH-D row includes CDC high care dementia places. On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages.
- (d) For data up to 2012-13 (except for 2008-09), CACP places include community care places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care program, Multi-Purpose Services (MPS) and Innovative Care. For 2013-14, flexible Home Care places under the National Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Level 2.
- (e) Community Care Grants: funding and support for those activities previously supported through the provision of Community Care Grants has been consolidated within the Aged Care Services Improvement and Healthy Ageing Grants Fund.
- (f) National Respite for Carers includes carers assisted through Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres. Numbers in 2011-12 may be less than actual carers assisted as not all Centres submitted data for all quarters.

Table 13A.14 **Australian Government Activity Measures on selected Aged Care Programs**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(g) Commonwealth Carelink Centres refers to number of instances of assistance, not carers assisted. Numbers of instances of assistance are less than actual instances of assistance as Carelink data for Access Points is not available.									
(h) Number of clients at 30 June.									
(i) For 2010-11, Aged Care Assessment Program data for NSW and SA in the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse includes an unknown number of duplicate records created by a range of database changes and/or Aged Care Assessment Team amalgamations undertaken by the respective state governments. This has a flow-on effect on the national figures.									

na Not available. .. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS/DoHA (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Number of places										
Religious										
June 2006	no.	17 805	7 149	12 379	4 509	4 468	1 643	366	239	48 558
June 2007	no.	17 955	7 363	12 378	4 427	4 569	1 724	650	249	49 315
June 2008	no.	17 582	7 381	12 505	4 688	4 509	1 847	771	249	49 532
June 2009	no.	17 842	7 285	12 700	4 667	4 600	1 935	654	249	49 932
June 2010	no.	17 857	7 091	12 703	4 936	4 570	1 935	832	279	50 203
June 2011	no.	17 285	7 016	12 405	4 961	4 612	2 043	761	344	49 427
June 2012	no.	17 752	7 193	12 513	4 879	4 691	2 086	761	384	50 259
June 2013	no.	17 891	7 569	12 425	4 837	4 713	2 086	686	384	50 591
June 2014	no.	17 343	7 465	12 674	4 829	4 800	2 086	513	328	50 038
Private for-profit										
June 2006	no.	16 570	19 072	7 330	4 701	3 694	550	348	50	52 315
June 2007	no.	17 538	19 600	7 649	4 836	3 822	518	354	–	54 317
June 2008	no.	18 343	21 000	8 154	5 026	3 817	518	354	–	57 212
June 2009	no.	19 099	22 120	8 613	5 039	3 895	521	446	–	59 733
June 2010	no.	19 950	23 090	9 421	5 482	3 965	531	421	–	62 860
June 2011	no.	20 453	23 611	9 876	5 391	4 105	531	435	–	64 402
June 2012	no.	20 933	24 127	10 468	5 571	4 131	670	435	–	66 335
June 2013	no.	21 303	24 464	10 644	5 842	4 141	641	435	–	67 470
June 2014	no.	21 899	25 501	10 997	6 016	5 357	616	456	–	70 842
Community-based (b)										
June 2006	no.	8 618	6 570	3 539	1 673	2 053	1 074	125	66	23 718
June 2007	no.	8 924	6 569	3 668	1 684	2 082	1 078	125	66	24 196
June 2008	no.	9 192	6 635	3 595	1 679	2 095	1 005	125	66	24 392
June 2009	no.	9 161	6 434	3 496	1 808	2 116	1 007	125	66	24 213

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2010	no.	9 475	6 581	3 433	1 868	2 044	1 007	223	66	24 697
June 2011	no.	9 775	6 551	3 381	1 898	2 022	1 012	225	66	24 930
June 2012	no.	9 761	6 706	3 250	1 901	2 041	857	225	26	24 767
June 2013	no.	9 945	6 847	3 194	1 879	2 089	869	225	26	25 074
June 2014	no.	10 247	6 959	3 262	1 874	2 163	878	398	26	25 807
Charitable (c)										
June 2006	no.	11 559	2 600	4 102	2 231	4 046	960	755	80	26 333
June 2007	no.	11 482	2 874	4 443	2 257	4 079	903	507	130	26 675
June 2008	no.	12 353	2 963	4 672	2 393	4 676	930	543	130	28 615
June 2009	no.	12 738	3 339	4 851	2 516	4 516	970	543	165	29 638
June 2010	no.	13 196	3 496	5 264	2 210	4 610	970	543	135	30 424
June 2011	no.	14 282	3 410	5 685	2 490	4 628	971	610	135	32 211
June 2012	no.	14 438	3 410	5 635	2 461	4 722	973	610	135	32 384
June 2013	no.	14 699	3 449	5 592	2 481	4 818	993	704	135	32 871
June 2014	no.	15 422	3 785	5 502	2 481	3 749	1 122	706	135	32 902
State and Territory government										
June 2006	no.	817	6 000	1 536	72	1 041	110	–	–	9 576
June 2007	no.	811	5 973	1 536	98	1 041	115	–	–	9 574
June 2008	no.	804	5 904	1 552	66	925	91	–	–	9 387
June 2009	no.	776	5 917	1 496	66	832	87	–	–	9 174
June 2010	no.	776	5 939	1 501	66	832	87	–	–	9 201
June 2011	no.	612	5 923	1 501	66	832	87	–	–	9 021
June 2012	no.	539	5 847	1 501	66	894	87	–	–	8 934
June 2013	no.	539	5 534	1 288	66	908	87	–	–	8 422
June 2014	no.	405	5 480	1 176	66	864	87	–	–	8 078

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Local government										
June 2006	no.	738	1 039	238	564	373	16	..	–	2 968
June 2007	no.	742	1 039	233	542	421	16	..	–	2 993
June 2008	no.	760	887	202	400	429	16	..	–	2 694
June 2009	no.	781	777	205	327	429	16	..	–	2 535
June 2010	no.	655	732	205	327	429	16	..	–	2 364
June 2011	no.	637	732	170	327	429	16	..	–	2 311
June 2012	no.	468	480	170	327	430	16	..	–	1 891
June 2013	no.	447	480	150	327	430	16	..	–	1 850
June 2014	no.	447	315	135	287	432	–	..	–	1 616
Total										
June 2006	no.	56 107	42 430	29 124	13 750	15 675	4 353	1 594	435	163 468
June 2007	no.	57 452	43 418	29 907	13 844	16 014	4 354	1 636	445	167 070
June 2008	no.	59 034	44 770	30 680	14 252	16 451	4 407	1 793	445	171 832
June 2009	no.	60 397	45 872	31 361	14 423	16 388	4 536	1 768	480	175 225
June 2010	no.	61 909	46 929	32 527	14 889	16 450	4 546	2 019	480	179 749
June 2011	no.	63 044	47 243	33 018	15 133	16 628	4 660	2 031	545	182 302
June 2012	no.	63 891	47 763	33 537	15 205	16 909	4 689	2 031	545	184 570
June 2013	no.	64 824	48 343	33 293	15 432	17 099	4 692	2 050	545	186 278
June 2014	no.	65 763	49 505	33 746	15 553	17 365	4 789	2 073	489	189 283
Proportion of total places										
Religious										
June 2006	%	31.7	16.8	42.5	32.8	28.5	37.7	23.0	54.9	29.7
June 2007	%	31.3	17.0	41.4	32.0	28.5	39.6	39.7	56.0	29.5
June 2008	%	29.8	16.5	40.8	32.9	27.4	41.9	43.0	56.0	28.8
June 2009	%	29.5	15.9	40.5	32.4	28.1	42.7	37.0	51.9	28.5

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2010	%	28.8	15.1	39.1	33.2	27.8	42.6	41.2	58.1	27.9
June 2011	%	27.4	14.9	37.6	32.8	27.7	43.8	37.5	63.1	27.1
June 2012	%	27.8	15.1	37.3	32.1	27.7	44.5	37.5	70.5	27.2
June 2013	%	27.6	15.7	37.3	31.3	27.6	44.5	33.5	70.5	27.2
June 2014	%	26.4	15.1	37.6	31.0	27.6	43.6	24.7	67.1	26.4
Private for-profit										
June 2006	%	29.5	44.9	25.2	34.2	23.6	12.6	21.8	11.5	32.0
June 2007	%	30.5	45.1	25.6	34.9	23.9	11.9	21.6	–	32.5
June 2008	%	31.1	46.9	26.6	35.3	23.2	11.8	19.7	–	33.3
June 2009	%	31.6	48.2	27.5	34.9	23.8	11.5	25.2	–	34.1
June 2010	%	32.2	49.2	29.0	36.8	24.1	11.7	20.9	–	35.0
June 2011	%	32.4	50.0	29.9	35.6	24.7	11.4	21.4	–	35.3
June 2012	%	32.8	50.5	31.2	36.6	24.4	14.3	21.4	–	35.9
June 2013	%	32.9	50.6	32.0	37.9	24.2	13.7	21.2	–	36.2
June 2014	%	33.3	51.5	32.6	38.7	30.8	12.9	22.0	–	37.4
Community-based (b)										
June 2006	%	15.4	15.5	12.2	12.2	13.1	24.7	7.8	15.2	14.5
June 2007	%	15.5	15.1	12.3	12.2	13.0	24.8	7.6	14.8	14.5
June 2008	%	15.6	14.8	11.7	11.8	12.7	22.8	7.0	14.8	14.2
June 2009	%	15.2	14.0	11.1	12.5	12.9	22.2	7.1	13.8	13.8
June 2010	%	15.3	14.0	10.6	12.5	12.4	22.2	11.0	13.8	13.7
June 2011	%	15.5	13.9	10.2	12.5	12.2	21.7	11.1	12.1	13.7
June 2012	%	15.3	14.0	9.7	12.5	12.1	18.3	11.1	4.8	13.4
June 2013	%	15.3	14.2	9.6	12.2	12.2	18.5	11.0	4.8	13.5
June 2014	%	15.6	14.1	9.7	12.0	12.5	18.3	19.2	5.3	13.6
Charitable (c)										

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2006	%	20.6	6.1	14.1	16.2	25.8	22.1	47.4	18.4	16.1
June 2007	%	20.0	6.6	14.9	16.3	25.5	20.7	31.0	29.2	16.0
June 2008	%	20.9	6.6	15.2	16.8	28.4	21.1	30.3	29.2	16.7
June 2009	%	21.1	7.3	15.5	17.4	27.6	21.4	30.7	34.4	16.9
June 2010	%	21.3	7.4	16.2	14.8	28.0	21.3	26.9	28.1	16.9
June 2011	%	22.7	7.2	17.2	16.5	27.8	20.8	30.0	24.8	17.7
June 2012	%	22.6	7.1	16.8	16.2	27.9	20.8	30.0	24.8	17.5
June 2013	%	22.7	7.1	16.8	16.1	28.2	21.2	34.3	24.8	17.6
June 2014	%	23.5	7.6	16.3	16.0	21.6	23.4	34.1	27.6	17.4
State or Territory government										
June 2006	%	1.5	14.1	5.3	0.5	6.6	2.5	–	–	5.9
June 2007	%	1.4	13.8	5.1	0.7	6.5	2.6	–	–	5.7
June 2008	%	1.4	13.2	5.1	0.5	5.6	2.1	–	–	5.5
June 2009	%	1.3	12.9	4.8	0.5	5.1	1.9	–	–	5.2
June 2010	%	1.3	12.7	4.6	0.4	5.1	1.9	–	–	5.1
June 2011	%	1.0	12.5	4.5	0.4	5.0	1.9	–	–	4.9
June 2012	%	0.8	12.2	4.5	0.4	5.3	1.9	–	–	4.8
June 2013	%	0.8	11.4	3.9	0.4	5.3	1.9	–	–	4.5
June 2014	%	0.6	11.1	3.5	0.4	5.0	1.8	–	–	4.3
Local government										
June 2006	%	1.3	2.4	0.8	4.1	2.4	0.4	..	–	1.8
June 2007	%	1.3	2.4	0.8	3.9	2.6	0.4	..	–	1.8
June 2008	%	1.3	2.0	0.7	2.8	2.6	0.4	..	–	1.6
June 2009	%	1.3	1.7	0.7	2.3	2.6	0.4	..	–	1.4
June 2010	%	1.1	1.6	0.6	2.2	2.6	0.4	..	–	1.3
June 2011	%	1.0	1.5	0.5	2.2	2.6	0.3	..	–	1.3

TABLE 13A.15

Table 13A.15 **Ownership of operational residential aged care places (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2012	%	0.7	1.0	0.5	2.2	2.5	0.3	..	–	1.0
June 2013	%	0.7	1.0	0.5	2.1	2.5	0.3	..	–	1.0
June 2014	%	0.7	0.6	0.4	1.8	2.5	–	..	–	0.9
Total										
June 2006	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2007	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2008	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2009	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2010	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2011	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2012	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2013	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
June 2014	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Data exclude flexible residential places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool program and Multi-Purpose Service Program

(b) Services to an identifiable community based on location or ethnicity, not for financial gain.

(c) Services to the general community or an appreciable section of the public, not for financial gain.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2007-08</i>										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	40 131	38 821	38 534	38 796	42 442	40 405	40 219	41 616	39 637
Proportion of residents										
Aged Care Funding Instrument (ACFI) (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	36.2	32.7	31.6	32.8	35.3	31.2	31.3	41.0	34.0
Medium	%	25.4	31.5	27.1	31.4	25.7	29.0	28.5	24.8	28.0
Low	%	28.9	26.8	30.6	26.8	32.6	28.7	31.6	28.6	28.8
Nil	%	9.5	9.0	10.7	9.1	6.3	11.2	8.6	5.7	9.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	36.7	35.2	29.0	36.5	43.9	25.9	33.4	23.8	35.3
Medium	%	22.7	22.8	26.3	23.1	19.3	28.4	23.7	37.1	23.2
Low	%	25.0	26.6	25.1	26.2	25.8	21.8	28.8	24.8	25.6
Nil	%	15.6	15.4	19.7	14.3	11.1	23.9	14.2	14.3	15.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	14.4	13.9	10.9	12.7	17.5	12.8	13.5	8.6	13.8
Medium	%	38.1	38.4	41.3	40.6	38.4	39.6	38.5	41.0	39.0
Low	%	29.8	29.2	25.0	29.8	31.1	27.8	32.5	31.4	28.9
Nil	%	17.7	18.6	22.8	16.8	13.0	19.7	15.6	19.1	18.3
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	38 655	27 881	19 794	9 170	11 976	3 061	1 105	305	111 947
Total Low Care	no.	14 554	11 927	8 209	3 915	3 303	1 082	463	68	43 521
All residents	no.	53 209	39 808	28 003	13 085	15 279	4 143	1 568	373	155 468
<i>2008-09</i>										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	41 418	40 125	39 510	40 091	44 030	39 998	40 020	41 941	40 838
Proportion of residents										
ACFI (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	34.9	32.7	31.6	32.8	35.3	31.2	31.3	41.0	34.0
Medium	%	27.8	31.5	27.1	31.4	25.7	29.0	28.5	24.8	28.0
Low	%	27.8	26.8	30.6	26.8	32.6	28.7	31.6	28.6	28.8
Nil	%	9.5	9.0	10.7	9.1	6.3	11.2	8.6	5.7	9.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	37.9	37.1	31.8	39.2	45.4	26.9	38.6	24.0	37.1
Medium	%	24.7	26.3	24.9	25.3	26.5	22.8	24.9	30.2	25.3

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Low	%	22.1	22.5	24.5	22.1	18.8	26.7	22.1	29.9	22.5
Nil	%	15.2	14.2	18.8	13.5	9.3	23.6	14.4	15.9	15.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	12.9	13.0	10.3	10.6	17.6	13.6	11.3	10.0	12.7
Medium	%	28.2	28.3	24.0	28.7	30.4	23.7	27.1	21.8	27.6
Low	%	39.6	40.4	42.3	42.8	38.5	41.2	41.5	44.5	40.5
Nil	%	19.4	18.2	23.5	18.0	13.5	21.5	20.0	23.7	19.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	40 428	28 993	20 751	9 524	12 284	2 931	1 138	309	116 358
Total Low Care	no.	15 253	13 023	8 246	3 995	3 449	1 269	564	105	45 904
All residents	no.	55 681	42 016	28 997	13 519	15 733	4 200	1 702	414	162 262
2009-10										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	43 305	43 081	41 810	42 802	46 485	41 682	42 024	43 357	43 187
Proportion of residents										
ACFI (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	37.4	32.7	31.6	32.8	35.3	31.2	31.3	41.0	34.0
Medium	%	28.8	31.5	27.1	31.4	25.7	29.0	28.5	24.8	28.0
Low	%	27.0	26.8	30.6	26.8	32.6	28.7	31.6	28.6	28.8
Nil	%	6.9	9.0	10.7	9.1	6.3	11.2	8.6	5.7	9.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	43.2	43.9	37.8	45.1	49.3	33.5	46.4	32.7	42.9
Medium	%	24.4	25.4	24.5	24.9	25.5	23.4	23.2	30.5	24.8
Low	%	19.6	19.5	21.8	19.5	17.5	24.8	17.8	24.9	19.9
Nil	%	12.8	11.2	15.9	10.6	7.7	18.3	12.6	12.0	12.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	17.1	18.0	14.2	15.3	23.5	17.9	16.4	19.8	17.3
Medium	%	30.3	31.4	27.3	32.7	32.0	25.8	33.1	24.6	30.3
Low	%	36.8	36.4	39.6	38.0	34.1	39.0	34.3	36.3	37.1
Nil	%	15.7	14.2	18.9	14.0	10.4	17.2	16.1	19.3	15.3
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	39 975	29 588	20 170	9 532	11 937	2 807	1 222	316	115 547
Total Low Care	no.	17 339	13 413	9 754	4 326	3 856	1 451	588	121	50 848
All residents	no.	57 314	43 001	29 924	13 858	15 793	4 258	1 810	437	166 395

TABLE 13A.16

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2010-11</i>										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	44 864	44 772	43 570	44 780	48 009	42 956	44 008	48 718	44 849
Proportion of permanent residents										
ACFI (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	41.0	40.9	41.1	38.2	40.4	36.9	36.7	47.7	40.6
Medium	%	28.9	28.7	30.1	30.2	34.9	30.6	28.7	31.8	29.8
Low	%	25.8	26.8	24.5	28.8	21.8	27.9	29.8	18.2	25.8
Nil	%	4.3	3.6	4.3	2.8	2.9	4.6	4.7	2.3	3.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	49.3	49.4	44.5	48.6	51.9	38.9	52.8	47.5	48.4
Medium	%	23.8	24.5	24.5	23.9	25.6	24.5	25.2	26.0	24.3
Low	%	17.0	17.8	19.0	18.4	16.5	21.4	14.4	18.7	17.7
Nil	%	9.9	8.3	11.9	9.1	6.0	15.1	7.6	7.8	9.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	22.4	23.9	19.4	20.0	32.2	23.2	19.4	32.5	23.0
Medium	%	32.5	33.4	30.8	35.6	33.0	27.7	35.9	29.7	32.7
Low	%	33.0	32.1	35.9	33.6	27.3	34.6	32.1	23.5	32.8
Nil	%	12.1	10.6	13.9	10.8	7.5	14.5	12.5	14.3	11.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of permanent residents (f)										
Total High Care	no.	42 504	31 846	22 322	10 228	12 537	3 047	1 346	365	124 195
Total Low Care	no.	14 151	10 889	7 560	3 703	3 012	1 196	488	82	41 081
All residents	no.	56 655	42 735	29 882	13 931	15 549	4 243	1 834	447	165 276
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	43 415	32 133	22 565	10 337	12 785	3 095	1 371	380	126 081
Total Low Care	no.	15 010	11 485	7 785	3 856	3 178	1 242	514	90	43 160
All residents	no.	58 425	43 618	30 350	14 193	15 963	4 337	1 885	470	169 241
<i>2011-12</i>										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	47 911	48 211	47 768	47 429	51 433	47 137	47 616	48 526	48 232
Proportion of permanent residents										
ACFI (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	43.7	44.7	45.6	42.7	43.3	43.4	40.2	44.4	44.1
Medium	%	29.4	29.1	30.6	30.4	37.0	30.0	29.4	33.9	30.4
Low	%	24.0	23.8	21.6	25.5	18.2	24.2	28.1	20.5	23.1
Nil	%	2.9	2.4	2.3	1.4	1.6	2.3	2.2	1.3	2.4

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	52.7	53.7	50.1	53.3	52.6	44.8	57.2	44.4	52.3
Medium	%	23.6	23.8	23.4	22.9	25.3	25.2	23.3	25.8	23.7
Low	%	15.4	15.6	16.6	16.8	16.1	18.8	11.0	17.9	15.9
Nil	%	8.4	6.9	9.9	7.0	5.9	11.2	8.5	11.9	8.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	28.6	32.4	26.6	28.1	38.9	34.7	22.8	33.5	30.2
Medium	%	33.0	31.9	31.9	34.4	34.5	30.1	37.4	29.9	32.7
Low	%	29.2	27.4	30.8	29.2	21.8	26.5	29.2	24.9	28.3
Nil	%	9.2	8.4	10.6	8.4	4.8	8.7	10.6	11.7	8.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of permanent residents (f)										
Total High Care	no.	45 266	33 972	24 218	10 907	13 181	3 363	1 449	404	132 760
Total Low Care	no.	12 168	9 102	6 114	3 096	2 415	865	397	92	34 249
All residents	no.	57 434	43 074	30 332	14 003	15 596	4 228	1 846	496	167 009
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	46 179	34 290	24 497	11 038	13 450	3 409	1 461	413	134 737
Total Low Care	no.	13 001	9 760	6 337	3 225	2 575	903	425	102	36 328
All residents	no.	59 180	44 050	30 834	14 263	16 025	4 312	1 886	515	171 065

2012-13

Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)

All levels	\$	48 297	49 524	48 901	50 132	52 184	49 696	47 478	47 953	49 264
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Proportion of permanent residents

ACFI (d)

Activities of Daily Living

High	%	43.2	46.9	46.9	47.2	43.5	45.6	39.5	42.4	45.2
Medium	%	29.2	28.4	30.2	30.7	37.2	30.6	30.2	33.6	30.1
Low	%	24.8	22.8	21.0	21.3	18.1	22.1	28.3	22.1	22.6
Nil	%	2.8	1.9	2.0	0.8	1.1	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Behaviours

High	%	52.8	57.7	52.6	59.2	51.2	47.8	55.6	46.3	54.3
Medium	%	23.6	22.7	22.6	22.1	25.6	25.3	24.9	24.8	23.3
Low	%	16.0	14.2	16.0	14.1	16.7	16.7	12.1	21.4	15.4
Nil	%	7.6	5.4	8.8	4.6	6.6	10.2	7.4	7.4	7.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Complex Health Care

High	%	32.3	38.7	32.5	38.4	42.9	43.3	32.3	31.6	35.8
Medium	%	30.3	28.0	29.7	29.4	34.0	24.9	31.4	30.7	29.8

TABLE 13A.16

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Low	%	29.2	26.1	28.9	26.0	19.2	25.7	28.4	25.3	27.0
Nil	%	8.1	7.2	8.9	6.2	3.9	6.1	7.9	12.4	7.4
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of permanent residents (f)										
Total High Care	no.	45 668	35 165	24 877	11 818	13 389	3 482	1 509	359	136 267
Total Low Care	no.	12 276	8 185	5 485	2 358	2 259	713	381	84	31 741
All residents	no.	57 944	43 350	30 362	14 176	15 648	4 195	1 890	443	168 008
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	46 824	35 633	25 262	11 959	13 723	3 575	1 539	373	138 888
Total Low Care	no.	13 300	8 986	5 731	2 504	2 424	758	409	94	34 206
All residents	no.	60 124	44 619	30 993	14 463	16 147	4 333	1 948	467	173 094
2013-14										
Average annual Australian Government subsidy (\$2013-14) (b), (c)										
All levels	\$	49 668	51 440	51 131	53 154	53 469	51 219	49 556	52 937	51 078
Proportion of permanent residents										
ACFI (d)										
Activities of Daily Living										
High	%	45.3	48.1	49.4	49.5	45.4	46.5	41.6	48.5	47.2
Medium	%	29.5	28.9	30.4	32.1	36.3	30.7	30.4	31.9	30.4
Low	%	23.1	21.4	18.7	17.7	17.4	21.3	26.5	19.1	20.9
Nil	%	2.1	1.5	1.5	0.6	0.9	1.5	1.5	0.4	1.6
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Behaviours										
High	%	53.9	59.0	54.6	61.6	49.3	45.7	56.3	50.6	55.4
Medium	%	23.2	22.1	21.8	21.1	25.7	24.7	26.3	25.2	22.8
Low	%	16.0	14.0	15.5	13.3	17.3	19.1	12.3	17.8	15.3
Nil	%	6.9	5.0	8.1	4.0	7.7	10.5	5.1	6.5	6.5
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Complex Health Care										
High	%	38.5	44.5	39.3	44.1	47.5	44.1	42.1	48.1	41.7
Medium	%	28.8	25.9	28.4	27.7	32.5	26.9	28.6	26.7	28.2
Low	%	26.2	23.4	25.0	23.1	16.7	24.0	22.9	18.2	24.0
Nil	%	6.5	6.1	7.4	5.0	3.2	5.0	6.4	7.0	6.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Numbers of permanent residents (f)										
Total High Care	no.	48 523	37 056	26 236	12 573	13 995	3 563	1 604	380	143 930
Total Low Care	no.	11 732	8 015	4 989	2 016	2 196	696	334	66	30 044
All residents	no.	60 255	45 071	31 225	14 589	16 191	4 259	1 938	446	173 974
Numbers of residents (e)										
Total High Care	no.	49 134	37 308	26 472	12 664	14 140	3 616	1 622	393	145 349
Total Low Care	no.	12 264	8 525	5 126	2 099	2 302	724	354	73	31 467
All residents	no.	61 398	45 833	31 598	14 763	16 442	4 340	1 976	466	176 816

Table 13A.16 **Average annual Australian Government basic subsidy amount, including Conditional adjustment payment, per occupied place and the dependency level of aged care residents (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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- (a) Data exclude flexible residential places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool program and Multi-Purpose Service Program.
- (b) Includes basic subsidy plus Conditional Adjustment Payment (CAP). Subsidy reported in constant dollars (that is, \$ 2013-14).
- (c) Subsidy plus CAP divided by the number of bed days, multiplied by 365. Differences in average annual subsidies reflect differences in the dependency of residents.
- (d) Aged Care Funding Instrument (ACFI) proportions are for permanent residents that have an ACFI classification.
- (e) Numbers of all residents are all residents (whether they have an ACFI or not).
- (f) Numbers of permanent residents are all permanent residents (whether they have an ACFI or not).

Source: DoHA/DSS unpublished; table 2A.51.

Table 13A.17 **Size and distribution of all residential aged care services (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Residential services										
June 2006	no.	934	814	498	256	299	90	23	15	2 929
June 2007	no.	914	801	488	254	290	88	23	15	2 873
June 2008	no.	899	790	480	251	282	87	24	15	2 828
June 2009	no.	889	780	477	245	271	82	25	14	2 783
June 2010	no.	887	773	480	244	267	82	26	14	2 773
June 2011	no.	888	761	483	245	263	79	26	15	2 760
June 2012	no.	884	755	460	242	264	78	26	15	2 724
June 2013	no.	884	756	454	242	264	78	25	15	2 718
June 2014	no.	876	755	443	239	260	78	25	12	2 688
Operational places										
June 2006	no.	56 107	42 430	29 124	13 750	15 675	4 353	1 594	435	163 468
June 2007	no.	57 452	43 418	29 907	13 844	16 014	4 354	1 636	445	167 070
June 2008	no.	59 034	44 770	30 680	14 252	16 451	4 407	1 793	445	171 832
June 2009	no.	60 397	45 872	31 361	14 423	16 388	4 536	1 768	480	175 225
June 2010	no.	61 909	46 929	32 527	14 889	16 450	4 546	2 019	480	179 749
June 2011	no.	63 044	47 243	33 018	15 133	16 628	4 660	2 031	545	182 302
June 2012	no.	63 891	47 763	33 537	15 173	16 909	4 689	2 031	545	184 570
June 2013	no.	64 824	48 343	33 293	15 432	17 099	4 692	2 050	545	186 278
June 2014	no.	65 763	49 505	33 746	15 553	17 365	4 789	2 073	489	189 283
Occupancy rate										
June 2006	%	95.4	93.0	95.9	94.9	97.5	95.9	97.9	95.2	95.0
June 2007	%	94.4	92.7	95.1	94.8	97.8	96.1	96.4	94.9	94.5
June 2008	%	93.7	92.0	93.2	94.8	96.7	95.8	91.1	91.0	93.6
June 2009	%	92.7	91.6	92.6	94.2	96.2	94.2	92.4	89.0	92.9
June 2010	%	92.4	91.3	91.3	94.0	96.1	94.0	91.6	89.0	92.4
June 2011	%	92.9	92.3	92.5	93.7	96.1	94.1	91.8	90.9	93.1
June 2012	%	92.6	92.4	92.1	93.7	95.2	92.6	93.7	91.6	92.8
June 2013	%	92.6	92.1	92.6	93.6	94.7	92.4	93.5	91.1	92.7
June 2014	%	93.1	92.5	92.8	94.5	93.9	92.1	95.5	86.0	93.0
Operational places by location										
June 2006										
Major Cities	%	69.7	71.3	53.6	76.6	76.7	..	100.0	..	66.8
Inner Regional	%	23.5	23.2	30.3	14.5	11.3	74.8	..	..	23.8
Outer Regional	%	6.5	5.4	14.7	7.1	10.8	23.5	..	55.4	8.7
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.1	..	40.2	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.6	0.8	–	0.5	..	4.4	0.2
June 2007										
Major Cities	%	69.4	71.5	53.1	76.3	76.5	..	100.0	..	66.6
Inner Regional	%	24.0	23.1	30.9	14.4	11.6	74.3	..	..	24.0

TABLE 13A.17

Table 13A.17 **Size and distribution of all residential aged care services (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Outer Regional	%	6.4	5.3	14.6	7.3	10.6	24.0	..	54.2	8.6
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.1	..	41.6	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.8	–	0.5	..	4.3	0.2
June 2008										
Major Cities	%	69.9	71.8	61.9	77.1	77.8	..	100.0	..	68.7
Inner Regional	%	23.8	22.8	24.5	13.6	10.9	73.6	..	..	22.6
Outer Regional	%	6.1	5.2	12.1	7.1	10.2	24.4	..	54.2	8.0
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.5	..	41.6	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.8	–	0.5	..	4.3	0.2
June 2009										
Major Cities	%	69.9	72.0	62.8	77.3	77.8	..	100.0	..	68.8
Inner Regional	%	23.8	22.8	23.7	13.5	11.2	73.7	..	..	22.5
Outer Regional	%	6.2	5.1	12.1	7.0	9.8	24.3	..	57.5	7.9
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.5	..	32.9	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.8	–	0.5	..	9.6	0.2
June 2010										
Major Cities	%	69.5	72.1	63.4	77.9	77.7	..	100.0	..	68.9
Inner Regional	%	24.0	22.7	23.0	13.2	11.1	73.7	..	..	22.3
Outer Regional	%	6.3	5.1	12.3	6.8	10.1	24.3	..	57.5	8.0
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.5	..	32.9	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.7	–	0.5	..	9.6	0.2
June 2011										
Major Cities	%	69.4	72.3	62.9	77.7	78.0	..	100.0	..	68.8
Inner Regional	%	24.2	22.5	23.3	13.2	11.0	74.3	..	..	22.4
Outer Regional	%	6.3	5.1	12.5	7.0	9.8	23.8	..	62.6	8.0
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.4	..	29.0	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.7	–	0.5	..	8.4	0.2
June 2012										
Major Cities	%	69.2	72.1	63.1	77.8	77.3	..	100.0	..	68.7
Inner Regional	%	24.3	22.5	23.2	13.2	11.5	74.4	..	..	22.5
Outer Regional	%	6.4	5.3	12.3	6.9	10.1	23.7	..	62.6	8.1
Remote	%	0.2	0.1	0.9	1.3	1.1	1.4	..	29.0	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.4	0.7	–	0.5	..	8.4	0.2
June 2013										
Major Cities	%	69.6	71.6	64.8	83.4	77.6	..	100.0	..	69.5
Inner Regional	%	24.0	22.6	21.7	8.2	9.4	73.7	..	..	21.5
Outer Regional	%	6.3	5.6	11.9	6.5	11.9	24.4	..	62.6	8.2
Remote	%	0.1	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.4	..	29.0	0.6
Very Remote	%	0.0	..	0.6	0.5	–	0.5	..	8.4	0.2

TABLE 13A.17

Table 13A.17 **Size and distribution of all residential aged care services (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
June 2014										
Major Cities	%	69.9	71.5	65.3	82.8	77.7	..	100.0	..	69.7
Inner Regional	%	23.8	23.0	21.5	8.7	9.4	74.2	..	..	21.5
Outer Regional	%	6.2	5.5	11.8	6.6	11.8	24.0	..	58.1	8.0
Remote	%	0.1	0.1	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.4	..	36.4	0.6
Very Remote	%	–	..	0.5	0.5	–	0.5	..	5.5	0.2
Occupancy rate by location										
June 2006										
Major Cities	%	95.0	92.2	95.7	95.4	97.7	..	97.9	..	94.7
Inner Regional	%	96.1	94.5	96.6	92.7	97.4	95.5	..	..	95.7
Outer Regional	%	96.6	96.4	96.0	95.0	96.8	97.3	..	95.1	96.3
Remote	%	93.3	84.8	90.7	96.9	95.3	94.9	..	95.2	93.5
Very Remote	%	98.2	..	82.5	83.2	–	91.0	..	95.7	84.6
June 2007										
Major Cities	%	93.8	92.0	94.9	95.0	97.8	..	96.4	..	94.1
Inner Regional	%	95.6	94.4	96.1	95.4	98.4	95.9	..	..	95.5
Outer Regional	%	95.7	95.6	95.1	93.9	97.1	96.9	..	94.8	95.6
Remote	%	96.7	85.2	85.8	87.8	95.5	95.9	..	95.2	91.4
Very Remote	%	90.4	..	75.0	81.1	–	90.5	..	93.6	79.8
June 2008										
Major Cities	%	93.9	91.1	92.8	95.6	96.6	..	91.1	..	93.4
Inner Regional	%	93.5	94.4	94.9	92.7	97.8	96.4	..	..	94.4
Outer Regional	%	93.5	94.7	92.7	92.9	95.6	94.1	..	91.7	93.7
Remote	%	89.4	79.2	80.3	84.4	96.7	94.3	..	90.3	87.5
Very Remote	%	71.4	..	71.0	89.8	–	95.2	..	88.4	80.2
June 2009										
Major Cities	%	92.6	90.4	92.6	94.7	96.3	..	92.4	..	92.6
Inner Regional	%	93.3	94.7	94.1	92.8	97.4	95.2	..	..	94.1
Outer Regional	%	92.4	94.2	91.9	93.5	94.4	91.4	..	85.3	92.7
Remote	%	91.4	80.2	79.9	89.4	94.5	95.0	..	93.4	88.4
Very Remote	%	69.8	90.6	–	82.6	..	95.9	79.5
June 2010										
Major Cities	%	92.4	90.2	90.8	94.2	96.1	..	91.6	..	92.1
Inner Regional	%	92.7	94.3	93.6	93.8	97.1	94.7	..	..	93.7
Outer Regional	%	90.4	93.6	91.1	93.4	94.9	91.7	..	85.2	91.9
Remote	%	89.1	81.3	82.2	93.5	93.4	96.1	..	93.5	89.5
Very Remote	%	–	..	72.0	86.2	–	85.0	..	97.1	80.9
June 2011										
Major Cities	%	93.1	91.5	92.2	93.6	96.1	..	91.8	..	92.8
Inner Regional	%	93.3	94.8	93.9	94.8	97.0	94.3	..	..	94.1

TABLE 13A.17

Table 13A.17 **Size and distribution of all residential aged care services (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Outer Regional	%	90.5	93.4	91.9	92.9	95.4	93.8	..	87.3	92.3
Remote	%	85.8	80.8	87.1	95.2	94.3	92.9	..	94.9	90.9
Very Remote	%	–	..	84.8	88.3	–	87.1	..	99.5	88.3
June 2012										
Major Cities	%	92.7	91.9	91.8	93.4	95.3	..	93.7	..	92.7
Inner Regional	%	92.9	94.5	93.4	95.6	95.0	92.8	..	..	93.6
Outer Regional	%	89.5	91.7	91.8	94.7	95.1	92.2	..	89.5	91.7
Remote	%	91.1	81.6	84.8	95.0	93.6	94.7	..	94.7	90.8
Very Remote	%	–	..	77.8	83.7	–	76.2	..	96.2	82.3
June 2013										
Major Cities	%	93.1	92.1	92.3	93.5	94.5	..	93.6	..	92.9
Inner Regional	%	92.1	93.6	94.3	96.6	97.0	93.0	..	..	93.3
Outer Regional	%	90.2	91.1	93.2	94.2	95.2	91.6	..	91.5	92.2
Remote	%	94.7	81.5	85.1	94.0	93.3	89.7	..	91.3	90.3
Very Remote	%	73.4	..	80.6	81.9	–	58.7	..	95.6	81.2
June 2014										
Major Cities	%	93.4	92.5	92.6	94.7	93.3	..	95.5	..	93.2
Inner Regional	%	92.5	92.8	93.1	94.2	97.0	92.6	..	..	92.9
Outer Regional	%	90.8	91.2	94.3	93.0	95.3	91.5	..	82.0	92.4
Remote	%	94.0	80.0	80.4	94.2	94.1	85.5	..	91.3	88.6
Very Remote	%	63.4	..	84.1	85.1	–	71.2	..	96.3	84.4
Operational places by service size										
June 2006										
1–20 places	%	1.6	2.4	2.0	2.2	1.3	3.7	1.3	19.8	2.0
21–40 places	%	13.6	20.1	14.7	17.5	21.7	22.1	3.5	17.5	16.7
41–60 places	%	25.0	33.2	28.0	29.4	31.4	26.7	16.8	62.8	28.7
61+ places	%	59.8	44.3	55.3	50.9	45.6	47.5	78.5	–	52.5
June 2007										
1–20 places	%	1.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.2	3.7	1.2	19.3	1.8
21–40 places	%	12.5	17.6	12.3	17.1	19.7	19.8	1.3	17.1	15.0
41–60 places	%	23.0	32.8	25.6	29.3	29.3	26.5	16.3	48.3	27.2
61+ places	%	63.2	47.4	60.2	51.7	49.8	50.0	81.2	15.3	56.0
June 2008										
1–20 places	%	1.2	2.1	1.8	1.5	0.8	3.0	1.1	19.3	1.6
21–40 places	%	11.1	15.1	10.9	15.7	17.5	19.1	1.2	17.1	13.2
41–60 places	%	21.6	30.6	22.6	27.1	26.7	27.3	14.9	48.3	25.2
61+ places	%	66.1	52.2	64.7	55.7	55.0	50.6	82.8	15.3	59.9
June 2009										
1–20 places	%	1.0	2.0	1.5	1.2	0.6	2.8	1.1	17.9	1.4
21–40 places	%	8.8	12.1	9.3	12.8	14.8	11.8	5.4	15.8	10.7

Table 13A.17 **Size and distribution of all residential aged care services (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
41–60 places	%	19.4	26.5	20.4	21.4	26.0	25.4	15.1	24.0	22.4
61+ places	%	70.8	59.3	68.8	64.6	58.5	60.1	78.4	42.3	65.5
June 2010										
1–20 places	%	1.0	2.0	1.5	1.2	0.6	2.7	1.0	17.9	1.4
21–40 places	%	7.9	11.3	8.8	11.9	13.7	12.0	3.0	15.8	9.9
41–60 places	%	18.9	25.8	19.1	20.6	24.2	24.4	10.3	24.0	21.4
61+ places	%	72.3	61.0	70.7	66.4	61.5	60.9	85.7	42.3	67.3
June 2011										
1–20 places	%	0.9	1.8	1.6	1.2	0.6	2.7	1.0	15.8	1.4
21–40 places	%	8.1	11.4	9.2	12.4	14.2	11.0	3.0	13.9	10.1
41–60 places	%	20.1	26.2	20.1	22.1	21.5	23.6	10.2	21.1	21.9
61+ places	%	70.9	60.6	69.1	64.3	63.7	62.7	85.8	49.2	66.6
June 2012										
1–20 places	%	0.9	1.8	1.4	1.2	0.6	2.7	1.0	15.8	1.3
21–40 places	%	7.5	11.1	7.6	12.1	13.0	10.1	3.0	13.9	9.4
41–60 places	%	19.4	23.7	16.9	21.3	21.8	24.3	10.2	21.1	20.4
61+ places	%	72.2	63.4	74.1	65.5	64.6	62.9	85.8	49.2	68.9
June 2013										
1–20 places	%	0.8	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.7	2.7	1.0	15.8	1.2
21–40 places	%	7.5	10.8	7.6	11.6	12.7	9.1	3.0	13.9	9.2
41–60 places	%	17.8	23.2	16.7	20.3	20.9	25.5	10.1	21.1	19.6
61+ places	%	74.0	64.2	74.3	67.0	65.7	62.7	86.0	49.2	69.9
June 2014										
1–20 places	%	0.7	1.7	1.2	1.0	0.6	2.6	1.0	9.6	1.1
21–40 places	%	7.1	10.1	6.6	11.1	11.2	8.4	2.9	23.7	8.5
41–60 places	%	16.3	21.8	14.4	19.4	20.1	25.2	10.0	11.9	18.1
61+ places	%	76.0	66.4	77.8	68.5	68.1	63.8	86.1	54.8	72.2

(a) The occupancy rate is defined as the proportion of available bed days that were used for residential care. Occupancy is measured over the financial year however places are reported at June 30.

(b) Data exclude flexible residential places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool program and Multi-Purpose Service Program.

(c) See footnotes to table 13A.2 for detail on regional data classification.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.18 **Operational number of aged care places, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Residential care</i>									
High care residential									
2006	29 936	19 734	13 631	6 519	7 944	2 272	663	306	81 005
2007	30 201	20 149	14 020	6 638	8 146	2 303	668	319	82 444
2008	30 904	20 979	14 631	6 851	8 773	2 324	803	325	85 590
2009	31 575	21 659	14 817	6 908	8 983	2 426	805	345	87 518
2010	32 291	22 384	15 624	7 210	9 070	2 468	866	345	90 258
2011	33 008	22 743	15 878	7 276	9 205	2 535	883	378	91 906
2012	33 451	23 109	16 279	7 428	9 480	2 577	877	378	93 579
2013	33 972	23 649	16 200	7 668	9 611	2 584	854	378	94 916
2014	34 575	24 284	16 577	7 856	9 772	2 640	875	406	96 985
Low care residential									
2006	26 754	23 025	15 822	7 799	8 050	2 168	931	228	84 777
2007	27 872	23 598	16 268	7 866	8 206	2 138	968	234	87 150
2008	28 894	24 135	16 436	8 044	8 151	2 177	990	252	89 079
2009	29 707	24 569	16 938	8 160	8 045	2 204	963	275	90 861
2010	30 497	24 907	17 331	8 324	8 020	2 171	1 153	275	92 678
2011	30 958	24 887	17 572	8 501	8 063	2 217	1 148	307	93 653
2012	31 384	25 070	17 680	8 422	8 141	2 204	1 154	307	94 362
2013	31 842	25 110	17 542	8 449	8 200	2 199	1 196	307	94 845
2014	32 205	25 637	17 631	8 382	8 305	2 240	1 198	251	95 849
<i>All residential</i>									
2006	56 690	42 759	29 453	14 318	15 994	4 440	1 594	534	165 782
2007	58 073	43 747	30 288	14 504	16 352	4 441	1 636	553	169 594
2008	59 798	45 114	31 067	14 895	16 924	4 501	1 793	577	174 669
2009	61 282	46 228	31 755	15 068	17 028	4 630	1 768	620	178 379
2010	62 788	47 291	32 955	15 534	17 090	4 639	2 019	620	182 936
2011	63 966	47 630	33 450	15 777	17 268	4 752	2 031	685	185 559
2012	64 835	48 179	33 959	15 850	17 621	4 781	2 031	685	187 941
2013	65 814	48 759	33 742	16 117	17 811	4 783	2 050	685	189 761
2014	66 780	49 921	34 208	16 238	18 077	4 880	2 073	657	192 834
<i>Community aged care (c), (d)</i>									
EACH									
2006	816	718	424	205	230	55	67	60	2 575
2007	1 083	882	527	292	286	75	87	70	3 302
2008	1 415	1 106	667	406	345	112	110	83	4 244
2009	1 432	1 120	697	557	355	123	111	83	4 478
2010	1 723	1 366	982	719	399	152	146	100	5 587
2011	2 193	1 695	1 794	1 579	434	178	296	109	8 278
2012	2 248	1 731	1 818	1 902	447	186	329	120	8 781

TABLE 13A.18

Table 13A.18 Operational number of aged care places, 30 June (a), (b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	2 248	1 748	1 818	1 902	447	186	329	120	8 798
EACH-D									
2006	174	166	115	48	58	15	15	10	601
2007	450	326	216	76	111	38	30	20	1 267
2008	675	497	346	174	169	60	45	30	1 996
2009	675	497	351	194	174	70	45	30	2 036
2010	792	569	533	321	194	86	50	38	2 583
2011	965	783	992	837	212	104	136	38	4 067
2012	993	797	1 008	999	228	109	158	50	4 342
2013	993	807	1 008	999	228	109	158	50	4 352
CACPs									
2006	11 945	9 073	5 971	3 094	3 184	973	451	625	35 316
2007	12 686	9 560	6 622	3 375	3 351	1 023	489	641	37 747
2008	13 573	10 203	7 053	3 597	3 563	1 071	514	661	40 235
2009	13 702	10 218	7 087	4 088	3 556	1 091	514	661	40 917
2010	14 341	10 665	7 989	4 233	3 656	1 163	604	709	43 360
2011	15 180	11 147	8 591	4 740	3 817	1 207	686	758	46 126
2012	15 736	11 854	8 664	4 775	4 078	1 224	691	804	47 826
2013	15 750	11 858	8 685	4 803	4 093	1 234	691	823	47 937
Home Care Levels 1–2									
2014	17 307	13 062	9 710	4 863	4 427	1 334	691	871	52 265
Home Care Levels 3–4									
2014	3 826	2 977	3 107	2 921	846	343	487	182	14 689
<i>All community aged care (excluding transition care)</i>									
2006	12 935	9 957	6 510	3 347	3 472	1 043	533	695	38 492
2007	14 219	10 768	7 365	3 743	3 748	1 136	606	731	42 316
2008	15 663	11 806	8 066	4 177	4 077	1 243	669	774	46 475
2009	15 809	11 835	8 135	4 839	4 085	1 284	670	774	47 431
2010	16 856	12 600	9 504	5 273	4 249	1 401	800	847	51 530
2011	18 338	13 625	11 377	7 156	4 463	1 489	1 118	905	58 471
2012	18 977	14 382	11 490	7 676	4 753	1 519	1 178	974	60 949
2013	18 991	14 413	11 511	7 704	4 768	1 529	1 178	993	61 087
2014	21 133	16 039	12 817	7 784	5 273	1 677	1 178	1 053	66 954
Total places (excluding transition care)									
2006	69 625	52 716	35 963	17 665	19 466	5 483	2 127	1 229	204 274
2007	72 292	54 515	37 653	18 247	20 100	5 577	2 242	1 284	211 910
2008	75 461	56 920	39 133	19 072	21 001	5 744	2 462	1 351	221 144
2009	77 091	58 063	39 890	19 907	21 113	5 914	2 438	1 394	225 810
2010	79 644	59 891	42 459	20 807	21 339	6 040	2 819	1 467	234 466
2011	82 304	61 255	44 827	22 933	21 731	6 241	3 149	1 590	244 030
2012	83 812	62 561	45 449	23 526	22 374	6 300	3 209	1 659	248 890

Table 13A.18 **Operational number of aged care places, 30 June (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	84 805	63 172	45 253	23 821	22 579	6 312	3 228	1 678	250 848
2014	87 913	65 960	47 025	24 022	23 350	6 557	3 251	1 710	259 788
Transition Care									
2006	304	42	84	50	90	15	10	–	595
2007	571	424	257	100	147	52	35	8	1 594
2008	674	502	343	160	176	57	35	16	1 963
2009	772	570	389	178	193	67	37	22	2 228
2010	934	674	480	227	231	82	41	29	2 698
2011	1 156	837	606	286	289	97	49	29	3 349
2012	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
2013	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
2014	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000

- (a) Places do not include those that have been approved, but are not yet operational.
- (b) Residential aged care include places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs and care provided by Multi-Purpose Services.
- (c) From June 2011–2013, CACP data includes flexible community low places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Multi-Purpose Service Program and Innovative Pool Program (including CDC low care places). EACH data includes CDC high care places and EACH-D data includes CDC high care dementia places.
- (d) On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages. For 2013-14, all flexible Home Care places in Multi-Purpose Services, Innovative Care and under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Levels 1-2.
- Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.19 **Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Residential care (e)</i>									
High care residential									
2006	44.4	39.7	39.6	38.5	45.6	44.8	29.7	59.5	41.8
2007	43.9	39.7	39.4	38.0	46.0	44.5	29.0	60.0	41.6
2008	45.0	40.9	40.2	38.4	49.2	44.4	34.4	53.5	42.8
2009	45.0	41.2	39.5	37.3	49.4	45.2	33.2	54.3	42.6
2010	45.0	41.6	40.2	37.6	49.0	45.0	34.5	50.7	42.8
2011	45.0	41.3	39.5	36.7	48.9	45.2	33.9	52.0	42.5
2012	44.5	40.8	38.9	36.1	49.3	44.7	32.3	48.8	42.0
2013	44.6	41.3	39.1	36.6	50.1	43.7	30.6	48.1	42.3
2014	43.7	40.9	38.2	36.0	49.5	43.3	29.8	47.2	41.6
Low care residential									
2006	39.7	46.3	45.9	46.1	46.2	42.8	41.8	44.3	43.8
2007	40.5	46.5	45.8	45.1	46.3	41.3	42.0	44.0	44.0
2008	42.1	47.1	45.2	45.0	46.0	41.5	42.4	41.5	44.5
2009	42.3	46.8	45.1	44.0	44.3	41.1	39.7	43.3	44.2
2010	42.5	46.3	44.6	43.4	43.4	39.6	45.9	40.4	44.0
2011	42.2	45.2	43.7	42.9	42.8	39.5	44.1	42.2	43.3
2012	41.7	44.3	42.3	40.9	42.4	38.3	42.5	39.6	42.4
2013	41.8	43.9	42.3	40.3	42.8	37.2	42.8	39.1	42.2
2014	40.7	43.2	40.6	38.4	42.0	36.7	40.8	29.2	41.1
All residential									
2006	84.1	86.0	85.5	84.6	91.8	87.6	71.5	103.8	85.6
2007	84.5	86.2	85.2	83.1	92.3	85.7	71.0	104.0	85.5
2008	87.2	88.0	85.4	83.4	95.2	85.9	76.8	95.0	87.3
2009	87.3	88.0	84.6	81.3	93.7	86.3	72.9	97.6	86.9
2010	87.5	87.9	84.8	81.1	92.4	84.5	80.3	91.1	86.8
2011	87.1	86.4	83.1	79.6	91.8	84.6	77.9	94.2	85.8
2012	86.2	85.1	81.2	77.0	91.7	83.0	74.8	88.4	84.4
2013	86.4	85.2	81.4	77.0	92.9	80.9	73.4	87.2	84.5
2014	84.5	84.1	78.8	74.4	91.5	80.0	70.6	76.4	82.6
<i>Community care (f), (g)</i>									
EACH									
2006	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.1	3.0	11.7	1.3
2007	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.4	3.8	13.2	1.7
2008	2.1	2.2	1.8	2.3	1.9	2.1	4.7	13.7	2.1
2009	2.0	2.1	1.9	3.0	2.0	2.3	4.6	13.1	2.2
2010	2.4	2.5	2.5	3.8	2.2	2.8	5.8	14.7	2.7
2011	3.0	3.1	4.5	8.0	2.3	3.2	11.4	15.0	3.8
2012	3.0	3.1	4.3	9.2	2.3	3.2	12.1	15.5	3.9

TABLE 13A.19

Table 13A.19 **Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	2.9	3.1	4.4	9.1	2.3	3.1	11.8	15.3	3.9
EACH-D									
2006	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	1.9	0.3
2007	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.3	3.8	0.6
2008	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.9	4.9	1.0
2009	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.9	4.7	1.0
2010	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.0	1.6	2.0	5.6	1.2
2011	1.3	1.4	2.5	4.2	1.1	1.9	5.2	5.2	1.9
2012	1.3	1.4	2.4	4.9	1.2	1.9	5.8	6.4	1.9
2013	1.3	1.4	2.4	4.8	1.2	1.8	5.7	6.4	1.9
CACPs									
2006	17.7	18.3	17.3	18.3	18.3	19.2	20.2	121.5	18.2
2007	18.5	18.8	18.6	19.3	18.9	19.8	21.2	120.5	19.0
2008	19.8	19.9	19.4	20.1	20.0	20.4	22.0	108.8	20.1
2009	19.5	19.4	18.9	22.1	19.6	20.3	21.2	104.0	19.9
2010	20.0	19.8	20.6	22.1	19.8	21.2	24.0	104.2	20.6
2011	20.7	20.2	21.4	23.9	20.3	21.5	26.3	104.2	21.3
2012	20.9	20.9	20.7	23.2	21.2	21.2	25.5	103.7	21.5
2013	20.7	20.7	20.9	22.9	21.3	20.9	24.7	104.7	21.4
Home Care Levels 1–2									
2014	21.9	22.0	22.4	22.3	22.4	21.9	23.5	101.3	22.4
Home Care Levels 3–4									
2014	4.8	5.0	7.2	13.4	4.3	5.6	16.6	21.2	6.3
<i>All community aged care (excluding transition care)</i>									
2006	19.2	20.0	18.8	19.8	19.9	20.6	23.9	135.1	19.8
2007	20.8	21.1	20.7	21.4	21.1	21.9	26.3	137.5	21.3
2008	22.8	23.0	22.2	23.4	22.9	23.7	28.7	127.4	23.2
2009	22.5	22.5	21.7	26.1	22.5	23.9	27.6	121.8	23.1
2010	23.5	23.4	24.5	27.5	23.0	25.5	31.8	124.5	24.5
2011	25.0	24.7	28.3	36.1	23.7	26.5	42.9	124.4	27.0
2012	25.2	25.4	27.5	37.3	24.7	26.4	43.4	125.6	27.4
2013	24.9	25.2	27.8	36.8	24.9	25.8	42.2	126.4	27.2
2014	26.7	27.0	29.6	35.7	26.7	27.5	40.1	122.5	28.7
Total places (excluding transition care) (h)									
2006	103.3	106.0	104.3	104.4	111.7	108.2	95.4	238.9	105.4
2007	105.3	107.3	105.9	104.5	113.4	107.6	97.3	241.5	106.8
2008	110.0	111.1	107.5	106.8	118.1	109.6	105.4	222.4	110.5
2009	109.9	110.5	106.2	107.4	116.2	110.3	100.6	219.4	110.0
2010	111.0	111.3	109.3	108.6	115.4	110.1	112.2	215.7	111.3
2011	112.1	111.2	111.4	115.6	115.5	111.2	120.8	218.6	112.8

Table 13A.19 Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012	111.4	110.6	108.7	114.3	116.4	109.3	118.2	214.0	111.8
2013	111.3	110.4	109.2	113.8	117.8	106.7	115.5	213.5	111.7
2014	111.2	111.1	108.4	110.1	118.2	107.5	110.7	198.9	111.3
Transition Care									
2006	0.5	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	–	0.3
2007	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.5	1.5	0.8
2008	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.5	2.6	1.0
2009	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	3.5	1.1
2010	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.5	1.6	4.3	1.3
2011	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.9	4.0	1.5
2012	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.1	3.7	1.8
2013	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.1	3.7	1.8
2014	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	3.4	1.7

- (a) Places do not include those that have been approved, but are not yet operational.
- (b) This table differs from table 13A.22, which refers to residents.
- (c) Government planning targets are based on providing 125 places per 1000 people aged 70 years and over by 2021-22. However, in recognition of poorer health among Indigenous communities, planning in some cases also takes account of the Indigenous population aged 50–69 years. This means that the provision ratio based on the population aged 70 years and over will appear high in areas with a high Indigenous population (such as the NT). Transition Care Program places are not included in this target planning ratio.
- (d) Ratios prior to 2008 were calculated using projections based on the 2001 Census. In this Report, provision ratios since 2008 for aged care places were calculated using population projections (at the Statistical Local Area level) prepared by ABS (see table 13A.2). Up to 2013 data, the projections were based on the 2006 Census, from 2013 the projections are based on the 2011 Census.
- (e) Includes all flexible residential places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, multi-purpose services and innovative pool programs.
- (f) From June 2011–2013, CACP data includes flexible community low places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Multi-Purpose Service Program and Innovative Pool Program (including CDC low care places), EACH data includes CDC high care places and EACH-D data includes CDC high care dementia places.
- (g) On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs — CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages. For 2013-14, all flexible Home Care places in Multi-Purpose Services, Innovative Care and under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Levels 1-2.
- (h) Totals may not add due to rounding.
– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.20 **Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years, 30 June (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Residential care (d)</i>									
High care residential									
2006	43.5	39.5	38.3	37.1	45.0	43.3	29.3	28.7	40.9
2007	43.1	39.5	38.1	36.6	45.4	43.0	28.6	29.0	40.6
2008	44.0	40.6	38.7	36.9	48.4	42.7	33.8	26.5	41.7
2009	43.9	40.9	38.0	35.8	48.7	43.5	32.7	26.6	41.5
2010	43.9	41.3	38.7	36.2	48.3	43.3	33.9	25.5	41.7
2011	43.8	40.9	37.8	35.2	48.0	43.2	33.2	25.4	41.2
2012	43.2	40.5	37.3	34.6	48.4	42.7	31.7	24.1	40.8
2013	43.3	41.0	37.3	35.0	49.2	41.7	29.9	23.5	41.0
2014	42.2	40.5	36.2	34.2	48.3	40.9	29.1	23.4	40.1
Low care residential									
2006	38.9	46.1	44.4	44.4	45.6	41.3	41.2	21.4	42.8
2007	39.7	46.2	44.2	43.4	45.7	39.9	41.4	21.2	43.0
2008	41.1	46.7	43.5	43.4	45.3	40.0	41.7	20.6	43.4
2009	41.3	46.4	43.4	42.3	43.6	39.5	39.1	21.2	43.1
2010	41.5	46.0	42.9	41.7	42.7	38.1	45.1	20.3	42.8
2011	41.0	44.8	41.8	41.1	42.1	37.8	43.2	20.7	42.0
2012	40.6	43.9	40.5	39.2	41.6	36.5	41.7	19.6	41.1
2013	40.6	43.5	40.4	38.6	42.0	35.5	41.9	19.1	40.9
2014	39.3	42.7	38.5	36.5	41.0	34.7	39.8	14.5	39.6
All residential									
2006	82.4	85.6	82.7	81.5	90.6	84.6	70.5	50.1	83.7
2007	82.8	85.7	82.4	80.0	91.1	82.9	70.0	50.2	83.6
2008	85.1	87.4	82.2	80.3	93.8	82.8	75.6	47.1	85.1
2009	85.3	87.4	81.4	78.1	92.3	83.1	71.7	47.9	84.6
2010	85.4	87.3	81.6	77.9	91.0	81.4	79.1	45.8	84.5
2011	84.8	85.7	79.7	76.2	90.1	80.9	76.4	46.1	83.3
2012	83.8	84.4	77.8	73.7	90.0	79.3	73.3	43.7	81.9
2013	83.9	84.4	77.7	73.6	91.1	77.2	71.9	42.5	81.9
2014	81.5	83.2	74.7	70.7	89.3	75.6	68.9	37.9	79.7
Community aged care (excluding transition care) (e), (f)									
EACH									
2006	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.0	3.0	5.6	1.3
2007	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.4	3.7	6.4	1.6
2008	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.2	1.9	2.1	4.6	6.8	2.1
2009	2.0	2.1	1.8	2.9	1.9	2.2	4.5	6.4	2.1
2010	2.3	2.5	2.4	3.6	2.1	2.7	5.7	7.4	2.6
2011	2.9	3.1	4.3	7.6	2.3	3.0	11.1	7.3	3.7
2012	2.9	3.0	4.2	8.8	2.3	3.1	11.9	7.7	3.8

Table 13A.20 **Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years, 30 June (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	2.9	3.0	4.2	8.7	2.3	3.0	11.5	7.5	3.8
EACH-D									
2006	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.9	0.3
2007	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.7	1.3	1.8	0.6
2008	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.9	2.4	1.0
2009	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.8	2.3	1.0
2010	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.8	1.2
2011	1.3	1.4	2.4	4.0	1.1	1.8	5.1	2.6	1.8
2012	1.3	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.2	1.8	5.7	3.2	1.9
2013	1.3	1.4	2.3	4.6	1.2	1.8	5.5	3.1	1.9
CACPs									
2006	17.4	18.2	16.8	17.6	18.0	18.6	19.9	58.6	17.8
2007	18.1	18.7	18.0	18.6	18.7	19.1	20.9	58.2	18.6
2008	19.3	19.8	18.7	19.4	19.7	19.7	21.7	53.9	19.6
2009	19.1	19.3	18.2	21.2	19.3	19.6	20.9	51.1	19.4
2010	19.5	19.7	19.8	21.2	19.5	20.4	23.7	52.4	20.0
2011	20.1	20.1	20.5	22.9	19.9	20.6	25.8	51.0	20.7
2012	20.3	20.8	19.8	22.2	20.8	20.3	24.9	51.3	20.8
2013	20.1	20.5	20.0	21.9	20.9	19.9	24.2	51.1	20.7
Home Care Levels 1–2									
2014	21.1	21.8	21.2	21.2	21.9	20.7	23.0	50.3	21.6
Home Care Levels 3–4									
2014	4.7	5.0	6.8	12.7	4.2	5.3	16.2	10.5	6.1
Community aged care (excluding transition care)									
2006	18.9	19.9	18.3	19.1	19.6	19.9	23.6	65.1	19.4
2007	20.2	21.0	20.0	20.6	20.9	21.2	25.9	66.4	20.8
2008	22.3	22.9	21.3	22.5	22.6	22.9	28.2	63.1	22.6
2009	22.0	22.4	20.8	25.1	22.1	23.0	27.2	59.8	22.5
2010	22.9	23.3	23.5	26.4	22.6	24.6	31.3	62.5	23.8
2011	24.3	24.5	27.1	34.6	23.3	25.4	42.1	60.9	26.2
2012	24.5	25.2	26.3	35.7	24.3	25.2	42.5	62.2	26.6
2013	24.2	25.0	26.5	35.2	24.4	24.7	41.3	61.7	26.4
2014	25.8	26.8	28.0	33.9	26.1	26.0	39.2	60.8	27.7
Total (excluding transition care) (g)									
2006	101.3	105.5	101.0	100.6	110.2	104.5	94.1	115.2	103.1
2007	103.0	106.7	102.4	100.6	112.0	104.1	95.9	116.6	104.4
2008	107.4	110.2	103.5	102.8	116.3	105.6	103.8	110.1	107.7
2009	107.3	109.7	102.2	103.2	114.4	106.1	98.9	107.7	107.1
2010	108.4	110.5	105.2	104.3	113.6	105.9	110.4	108.3	108.3
2011	109.1	110.3	106.8	110.8	113.4	106.3	118.5	107.0	109.5

Table 13A.20 **Operational number of aged care places per 1000 people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years, 30 June (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012	108.3	109.6	104.1	109.4	114.3	104.4	115.8	105.9	108.4
2013	108.1	109.4	104.2	108.8	115.5	101.8	113.2	104.2	108.3
2014	107.3	110.0	102.7	104.6	115.4	101.6	108.1	98.7	107.4
Transition Care									
2006	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.4	–	0.3
2007	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.8	1.0	1.5	0.7	0.8
2008	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.3	1.0
2009	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.1
2010	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	2.1	1.2
2011	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0	1.5
2012	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.9	1.7
2013	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.7
2014	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.7

- (a) Places do not include those that have been approved, but are not yet operational.
- (b) Data for the numerators are all operational places (by service type). Data for the denominators are people aged 70 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–69 years. This table differs from table 13A.22, which refers to residents.
- (c) Population data are calculated on a different basis across years. See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.
- (d) Includes all flexible residential places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Multi-Purpose Services and Innovative Pool programs.
- (e) From June 2011–2013, CACP data includes flexible community low places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Multi-Purpose Service Program and Innovative Pool Program (including CDC low care places), EACH data includes CDC high care places and EACH-D data includes CDC high care dementia places.
- (f) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages. For 2014 all flexible Home Care places in Multi-Purpose Services, Innovative Care and under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Levels 1-2.
- (g) Totals may not add due to rounding.
– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.21 **Residential and community aged care places per 1000 population aged 70 years or over and Indigenous aged 50–69 years, by remoteness, 2014 (at 30 June) (a)**

	<i>Residential aged care places per 1000 population (b)</i>	<i>Community aged care places per 1000 population (c)</i>
Major cities	83.8	30.9
Inner Regional and Outer Regional	73.3	25.8
Remote and Very Remote	50.6	33.4

(a) Population people aged 70 years and over plus Indigenous Australians aged 50–69 years at 30 June 2014.

(b) Count is of operational residential places delivered in Australian Government subsidised residential aged care facilities at 30 June 2014 and includes Multi-Purpose Services and places delivered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care and Innovative Care Programs delivered in a residential aged care facility.

(c) Count is of operational home care places at 30 June 2014 and includes: Home Care levels 1–4, Transition Care Program, and Multi-Purpose Services and places delivered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care and Innovative Care Programs provided in the community. On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages.

Source: Department of Social Services (DSS) (unpublished) Australian Government DSS Aged Care data warehouse. For 30 June 2014 DSS projections of the total population are based on the 2012 Estimated Resident Population. These projections were prepared at the SA2 level for DSS by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) according to assumptions agreed to by DSS. For 30 June 2014 Indigenous projections are based closely on ABS 3238.0 – *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

TABLE 13A.22

Table 13A.22 **Aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50-64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Residential aged care — permanent and respite residents									
High care residential									
2011	41.3	41.1	37.3	35.8	49.2	37.5	34.5	21.6	40.3
2012	42.3	42.1	38.4	36.2	50.0	39.6	34.8	21.9	41.3
2013	41.7	42.6	39.3	38.0	50.3	39.9	35.1	19.5	41.6
2014	42.2	43.1	39.4	38.4	50.1	39.0	35.3	20.1	41.9
Low care residential									
2011	14.4	14.7	12.9	13.9	12.8	15.2	12.9	8.9	14.0
2012	12.0	12.1	10.1	11.3	10.1	10.6	10.1	8.8	11.3
2013	11.9	10.8	9.1	8.7	9.5	8.6	9.3	8.2	10.4
2014	10.6	9.9	7.8	7.1	8.7	7.9	7.7	6.9	9.3
All residential									
2011	55.6	55.8	50.2	49.8	61.9	52.7	47.4	30.5	54.3
2012	54.3	54.2	48.5	47.5	60.1	50.2	44.9	30.8	52.6
2013	53.7	53.5	48.4	46.7	59.8	48.5	44.5	27.7	52.0
2014	52.8	53.0	47.2	45.6	58.8	47.0	43.0	27.0	51.1
Community care									
EACH									
2011	1.9	2.1	2.3	3.6	1.6	2.0	5.0	5.2	2.2
2012	2.0	2.1	2.6	4.7	1.6	2.1	6.5	5.4	2.4
2013	1.9	2.1	2.6	5.3	1.5	2.0	6.8	4.9	2.5
EACH-D									
2011	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.3	0.8	1.2	1.4	1.3	1.0
2012	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	0.8	1.2	1.9	1.5	1.1
2013	0.8	0.9	1.4	2.2	0.8	1.1	2.3	1.9	1.1
CACPs									
2011	13.5	13.8	11.1	12.8	13.7	14.0	14.5	34.7	13.2
2012	13.6	14.1	11.2	12.3	14.0	13.7	14.8	35.1	13.3
2013	13.5	14.0	11.8	11.8	13.9	13.1	14.3	34.0	13.3
Home Care Levels 1–2									
2014	13.5	14.4	11.7	11.0	13.8	13.6	14.3	32.4	13.3
Home Care Levels 3–4									
2014	3.0	3.3	4.2	7.5	2.7	3.4	9.8	7.2	3.8
<i>Community aged care</i>									
2011	16.2	16.9	14.4	17.7	16.0	17.2	20.9	41.2	16.4
2012	16.4	17.1	15.1	18.8	16.3	16.9	23.1	42.0	16.8
2013	16.3	17.0	15.8	19.2	16.3	16.2	23.4	40.8	16.9
2014	16.6	17.7	15.9	18.5	16.5	17.1	24.1	39.6	17.2
Total (c)									
2011	71.9	72.7	64.6	67.4	77.9	69.9	68.3	71.6	70.7
2012	70.7	71.3	63.6	66.3	76.5	67.1	68.0	72.7	69.4

Table 13A.22 **Aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50-64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2013	69.9	70.5	64.2	65.9	76.0	64.7	67.8	68.5	68.9
2014	69.4	70.7	63.1	64.1	75.3	64.1	67.1	66.6	68.3
Respite residents only									
High care residential									
2011	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6
2012	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.6
2013	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6
2014	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.4
Low care residential									
2011	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6
2012	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.7	0.5	0.6
2013	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.6
2014	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4
Total									
2011	1.7	1.1	0.8	0.9	1.5	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2
2012	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.8	1.5	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.2
2013	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.7	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.2
2014	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.8

- (a) For high and low care residential, community aged care and total: includes flexible places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs and care provided by Multi-Purpose Services. Aged care recipient numbers included for the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are based on the number of allocated places.
- (b) From June 2011–2013, CACP data includes flexible community low places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Multi-Purpose Service Program and Innovative Pool Program (including CDC low care places), EACH data includes CDC high care places and EACH-D data includes CDC high care dementia places.
- (c) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH Dementia packages. For June 2014, all flexible Home Care places in Multi-Purpose Services, Innovative Care and under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Levels 1-2.
- (d) Totals may not add due to rounding.
- (e) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rate is for a small program or smaller jurisdiction.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.23

Table 13A.23 **HACC recipients per 1000 people, Indigenous status (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2010-11</i>									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (c)	269.0	296.2	191.0	179.8	379.1	111.8	183.2	138.3	222.0
All people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (d)	201.9	259.5	227.4	183.3	287.8	255.9	238.4	127.7	228.0
<i>2011-12</i>									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (c)	271.8	292.0	192.0	164.0	365.6	112.2	150.8	132.0	219.1
All people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (d)	196.2	255.6	229.4	179.1	290.7	257.9	231.6	122.0	225.3
<i>2012-13</i>									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (c)	267.4	297.0	188.2	151.7	364.3	110.0	148.6	73.8	208.5
All people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (d)	193.7	253.6	230.9	174.1	285.6	253.1	232.3	74.0	222.8
<i>2013-14</i>									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over (c)	268.0	258.9	163.4	135.1	288.0	88.9	121.5	90.9	197.9

TABLE 13A.23

Table 13A.23 **HACC recipients per 1000 people, Indigenous status (a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (d)	192.5	249.2	222.3	168.4	284.4	237.8	228.6	79.3	218.3

(a) Reports provisional HACC data that has not been validated and may be subject to revision.

(b) See table 13A.2 to notes on the population data.

(c) The proportion of HACC clients aged 50 years or over with unknown or null Indigenous status differed across years and jurisdictions. Records for recipients aged 50 years or over with missing Indigenous status data have been excluded.

(d) Records for recipients aged 50–64 years with missing Indigenous status data have been excluded.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished), *HACC Minimum Data Set* (various years).

TABLE 13A.24

Table 13A.24 **Aged care recipients of all ages from non-English speaking countries as a proportion of all aged care recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
High care residential										
2006	%	15.7	20.3	8.7	17.4	15.4	6.1	21.2	15.2	15.4
2007	%	16.2	20.7	8.7	17.1	15.6	5.7	19.9	13.5	15.7
2008	%	17.2	21.3	9.1	17.6	15.9	6.1	20.0	15.1	16.4
2009	%	17.5	22.1	9.2	17.8	15.9	6.3	20.4	15.2	16.7
2010	%	18.5	23.0	9.8	18.3	16.5	7.1	19.5	11.7	17.6
2011	%	18.4	23.4	9.6	18.2	16.9	6.4	21.3	14.2	17.7
2012	%	18.8	23.8	9.5	18.3	17.2	6.7	21.6	14.3	17.9
2013	%	19.4	24.3	9.7	18.2	17.6	7.0	21.5	14.5	18.3
2014	%	20.1	24.7	10.0	18.6	17.9	6.9	20.7	13.5	18.8
Low care residential										
2006	%	11.5	14.9	6.5	13.3	9.9	5.2	14.9	13.2	11.5
2007	%	12.3	15.1	6.9	13.9	10.4	4.8	14.1	21.2	12.0
2008	%	12.6	15.3	7.3	14.2	10.4	5.7	14.7	17.2	12.2
2009	%	12.9	15.6	7.9	14.0	11.7	5.0	12.0	18.1	12.6
2010	%	12.5	15.4	7.7	15.7	12.1	4.1	14.8	22.3	12.4
2011	%	13.1	15.9	8.1	15.5	11.7	4.5	17.2	14.1	12.9
2012	%	13.4	16.7	8.3	15.9	12.3	5.2	15.8	9.8	13.4
2013	%	13.8	16.5	9.0	15.5	12.1	5.1	14.4	7.4	13.5
2014	%	14.1	16.6	8.9	15.4	13.2	4.6	12.4	8.2	13.7
EACH										
2006	%	22.7	35.2	10.3	30.4	22.2	12.2	20.0	21.4	24.7
2007	%	22.7	34.5	11.4	34.5	19.8	10.7	24.4	25.9	24.7
2008	%	23.6	33.2	10.4	32.2	23.2	7.4	20.4	18.2	24.2
2009	%	25.4	33.2	10.6	29.9	26.4	10.6	17.8	19.2	25.1
2010	%	25.1	32.2	10.9	28.9	24.7	6.8	22.8	14.4	24.2
2011	%	25.3	32.9	12.9	24.6	24.0	5.4	24.4	14.0	23.8
2012	%	25.3	34.4	13.1	24.6	20.8	8.3	24.9	10.8	23.7
2013	%	26.9	33.2	12.9	24.0	22.9	6.7	26.9	10.3	23.9
EACH-D										
2009	%	28.7	41.4	20.5	34.5	20.6	15.4	22.0	10.0	29.7
2010	%	29.3	41.7	20.5	29.4	17.3	20.3	37.0	9.5	29.4
2011	%	30.3	43.8	16.8	30.7	14.6	13.7	38.9	19.2	29.3
2012	%	27.2	44.1	16.2	27.7	13.2	17.2	29.3	10.0	27.3
2013	%	28.9	40.0	16.0	24.5	16.9	16.8	24.0	21.4	26.1
CACPs										
2006	%	20.6	25.1	13.4	22.4	18.4	14.7	19.5	6.2	20.2
2007	%	21.1	26.4	13.7	23.5	18.3	14.4	19.4	5.4	20.8
2008	%	21.7	27.1	14.5	23.5	19.6	13.6	19.9	6.2	21.4

Table 13A.24 Aged care recipients of all ages from non-English speaking countries as a proportion of all aged care recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2009	%	21.8	27.6	14.5	23.7	20.5	13.6	21.0	7.9	21.8
2010	%	22.6	28.6	14.6	24.3	20.9	12.1	18.0	9.0	22.3
2011	%	22.7	29.4	14.2	23.8	20.8	12.2	19.8	8.5	22.5
2012	%	23.3	29.8	14.4	24.2	20.4	11.4	17.5	8.0	22.8
2013	%	23.5	30.4	14.3	24.8	21.0	11.7	18.5	10.4	23.1
Home Care Levels 1–2										
2014	%	23.9	31.7	14.5	25.7	20.0	10.9	18.1	8.4	23.6
Home Care Levels 3–4										
2014	%	27.9	35.7	13.9	23.6	20.7	9.0	29.3	18.9	24.8
Total										
2006	%	15.5	19.8	8.8	17.1	14.6	7.4	19.2	10.3	15.3
2007	%	16.2	20.4	9.1	17.6	15.0	7.2	18.6	10.7	15.8
2008	%	17.0	21.1	9.6	18.1	15.6	7.4	18.7	10.7	16.4
2009	%	17.6	21.9	9.9	18.4	16.1	7.6	18.4	11.8	17.0
2010	%	18.1	22.6	10.2	19.4	16.6	7.5	18.6	11.6	17.5
2011	%	18.5	23.6	10.3	19.3	16.9	7.2	20.8	11.4	18.0
2012	%	19.1	24.3	10.4	19.7	17.2	7.6	20.4	10.4	18.4
2013	%	19.6	24.8	10.7	19.7	17.7	7.9	20.5	11.7	18.9
2014	%	20.3	25.5	11.0	20.1	17.9	7.5	20.5	11.3	19.4

- (a) On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages.
- (b) Data for EACH-D packages prior to 2009 are included in EACH packages.
- (c) Unknown responses for country of birth were distributed *pro rata* up to 2011 data. For all other estimates they are excluded.
- (d) People from a non-English speaking country of birth are those who are born overseas in countries other than UK, Ireland, NZ, Canada, South Africa and USA.
- (e) Data exclude people who received services under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool program and Multi-Purpose Service program.
- (f) High care residential aged care includes permanent residents and respite care recipients. Low care residential aged care includes permanent residents and respite care recipients.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.25 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over and as a proportion of all recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years and over										
High care residential										
2006	per 1000	7.3	13.4	14.2	23.6	29.0	7.6	2.8	27.5	15.5
2007	per 1000	7.2	13.0	13.9	22.7	28.4	7.5	2.8	26.7	15.1
2008	per 1000	7.6	10.9	12.8	25.0	35.0	9.8	4.9	25.6	15.2
2009	per 1000	8.2	13.2	13.4	25.1	35.4	9.8	4.9	23.4	15.5
2010	per 1000	9.0	15.6	13.9	24.9	32.7	6.9	9.7	25.0	16.0
2011	per 1000	8.3	15.9	14.1	21.8	28.1	6.3	11.3	22.7	14.8
2012	per 1000	9.8	19.2	14.6	22.4	32.0	6.0	8.8	23.3	16.0
2013	per 1000	9.3	21.4	15.4	23.5	32.6	6.3	5.0	19.6	16.0
2014	per 1000	8.7	18.8	14.1	22.1	26.2	4.1	5.0	22.7	14.7
Low care residential										
2006	per 1000	2.8	5.1	8.8	7.5	19.7	1.4	–	13.3	7.3
2007	per 1000	2.7	5.0	8.6	7.2	19.3	1.4	–	12.9	7.1
2008	per 1000	2.6	6.8	6.7	7.1	14.5	1.3	–	11.8	6.2
2009	per 1000	2.7	6.0	6.4	5.9	13.1	1.6	–	13.6	6.2
2010	per 1000	3.5	6.5	7.4	8.3	16.6	3.7	7.3	14.4	7.4
2011	per 1000	3.5	4.8	5.4	7.9	13.3	1.7	3.8	12.0	6.1
2012	per 1000	2.9	6.0	5.0	4.2	11.2	1.6	1.8	11.0	5.2
2013	per 1000	3.5	5.7	3.8	4.9	9.6	1.5	–	11.2	5.0
2014	per 1000	2.6	4.0	3.3	2.7	7.0	1.4	–	9.5	3.8
All residential										
2006	per 1000	10.1	18.5	23.0	31.1	48.7	9.0	2.8	40.8	22.8
2007	per 1000	9.9	18.0	22.4	29.9	47.7	8.9	2.8	39.7	22.3
2008	per 1000	10.2	17.7	19.5	32.1	49.5	11.1	4.9	37.4	21.4
2009	per 1000	10.9	19.2	19.8	31.0	48.5	11.4	4.9	37.0	21.7
2010	per 1000	12.5	22.1	21.3	33.2	49.3	10.6	17.0	39.4	23.4
2011	per 1000	11.8	20.7	19.5	29.7	41.3	8.0	15.1	34.7	21.0
2012	per 1000	12.7	25.2	19.5	26.6	43.2	7.6	10.6	34.3	21.2
2013	per 1000	12.8	27.2	19.3	28.5	42.2	7.8	5.0	30.8	21.0
2014	per 1000	11.3	22.9	17.4	24.8	33.1	5.5	5.0	32.2	18.5
Community aged care										
EACH										
2006	per 1000	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	–	1.1	0.4
2007	per 1000	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.5	–	1.1	0.4
2008	per 1000	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	2.4	1.2	0.9
2009	per 1000	1.5	1.1	0.2	0.7	0.3	0.8	4.8	1.3	0.9

Table 13A.25 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over and as a proportion of all recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2010	per 1000	1.5	3.9	0.6	0.8	2.0	0.8	2.4	1.9	1.4
2011	per 1000	1.5	4.8	0.8	1.3	1.0	0.7	3.8	1.8	1.5
2012	per 1000	1.3	5.8	1.1	2.4	1.2	0.6	7.1	2.6	1.9
2013	per 1000	1.4	7.4	1.0	3.1	1.8	0.6	13.2	2.6	2.2
EACH Dementia										
2009	per 1000	–	0.6	0.2	–	0.3	–	4.8	0.6	0.2
2010	per 1000	0.1	1.7	0.2	0.1	0.3	–	2.4	1.0	0.4
2011	per 1000	0.1	2.0	0.5	0.5	–	–	1.9	0.8	0.5
2012	per 1000	0.2	1.1	0.4	0.8	–	–	1.8	0.8	0.4
2013	per 1000	0.3	1.9	0.4	1.0	–	0.6	1.7	1.0	0.6
CACPs										
2006	per 1000	19.5	47.2	12.7	20.1	38.0	30.0	51.2	65.0	26.6
2007	per 1000	19.1	46.0	12.4	19.3	37.2	29.5	50.7	63.2	25.9
2008	per 1000	17.6	41.3	12.0	21.5	35.0	26.9	53.7	55.5	24.3
2009	per 1000	17.1	48.1	12.5	20.3	33.2	27.2	65.6	52.3	24.3
2010	per 1000	18.8	58.1	14.9	22.9	32.3	28.8	75.0	54.4	26.8
2011	per 1000	17.1	59.6	13.6	20.2	29.5	23.3	60.4	49.7	24.6
2012	per 1000	17.9	65.8	13.3	15.3	29.1	22.7	67.2	49.8	24.5
2013	per 1000	17.6	68.2	14.1	16.7	26.9	21.3	64.4	47.8	24.6
Home Care Levels 1–2										
2014	per 1000	13.5	57.9	11.1	12.6	19.5	16.1	42.8	44.0	19.5
Home Care Levels 3–4										
2014	per 1000	1.7	6.7	1.4	3.9	1.7	1.0	11.3	4.0	2.5
Community aged care (excluding transition care)										
2006	per 1000	19.9	48.1	13.0	20.3	38.3	30.5	51.2	66.1	27.0
2007	per 1000	19.5	46.9	12.6	19.5	37.6	30.0	50.7	64.3	26.4
2008	per 1000	19.0	42.2	12.4	22.0	35.3	27.3	56.1	56.7	25.2
2009	per 1000	18.6	49.8	12.9	21.0	33.8	28.0	75.2	54.2	25.4
2010	per 1000	20.4	63.7	15.7	23.8	34.6	29.6	79.8	57.3	28.6
2011	per 1000	18.8	66.4	14.9	21.9	30.5	24.0	66.0	52.3	26.6
2012	per 1000	19.4	72.7	14.8	18.5	30.3	23.3	76.1	53.1	26.9
2013	per 1000	19.4	77.5	15.6	20.8	28.7	22.5	79.2	51.5	27.4
2014	per 1000	15.2	64.6	12.5	16.5	21.3	17.0	54.1	48.0	22.1
Total										
2006	per 1000	30.0	66.6	36.0	51.4	87.0	39.5	54.0	106.9	49.8
2007	per 1000	29.3	64.9	35.1	49.4	85.2	38.9	53.5	104.0	48.6
2008	per 1000	29.2	59.9	31.9	54.1	84.8	38.4	61.0	94.1	46.6
2009	per 1000	29.5	69.0	32.7	52.0	82.3	39.4	80.1	91.2	47.1

Table 13A.25 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over and as a proportion of all recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2010	per 1000	32.9	85.8	37.0	57.0	83.9	40.2	96.8	96.7	52.0
2011	per 1000	30.6	87.2	34.4	51.6	71.8	32.0	81.1	87.0	47.6
2012	per 1000	32.1	97.9	34.4	45.1	73.4	30.9	86.7	87.5	48.0
2013	per 1000	32.2	104.7	34.8	49.3	70.9	30.3	84.2	82.2	48.4
2014	per 1000	26.5	87.5	29.9	41.3	54.4	22.5	59.1	80.2	40.5

Residents from Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander backgrounds as a proportion of all residents (per cent) (i)

High care residential

2006	%	0.3	0.2	1.1	2.3	0.8	0.5	0.1	58.7	0.8
2007	%	0.3	0.2	1.1	2.3	0.8	0.5	0.1	58.8	0.8
2008	%	0.4	0.2	1.1	2.3	1.0	0.7	0.2	51.2	0.9
2009	%	0.4	0.2	1.1	2.4	1.0	0.8	0.2	51.1	0.9
2010	%	0.5	0.2	1.2	2.3	0.9	0.6	0.3	53.5	0.9
2011	%	0.5	0.3	1.3	2.1	0.9	0.6	0.4	47.0	0.9
2012	%	0.5	0.3	1.3	2.2	1.0	0.6	0.3	46.7	0.9
2013	%	0.5	0.4	1.4	2.2	1.0	0.6	0.2	44.7	1.0
2014	%	0.6	0.4	1.4	2.3	1.1	0.5	0.2	49.4	1.0

Low care residential

2006	%	0.3	0.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.3	–	75.4	0.8
2007	%	0.3	0.1	1.4	1.2	1.3	0.3	–	75.4	0.8
2008	%	0.3	0.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.3	–	52.7	0.8
2009	%	0.4	0.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.3	–	55.6	0.9
2010	%	0.4	0.2	1.3	1.7	1.5	0.6	0.5	54.6	0.9
2011	%	0.6	0.2	1.4	2.1	1.7	0.4	0.4	60.8	1.1
2012	%	0.6	0.3	1.7	1.4	1.8	0.6	0.2	54.3	1.1
2013	%	0.7	0.4	1.5	2.2	1.7	0.7	–	60.0	1.2
2014	%	0.7	0.3	1.8	1.7	1.7	0.8	–	59.9	1.2

EACH

2006	%	1.0	0.4	1.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	–	16.7	1.1
2007	%	1.0	0.5	1.1	1.4	0.5	2.0	–	16.7	1.1
2008	%	2.1	0.4	1.2	1.1	0.3	1.1	1.1	13.6	1.4
2009	%	2.2	0.5	0.7	1.5	0.3	1.8	1.9	13.7	1.5
2010	%	1.8	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.8	1.4	0.7	16.7	1.7
2011	%	1.8	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.0	1.2	1.0	16.2	1.7
2012	%	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.8	1.2	1.2	1.5	21.6	1.9
2013	%	1.7	2.5	1.3	2.1	1.8	1.1	2.7	23.4	2.2

EACH Dementia

2009	%	0.2	0.6	1.4	–	0.6	–	4.7	25.0	0.9
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Table 13A.25 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over and as a proportion of all recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2010	%	0.4	1.5	1.0	0.4	0.5	–	2.2	38.1	1.1
2011	%	0.4	1.5	1.6	1.3	–	–	1.9	26.9	1.2
2012	%	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.4	–	–	1.3	23.3	1.1
2013	%	0.9	1.4	1.1	1.6	–	2.0	1.0	23.8	1.4
CACPs										
2006	%	2.9	2.0	3.8	6.1	3.8	7.2	4.1	77.0	4.5
2007	%	2.9	2.0	3.8	6.1	3.8	7.2	4.1	77.0	4.5
2008	%	2.7	1.9	3.4	5.9	3.5	6.1	4.5	65.3	4.1
2009	%	2.6	2.2	3.5	5.6	3.3	6.3	5.3	64.5	4.1
2010	%	2.8	2.6	3.9	5.6	3.1	6.3	5.5	63.5	4.3
2011	%	2.9	3.0	4.2	5.7	3.3	6.1	5.7	65.0	4.6
2012	%	3.0	3.3	4.1	4.5	3.2	6.2	6.3	65.0	4.6
2013	%	3.1	3.4	4.2	5.1	3.0	6.0	6.2	62.0	4.6
Home Care Levels 1–2										
2014	%	2.9	3.3	3.9	4.6	2.8	5.3	5.2	59.2	4.3
Home Care Levels 3–4										
2014	%	1.6	1.7	1.3	2.0	1.3	1.2	2.0	24.3	1.9
Total										
2006	%	0.8	0.5	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.6	0.9	68.8	1.4
2007	%	0.8	0.5	1.6	2.6	1.4	1.6	0.9	68.8	1.4
2008	%	0.8	0.5	1.5	2.7	1.5	1.7	1.1	56.6	1.4
2009	%	0.8	0.6	1.6	2.7	1.4	1.8	1.4	55.9	1.5
2010	%	0.9	0.7	1.7	2.8	1.4	1.8	1.6	55.9	1.6
2011	%	1.0	0.8	1.8	2.7	1.4	1.7	1.6	54.9	1.6
2012	%	1.1	1.0	1.8	2.4	1.5	1.7	1.7	54.0	1.7
2013	%	1.6	1.3	2.5	2.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	53.2	2.2
2014	%	1.1	1.0	1.9	2.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	52.5	1.8

(a) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages.

(b) Data for EACH-D packages prior to 2009 are included in EACH packages.

(c) Unknown responses for Indigenous status have been distributed pro rata up to 2011 data. For all other estimates they are excluded.

(d) Includes National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program places attributed as residents. For 2014 flexible, Home Care places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program are included in Home Care Levels 1-2. Excludes multi-purpose services.

(e) See footnotes to table 13A.2 for information on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections.

(f) Totals may not add due to rounding.

Table 13A.25 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care recipients of all ages per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over and as a proportion of all recipients, 30 June (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (h)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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- (g) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rate/proportion is for a small program, smaller jurisdiction or remote/very remote area.
- (h) The ACT has a very small Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged over 50 years and a small number of CACPs results in a very high provision ratio.
- (i) For the proportions of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander recipients as a proportion of all recipients, the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program places are attributed as recipients and are added to both numerator and denominator of the calculation.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.26 Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Permanent residents classified as high care at June 2014									
Females									
under 65	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.3
65–69	4.6	4.8	4.5	4.2	4.6	5.5	2.9	3.5	4.6
70–74	10.6	10.8	10.9	10.7	11.5	12.2	12.1	11.0	10.8
75–79	26.1	27.3	28.2	24.8	29.1	24.8	24.2	37.1	26.9
80–84	65.9	70.4	71.0	66.4	73.3	67.9	64.1	77.0	68.7
85+	212.8	214.0	218.9	217.6	244.1	219.9	202.2	155.7	217.4
Males									
under 65	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
65–69	5.2	4.9	5.1	4.7	5.5	5.3	3.9	4.1	5.1
70–74	10.9	9.9	10.5	10.0	10.1	9.8	9.4	10.2	10.3
75–79	21.1	21.0	22.0	20.2	22.0	18.2	15.0	25.0	21.1
80–84	46.0	45.8	47.7	42.9	49.4	40.5	35.9	49.1	46.0
85+	115.3	121.0	125.6	111.7	134.5	122.9	110.6	90.9	120.1
Persons									
under 65	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
65–69	4.9	4.9	4.8	4.5	5.0	5.4	3.4	3.8	4.8
70–74	10.7	10.3	10.7	10.4	10.8	10.9	10.8	10.5	10.6
75–79	23.8	24.4	25.2	22.6	25.8	21.6	19.9	30.5	24.2
80–84	57.2	59.7	60.7	56.2	62.9	55.8	51.9	63.6	58.8
85+	178.0	180.3	184.9	179.4	204.9	184.7	169.1	130.4	182.3
Permanent residents classified as low care at June 2014									
Females									
under 65	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
65–69	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.1	1.3	0.7
70–74	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.2	1.6	0.8	1.2	1.0	1.7
75–79	5.5	5.1	4.8	3.5	4.4	4.8	2.4	7.8	4.9
80–84	16.6	14.3	13.7	11.1	11.5	12.1	15.7	6.3	14.4
85+	53.1	48.7	43.7	37.5	39.4	46.8	51.1	35.6	47.5
Males									
under 65	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.1	–	–	–
65–69	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.2	0.9
70–74	2.3	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.4	1.7	0.8	2.5	1.9
75–79	4.5	3.8	3.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.6	4.2	3.8
80–84	10.4	9.6	9.2	5.4	7.9	9.9	6.5	5.1	9.2
85+	33.9	32.4	28.3	21.8	26.0	26.5	19.8	17.6	30.3

TABLE 13A.26

Table 13A.26 **Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Persons									
under 65	–	–	–	–	–	0.1	–	–	–
65–69	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.2	0.8
70–74	2.2	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.9	1.8
75–79	5.0	4.4	4.4	3.1	3.6	3.9	3.0	5.8	4.4
80–84	13.9	12.2	11.7	8.6	9.9	11.2	11.7	5.7	12.1
85+	46.2	42.8	38.1	31.8	34.6	39.5	39.8	28.6	41.3
Home Care levels 1–2 recipients									
Females									
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.1
65–69	2.2	3.3	2.3	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	19.3	2.5
70–74	6.0	8.1	6.3	4.8	5.9	5.9	6.2	30.8	6.6
75–79	14.7	17.2	12.8	11.0	12.4	18.4	12.5	74.1	14.7
80–84	31.8	29.5	28.9	24.4	31.8	32.7	38.9	105.3	30.3
85+	53.4	43.8	47.3	45.5	53.2	61.7	66.8	131.3	49.7
Males									
under 65	–	0.1	0.1	–	–	–	–	0.4	0.1
65–69	1.3	2.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	0.9	1.0	10.7	1.7
70–74	3.3	5.4	3.4	3.2	3.3	2.6	2.7	20.8	3.9
75–79	6.5	8.9	7.1	6.1	5.8	6.1	5.3	30.0	7.2
80–84	15.8	19.0	15.4	13.9	11.8	16.5	17.3	52.5	16.2
85+	37.1	34.2	33.9	32.0	34.4	34.0	45.6	79.2	35.2
Persons									
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	–	0.1	0.6	0.1
65–69	1.7	2.9	1.9	1.6	1.7	1.4	1.7	14.4	2.1
70–74	4.7	6.8	4.9	4.0	4.7	4.3	4.6	25.3	5.3
75–79	10.8	13.3	10.0	8.7	9.6	12.4	9.1	50.3	11.2
80–84	24.8	24.9	22.9	19.9	23.5	25.6	29.6	79.9	24.2
85+	47.6	40.3	42.4	40.6	47.5	51.6	59.1	111.0	44.5
Home Care levels 3–4 recipients									
Females									
under 65	–	–	0.1	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	–
65–69	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.4	0.5	1.1	3.0	3.5	1.0
70–74	1.6	1.9	2.5	3.6	1.2	2.3	5.3	5.7	2.1
75–79	3.1	3.2	3.9	7.5	2.3	4.1	8.6	16.6	3.8
80–84	5.8	5.5	8.1	13.4	4.6	6.0	16.3	23.6	6.9
85+	10.0	7.9	15.7	27.1	10.3	11.9	36.5	48.8	12.4

TABLE 13A.26

Table 13A.26 **Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Males									
under 65	–	–	–	0.1	–	–	–	0.1	–
65–69	0.6	0.8	0.7	1.6	0.5	0.6	1.6	2.9	0.8
70–74	1.3	1.7	1.7	3.2	1.0	1.9	3.9	4.7	1.7
75–79	2.4	3.3	3.2	6.1	1.6	2.3	8.9	13.3	3.2
80–84	4.4	4.6	6.3	11.7	3.9	4.1	14.3	22.0	5.6
85+	8.1	7.7	13.4	25.0	7.3	8.3	33.2	55.7	10.7
Persons									
under 65	–	–	–	0.1	–	0.1	–	0.1	–
65–69	0.6	1.0	0.9	1.5	0.5	0.8	2.3	3.2	0.9
70–74	1.4	1.8	2.1	3.4	1.1	2.1	4.7	5.2	1.9
75–79	2.8	3.2	3.6	6.8	2.0	3.2	8.7	14.8	3.5
80–84	5.2	5.1	7.3	12.6	4.3	5.2	15.4	22.8	6.3
85+	9.3	7.8	14.9	26.3	9.3	10.5	35.3	51.5	11.8
Home Care Levels 1–4									
Females									
under 65	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.1
65–69	2.9	4.4	3.3	3.1	2.5	3.0	5.4	22.7	3.5
70–74	7.5	10.0	8.8	8.4	7.1	8.3	11.6	36.6	8.7
75–79	17.8	20.3	16.7	18.5	14.7	22.4	21.0	90.7	18.5
80–84	37.6	35.0	36.9	37.8	36.4	38.7	55.2	128.9	37.2
85+	63.4	51.7	63.0	72.6	63.5	73.5	103.2	180.1	62.0
Males									
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1
65–69	1.9	3.4	2.3	3.0	1.8	1.5	2.6	13.6	2.5
70–74	4.6	7.1	5.1	6.4	4.3	4.5	6.7	25.5	5.6
75–79	8.9	12.2	10.2	12.1	7.4	8.4	14.1	43.3	10.4
80–84	20.2	23.5	21.7	25.5	15.7	20.6	31.5	74.5	21.7
85+	45.2	41.9	47.2	56.9	41.7	42.3	78.9	134.9	45.9
Persons									
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.1
65–69	2.4	3.9	2.8	3.1	2.2	2.2	4.0	17.6	3.0
70–74	6.1	8.6	6.9	7.4	5.8	6.4	9.2	30.4	7.2
75–79	13.6	16.5	13.6	15.5	11.6	15.7	17.8	65.1	14.7
80–84	30.0	30.0	30.2	32.5	27.8	30.7	45.0	102.7	30.5
85+	56.9	48.1	57.3	67.0	56.7	62.2	94.4	162.5	56.3

Table 13A.26 Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people (a), (b), (c)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All Permanent residents and Home Care recipients at June 2014									
Females									
under 65	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	1.2	0.4
65–69	8.3	9.9	8.4	7.7	7.6	9.2	8.4	27.5	8.7
70–74	20.2	22.5	21.3	20.3	20.2	21.2	25.0	48.6	21.2
75–79	49.4	52.7	49.8	46.8	48.2	52.1	47.7	135.6	50.3
80–84	120.1	119.6	121.6	115.3	121.2	118.7	135.0	212.3	120.3
85+	329.3	314.4	325.6	327.7	346.9	340.3	356.5	371.5	326.9
Males									
under 65	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4
65–69	8.1	9.4	8.0	8.4	7.9	7.3	7.5	19.0	8.4
70–74	17.8	18.9	17.4	17.7	15.8	15.9	16.9	38.2	17.9
75–79	34.5	37.0	36.1	35.0	32.2	29.5	32.7	72.4	35.3
80–84	76.6	79.0	78.5	73.9	73.1	71.1	73.9	128.6	77.0
85+	194.4	195.3	201.1	190.4	202.2	191.7	209.3	243.4	196.4
Persons									
under 65	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.9	0.4
65–69	8.2	9.6	8.2	8.0	7.8	8.2	8.0	22.7	8.6
70–74	19.0	20.7	19.4	19.0	18.2	18.6	21.1	42.8	19.6
75–79	42.4	45.3	43.2	41.2	41.1	41.2	40.7	101.5	43.2
80–84	101.1	102.0	102.5	97.4	100.6	97.7	108.7	172.0	101.4
85+	281.1	271.2	280.3	278.1	296.3	286.3	303.4	321.5	280.0

(a) On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs –CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages. Data exclude flexible places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs and care provided by Multi-Purpose Services.

(b) See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.

(c) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rates are for a small program or smaller jurisdictions.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.27

Table 13A.27 Proportion of permanent residents/resident care days classified as concessional, assisted or supported (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>New residents (b), (c)</i>									
High care residents									
2005-06	28.4	29.7	33.8	41.1	33.3	32.5	31.3	50.0	31.3
2006-07	34.4	33.7	37.3	40.0	40.0	40.9	32.3	58.7	36.0
2007-08	32.5	29.3	36.8	37.3	35.0	38.5	28.3	57.8	33.4
2008-09	41.2	39.9	45.4	46.5	45.8	45.5	45.7	64.6	39.9
2009-10	39.4	39.3	44.3	44.5	42.0	42.0	40.2	64.4	41.1
2010-11	40.7	39.5	44.4	46.0	43.1	40.9	39.1	70.0	41.8
2011-12	41.3	39.0	43.4	44.4	43.2	39.9	37.3	55.1	41.5
2012-13	40.4	38.5	45.1	43.1	41.6	40.7	35.6	65.7	41.2
2013-14	35.0	34.4	40.8	38.3	37.1	39.5	29.2	67.0	36.6
Low care residents									
2005-06	24.9	24.9	30.1	34.7	32.6	28.4	21.3	60.4	27.6
2006-07	30.3	28.2	32.0	34.3	36.0	29.9	24.5	67.6	30.8
2007-08	33.2	31.1	38.7	38.4	38.7	31.3	24.1	82.1	33.8
2008-09	32.1	30.5	37.7	36.6	40.6	37.3	26.1	54.5	26.1
2009-10	31.6	28.7	34.8	36.4	34.6	33.1	21.2	63.4	32.0
2010-11	32.0	29.0	36.3	36.4	34.7	37.3	32.8	60.0	32.6
2011-12	33.1	29.0	39.1	35.0	36.1	35.5	26.6	70.0	33.3
2012-13	32.5	28.4	38.2	34.6	34.6	33.9	23.2	64.5	32.5
2013-14	28.3	25.3	31.6	30.3	29.7	33.2	25.0	63.2	28.3
All residents									
2005-06	26.9	27.1	32.0	37.5	33.0	30.8	26.2	54.1	29.5
2006-07	32.6	30.7	34.8	36.9	38.4	36.9	28.7	61.9	33.6
2007-08	32.8	30.2	36.1	37.8	36.3	36.2	26.7	64.0	33.6
2008-09	37.3	35.2	42.1	41.5	43.8	42.5	35.6	60.5	35.2
2009-10	36.1	34.1	40.4	40.5	39.3	38.7	30.9	64.1	37.1
2010-11	37.0	34.5	41.2	41.3	40.3	39.7	36.1	67.3	37.9
2011-12	38.0	34.3	41.8	40.1	41.0	38.6	33.1	60.5	38.2
2012-13	37.2	33.9	42.7	39.5	39.6	39.0	30.4	65.3	37.8
2013-14	32.4	30.4	37.9	35.2	35.2	37.8	27.8	65.9	33.5
<i>Permanent residents care days</i>									
High care residents									
2010-11	41.2	38.9	42.5	44.4	43.7	42.9	35.6	72.0	41.4
2011-12	41.6	38.5	42.7	44.8	44.1	42.4	36.7	71.2	41.6
2012-13	42.2	38.5	43.8	44.6	44.2	42.7	37.1	74.5	42.0
2013-14	41.9	38.3	44.1	43.8	44.2	43.0	34.7	78.3	41.8
Low care residents									
2010-11	36.5	33.6	40.3	40.7	39.6	39.1	30.2	66.8	37.1
2011-12	36.7	33.7	42.3	40.1	38.7	38.7	32.7	67.1	37.4

Table 13A.27 Proportion of permanent residents/resident care days classified as concessional, assisted or supported (per cent) (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13	37.2	33.6	43.7	39.9	39.4	38.9	29.4	65.3	37.8
2013-14	36.3	33.4	42.3	39.1	38.1	37.3	29.0	60.3	36.9
All residents									
2010-11	39.9	37.4	41.9	43.4	42.8	41.7	34.1	71.0	40.3
2011-12	40.5	37.4	42.6	43.7	43.1	41.5	35.8	70.4	40.7
2012-13	41.1	37.6	43.8	43.7	43.5	42.0	35.5	72.7	41.2
2013-14	40.7	37.5	43.8	43.1	43.4	42.1	33.6	75.9	40.9

(a) Concessional residents are those who entered care prior to 20 March 2008, receive an income support payment and have not owned a home for the last two or more years (or whose home is occupied by a 'protected' person, for example, the care recipient's partner), and have assets of less than 2.5 times the annual single basic age pension (or for a transfer from 20 September 2009 less than 2.25). Assisted residents are those meeting the above criteria, but with assets between 2.5 and 4.0 times the annual single basic age pension (or for a transfer from 20 September 2009 between 2.25 and 3.61). Supported residents are those who have entered permanent residential care on or after 20 March 2008 (or who re-enter care on or after 20 March 2008 after a break in care of more than 28 days) and have assets of up to a set value:

- from 20 March 2010 to 19 September 2010 — \$93 410.40
- from 20 September 2010 to 19 March 2011 — \$98 237.60
- from 20 March 2011 to 19 September 2011 — \$102 544.00
- from 20 September 2011 to 19 March 2012 — \$107,850.40
- from 20 March 2012 to 19 September 2012 — \$108,266.40
- from 20 September 2012 to 19 March 2013 — \$109,640.80
- from 20 March 2013 to 19 September 2013 — \$112,243.20
- from 20 September 2013 to 19 March 2014 — \$113,784.00
- from 20 March 2014 to 30 June 2014 — \$116,136.00.

(b) These data refer to permanent residents only, at their first admission.

(c) For 2005-06 and 2006-07, data include concessional or assisted residents. Data for 2007-08 include concessional, assisted or supported residents. Data from 2008-09 include supported residents only.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.28

Table 13A.28 **Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Residents who changed from low care to high care										
2004-05										
Major City	no.	3 522	3 029	1 489	1 120	1 267	..	187	..	10 614
Inner Regional	no.	1 068	1 061	807	215	227	278	–	..	3 656
Outer Regional	no.	398	275	410	109	202	97	..	13	1 504
Remote areas	no.	16	6	14	15	25	5	..	12	93
Very Remote	no.	–	..	14	6	–	np	..	–	20
All areas	no.	5 004	4 371	2 734	1 465	1 721	380	187	25	15 887
2005-06										
Major City	no.	3 406	3 122	1 387	1 123	1 194	..	170	..	10 402
Inner Regional	no.	1 335	1 062	871	242	218	272	..	..	4 000
Outer Regional	no.	444	244	479	89	219	111	..	18	1 604
Remote areas	no.	14	3	32	8	27	6	..	11	101
Very Remote	no.	np	..	12	10	–	np	..	–	22
All areas	no.	5 199	4 431	2 781	1 472	1 658	389	170	29	16 129
2006-07										
Major City	no.	3 690	3 290	1 485	1 220	1 126	..	182	..	10 993
Inner Regional	no.	1 384	1 183	882	269	203	271	..	..	4 192
Outer Regional	no.	415	311	426	107	223	108	..	12	1 602
Remote areas	no.	20	3	30	17	35	np	..	13	118
Very Remote	no.	–	..	23	np	–	3	..	–	26
All areas	no.	5 509	4 787	2 846	1 613	1 587	382	182	25	16 931
2007-08										
Major City	no.	4 022	3 434	1 514	1 240	1 080	..	172	..	11 462
Inner Regional	no.	1 421	1 400	1 009	271	251	261	..	..	4 613
Outer Regional	no.	400	276	546	121	220	97	..	26	1 686
Remote areas	no.	11	3	21	14	22	3	..	17	91
Very Remote	no.	np	..	10	13	–	..	..	np	23
All areas	no.	5 854	5 113	3 100	1 659	1 573	361	172	43	17 875
2008-09										
Major City	no.	4 436	3 761	2 170	1 383	1 082	..	216	..	13 048
Inner Regional	no.	1 562	1 274	876	271	168	235	..	..	4 386
Outer Regional	no.	402	312	406	92	214	121	..	16	1 563
Remote areas	no.	24	np	32	13	26	11	..	13	119
Very Remote	no.	–	..	9	8	–	3	..	–	20
All areas	no.	6 424	5 347	3 493	1 767	1 490	370	216	29	19 136
2009-10										
Major City	no.	3 523	3 758	1 760	1 151	851	..	220	..	11 263
Inner Regional	no.	1 199	1 213	682	235	133	320	..	..	3 782
Outer Regional	no.	275	255	249	106	117	99	..	28	1 129

TABLE 13A.28

Table 13A.28 **Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote areas	no.	5	8	26	12	15	11	..	4	81
Very Remote	no.	–	..	11	10	–	–	..	np	21
All areas	no.	5 002	5 234	2 728	1 514	1 116	430	220	32	16 276
2010-11										
Major City	no.	5 108	4 556	2 838	1 508	1 243	..	313	..	15 566
Inner Regional	no.	1 998	1 689	954	279	212	349	..	..	5 481
Outer Regional	no.	443	361	475	102	189	177	..	37	1 784
Remote areas	no.	14	7	27	19	13	5	..	22	107
Very Remote	no.	–	..	10	9	–	3	..	7	29
All areas	no.	7 563	6 613	4 304	1 917	1 657	534	313	66	22 967
2011-12										
Major City	no.	4 842	4 564	2 681	1 531	1 163	..	261	..	15 042
Inner Regional	no.	1 937	1 654	858	276	242	443	..	..	5 410
Outer Regional	no.	555	429	470	139	231	180	..	18	2 022
Remote areas	no.	14	13	33	46	18	14	..	13	151
Very Remote	no.	–	..	13	5	–	np	..	–	18
All areas	no.	7 348	6 660	4 055	1 997	1 654	637	261	31	22 643
2012-13										
Major City	no.	3 998	4 241	2 310	1 945	952	..	217	..	13 663
Inner Regional	no.	1 530	1 470	590	158	137	317	..	..	4 202
Outer Regional	no.	380	324	331	113	118	104	..	21	1 391
Remote areas	no.	18	3	29	13	7	14	..	7	91
Very Remote	no.	–	..	13	4	–	np	..	–	17
All areas	no.	5 926	6 038	3 273	2 233	1 214	435	217	28	19 364
2013-14										
Major City	no.	4 853	4 206	2 213	1 714	884	..	219	..	14 089
Inner Regional	no.	1 843	1 560	636	141	125	285	..	..	4 590
Outer Regional	no.	539	349	337	84	174	96	..	20	1 599
Remote areas	no.	9	5	23	14	8	9	..	26	94
Very Remote	no.	..	..	16	6	..	..	..	7	29
All areas	no.	7 244	6 120	3 225	1 959	1 191	390	219	53	20 401

Residents who remained in same service when changing from low care to high care

2004-05

Major City	no.	2 236	2 202	1 152	699	920	..	155	..	7 364
Inner Regional	no.	786	747	637	168	203	247	..	..	2 788
Outer Regional	no.	295	193	290	89	163	77	..	10	1 117
Remote areas	no.	16	4	13	15	20	5	..	11	84
Very Remote	no.	–	..	10	3	–	–	..	–	13
All areas	no.	3 333	3 146	2 102	974	1 306	329	155	21	11 366

TABLE 13A.28

Table 13A.28 **Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2005-06										
Major City	no.	2 289	2 372	1 080	765	901	..	146	..	7 553
Inner Regional	no.	1 039	796	710	213	194	240	..	..	3 192
Outer Regional	no.	338	175	382	79	177	89	..	15	1 255
Remote areas	no.	14	3	26	6	26	6	..	6	87
Very Remote	no.	np	..	9	5	–	np	..	–	14
All areas	no.	3 680	3 346	2 207	1 068	1 298	335	146	21	12 101
2006-07										
Major City	no.	2 531	2 604	1 233	886	946	..	163	..	8 363
Inner Regional	no.	1 077	969	706	233	195	238	..	..	3 418
Outer Regional	no.	330	237	343	86	186	85	..	11	1 278
Remote areas	no.	17	np	28	14	31	np	..	12	102
Very Remote	no.	–	..	9	np	–	np	..	–	9
All areas	no.	3 955	3 810	2 319	1 219	1 358	323	163	23	13 170
2007-08										
Major City	no.	3 037	2 821	1 255	950	930	..	144	..	9 137
Inner Regional	no.	1 165	1 138	859	244	233	238	..	..	3 877
Outer Regional	no.	319	224	480	106	192	70	..	16	1 407
Remote areas	no.	10	3	18	12	22	3	..	13	81
Very Remote	no.	np	..	8	11	–	–	..	np	19
All areas	no.	4 531	4 186	2 620	1 323	1 377	311	144	29	14 521
2008-09										
Major City	no.	3 653	3 246	1 946	1 138	965	..	196	..	11 144
Inner Regional	no.	1 365	1 115	764	243	164	214	..	..	3 865
Outer Regional	no.	347	264	368	81	190	94	..	12	1 356
Remote areas	no.	23	np	30	12	25	11	..	10	111
Very Remote	no.	–	–	9	8	–	np	..	–	17
All areas	no.	5 388	4 625	3 117	1 482	1 344	319	196	22	16 493
2009-10										
Major City	no.	2 924	3 288	1 569	946	759	–	201	..	9 687
Inner Regional	no.	1 016	1 022	603	214	124	297	..	..	3 276
Outer Regional	no.	226	216	208	99	101	87	..	22	959
Remote areas	no.	4	7	24	11	14	11	..	np	71
Very Remote	no.	–	–	9	8	–	–	..	np	17
All areas	no.	4 170	4 533	2 413	1 278	998	395	201	22	14 010
2010-11										
Major City	no.	4 484	4 246	2 658	1 325	1 155	..	297	..	14 165
Inner Regional	no.	1 788	1 518	869	266	205	335	..	..	4 981
Outer Regional	no.	380	315	434	90	171	168	..	34	1 592
Remote areas	no.	13	7	25	19	13	5	..	21	103

Table 13A.28 Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very Remote	no.	–	..	10	7	–	np	..	7	24
All areas	no.	6 665	6 086	3 996	1 707	1 544	508	297	62	20 865
2011-12										
Major City	no.	4 319	4 308	2 543	1 359	1 097	..	244	..	13 870
Inner Regional	no.	1 760	1 490	792	265	233	426	..	..	4 966
Outer Regional	no.	500	381	432	131	223	170	..	17	1 854
Remote areas	no.	12	12	30	46	18	12	..	11	141
Very Remote	no.	–	..	12	np	–	np	..	–	12
All areas	no.	6 591	6 191	3 809	1 801	1 571	608	244	28	20 843
2012-13										
Major City	no.	3 502	3 968	2 120	1 788	874	..	207	..	12 459
Inner Regional	no.	1 368	1 323	538	150	131	302	..	..	3 812
Outer Regional	no.	336	290	302	111	104	93	..	20	1 256
Remote areas	no.	15	3	17	13	6	13	..	6	73
Very Remote	no.	–	..	12	np	..	np	..	–	12
All areas	no.	5 221	5 584	2 989	2 062	1 115	408	207	26	17 612
2013-14										
Major City	no.	4 392	4 003	2 098	1 571	836	..	212	..	13 112
Inner Regional	no.	1 700	1 429	594	129	125	273	..	..	4 250
Outer Regional	no.	480	314	312	78	167	88	..	18	1 457
Remote areas	no.	6	5	21	13	7	9	..	26	87
Very Remote	no.	..	..	14	6	..	..	..	7	27
All areas	no.	6 578	5 751	3 039	1 797	1 135	370	212	51	18 933
Proportion of residents who remained in the same service when changing from low care to high care										
2004-05										
Major City	%	63.5	72.7	77.4	62.4	72.6	..	82.9	..	69.4
Inner Regional	%	73.6	70.4	78.9	78.1	89.4	88.8	..	..	76.3
Outer Regional	%	74.1	70.2	70.7	81.7	80.7	79.4	..	76.9	74.3
Remote areas	%	100.0	66.7	92.9	100.0	80.0	100.0	..	91.7	90.3
Very Remote	%	–	..	71.4	50.0	–	–	..	–	59.1
All areas	%	66.6	72.0	76.9	66.5	75.9	86.1	82.9	84.0	71.5
2005-06										
Major City	%	67.2	76.0	77.9	68.1	75.5	..	85.9	..	72.6
Inner Regional	%	77.8	75.0	81.5	88.0	89.0	88.2	..	..	79.8
Outer Regional	%	76.1	71.7	79.8	88.8	80.8	80.2	..	83.3	78.2
Remote areas	%	100.0	100.0	81.3	75.0	96.3	100.0	..	54.6	86.1
Very Remote	%	np	..	75.0	50.0	na	np	..	na	68.0
All areas	%	70.8	75.5	79.4	72.6	78.3	86.2	85.9	72.4	75.0
2006-07										
Major City	%	68.6	79.1	83.0	72.6	84.0	..	89.6	..	76.1

TABLE 13A.28

Table 13A.28 Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Inner Regional	%	77.8	81.9	80.0	86.6	96.1	87.8	..	..	81.5
Outer Regional	%	79.5	76.2	80.5	80.4	83.4	78.7	..	91.7	79.8
Remote areas	%	85.0	np	93.3	82.4	88.6	np	..	92.3	88.3
Very Remote	%	–	..	39.1	np	–	np	..	–	39.3
All areas	%	71.8	79.6	81.5	75.5	85.6	84.9	89.6	92.0	77.8
2007-08										
Major City	%	75.5	82.1	82.9	76.6	86.1	..	83.7	..	79.7
Inner Regional	%	82.0	81.3	85.1	90.0	92.8	91.2	..	..	84.0
Outer Regional	%	79.8	81.2	87.9	87.6	87.3	72.2	..	61.5	83.5
Remote areas	%	90.9	100.0	85.7	85.7	100.0	100.0	..	76.5	89.0
Very Remote	%	np	..	80.0	84.6	..	..	..	np	84.0
All areas	%	77.4	81.9	84.5	79.7	87.5	86.1	83.7	68.2	81.2
2008-09										
Major City	%	82.3	86.3	89.7	82.3	89.2	..	90.7	..	85.4
Inner Regional	%	87.4	87.5	87.2	89.7	97.6	91.1	..	..	88.1
Outer Regional	%	86.3	84.6	90.6	88.0	88.8	77.7	..	75.0	86.8
Remote areas	%	95.8	np	93.8	92.3	96.2	100.0	..	76.9	93.3
Very Remote	%	100.0	100.0	..	np	..	..	95.0
All areas	%	83.9	86.5	89.2	83.9	90.2	86.8	90.7	75.9	86.2
2009-10										
Major City	%	83.0	87.5	89.1	82.2	89.2	..	91.4	..	86.0
Inner Regional	%	84.7	84.3	88.4	91.1	93.2	92.8	..	..	86.6
Outer Regional	%	82.2	84.7	83.5	93.4	86.3	87.9	..	78.6	84.9
Remote areas	%	80.0	87.5	92.3	91.7	93.3	100.0	..	np	90.1
Very Remote	%	–	..	81.8	80.0	..	..	..	np	81.8
All areas	%	83.4	86.6	88.5	84.4	89.4	91.9	91.4	75.8	86.1
2010-11										
Major City	%	87.8	93.2	93.7	87.9	92.9	..	94.9	..	91.0
Inner Regional	%	89.5	89.9	91.1	95.3	96.7	96.0	..	..	90.9
Outer Regional	%	85.8	87.3	91.4	88.2	90.5	94.9	..	91.9	89.2
Remote areas	%	92.9	100.0	92.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	..	95.5	96.3
Very Remote	%	–	..	100.0	77.8	–	np	..	100.0	89.7
All areas	%	88.1	92.0	92.8	89.0	93.2	95.5	94.9	93.9	90.9
2011-12										
Major City	%	89.2	94.4	94.9	88.8	94.3	..	93.5	..	92.2
Inner Regional	%	90.9	90.1	92.3	96.0	96.3	96.2	..	..	91.8
Outer Regional	%	90.1	88.8	91.9	94.2	96.5	94.4	..	94.4	91.7
Remote areas	%	85.7	92.3	90.9	100.0	100.0	85.7	..	84.6	93.4
Very Remote	%	–	..	92.3	np	–	np	..	–	78.9
All areas	%	89.7	93.0	93.9	90.3	95.0	95.5	93.5	90.3	92.1

Table 13A.28 **Ageing in place: residents changing from low care to high care in the same facility (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13										
Major City	%	87.6	93.6	91.8	91.9	91.8	..	95.4	..	91.2
Inner Regional	%	89.4	90.0	91.2	94.9	95.6	95.3	..	..	90.7
Outer Regional	%	88.4	89.5	91.2	98.2	88.1	89.4	..	95.2	90.3
Remote areas	%	83.3	100.0	58.6	100.0	85.7	92.9	..	85.7	80.2
Very Remote	%	–	..	92.3	np	–	np	..	–	83.3
All areas	%	88.1	92.5	91.3	92.4	91.8	93.8	95.4	92.9	91.0
2013-14										
Major City	%	90.5	95.2	94.8	91.7	94.6	..	96.8	..	93.1
Inner Regional	%	92.2	91.6	93.4	91.5	100.0	95.8	..	..	92.6
Outer Regional	%	89.1	90.0	92.6	92.9	96.0	91.7	..	90.0	91.1
Remote areas	%	66.7	100.0	91.3	92.9	87.5	100.0	..	100.0	92.6
Very Remote	%	87.5	100.0	..	..	..	100.0	93.1
All areas	%	90.8	94.0	94.2	91.7	95.3	94.9	96.8	96.2	92.8

(a) Geographical data are based on the ABS ASGC/ASGS of Remoteness Areas. See notes to table 13A.2.

(b) Numbers fewer than three are not published and the relevant totals do not include these figures. Proportions which may identify numbers fewer than three are not published. The proportions published for Australia and all areas, take into account all residents, including those numbers not published.

.. Not applicable. – Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.29 **Utilisation of residential aged care places, June 2014 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Proportion of operational residential places										
Allocated low care, but used for high care (d)	%	56.4	60.1	65.0	69.3	67.5	60.0	65.4	45.1	61.2
Used for high care (e)	%	74.7	75.4	78.4	81.4	81.4	75.5	78.2	80.4	76.8
Allocated high care, but used for low care (f)	%	2.1	2.6	2.4	1.2	2.8	4.8	0.6	2.4	2.3
Used for low care (g)	%	18.6	17.2	15.2	13.5	13.3	15.1	17.1	14.9	16.6
Number of operational residential places										
Allocated low care, but used for high care	no.	18 004	15 322	11 356	5 586	5 444	1 329	784	73	57 898
Used for high care	no.	49 134	37 308	26 472	12 664	14 140	3 616	1 622	393	145 349
Allocated high care, but used for low care	no.	708	624	398	93	257	123	5	8	2 216
Used for low care	no.	12 264	8 525	5 126	2 099	2 302	724	354	73	31 467
Nominal low care	no.	31 924	25 491	17 476	8 061	8 070	2 215	1 198	162	94 597
Nominal high care	no.	33 839	24 014	16 270	7 492	9 295	2 574	875	327	94 686

(a) Places allocated for residents classified as ACFI Low and ACFI High.

(b) Used for high care means place used by residents classified as ACFI High.

(c) Data exclude flexible places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs, CDC places and care provided by Multi-Purpose services.

(d) Proportion is calculated as the number of low care places used for high care, divided by the number of nominal low care places.

(e) Proportion is calculated as the number of places used for high care, divided by the number of nominal high and low care places.

(f) Proportion is calculated as the number of high care places used for low care, divided by the number of nominal high care places.

(g) Proportion is calculated as the number of places used for low care, divided by the number of nominal high and low care places.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.30 Number of younger people using residential and community (Home Care, CACP, EACH and EACH-D) aged care services (a)

This table has changed since the Report release in January 2015.

See errata at <http://www.pc.gov.au/research/recurring/report-on-government-services/2015/community-services>.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Residential aged care services (b)									
2008-09									
Age									
<50 years	387	234	190	69	67	17	np	10	974
50-64 years (c)	2 386	1 628	1 362	575	523	179	79	49	6 781
Total	2 773	1 862	1 552	644	590	196	79	59	7 755
2009-10									
Age									
<50 years	355	190	161	70	67	20	np	12	873
50-64 years (c)	2 378	1 623	1 366	594	512	183	76	55	6 774
Total	2 733	1 813	1 527	664	579	203	76	67	7 647
2010-11									
Age									
<50 years	340	186	142	63	68	15	np	np	826
50-64 years	2 429	1 637	1 342	606	543	181	np	np	6 857
Total	2 769	1 823	1 484	669	611	196	82	69	7 683
2011-12									
Age									
<50 years	306	180	126	53	53	17	np	np	740
50-64 years	2 357	1 620	1 321	580	556	174	np	np	6 748
Total	2 663	1 800	1 447	633	609	191	83	77	7 488
2012-13									
Age									
<50 years	289	182	150	63	52	14	np	np	755
50-64 years	2 382	1 638	1 311	552	555	178	np	np	6 741
Total	2 671	1 820	1 461	615	607	192	77	69	7 496
2013-14									
Age									
<50 years	278	180	149	59	58	np	np	np	739
50-64 years	2 498	1 696	1 331	571	522	np	np	np	6 935
Total	2 776	1 876	1 480	630	580	207	79	60	7 674
Community aged care services (d)									
2008-09									
Age									
<50 years	48	43	53	6	6	np	np	14	170
50-64 years (e)	664	695	488	239	129	55	38	153	2 461

Table 13A.30 Number of younger people using residential and community (Home Care, CACP, EACH and EACH-D) aged care services (a)

This table has changed since the Report release in January 2015.

See errata at <http://www.pc.gov.au/research/recurring/report-on-government-services/2015/community-services>.

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total	712	738	541	245	135	55	38	167	2 631
<i>2009-10</i>									
Age									
<50 years	40	35	47	10	7	np	–	18	158
50–64 years	653	696	525	266	134	48	42	161	2 522
Total	693	731	572	276	141	48	42	179	2 680
<i>2010-11</i>									
Age									
<50 years	33	32	46	12	np	–	np	20	147
50–64 years	627	730	535	283	np	56	np	197	2 612
Total	660	762	581	295	129	56	59	217	2 759
<i>2011-12</i>									
Age									
<50 years	25	36	36	29	5	–	np	np	149
50–64 years	582	729	508	306	117	42	np	np	2 522
Total	607	765	544	335	122	42	59	204	2 671
<i>2012-13</i>									
Age									
<50 years	25	37	39	36	np	–	np	14	156
50–64 years	576	733	537	325	np	38	np	178	2 536
Total	601	770	576	361	105	38	58	192	2 692
<i>2013-14</i>									
Age									
<50 years	26	44	39	26	np	–	–	np	148
50–64 years	590	782	517	322	np	50	49	np	2 585
Total	616	826	556	348	103	50	49	188	2 733

(a) Number of younger people, aged under 65 years, receiving aged care services at any time in the 12 month period to 30 June. Number is provided as a count of distinct clients in each program and in each jurisdiction, that is, an individual may have had more than one care type, or care in different states. Hence, number of clients in Australia total is not a sum of the states figures.

(b) Residential aged care services includes permanent residential care only.

(c) In the ACT, includes people aged <50 years who cannot be reported separately as the numbers are too small.

(d) On 1 August 2013, the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages.

(e) In Tasmania and the ACT, includes people aged <50 years who cannot be reported separately as the numbers are too small.

Table 13A.30 Number of younger people using residential and community (Home Care, CACP, EACH and EACH-D) aged care services (a)

This table has changed since the Report release in January 2015.

See errata at <http://www.pc.gov.au/research/recurring/report-on-government-services/2015/community-services>.

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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– Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.31 **Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>All regions</i>
Permanent residents classified as high care at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
65–69	4.9	4.3	3.4	2.8	2.7	4.6
70–74	11.4	10.2	9.5	6.2	4.3	10.8
75–79	28.2	25.5	22.7	17.2	16.1	26.9
80–84	72.0	66.4	55.0	35.4	33.6	68.7
85+	225.5	211.5	179.2	104.8	58.3	217.4
Males						
under 65	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
65–69	5.6	4.4	3.9	2.8	2.5	5.1
70–74	11.1	9.7	8.5	5.1	6.4	10.3
75–79	22.1	20.6	17.7	9.7	10.7	21.1
80–84	48.8	42.7	38.7	20.4	23.3	46.0
85+	124.7	118.9	95.8	56.7	55.4	120.1
Persons						
under 65	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3
65–69	5.2	4.3	3.7	2.8	2.6	4.8
70–74	11.2	10.0	9.0	5.6	5.5	10.6
75–79	25.4	23.1	20.2	13.4	13.1	24.2
80–84	62.0	55.9	47.7	28.1	28.9	58.8
85+	189.6	177.7	148.1	85.3	57.3	182.3
Permanent residents classified as low care at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	–	–	–	–	0.1	–
65–69	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.9	1.0	0.7
70–74	1.7	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.1	1.7
75–79	4.6	5.6	5.8	5.7	6.3	4.9
80–84	13.4	16.9	15.8	16.1	7.1	14.4
85+	43.0	59.5	54.2	57.2	31.2	47.5
Males						
under 65	–	–	0.1	0.1	0.1	–
65–69	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.5	0.9
70–74	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.7	1.6	1.9
75–79	3.6	4.2	3.9	5.5	5.0	3.8
80–84	8.7	10.5	10.2	5.7	4.9	9.2

Table 13A.31 Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>All regions</i>
85+	28.4	36.2	32.4	19.1	16.2	30.3
Persons						
under 65	–	–	–	–	0.1	–
65–69	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8
70–74	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.5	1.8	1.8
75–79	4.1	4.9	4.9	5.6	5.6	4.4
80–84	11.4	14.1	13.3	11.1	6.1	12.1
85+	37.8	51.0	46.1	41.8	25.6	41.3
Home Care levels 1-2 recipients at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.8	0.1
65–69	2.4	2.4	2.6	6.7	14.3	2.5
70–74	6.7	6.0	6.0	11.7	20.9	6.6
75–79	15.1	14.4	11.2	14.8	55.6	14.7
80–84	31.4	29.2	24.3	34.5	40.7	30.3
85+	51.7	47.4	38.7	42.3	55.6	49.7
Males						
under 65	–	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.1
65–69	1.7	1.7	1.5	4.0	7.8	1.7
70–74	4.1	3.4	3.1	5.9	11.9	3.9
75–79	7.4	6.8	6.1	8.4	19.9	7.2
80–84	16.8	16.4	11.4	17.6	25.8	16.2
85+	37.2	32.1	27.1	32.6	46.2	35.2
Persons						
under 65	–	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.1
65–69	2.0	2.0	2.1	5.2	10.6	2.1
70–74	5.4	4.7	4.5	8.5	15.7	5.3
75–79	11.6	10.7	8.7	11.5	35.7	11.2
80–84	25.1	23.5	18.5	26.3	33.9	24.2
85+	46.6	41.8	34.4	38.7	52.1	44.5
Home Care levels 3-4 recipients at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	–	0.1	–	0.1	0.1	–
65–69	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.2	0.7	1.0
70–74	2.2	1.8	1.6	2.4	1.1	2.1
75–79	4.0	3.3	3.3	1.3	3.6	3.8
80–84	7.3	6.5	5.5	4.9	6.1	6.9

Table 13A.31 **Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>All regions</i>
85+	13.0	10.9	11.0	11.1	4.1	12.4
Males						
under 65	–	–	–	–	–	–
65–69	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.5	0.3	0.8
70–74	1.9	1.6	1.3	0.4	0.8	1.7
75–79	3.5	2.8	2.4	2.6	1.4	3.2
80–84	5.8	5.7	4.0	4.8	3.7	5.6
85+	11.4	9.2	9.7	9.9	4.6	10.7
Persons						
under 65	–	–	–	0.1	–	–
65–69	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.4	0.4	0.9
70–74	2.1	1.7	1.4	1.3	0.9	1.9
75–79	3.7	3.1	2.9	2.0	2.4	3.5
80–84	6.6	6.1	4.8	4.8	5.0	6.3
85+	12.5	10.3	10.5	10.6	4.3	11.8
Home Care levels 1-4 recipients at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.1
65–69	3.3	3.4	3.5	7.9	15.0	3.5
70–74	8.9	7.9	7.6	14.1	21.9	8.7
75–79	19.1	17.7	14.5	16.2	59.2	18.5
80–84	38.6	35.7	29.8	39.5	46.8	37.2
85+	64.7	58.4	49.7	53.4	59.7	62.0
Males						
under 65	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1
65–69	2.5	2.4	2.3	5.5	8.1	2.5
70–74	6.0	5.0	4.4	6.3	12.7	5.6
75–79	10.8	9.7	8.5	11.0	21.4	10.4
80–84	22.5	22.1	15.4	22.3	29.5	21.7
85+	48.6	41.3	36.8	42.5	50.8	45.9
Persons						
under 65	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.1
65–69	2.9	2.9	2.9	6.6	11.0	3.0
70–74	7.5	6.4	6.0	9.8	16.7	7.2
75–79	15.3	13.8	11.6	13.5	38.1	14.7
80–84	31.7	29.6	23.3	31.1	38.9	30.5
85+	59.1	52.1	45.0	49.3	56.4	56.3

Table 13A.31 Permanent aged care residents at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Major cities</i>	<i>Inner regional</i>	<i>Outer regional</i>	<i>Remote</i>	<i>Very remote</i>	<i>All regions</i>
All Permanent residents and Home Care recipients at June 2014						
Females						
under 65	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.4
65–69	8.9	8.3	7.6	11.6	18.7	8.7
70–74	22.0	19.8	18.8	22.5	28.4	21.2
75–79	51.9	48.8	43.0	39.1	81.6	50.3
80–84	123.9	119.0	100.6	91.0	87.5	120.3
85+	333.3	329.4	283.2	215.3	149.2	326.9
Males						
under 65	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4
65–69	9.0	7.5	7.0	8.6	11.1	8.4
70–74	18.9	16.6	14.7	14.1	20.7	17.9
75–79	36.6	34.5	30.2	26.2	37.0	35.3
80–84	80.1	75.3	64.3	48.5	57.7	77.0
85+	201.7	196.3	165.0	118.3	122.4	196.4
Persons						
under 65	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.4
65–69	8.9	7.9	7.3	10.0	14.3	8.6
70–74	20.5	18.2	16.7	17.9	24.0	19.6
75–79	44.8	41.9	36.7	32.5	56.8	43.2
80–84	105.1	99.5	84.3	70.4	74.0	101.4
85+	286.5	280.8	239.1	176.4	139.3	280.0

(a) Geographical data are based on the ABS ASGC/ASGS of Remoteness Areas. See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.

(b) Low usage rates in remote and very remote regions may reflect that clients have moved to other regions to access services.

(c) On 1 August 2013 the Home Care Packages Program replaced the former community packaged care Programs – CACP, EACH packages and EACH-D packages. Data exclude flexible places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs and care provided by Multi-Purpose Services.

(d) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rates are for a small program or remote/very remote areas.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.32 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander permanent residents and Home Care recipients at June 2014: age-sex specific usage rates per 1000 people by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Major Cities</i>	<i>Inner and outer regional</i>	<i>Remote and very remote</i>	<i>All regions</i>
All Permanent residents and Home Care recipients at June 2014				
Females				
under 50	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
50–54	5.9	6.9	5.3	6.2
55–64	17.3	21.3	23.7	20.5
65–74	45.7	63.6	73.8	59.8
75+	161.3	170.9	294.7	191.6
Males				
under 50	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
50–54	5.4	6.5	6.3	6.1
55–64	13.9	15.8	12.4	14.4
65–74	33.7	43.8	67.0	45.5
75+	105.1	107.1	201.9	124.4
Persons				
under 50	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
50–54	5.7	6.7	5.8	6.2
55–64	15.6	18.7	18.0	17.5
65–74	40.2	54.2	70.6	53.1
75+	138.6	143.7	256.6	163.7

(a) Remoteness areas are based on the ASGS 2011. See notes to table 13A.2.

(b) Data exclude flexible places under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program, Innovative Pool programs and care provided by Multi-Purpose Services.

(c) Where Indigenous status is unknown recipients are excluded. Where age is unknown recipients are excluded.

(d) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rate is for a small program or remote/very remote areas.

Source: DSS (unpublished); ABS (2014) *Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026*, Cat. no. 3238.0.

TABLE 13A.33

Table 13A.33 HACC services received per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (h)</i>	<i>Tas (i)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Hours									
Allied Health Care (j)									
2010-11	124	620	452	83	135	90	280	2	307
2011-12	109	613	493	113	163	89	278	1	314
2012-13	110	643	490	100	155	145	262	20	320
2013-14	102	687	477	81	142	123	345	26	323
Assessment									
2010-11	185	338	92	316	277	280	13	231	226
2011-12	193	370	103	323	338	251	11	303	244
2012-13	168	403	102	319	330	297	5	116	243
2013-14	185	377	106	305	376	306	16	95	245
Case Management & Client Care Co-ordination									
2010-11	268	193	117	121	684	592	729	542	258
2011-12	287	168	164	65	699	513	691	679	260
2012-13	292	172	175	56	708	464	630	233	261
2013-14	334	160	179	40	737	423	549	271	271
Centre Based Day Care									
2010-11	2 848	3 772	3 622	4 706	3 460	2 629	3 213	1 605	3 443
2011-12	3 098	3 660	3 541	4 339	3 414	2 945	2 618	1 513	3 447
2012-13	3 234	3 624	3 662	4 132	3 342	2 884	2 481	786	3 473
2013-14	2 997	3 579	3 873	3 910	4 084	2 808	2 756	1 169	3 467
Counselling/ Support/ Information/ Advocacy									
2010-11	95	7	112	168	358	97	88	498	108
2011-12	106	4	112	155	396	130	149	472	115
2012-13	121	5	130	152	383	136	143	89	119
2013-14	117	10	125	142	407	182	112	174	121
Domestic Assistance									
2010-11	1 538	2 881	2 396	2 329	2 130	2 434	2 422	2 358	2 200
2011-12	1 508	2 790	2 505	2 389	2 242	2 360	2 366	2 436	2 203
2012-13	1 412	2 697	2 595	2 443	2 153	2 403	2 302	1 414	2 156
2013-14	1 348	2 369	2 524	2 331	2 194	2 461	2 138	1 683	2 033
Home Maintenance									
2010-11	344	307	457	615	310	297	559	103	379
2011-12	367	299	633	615	294	269	492	72	416
2012-13	405	296	435	658	318	285	457	33	396
2013-14	423	264	484	675	326	250	382	15	404
Nursing Care (k)									
2010-11	433	1 263	799	372	704	854	415	11	735
2011-12	454	1 235	798	355	752	752	401	12	734

Table 13A.33 HACCC services received per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (h)</i>	<i>Tas (i)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13	468	1 183	813	363	754	829	461	2	732
2013-14	453	1 173	820	373	536	800	652	–	710
Other Food Services									
2010-11	64	–	9	15	17	2	–	123	27
2011-12	69	–	7	19	19	1	–	568	31
2012-13	71	–	7	36	16	5	–	145	31
2013-14	77	–	8	30	15	3	–	184	33
Personal Care									
2010-11	797	1 232	652	719	724	1 391	1 055	528	881
2011-12	790	1 274	685	745	725	1 361	851	548	894
2012-13	719	1 257	715	719	622	1 314	754	318	857
2013-14	667	1 132	762	659	619	1 450	668	572	816
Respite Care									
2010-11	240	154	471	262	355	222	57	279	273
2011-12	252	185	464	208	406	228	50	315	282
2012-13	232	189	485	176	389	259	35	30	274
2013-14	223	211	470	137	386	279	31	137	271
Social Support									
2010-11	1 101	674	1 196	1 360	1 577	973	984	1 539	1 076
2011-12	1 207	691	1 300	1 403	1 578	1 079	928	1 498	1 142
2012-13	1 312	689	1 381	1 445	1 705	1 244	1 065	1 022	1 209
2013-14	1 316	646	1 327	1 468	1 754	1 322	1 121	1 427	1 202
Total hours									
2010-11	8 036	11 440	10 375	11 068	10 731	9 861	9 813	7 820	9 912
2011-12	8 440	11 286	10 805	10 729	11 025	9 977	8 835	8 417	10 083
2012-13	8 545	11 158	10 992	10 599	10 876	10 266	8 594	4 207	10 071
2013-14	8 243	10 607	11 155	10 151	11 577	10 406	8 770	5 754	9 895
Meals									
Home and Centre									
2010-11	2 773	3 299	3 463	2 779	4 716	3 238	1 516	10 771	3 248
2011-12	2 577	2 960	3 285	2 451	4 544	3 081	1 679	9 979	3 012
2012-13	2 562	2 728	3 119	1 879	4 223	2 792	2 382	5 406	2 805
2013-14	2 469	2 306	3 152	1 518	4 518	2 674	1 671	7 662	2 668
Dollars									
Home Modification									
2011-12	8 073	–	6 916	1 148	3 418	768	22 532	–	4 741
2011-12	10 241	–	8 138	1 741	4 605	944	22 026	–	5 859
2012-13	12 127	–	8 691	2 146	4 556	810	16 786	18	6 555
2013-14	12 620	–	9 788	2 172	4 127	790	16 815	38	6 905

Table 13A.33 HACC services received per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (h)</i>	<i>Tas (i)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Deliveries									
Formal Linen Service									
2010-11	21	–	–	1	5	4	37	–	8
2011-12	25	–	–	1	3	3	38	–	9
2012-13	18	–	–	1	4	3	33	36	7
2013-14	18	–	–	–	6	2	34	33	7
Number									
Goods and Equipment									
2010-11	3	–	12	9	87	3	7	–	12
2011-12	3	–	13	8	142	–	8	–	16
2012-13	5	–	17	10	128	–	–	5	16
2013-14	3	–	18	10	127	–	2	6	16
Transport									
One-way trips									
2010-11	1 708	–	1 953	2 579	1 589	2 029	2 169	2 945	1 425
2011-12	1 947	–	2 057	2 384	1 540	2 049	1 780	3 003	1 501
2012-13	1 926	–	2 106	2 202	1 502	1 997	1 648	1 453	1 469
2013-14	1 941	–	2 135	2 104	1 727	2 017	1 793	1 974	1 497
Proportion of HACC agencies who reported MDS data by the due date (all regions)									
2010-11	88.1	96.1	94.2	99.2	91.8	95.7	98.4	92.9	91.9
2011-12	92.0	96.2	95.8	99.7	85.8	96.7	99.2	90.9	93.7
2012-13	92.6	95.7	95.5	100.0	92.3	97.1	100.0	45.0	93.9
2013-14	96.4	90.0	92.4	99.8	94.1	96.1	83.2	60.0	94.2
Proportion of HACC agencies who reported MDS data by end of the revision period (all regions)									
2010-11	96.4	97.4	96.9	99.0	98.9	97.5	100.0	94.3	97.0
2011-12	98.7	97.7	99.2	99.8	95.7	98.2	100.0	93.2	98.5
2012-13	99.7	96.6	98.0	100.0	96.0	99.3	100.0	50.6	98.1
2013-14	99.9	92.0	96.6	100.0	96.3	99.6	86.1	75.5	97.5

- (a) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.
- (b) Data in this table represent HACC services received by people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years, divided by people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years.
- (c) The proportion of HACC funded agencies that submitted HACC Minimum Data Set data differed across jurisdictions and years. Actual service levels will be higher than those reported here.
- (d) See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.
- (e) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or null Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records for people aged 50–64 years that do not contain information on Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status are excluded.
- (f) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or invalid date of birth differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records that do not contain information on date of birth are excluded.

Table 13A.33 HACC services received per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (g)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (h)</i>	<i>Tas (i)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(g)	Validation processes for the Victorian Data Repository (VDR) and the HACC Minimum Data Set differ and actual service levels may be up to 9 per cent higher or lower than stated. For example, for 2013-14, in the case of respite care, the VDR recorded service levels 27 per cent higher than shown in the table, for Centre Based Day Care, the VDR recorded service levels 13 per cent higher than shown in the table and for counselling, the VDR recorded service levels 26 per cent higher than shown in the table. No targets are set and relatively little is reported.								
(h)	Validation processes for SA can differ from HACC MDS and actual service levels may be up to 5 per cent higher or lower than stated.								
(i)	For 2010-11, results for Tasmania exclude HACC services provided under the Multi-Purpose Services program. For 2011-12, for Tasmania, partial data has been received from Multi-Purpose Services. HACC funded services delivered by Multi-Purpose Services in 2011-12 are therefore under reported.								
(j)	Allied Health Care includes at home and at centre.								
(k)	Nursing Care includes at home and at centre.								
	– Nil or rounded to zero.								

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

Table 13A.34 **HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2010-11	287 570	213 071	160 797	78 450	73 563	22 280	10 399	4 604	850 735
2011-12	297 509	220 815	168 387	82 219	75 985	23 098	10 944	4 876	883 834
2012-13	303 512	225 289	168 077	84 484	76 369	23 813	11 381	5 000	897 924
2013-14	299 844	222 458	166 900	83 803	75 014	23 305	11 355	4 973	887 653

(a) The HACC target population is people in the Australian community who, without basic maintenance and support services provided under the scope of the HACC Program, would be at risk of premature or inappropriate long term residential care, including older and frail people with moderate, severe or profound disabilities. The HACC target population is estimated by applying the proportion of all people with moderate, severe or profound disability in households, by sex and five year age groups, from the ABS *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers* (SDAC) to population projections for the total population in each jurisdiction. To calculate the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50–64 year component of the HACC target population for older people, the proportion of all people aged 50–64 years in households with moderate, severe or profound disability was multiplied by an additional Indigenous factor of 1.9 (from ABS unpublished analysis) and then applied to DSS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections in the 50–64 years age groups in each jurisdiction. The HACC target population for June 2014 is based on SDAC 2012 while HACC target populations for previous years are based on SDAC 2009. See table 13A.2 for details about the total population projections and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population used in these calculations.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished), HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

TABLE 13A.35

Table 13A.35 HACC services received per 1000 HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (f)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (g)</i>	<i>Tas (h)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Hours									
Allied Health Care (i)									
2010-11	459	2 290	1 722	316	490	338	1 066	8	1 148
2011-12	407	2 276	1 886	432	596	338	1 067	2	1 179
2012-13	414	2 404	1 896	386	572	557	1 010	87	1 211
2013-14	402	2 694	1 940	329	550	496	1 400	125	1 285
Assessment									
2010-11	684	1 249	352	1 198	1 010	1 056	49	1 006	842
2011-12	719	1 373	395	1 233	1 240	955	41	1 324	914
2012-13	631	1 508	394	1 227	1 220	1 139	18	509	918
2013-14	731	1 477	433	1 235	1 461	1 240	64	447	974
Case Management & Client Care Co-ordination									
2010-11	993	713	444	459	2 491	2 233	2 778	2 360	961
2011-12	1 067	622	626	247	2 561	1 948	2 652	2 963	977
2012-13	1 097	644	675	216	2 617	1 777	2 426	1 021	985
2013-14	1 318	627	728	160	2 863	1 710	2 225	1 280	1 077
Centre Based Day Care									
2010-11	10 556	13 941	13 791	17 868	12 605	9 915	12 249	6 990	12 851
2011-12	11 534	13 591	13 557	16 557	12 505	11 183	10 049	6 607	12 929
2012-13	12 134	13 543	14 167	15 873	12 346	11 050	9 558	3 450	13 128
2013-14	11 817	14 026	15 768	15 813	15 876	11 365	11 169	5 510	13 778
Counselling/ Support/ Information/ Advocacy									
2010-11	353	24	426	637	1 305	368	334	2 167	403
2011-12	396	16	429	593	1 452	494	572	2 060	431
2012-13	455	19	503	585	1 415	519	553	391	451
2013-14	461	38	509	576	1 584	738	455	820	479
Domestic Assistance									
2010-11	5 700	10 649	9 122	8 844	7 758	9 180	9 235	10 270	8 213
2011-12	5 614	10 360	9 592	9 116	8 213	8 961	9 083	10 637	8 265
2012-13	5 298	10 077	10 040	9 386	7 952	9 209	8 870	6 205	8 149
2013-14	5 313	9 285	10 276	9 426	8 530	9 959	8 663	7 936	8 081
Home Maintenance									
2010-11	1 275	1 136	1 738	2 337	1 130	1 119	2 132	449	1 415
2011-12	1 366	1 109	2 425	2 346	1 076	1 020	1 888	313	1 561
2012-13	1 521	1 105	1 684	2 528	1 175	1 093	1 759	146	1 496
2013-14	1 668	1 033	1 971	2 728	1 269	1 012	1 549	72	1 605
Nursing Care (j)									
2010-11	1 607	4 670	3 041	1 413	2 566	3 222	1 581	47	2 744
2011-12	1 691	4 585	3 054	1 355	2 753	2 854	1 538	55	2 753

Table 13A.35 HACC services received per 1000 HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (f)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (g)</i>	<i>Tas (h)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13	1 755	4 421	3 147	1 393	2 784	3 178	1 775	11	2 766
2013-14	1 786	4 598	3 339	1 507	2 084	3 239	2 641	1	2 820
Other Food Services									
2010-11	235	–	34	58	63	7	–	538	100
2011-12	255	–	26	72	69	3	–	2 482	117
2012-13	266	–	27	138	58	18	–	635	117
2013-14	303	–	32	120	57	11	–	867	130
Personal Care									
2010-11	2 953	4 553	2 482	2 732	2 638	5 247	4 022	2 300	3 287
2011-12	2 940	4 730	2 622	2 842	2 654	5 168	3 265	2 395	3 352
2012-13	2 697	4 697	2 767	2 763	2 298	5 036	2 903	1 394	3 241
2013-14	2 631	4 437	3 103	2 665	2 407	5 868	2 707	2 697	3 243
Respite Care									
2010-11	891	568	1 794	996	1 292	836	216	1 214	1 017
2011-12	936	686	1 777	795	1 487	867	193	1 376	1 060
2012-13	870	706	1 877	675	1 439	993	133	134	1 037
2013-14	880	825	1 912	555	1 501	1 128	125	644	1 078
Social Support									
2010-11	4 081	2 490	4 554	5 165	5 744	3 669	3 752	6 703	4 015
2011-12	4 492	2 565	4 977	5 353	5 782	4 099	3 564	6 540	4 283
2012-13	4 922	2 573	5 343	5 550	6 298	4 765	4 104	4 485	4 571
2013-14	5 189	2 533	5 405	5 936	6 819	5 349	4 542	6 730	4 777
Total hours									
2010-11	29 788	42 284	39 500	42 024	39 092	37 189	37 413	34 051	36 996
2011-12	31 418	41 913	41 366	40 942	40 389	37 890	33 912	36 754	37 822
2012-13	32 060	41 697	42 519	40 718	40 175	39 334	33 109	18 468	38 071
2013-14	32 497	41 572	45 417	41 050	45 002	42 115	35 541	27 130	39 326
Meals									
Home and Centre									
2010-11	10 278	12 195	13 184	10 552	17 180	12 211	5 781	46 901	12 123
2011-12	9 595	10 993	12 575	9 352	16 645	11 700	6 446	43 573	11 299
2012-13	9 612	10 193	12 065	7 220	15 599	10 696	9 176	23 728	10 603
2013-14	9 733	9 036	12 833	6 139	17 563	10 821	6 773	36 129	10 602
Dollars									
Home Modification									
2010-11	29 923	–	26 330	4 359	12 452	2 898	85 902	–	17 696
2011-12	38 124	–	31 157	6 644	16 869	3 583	84 542	–	21 978
2012-13	45 498	–	33 620	8 246	16 830	3 104	64 665	81	24 782
2013-14	49 754	–	39 852	8 783	16 044	3 198	68 141	179	27 441

Table 13A.35 HACC services received per 1000 HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (f)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (g)</i>	<i>Tas (h)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Deliveries									
Formal Linen Service									
2010-11	79	–	1	2	19	15	141	–	31
2011-12	94	–	1	3	13	13	144	–	35
2012-13	66	–	1	3	16	11	128	158	27
2013-14	69	–	1	1	23	7	136	155	28
Number									
Goods and Equipment									
2010-11	12	–	45	33	318	13	25	–	44
2011-12	11	–	50	32	520	–	31	–	61
2012-13	17	–	67	37	473	–	2	23	62
2013-14	13	–	73	38	493	–	10	29	64
Transport									
One-way trips									
2010-11	6 333	–	7 435	9 792	5 788	7 651	8 270	12 822	5 320
2011-12	7 249	–	7 875	9 096	5 642	7 781	6 830	13 111	5 632
2012-13	7 225	–	8 146	8 458	5 550	7 652	6 350	6 380	5 554
2013-14	7 651	–	8 691	8 509	6 713	8 164	7 265	9 308	5 949
Proportion of HACC agencies who reported MDS data by the due date (all regions)									
2010-11	88.1	96.1	94.2	99.2	91.8	95.7	98.4	92.9	91.9
2011-12	92.0	96.2	95.8	99.7	85.8	96.7	99.2	90.9	93.7
2012-13	92.6	95.7	95.5	100.0	92.3	97.1	100.0	45.0	93.9
2013-14	96.4	90.0	92.4	99.8	94.1	96.1	83.2	60.0	94.2
Proportion of HACC agencies who reported MDS data by end of the revision period (all regions)									
2010-11	96.4	97.4	96.9	99.0	98.9	97.5	100.0	94.3	97.0
2011-12	98.7	97.7	99.2	99.8	95.7	98.2	100.0	93.2	98.5
2012-13	99.7	96.6	98.0	100.0	96.0	99.3	100.0	50.6	98.1
2013-14	99.9	92.0	96.6	100.0	96.3	99.6	86.1	75.5	97.5

(a) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.

(b) Data in this table represent HACC services received by people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years, divided by the HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years.

(c) The proportion of HACC funded agencies that submitted HACC Minimum Data Set data differed across jurisdictions and years. Actual service levels will be higher than those reported here.

Table 13A.35 HACC services received per 1000 HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (f)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA (g)</i>	<i>Tas (h)</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(d) The HACC target population is people in the Australian community who, without basic maintenance and support services provided under the scope of the HACC Program, would be at risk of premature or inappropriate long term residential care, including (i) older and frail people with moderate, severe or profound disabilities. The HACC target population for people 65 years and over is estimated by applying the proportion of people in households with moderate, severe or profound disability, by sex and five year age groups, from the ABS 2009 Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers to Population projections by SLA for 2007–2027 or 2011–2026 (prepared by ABS according to assumptions agreed to by DoHA/DSS) in each jurisdiction and by remoteness categories. To calculate the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years component of the HACC target population for older people, the proportion of all people aged 50–64 years in households with moderate, severe or profound disability was multiplied by an additional Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander factor of 1.9 (from ABS unpublished analysis) and then applied to DoHA/DSS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections for this age group in each jurisdiction and by remoteness categories.									
(e) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or invalid date of birth differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records that do not contain information on date of birth are excluded.									
(f) Validation processes for the VDR and the HACC Minimum Data Set differ and actual service levels may be up to 9 per cent higher or lower than stated. For example, for 2013-14, in the case of respite care, the VDR recorded service levels 27 per cent higher than shown in the table, for Centre Based Day Care, the VDR recorded service levels 13 per cent higher than shown in the table and for counselling, the VDR recorded service levels 26 per cent higher than shown in the table. No targets are set and relatively little is reported.									
(g) Validation processes for SA data differ from HACC MDS and actual service levels may be up to 5 per cent higher or lower than stated.									
(h) For 2010-11, results for Tasmania exclude HACC services provided under the Multipurpose Services Program. For 2011-12 for Tasmania, partial data has been received from Multi Purpose Services. HACC funded services delivered by Multi Purpose Services in 2011-12 are therefore under reported.									
(i) Allied Health Care includes at home and at centre.									
(j) Nursing Care includes at home and at centre. – Nil or rounded to zero.									

Source: DoHA/DSS unpublished, HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

TABLE 13A.36

Table 13A.36 Older HACC client characteristics (a), (b)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2010-11</i>										
HACC clients by age (c)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years	%	1.3	0.4	1.0	1.6	0.8	0.5	0.6	22.5	1.0
65-69 years	%	9.2	11.4	10.2	8.7	10.6	11.2	10.7	15.5	10.2
70 years or over	%	89.5	88.1	88.8	89.7	88.6	88.2	88.6	62.0	88.7
80 years or over	%	56.2	51.3	53.9	55.6	54.0	51.5	53.2	25.0	53.8
Age unknown	%	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.1	0.9	5.7	0.4
HACC clients by gender (d)										
Male	%	34.3	34.0	35.0	31.7	34.7	33.1	32.4	39.7	34.2
Female	%	65.7	66.0	65.0	68.3	65.3	66.9	67.6	60.3	65.8
Gender status unknown	%	0.6	1.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.4	—	0.6
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients as a proportion of all clients (d), (e)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander males	%	1.0	0.3	1.0	1.1	0.7	0.6	0.4	16.4	0.8
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander females	%	1.8	0.5	1.7	2.0	1.2	0.9	0.6	27.3	1.4
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	%	2.8	0.7	2.7	3.1	1.9	1.4	1.0	43.7	2.2
Indigenous status unknown	%	4.7	7.4	7.8	4.2	8.0	7.6	8.4	3.6	6.5
Main language spoken at home (f)										
English	%	88.2	85.4	95.9	89.7	86.3	97.0	87.5	55.0	88.9
Other than English	%	11.8	14.6	4.1	10.3	13.7	3.0	12.5	45.0	11.1
Language spoken at home unknown	%	3.4	4.0	6.6	2.4	6.3	4.2	2.6	5.1	4.4
Carer status (g)										
Does not have a carer	%	81.5	72.3	65.5	71.8	78.9	80.8	68.9	56.5	74.7
Has a carer	%	18.5	27.7	34.5	28.2	21.1	19.2	31.1	43.5	25.3

TABLE 13A.36

Table 13A.36 **Older HACC client characteristics (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Carer status unknown	%	0.8	10.9	10.5	2.7	9.9	6.3	10.5	15.2	6.9
Total HACC older clients (h)	no.	214 945	204 294	139 220	54 563	77 013	21 499	9 426	2 560	723 520
<i>2011-12</i>										
HACC clients by age (c)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years	%	1.5	0.4	1.1	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.5	21.1	1.1
65-69 years	%	9.4	11.8	10.3	9.1	11.0	11.7	11.3	15.3	10.5
70 years or over	%	89.1	87.8	88.6	89.5	88.1	87.7	88.2	63.6	88.4
80 years or over	%	56.3	51.2	53.6	55.8	53.3	51.7	51.0	26.6	53.7
Age unknown	%	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	0.1	0.3	5.1	0.3
HACC clients by gender (d)										
Male	%	34.5	34.3	35.1	31.7	35.3	32.9	33.7	39.2	34.4
Female	%	65.5	65.7	64.9	68.3	64.7	67.1	66.3	60.8	65.6
Gender status unknown	%	0.6	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	–	0.5
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients as a proportion of all clients (d), (e)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander males	%	1.0	0.3	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.2	16.3	0.8
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander females	%	1.9	0.5	1.7	1.9	1.1	1.0	0.6	26.8	1.4
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	%	2.9	0.7	2.6	2.9	1.8	1.5	0.8	43.0	2.2
Indigenous status unknown	%	4.6	6.5	7.1	3.7	8.3	8.8	4.2	3.5	6.1
Main language spoken at home (f)										
English	%	88.2	85.4	95.9	90.6	86.2	96.8	88.1	54.4	89.0
Other than English	%	11.8	14.6	4.1	9.4	13.8	3.2	11.9	45.6	11.0
Language spoken at home unknown	%	2.6	4.2	6.0	2.4	5.5	5.2	3.8	5.2	4.1

TABLE 13A.36

Table 13A.36 **Older HACC client characteristics (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Carer status (g)										
Does not have a carer	%	85.9	73.0	66.5	72.9	76.7	85.1	73.7	58.2	76.5
Has a carer	%	14.1	27.0	33.5	27.1	23.3	14.9	26.3	41.8	23.5
Carer status unknown	%	0.5	11.3	11.0	3.1	9.1	8.3	13.7	15.6	7.2
Total HACC older clients (h)	no.	217 252	209 634	147 919	56 192	80 911	22 624	9 729	2 598	746 859
2012-13										
HACC clients by age (c)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years	%	1.5	0.4	1.1	1.4	0.9	0.5	0.5	19.7	1.0
65-69 years	%	9.7	12.1	10.4	9.1	11.2	11.5	12.3	16.9	10.7
70 years or over	%	88.8	87.5	88.4	89.5	87.9	88.0	87.1	63.4	88.2
80 years or over	%	56.4	51.2	53.9	55.8	53.7	51.8	50.7	25.1	53.8
Age unknown	%	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.4
HACC clients by gender (d)										
Male	%	35.1	34.6	35.0	32.3	35.5	33.3	34.9	36.9	34.7
Female	%	64.9	65.4	65.0	67.7	64.5	66.7	65.1	63.1	65.3
Gender status unknown	%	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	–	0.4
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients as a proportion of all clients (d), (e)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander males	%	1.2	0.3	1.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.3	15.8	0.9
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander females	%	2.2	0.6	2.0	2.0	1.3	1.1	0.6	28.6	1.6
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	%	3.3	0.9	3.1	3.1	2.1	1.7	0.9	44.4	2.5
Indigenous status unknown	%	4.6	6.6	8.1	3.8	7.2	6.4	3.8	1.1	6.1

TABLE 13A.36

Table 13A.36 **Older HACC client characteristics (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Main language spoken at home (f)										
English	%	87.7	85.3	95.8	90.7	85.9	97.5	88.6	54.6	88.9
Other than English	%	12.3	14.7	4.2	9.3	14.1	2.5	11.4	45.4	11.1
Language spoken at home unknown	%	2.6	4.1	6.4	2.7	4.1	2.8	3.4	0.6	3.9
Carer status (g)										
Does not have a carer	%	81.9	73.7	66.4	73.8	75.2	85.1	76.1	79.6	75.5
Has a carer	%	18.1	26.3	33.6	26.2	24.8	14.9	23.9	20.4	24.5
Carer status unknown	%	0.4	12.0	12.5	2.8	8.9	6.2	19.7	3.1	7.6
Total HACC older clients (h)	no.	220 597	213 495	150 094	56 494	80 567	23 090	10 187	1 624	756 148
2013-14										
HACC clients by age (c)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years	%	1.7	0.5	1.2	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.6	19.8	1.2
65-69 years	%	10.2	12.3	10.3	9.4	11.2	11.6	12.5	17.3	10.9
70 years or over	%	88.1	87.3	88.5	89.2	88.0	87.8	86.9	62.9	87.9
80 years or over	%	55.2	51.1	54.1	55.6	53.8	51.7	50.6	25.8	53.5
Age unknown	%	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.2	0.2	–	0.3
HACC clients by gender (d)										
Male	%	35.5	34.7	35.1	33.1	35.8	33.6	35.5	37.4	35.0
Female	%	64.5	65.3	64.9	66.9	64.2	66.4	64.5	62.6	65.0
Gender status unknown	%	0.6	0.6	0.2	–	0.1	0.2	0.4	–	0.4
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients as a proportion of all clients (d), (e)										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander males	%	1.5	0.3	1.2	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.3	16.4	1.0
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander females	%	2.7	0.6	2.1	2.1	1.3	1.1	0.7	28.8	1.8

TABLE 13A.36

Table 13A.36 **Older HACC client characteristics (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islanders	%	4.2	0.9	3.3	3.2	2.1	1.7	1.0	45.2	2.8
Indigenous status unknown	%	3.6	6.4	11.5	3.6	6.5	5.5	3.1	1.0	6.3
Main language spoken at home (f)										
English	%	87.3	85.3	95.4	91.1	85.2	97.5	88.1	56.8	88.5
Other than English	%	12.7	14.7	4.6	8.9	14.8	2.5	11.9	43.2	11.5
Language spoken at home unknown	%	1.6	4.1	11.5	2.7	3.7	2.2	5.1	0.4	4.6
Carer status (g)										
Does not have a carer	%	83.2	73.8	67.5	73.6	73.3	83.8	75.9	74.9	75.9
Has a carer	%	16.8	26.2	32.5	26.4	26.7	16.2	24.1	25.1	24.1
Carer status unknown	%	0.4	11.0	14.1	2.8	9.7	4.9	23.6	3.7	7.7
Total HACC older clients (h)	no.	229 332	217 745	152 583	57 599	83 370	22 708	10 556	2 066	775 959

- (a) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision. Rounding of proportions may result in age cohorts not summing to the total aggregate proportion.
- (b) Data in this table represent HACC clients aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years.
- (c) The proportion of HACC clients with date of birth unknown differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (d) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown gender differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (e) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown Indigenous status differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (f) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown language spoken at home differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (g) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown carer status differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (h) The proportion of HACC funded agencies that submitted HACC MDS data differed across jurisdictions and years. Actual service levels will be higher than those reported here.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2010-11</i>									
Distribution of HACC clients by Indigenous status and age group									
Proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients									
50 years to 64 years	44.0	53.9	37.3	47.0	40.9	32.6	62.2	46.8	43.5
65-69 years	15.5	15.0	14.9	18.0	15.0	10.1	13.3	15.4	15.4
70-79 years	25.4	20.0	29.2	24.1	23.1	32.3	13.3	28.1	25.7
80 years or over	15.1	11.1	18.6	10.9	21.0	24.9	11.2	9.7	15.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.4	0.2	0.2	–	0.4	–	0.6	–	0.3
Proportion of non-Indigenous HACC clients									
65-69 years	8.9	11.2	10.2	8.1	10.3	11.4	10.9	15.7	10.0
70-79 years	33.5	36.9	35.7	34.1	34.7	36.8	36.2	44.6	35.2
80 years or over	57.7	51.9	54.0	57.7	55.0	51.8	52.9	39.7	54.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	0.1	0.6	0.6	0.2
Proportion of all HACC clients (e)									
65-69 years	9.3	11.5	10.3	8.8	10.7	11.3	10.8	20.0	10.3
70-79 years	33.7	37.0	35.2	34.6	34.8	37.0	35.7	47.8	35.3
80 years or over	57.0	51.5	54.5	56.5	54.5	51.7	53.5	32.2	54.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.2	0.1	0.9	5.7	0.4
Distribution of HACC clients by age group									
Proportion of older HACC clients aged 65-69 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	5.4	1.1	4.3	7.4	3.1	1.5	1.4	49.0	3.8
Non-Indigenous clients	94.6	98.9	95.7	92.6	96.9	98.5	98.6	51.0	96.2

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	5.5	8.7	5.8	6.4	9.8	6.5	6.8	2.8	7.2
Proportion of HACC clients aged 70-79 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Isl	2.4	0.5	2.5	2.5	1.4	1.5	0.4	38.1	1.8
Non-Indigenous clients	97.6	99.5	97.5	97.5	98.6	98.5	99.6	61.9	98.2
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.7	7.7	5.9	5.0	8.0	7.6	7.0	4.3	6.3
Proportion of HACC clients aged 80 years or over									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	0.8	0.2	1.1	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.2	19.4	0.7
Non-Indigenous clients	99.2	99.8	98.9	99.3	99.2	99.2	99.8	80.6	99.3
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.5	6.9	9.5	3.3	7.6	7.8	9.7	3.0	6.5
<i>2011-12</i>									
Distribution of HACC clients by Indigenous status and age group									
Proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients									
50 years to 64 years	47.1	51.5	39.6	46.1	46.8	32.5	57.0	44.8	45.2
65-69 years	15.0	15.1	15.2	18.2	17.2	14.3	12.8	17.3	15.7
70-79 years	24.4	22.0	28.2	23.8	22.2	28.9	12.8	28.1	25.1
80 years or over	13.4	11.4	17.0	11.9	13.8	24.4	17.4	9.7	13.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	-	-	-	0.2
Proportion of non-Indigenous HACC clients									
65-69 years	9.2	11.7	10.4	8.6	10.6	12.0	11.3	13.6	10.3
70-79 years	32.9	36.6	35.8	33.7	35.0	36.6	37.6	44.1	35.0
80 years or over	57.9	51.7	53.9	57.7	54.4	51.4	51.1	42.2	54.7

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.2
Proportion of all HACC clients (e)									
65–69 years	9.6	11.9	10.4	9.2	11.1	11.8	11.4	19.4	10.7
70–79 years	33.2	36.7	35.3	34.1	35.2	36.3	37.4	46.8	35.1
80 years or over	57.2	51.4	54.2	56.7	53.7	51.9	51.2	33.8	54.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.2	0.1	0.3	5.1	0.3
Distribution of HACC clients by age group									
Proportion of older HACC clients aged 65-69 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	5.3	1.1	4.3	6.6	3.3	2.1	1.0	54.4	3.7
Non-Indigenous clients	94.7	98.9	95.7	93.4	96.7	97.9	99.0	45.6	96.3
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	5.2	7.5	5.3	5.8	10.7	6.5	4.2	2.0	6.6
Proportion of HACC clients aged 70-79 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	2.5	0.5	2.4	2.3	1.3	1.4	0.3	37.3	1.8
Non-Indigenous clients	97.5	99.5	97.6	97.7	98.7	98.6	99.7	62.7	98.2
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.7	6.7	5.4	4.2	8.6	7.7	3.8	4.3	5.9
Proportion of HACC clients aged 80 years or over									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Isl	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.3	17.8	0.6
Non-Indigenous clients	99.2	99.8	99.0	99.3	99.5	99.2	99.7	82.2	99.4
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.4	6.2	8.5	3.0	7.6	10.1	4.6	3.2	6.1

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2012-13</i>									
Distribution of HACC clients by Indigenous status									
Proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients									
50 years to 64 years	46.9	52.5	39.8	45.7	45.0	31.3	62.2	44.9	45.1
65–69 years	15.4	14.3	15.6	16.2	17.6	15.3	13.3	20.1	15.8
70–79 years	24.5	20.7	27.1	24.6	23.8	28.3	11.1	25.7	24.7
80 years or over	13.2	12.5	17.5	13.6	13.7	25.1	13.3	9.4	14.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.0	0.4	–	–	0.1
Proportion of non-Indigenous HACC clients									
65–69 years	9.4	11.9	10.5	8.6	10.6	11.5	12.5	14.4	10.5
70–79 years	32.6	36.3	35.3	33.7	34.4	36.3	36.8	48.0	34.6
80 years or over	58.0	51.8	54.2	57.8	55.0	52.2	50.7	37.5	54.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.2	0.1	0.1	1	0.2	0.2	0.1	–	0.2
Proportion of all HACC clients (e)									
65–69 years	9.8	12.1	10.6	9.2	11.3	11.6	12.4	21.1	10.9
70–79 years	32.9	36.4	34.9	34.1	34.5	36.3	36.6	47.6	34.7
80 years or over	57.2	51.5	54.5	56.6	54.2	52.1	50.9	31.3	54.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.6	1.1	0.2	0.2	–	0.4
Distribution of HACC clients by age group									
Proportion of older HACC clients aged 65-69 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	5.4	1.1	4.5	5.7	3.5	2.2	1.0	52.6	3.6
Non-Indigenous clients	94.6	98.9	95.5	94.3	96.5	97.8	99.0	47.4	96.4

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	5.4	7.6	6.0	7.0	10.2	5.9	2.6	1.1	6.8
Proportion of HACC clients aged 70-79 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	2.5	0.5	2.4	2.3	1.5	1.3	0.3	29.9	1.8
Non-Indigenous clients	97.5	99.5	97.6	97.7	98.5	98.7	99.7	70.1	98.2
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.9	6.6	6.0	4.4	6.9	6.0	3.3	1.4	5.8
Proportion of HACC clients aged 80 years or over									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	0.8	0.2	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.2	16.7	0.7
Non-Indigenous clients	99.2	99.8	99.0	99.3	99.5	99.2	99.8	83.3	99.3
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.4	6.1	8.9	2.7	5.9	6.3	4.2	1.5	5.8
<i>2013-14</i>									
Distribution of HACC clients by Indigenous status									
Proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients									
50 years to 64 years	43.5	53.4	41.9	45.0	44.6	34.8	62.1	44.2	44.2
65-69 years	15.6	15.4	15.8	17.1	16.7	15.4	10.7	20.6	16.0
70-79 years	25.2	19.3	26.2	24.0	24.5	27.2	13.6	26.1	24.8
80 years or over	15.7	12.0	16.1	14.0	14.3	22.6	13.6	9.1	15.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.2	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	-	-	0.1
Proportion of non-Indigenous HACC clients									
65-69 years	9.9	12.1	10.4	8.9	10.6	11.5	12.5	14.5	10.7
70-79 years	33.2	36.2	35.6	33.5	34.2	36.1	36.5	45.9	34.8

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
80 years or over	56.9	51.7	54.0	57.6	55.1	52.3	51.0	39.5	54.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.1	0.1	–	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Proportion of all HACC clients (e)									
65–69 years	10.4	12.3	10.4	9.5	11.3	11.7	12.6	21.6	11.1
70–79 years	33.5	36.3	34.8	34.1	34.4	36.3	36.5	46.2	34.8
80 years or over	56.2	51.4	54.8	56.4	54.3	52.0	51.0	32.2	54.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Age unknown	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.3
Distribution of HACC clients by age group									
Proportion of older HACC clients aged 65-69 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	6.4	1.2	4.9	5.9	3.3	2.3	0.9	54.0	4.1
Non-Indigenous clients	93.6	98.8	95.1	94.1	96.7	97.7	99.1	46.0	95.9
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	4.1	7.6	8.8	6.2	9.8	5.6	3.1	1.1	6.8
Proportion of HACC clients aged 70-79 years									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	3.2	0.5	2.4	2.3	1.5	1.3	0.4	31.9	2.0
Non-Indigenous clients	96.8	99.5	97.6	97.7	98.5	98.7	99.6	68.1	98.0
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	3.7	6.6	9.1	4.6	6.7	5.8	3.2	1.3	6.1
Proportion of HACC clients aged 80 years or over									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander clients	1.2	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.3	15.9	0.8
Non-Indigenous clients	98.8	99.8	99.0	99.2	99.4	99.2	99.7	84.1	99.2

TABLE 13A.37

Table 13A.37 **Distribution of older HACC clients, by age and Indigenous status (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Indigenous status unknown	3.5	6.0	13.7	2.6	5.7	5.3	3.1	1.1	6.4

- (a) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.
- (b) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or null Indigenous status differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records for people aged 50–64 years that do not contain information on Indigenous status are excluded.
- (c) The proportion of HACC clients with unknown date of birth differed across jurisdictions and years.
- (d) Rounding of proportions may result in age cohorts not summing to the total aggregate proportion.
- (e) Calculations exclude HACC clients with unknown or null Indigenous Status.
– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished), HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2010-11</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of the Australian population (i)										
Total	%	2.3	0.7	3.6	3.4	1.9	4.0	1.4	30.3	2.6
Aged 65+ years	%	0.6	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.2	17.8	0.7
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of HACC clients										
Total	%	3.8	1.0	3.2	3.8	2.4	1.8	1.3	45.4	2.8
Aged 65+ years	%	1.8	0.4	1.9	1.9	1.3	1.1	0.4	34.2	1.4
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 50 years or over										
Female	%	65.4	65.2	63.6	65.0	61.3	61.7	63.3	62.4	64.3
Speaks English at home	%	98.1	98.4	88.5	66.9	69.3	99.7	100.0	20.3	84.5
Receives a pension	%	96.7	96.6	97.7	99.0	96.1	98.0	91.8	99.4	97.3
Lives alone	%	33.8	34.7	28.7	20.1	26.5	44.7	34.1	7.6	28.7
Has a carer	%	13.0	24.1	35.5	33.5	28.8	20.6	29.2	39.3	24.6
Receives four or more service types	%	18.5	21.3	41.1	47.8	37.8	30.3	41.8	65.2	32.6
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	4.9	6.4	6.4	7.0	6.1	4.0	5.0	6.8	5.8
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	66.1	66.5	65.4	65.2	60.8	63.4	64.9	62.4	65.1
Speaks English at home	%	97.3	97.2	87.6	62.0	59.0	99.5	100.0	21.0	82.7
Receives a pension	%	97.5	96.5	98.7	99.3	97.3	98.5	97.1	99.8	98.1
Lives alone	%	38.2	38.4	30.6	21.9	26.9	47.2	26.7	8.6	31.5
Has a carer	%	13.6	26.3	36.8	37.8	32.1	20.3	36.1	43.0	26.5
Receives four or more services	%	19.8	23.1	42.0	49.2	34.4	33.0	32.4	69.9	33.8
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	5.1	6.9	6.9	7.2	6.9	4.7	4.2	8.0	6.3
Characteristics of non-Indigenous HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	65.7	66.2	65.6	68.7	65.8	66.8	67.7	58.6	66.1

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speaks English at home	%	87.8	85.2	96.1	90.7	86.6	96.9	88.7	87.3	89.0
Receives a pension	%	94.5	93.6	93.9	93.1	94.3	96.4	89.3	94.6	94.0
Lives alone	%	46.3	47.4	45.7	52.5	47.6	51.3	50.8	51.2	47.4
Has a carer	%	19.0	28.2	34.6	28.1	20.9	19.4	29.5	48.9	25.6
Receives four or more services	%	14.5	16.0	26.4	29.4	31.8	29.0	17.7	26.2	20.6
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	3.3	3.8	3.9	5.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.5	3.7
All older HACC clients proportion of responses unknown										
Gender	%	0.6	1.2	0.2	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.4	–	0.6
Language spoken at home	%	3.4	4.0	6.6	2.4	6.2	4.2	2.6	5.0	4.4
Pension status	%	10.8	13.9	9.1	3.7	20.9	17.8	16.2	7.0	12.2
Living arrangements	%	7.8	13.9	9.7	3.1	19.2	9.3	19.8	2.0	10.9
Carer status	%	0.8	10.8	10.5	2.7	9.8	6.3	10.5	16.1	6.9
<i>2011-12</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of the Australian population (i)										
Total	%	2.4	0.7	3.6	3.4	1.9	4.1	1.4	30.3	2.6
Aged 65+ years	%	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.2	17.3	0.7
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of HACC clients										
Total	%	4.0	1.0	3.1	3.5	2.4	1.8	1.2	44.7	2.8
Aged 65+ years	%	1.8	0.4	1.8	1.8	1.1	1.2	0.4	34.1	1.4
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 50 years or over										
Female	%	64.7	64.9	65.0	66.0	60.7	64.4	71.8	62.2	64.4
Speaks English at home	%	98.2	98.5	88.6	67.5	79.7	100.0	100.0	19.2	86.0
Receives a pension	%	96.9	96.0	98.0	98.4	95.7	97.8	94.0	99.4	97.3
Lives alone	%	34.6	34.7	29.9	21.8	24.3	50.0	32.4	8.5	29.6
Has a carer	%	10.1	22.9	32.3	28.8	26.4	15.5	28.0	40.8	21.7

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 **Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Receives four or more service types	%	20.5	21.5	39.8	51.7	42.9	29.7	34.9	63.3	33.4
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	5.5	6.5	6.7	7.4	5.7	3.9	4.9	8.2	6.2
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	65.1	66.1	67.9	67.1	60.4	64.3	77.8	61.6	65.5
Speaks English at home	%	97.7	97.6	87.5	63.3	73.1	100.0	100.0	19.5	84.3
Receives a pension	%	97.6	96.1	98.8	99.1	97.4	98.8	93.8	99.7	98.1
Lives alone	%	38.4	36.7	30.9	24.0	23.2	53.8	26.7	10.4	31.8
Has a carer	%	10.9	25.1	35.1	31.2	26.6	14.0	24.2	43.3	23.7
Receives four or more services	%	21.6	22.3	41.4	53.5	41.8	31.5	29.7	65.4	35.0
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	6.0	6.6	7.1	7.6	6.7	4.1	3.2	9.2	6.7
Characteristics of non-Indigenous HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	65.5	65.9	65.4	68.8	65.3	66.9	66.3	59.2	65.9
Speaks English at home	%	87.6	85.3	96.0	91.4	86.2	96.7	88.1	86.2	89.0
Receives a pension	%	94.5	93.6	93.9	93.1	94.0	96.1	88.5	93.8	93.9
Lives alone	%	45.9	47.6	45.2	51.9	46.5	51.8	50.4	49.4	47.0
Has a carer	%	14.5	27.4	33.6	27.1	23.1	14.9	26.0	43.8	23.8
Receives four or more services	%	14.7	17.0	27.2	26.5	30.8	27.6	17.2	21.5	20.8
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	3.5	3.8	4.0	5.0	3.2	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.8
All older HACC clients proportion of responses unknown										
Gender	%	0.6	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.3	–	0.5
Language spoken at home	%	2.6	4.2	6.0	2.4	5.4	5.2	3.9	5.3	4.1
Pension status	%	10.5	12.8	9.0	4.0	21.9	29.6	14.2	8.7	12.2
Living arrangements	%	5.9	14.1	9.1	3.2	18.0	11.2	17.9	2.2	10.3
Carer status	%	0.5	11.2	11.0	3.1	9.1	8.3	13.7	16.5	7.2

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 **Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2012-13</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of the Australian population (i)										
Total	%	2.4	0.7	3.7	3.2	1.9	4.2	1.3	30.5	2.6
Aged 65+ years	%	0.7	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.2	17.1	0.7
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of HACC clients										
Total	%	4.0	1.1	3.3	3.4	2.5	1.8	1.2	45.8	2.8
Aged 65+ years	%	1.8	0.4	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.2	0.3	30.6	1.4
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 50 years or over										
Female	%	64.6	65.0	64.2	65.7	61.9	64.6	64.4	64.4	64.4
Speaks English at home	%	98.6	98.9	88.2	71.1	83.7	99.7	98.8	16.3	88.7
Receives a pension	%	96.9	94.6	97.5	98.5	95.3	96.2	94.6	99.7	96.9
Lives alone	%	35.0	34.6	30.6	23.4	26.6	48.9	42.3	10.2	31.2
Has a carer	%	15.0	21.8	33.2	28.5	26.1	17.3	26.3	35.0	23.0
Receives four or more service types	%	19.4	21.3	44.1	48.5	42.5	35.4	36.7	67.7	32.9
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	6.2	6.2	7.4	7.9	5.2	4.1	5.8	6.5	6.5
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	65.4	65.9	67.0	67.1	61.5	66.3	64.7	63.4	65.6
Speaks English at home	%	98.2	98.1	87.1	69.1	77.9	99.6	100.0	16.5	87.4
Receives a pension	%	97.7	96.6	98.7	99.4	97.9	98.3	96.6	100.0	98.2
Lives alone	%	39.0	35.5	31.3	24.8	27.3	52.0	32.1	11.8	33.3
Has a carer	%	15.7	26.2	35.4	31.8	26.4	15.4	30.0	34.5	24.9
Receives four or more services	%	20.8	22.6	44.4	50.7	41.6	36.5	35.3	67.2	34.4
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	6.5	6.7	7.5	8.5	5.7	4.2	4.0	6.5	6.8
Characteristics of non-Indigenous HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	64.9	65.6	65.4	68.1	65.0	66.8	65.1	62.2	65.5

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Speaks English at home	%	87.2	85.1	96.0	91.3	85.9	97.4	88.4	84.8	88.8
Receives a pension	%	94.4	93.7	93.7	93.1	94.1	96.3	87.6	96.2	93.9
Lives alone	%	45.5	45.9	45.8	51.5	46.8	52.3	49.8	59.1	46.6
Has a carer	%	18.5	26.6	33.6	26.2	24.3	15.0	23.8	9.7	24.8
Receives four or more services	%	14.8	17.5	27.4	27.3	31.6	29.6	17.5	14.7	21.3
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	3.6	3.7	4.1	5.1	3.2	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.8
All older HACC clients proportion of responses unknown										
Gender	%	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	–	0.4
Language spoken at home	%	2.6	4.1	6.5	2.7	4.0	2.8	3.5	0.8	4.0
Pension status	%	11.3	13.0	10.0	4.1	21.4	26.5	18.5	2.1	12.6
Living arrangements	%	6.1	12.3	9.7	3.4	17.2	5.6	18.8	0.5	9.7
Carer status	%	0.4	12.0	12.5	2.7	8.9	6.2	19.7	1.9	7.6
<i>2013-14</i>										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of the Australian population (i)										
Total	%	2.9	0.8	4.0	3.8	2.0	4.4	1.8	43.4	2.9
Aged 65+ years	%	0.8	0.2	1.1	1.0	0.6	1.3	0.3	16.5	0.8
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons as a proportion of HACC clients										
Total	%	4.2	0.9	3.3	3.2	2.1	1.7	1.0	45.2	2.8
Aged 65+ years	%	2.4	0.4	1.9	1.8	1.2	1.1	0.4	31.5	1.6
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 50 years or over										
Female	%	64.1	66.0	63.6	65.4	61.9	66.2	71.3	63.8	64.1
Speaks English at home	%	98.9	99.3	92.4	70.4	83.5	99.7	99.0	21.7	90.3
Receives a pension	%	96.1	94.8	96.0	97.8	95.8	96.8	89.7	99.6	96.2
Lives alone	%	34.6	35.2	32.8	21.4	25.0	49.4	43.5	11.4	31.4
Has a carer	%	19.0	21.4	31.4	31.3	26.3	17.6	28.4	35.3	24.2

TABLE 13A.38

Table 13A.38 **Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Receives four or more service types	%	18.0	21.7	41.4	43.9	46.5	30.7	25.2	61.7	30.3
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	5.2	6.0	8.0	7.3	5.0	4.6	3.8	6.9	6.1
Characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	65.0	68.3	65.6	67.4	60.9	66.5	60.5	63.8	65.2
Speaks English at home	%	98.7	98.7	90.7	67.7	78.7	99.6	97.3	22.9	89.3
Receives a pension	%	97.4	96.1	98.6	98.9	97.4	98.4	88.2	99.8	97.8
Lives alone	%	37.9	36.9	32.7	22.3	25.5	54.2	35.5	12.9	33.4
Has a carer	%	21.0	25.6	34.7	34.1	27.0	15.6	33.3	37.5	26.6
Receives four or more services	%	18.6	21.5	45.1	45.1	45.2	31.4	15.4	59.9	31.4
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	5.3	6.3	8.9	7.9	5.6	4.7	2.4	6.8	6.5
Characteristics of non-Indigenous HACC clients aged 65 years or over										
Female	%	64.5	65.5	65.3	67.3	64.7	66.5	64.4	61.8	65.2
Speaks English at home	%	86.6	85.2	95.6	91.9	85.2	97.4	87.7	85.3	88.4
Receives a pension	%	94.0	93.4	93.7	92.6	93.9	96.1	87.5	94.9	93.6
Lives alone	%	44.7	45.4	45.5	50.0	46.2	52.5	48.8	52.1	45.9
Has a carer	%	17.0	26.5	33.0	26.3	26.2	16.2	24.1	17.5	24.3
Receives four or more services	%	15.4	17.6	27.6	27.6	33.7	28.8	19.2	16.1	21.6
Monthly hours of service per client	hrs	3.5	3.6	4.4	5.0	3.5	3.6	3.2	4.3	3.8
All older HACC clients proportion of responses unknown										
Gender	%	0.6	0.6	0.2	–	0.1	0.2	0.4	–	0.4
Language spoken at home	%	1.6	4.1	11.6	2.7	3.6	2.2	5.1	0.5	4.6
Pension status	%	11.8	13.2	13.3	4.2	22.2	26.1	21.8	3.1	13.6
Living arrangements	%	6.0	12.0	12.1	3.3	17.3	4.3	22.1	0.4	10.1
Carer status	%	0.4	10.9	14.1	2.8	9.6	4.9	23.7	2.7	7.7

(a) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.

Table 13A.38 **Comparative characteristics of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander HACC clients (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or null Indigenous status differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records for people aged 50–64 years that do not contain information on Indigenous status are excluded.									
(c)	The proportion of HACC clients with unknown or invalid date of birth differed across jurisdictions and years. Client records that do not contain information on date of birth are excluded.									
(d)	The proportion of HACC clients with nil and not stated gender differed across jurisdictions and years.									
(e)	The proportion of HACC clients with nil and not stated main language spoken at home differed across jurisdictions and years.									
(f)	The proportion of HACC clients with nil and not stated pension benefit status differed across jurisdictions and years.									
(g)	The proportion of HACC clients with nil and not stated living arrangements differed across jurisdictions and years.									
(h)	The proportion of HACC clients with nil and not stated carer availability differed across jurisdictions and years.									
(i)	Based on population projections prepared by ABS according to assumptions agreed to by DoHA/DSS. See table 13A.2 for further details on populations used.									

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished), HACC Minimum Data Set (various years).

TABLE 13A.39

Table 13A.39 **Access to Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres, 2013-14 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander contacts (b)	no.	362	28	505	370	532	14	57	820	2 688
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander target population (c)	no.	34 348	7 168	27 239	12 975	5 732	4 174	795	10 181	102 612
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander contacts per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians in the target population	no.	10.5	3.9	18.5	28.5	92.8	3.4	71.7	80.5	26.2
All contacts (d)	no.	109 714	39 112	91 689	45 552	26 865	10 376	4 281	1 995	329 584
All target population aged 65 years or older and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (e)	no.	1 182 152	871 902	679 510	338 909	291 607	94 317	45 945	23 448	3 527 790
All contacts per 1000 target population aged 65 years or older and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years	no.	92.8	44.9	134.9	134.4	92.1	110.0	93.2	85.1	93.4

(a) Contacts include phone calls, emails, visits and facsimiles.

(b) People making contact self identify as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander. Therefore, there is likely to be substantial under reporting of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status.

(c) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over. See footnotes to table 13A.2 for details of population calculations.

(d) Number of instances of assistance provided, not the number of carers assisted.

(e) All people aged 65 years or older and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. See footnotes to table 13A.2 for details of population calculations.

Source: DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.40 **Aged care assessments (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	NSW (e)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Total number of aged care assessments of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50 years or older									
2004-05	455	229	162	500	107	37	11	311	1 812
2005-06	557	170	298	481	129	35	7	335	2 012
2006-07	552	163	385	474	122	32	21	417	2 166
2007-08	666	282	411	453	114	40	16	417	2 399
2008-09	639	221	399	532	123	47	25	358	2 344
2009-10	653	234	445	540	127	34	18	333	2 384
2010-11	879	247	400	428	131	31	14	382	2 512
2011-12	607	258	423	379	125	39	17	313	2 161
2012-13	664	242	475	410	116	41	10	300	2 258
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander aged care assessments per 1000 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50 years or over (f)									
2004-05	28.5	67.0	11.6	65.3	37.8	18.0	31.8	50.2	34.6
2005-06	34.1	48.4	20.7	59.9	44.6	16.7	19.9	51.8	37.2
2006-07	27.9	35.7	23.1	57.2	36.2	13.7	51.2	56.7	34.5
2007-08	32.8	60.6	23.9	50.7	33.1	16.2	38.7	53.2	36.8
2008-09	37.5	58.8	27.2	70.2	43.3	22.7	64.9	54.4	42.7
2009-10	28.6	45.3	23.1	55.8	33.2	12.0	35.8	39.5	32.9
2010-11	36.7	45.6	19.7	42.2	32.8	10.3	26.4	43.0	33.0
2011-12	23.0	43.5	18.7	34.0	28.5	11.7	28.3	32.4	25.7
2012-13	20.3	35.4	18.4	33.2	21.2	10.4	13.3	31.0	23.1
Total number of assessments of people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years									
2009-10	58 462	48 230	27 925	18 864	16 048	4 796	2 120	902	177 347
2010-11	57 733	47 774	27 713	18 480	13 184	4 684	1 872	988	172 428
2011-12	58 419	49 839	28 945	17 752	13 278	4 957	2 213	993	176 396
2012-13	59 157	51 591	29 476	17 524	13 000	4 656	2 016	866	178 286
Aged care assessments of people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years per 1000 people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years (f)									
2009-10	56.5	63.1	47.6	65.8	61.5	58.9	56.0	48.0	57.7
2010-11	54.2	60.7	45.3	62.1	49.2	55.8	47.2	49.5	54.3
2011-12	53.0	61.4	46.5	57.4	48.5	56.3	53.2	48.0	54.0
2012-13	51.5	61.1	45.1	54.0	45.9	50.9	45.9	39.1	52.3

(a) Data in this table includes complete assessments only for years after 2006-07.

(b) The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander assessments is based on self-identification of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander status. Therefore these figures may not accurately represent the assessment of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons.

(c) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rates are for a smaller jurisdiction.

Table 13A.40 **Aged care assessments (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>NSW (e)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(d) Data for 2011-12 and 2012-13 were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective dates of 31 August 2013 and 31 August 2014 respectively. Future extracts of this data may change and thus alter final numbers.

(e) Data for NSW, in 2009-10, in the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse includes an unknown number of duplicate records created by a range of database changes and Aged Care Assessment Team amalgamations undertaken by the NSW Government. This has a flow-on effect on the national figures.

(f) See footnotes to table 13A.2 for information on population projections.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) *Aged Care Data Warehouse*.

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 **Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals**

	<i>NSW (a)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Residential Care									
Age-specific numbers for approvals of eligibility for permanent residential care									
2004-05									
<65 years	1 315	1 065	na	334	na	92	115	44	na
65-69 years	1 153	944	na	351	na	77	116	32	na
70-74 years	2 279	1 913	na	655	na	153	192	47	na
75-79 years	5 193	4 163	na	1 431	na	350	457	54	na
80-84 years	8 559	6 987	na	2 304	na	619	680	63	na
85+ years	14 694	12 431	na	4 277	na	1 101	1 000	77	na
2005-06									
<65 years	1 244	993	685	393	na	77	101	60	na
65-69 years	1 149	1 030	568	431	na	83	86	29	na
70-74 years	2 312	1 961	1 061	748	na	145	178	43	na
75-79 years	5 220	4 389	2 386	1 461	na	357	391	59	na
80-84 years	8 918	7 592	4 045	2 533	na	621	655	73	na
85+ years	15 993	13 909	7 180	4 730	na	1 140	910	80	na
2006-07									
<65 years	1 231	926	922	430	368	85	91	54	4 107
65-69 years	1 255	1 007	852	441	395	95	64	34	4 143
70-74 years	2 377	1 940	1 581	748	736	177	127	50	7 736
75-79 years	5 319	4 460	3 376	1 620	1 761	387	247	58	17 228
80-84 years	9 335	7 831	5 762	2 661	3 205	590	429	69	29 882
85+ years	17 991	15 191	10 559	5 059	5 754	1 228	756	79	56 617
2007-08									
<65 years	1 321	1 002	970	411	366	110	87	45	4 312
65-69 years	1 371	1 039	883	418	403	100	55	33	4 302
70-74 years	2 770	2 133	1 586	781	762	186	109	44	8 341
75-79 years	5 839	4 230	3 256	1 622	1 696	359	219	45	17 266
80-84 years	10 518	7 974	5 749	2 717	3 214	672	423	59	31 326
85+ years	20 934	15 947	11 095	5 502	6 217	1 412	715	91	61 919
2008-09									
<65 years	1 482	958	952	424	399	120	67	204	4 606
65-69 years	1 615	1 048	1 013	492	405	136	50	130	4 889
70-74 years	3 113	2 127	1 769	876	855	196	110	152	9 198
75-79 years	6 335	4 472	3 356	1 723	1 812	385	180	177	18 440
80-84 years	11 279	8 189	5 723	2 831	3 486	651	432	145	32 736
85+ years	20 254	15 049	10 378	5 328	6 111	1 312	708	161	59 301
2009-10									
<65 years	1 230	783	776	400	410	111	63	154	3 927
65-69 years	1 298	993	810	451	422	110	45	94	4 223

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals

	NSW (a)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
70-74 years	2 584	1 882	1 528	883	833	205	107	142	8 164
75-79 years	5 003	3 965	2 830	1 694	1 649	405	208	129	15 883
80-84 years	9 295	7 133	4 821	2 875	3 320	684	358	141	28 627
85+ years	17 328	14 053	8 857	5 252	6 029	1 266	723	120	53 628
2010-11									
<65 years	1 172	793	658	477	376	98	53	57	3 684
65-69 years	1 319	867	818	481	362	131	58	35	4 071
70-74 years	2 636	1 752	1 485	911	684	194	96	43	7 801
75-79 years	4 889	3 507	2 644	1 788	1 345	349	164	58	14 744
80-84 years	9 055	6 905	4 537	2 963	2 567	631	323	64	27 045
85+ years	17 929	13 653	8 789	5 577	4 916	1 301	660	69	52 894
2011-12 (b)									
<65 years	1 163	824	718	488	307	132	59	30	3 721
65-69 years	1 363	1 038	868	577	361	137	70	21	4 435
70-74 years	2 595	1 881	1 545	971	613	238	142	37	8 022
75-79 years	4 834	3 644	2 824	1 792	1 313	369	214	43	15 033
80-84 years	8 896	6 873	4 719	3 039	2 426	714	382	53	27 102
85+ years	17 511	14 218	8 836	5 824	4 897	1 414	794	51	53 545
2012-13									
<65 years	1 285	980	765	444	265	112	62	48	3 961
65-69 years	1 519	1 070	995	597	410	132	72	31	4 826
70-74 years	2 591	1 907	1 671	984	597	179	119	60	8 108
75-79 years	4 689	3 648	2 809	1 812	1 187	369	197	49	14 760
80-84 years	8 656	7 199	4 684	3 058	2 255	623	364	50	26 889
85+ years	17 689	15 123	9 023	5 837	4 854	1 310	745	59	54 640
Age-specific rates for approvals of eligibility for permanent residential care									
2004-05									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	na	0.2	na	0.2	0.4	0.2	na
65-69 years	4.6	5.1	na	5.0	na	3.8	12.2	8.7	na
70-74 years	10.7	12.1	na	11.6	na	9.1	26.2	22.0	na
75-79 years	27.5	29.9	na	30.5	na	24.5	74.2	36.7	na
80-84 years	63.5	70.4	na	71.0	na	59.9	152.3	83.6	na
85+ years	143.8	164.1	na	169.8	na	140.1	326.7	148.6	na
2005-06									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	na	0.2	0.3	0.3	na
65-69 years	4.5	5.4	3.9	5.9	na	4.0	8.7	7.1	na
70-74 years	10.8	12.4	9.4	13.1	na	8.6	23.7	19.5	na
75-79 years	27.6	31.2	24.9	30.5	na	24.9	63.4	39.0	na
80-84 years	64.5	74.2	58.8	75.7	na	58.4	140.7	93.1	na
85+ years	148.5	173.6	132.1	177.2	na	137.4	274.9	150.9	na

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 **Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals**

	<i>NSW (a)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2006-07									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
65-69 years	4.8	5.2	5.6	5.8	6.1	4.4	6.2	7.5	5.3
70-74 years	11.0	12.1	13.7	12.8	13.7	10.4	16.4	20.6	12.2
75-79 years	28.1	31.7	34.8	33.3	35.9	26.9	39.7	35.5	31.5
80-84 years	66.2	74.6	81.8	77.0	83.8	54.6	89.4	80.1	73.7
85+ years	158.6	179.7	183.0	179.6	184.5	141.1	212.5	140.3	172.7
2007-08									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
65-69 years	5.1	5.2	5.6	5.3	6.1	4.5	5.1	6.9	5.3
70-74 years	12.5	13.0	13.3	12.9	13.9	10.7	13.6	16.8	12.9
75-79 years	30.9	30.1	33.4	33.0	35.1	24.8	35.0	27.6	31.6
80-84 years	73.0	74.0	79.8	76.3	82.4	61.7	86.4	64.5	75.5
85+ years	175.4	179.4	183.9	186.7	189.6	156.2	185.7	149.9	179.8
2008-09									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	1.0	0.2
65-69 years	5.9	5.1	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	4.5	26.3	5.9
70-74 years	13.9	12.8	14.5	14.2	15.5	11.0	13.4	55.2	14.0
75-79 years	33.6	31.8	34.3	35.0	37.7	26.5	28.7	109.5	33.7
80-84 years	77.3	75.0	78.3	78.2	88.6	59.4	87.5	155.6	77.8
85+ years	165.4	165.6	168.5	176.7	182.1	141.8	177.4	263.1	168.2
2009-10									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.2
65-69 years	4.4	4.6	4.6	5.3	5.9	4.5	3.8	17.3	4.8
70-74 years	11.0	10.8	11.7	13.5	14.5	11.0	12.3	46.8	11.8
75-79 years	26.6	28.1	28.7	33.9	34.8	27.6	32.3	75.9	29.0
80-84 years	62.1	63.5	63.8	76.4	83.3	61.3	71.1	137.4	66.2
85+ years	131.9	144.0	135.1	163.0	168.8	130.2	164.9	191.7	142.2
2010-11									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2
65-69 years	4.4	3.9	4.5	5.5	5.0	5.3	4.7	6.3	4.5
70-74 years	11.1	9.9	11.1	13.7	11.7	10.2	10.8	13.6	11.1
75-79 years	25.9	24.8	26.7	35.5	28.5	23.7	25.1	33.2	26.8
80-84 years	59.9	60.7	59.4	77.6	64.2	56.2	63.7	60.0	61.9
85+ years	132.7	136.5	131.3	169.3	134.6	131.2	145.9	110.2	136.8

Table 13A.41 **Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals**

	<i>NSW (a)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12 (b)									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
65-69 years	4.2	4.3	4.4	6.1	4.5	5.1	5.2	3.5	4.5
70-74 years	10.6	10.3	10.9	13.8	10.3	11.9	15.2	10.2	10.9
75-79 years	25.1	25.2	27.5	34.3	27.6	24.7	31.4	22.8	26.7
80-84 years	58.0	59.8	60.3	76.7	61.3	62.7	73.9	45.0	61.1
85+ years	121.9	132.6	123.5	163.6	125.8	134.5	160.6	75.9	129.6
2012-13									
<65 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
65-69 years	4.4	4.2	4.7	5.8	4.8	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.6
70-74 years	10.1	10.0	11.1	13.3	9.6	8.5	12.0	15.3	10.5
75-79 years	23.7	24.6	26.3	33.4	24.3	24.0	27.6	24.0	25.4
80-84 years	56.5	62.6	59.4	76.4	57.9	54.6	69.5	40.7	60.6
85+ years	117.0	133.7	120.6	155.3	119.4	121.6	141.6	80.3	125.9
CACP, EACH and EACH-Dementia									
Age-specific numbers of approvals of eligibility for a community care place (CACP, EACH or EACH-D)									
2004-05									
<65 years	529	463	na	140	na	29	77	120	na
65-69 years	699	538	na	201	na	36	105	65	na
70-74 years	1 407	1 026	na	382	na	74	161	65	na
75-79 years	2 975	2 048	na	736	na	143	364	83	na
80-84 years	4 600	2 964	na	1 172	na	233	500	68	na
85+ years	6 619	4 185	na	1 893	na	362	707	60	na
2005-06									
<65 years	553	451	196	188	na	19	60	126	na
65-69 years	765	595	185	260	na	22	89	76	na
70-74 years	1 552	1 065	388	480	na	71	149	72	na
75-79 years	3 322	1 996	893	967	na	114	335	84	na
80-84 years	5 077	3 040	1 487	1 439	na	210	479	91	na
85+ years	7 767	4 358	2 325	2 416	na	276	678	59	na
2006-07									
<65 years	558	476	336	261	107	20	56	161	1 975
65-69 years	845	668	387	318	218	49	55	65	2 605
70-74 years	1 668	1 168	749	561	409	79	128	75	4 837
75-79 years	3 596	2 273	1 486	1 150	924	141	222	72	9 864
80-84 years	5 686	3 396	2 440	1 726	1 635	211	386	87	15 567
85+ years	9 126	5 037	3 962	2 931	2 547	339	608	86	24 636

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 **Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals**

	<i>NSW (a)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2007-08									
<65 years	625	409	459	241	118	51	68	134	2 105
65-69 years	919	626	469	305	215	61	51	91	2 737
70-74 years	2 075	1 091	897	570	424	89	100	98	5 344
75-79 years	4 240	1 883	1 738	1 225	913	159	189	78	10 425
80-84 years	6 900	2 823	2 829	1 822	1 640	232	384	67	16 697
85+ years	11 429	4 272	4 820	3 137	2 790	462	580	83	27 573
2008-09									
<65 years	720	430	574	284	133	46	67	127	2 381
65-69 years	1 218	641	686	374	254	75	78	69	3 395
70-74 years	2 448	1 020	1 166	640	519	110	164	74	6 141
75-79 years	4 987	1 878	2 119	1 287	1 071	219	256	96	11 913
80-84 years	8 117	2 772	3 421	2 000	1 782	293	514	66	18 965
85+ years	12 110	3 620	5 099	3 144	2 767	448	829	80	28 097
2009-10									
<65 years	602	422	527	320	151	59	83	114	2 278
65-69 years	1 008	722	660	451	238	80	86	56	3 301
70-74 years	2 206	1 182	1 190	818	514	131	187	73	6 301
75-79 years	4 098	2 087	2 171	1 514	924	244	314	82	11 434
80-84 years	6 633	2 953	3 383	2 445	1 776	389	487	81	18 147
85+ years	10 014	3 985	5 156	3 696	2 793	565	804	57	27 070
2010-11									
<65 years	514	422	424	330	122	58	40	126	2 036
65-69 years	1 001	711	697	456	207	82	68	64	3 286
70-74 years	2 226	1 213	1 272	874	436	173	117	71	6 382
75-79 years	4 070	2 011	2 079	1 606	780	241	200	45	11 032
80-84 years	6 813	3 045	3 460	2 623	1 455	382	345	60	18 183
85+ years	10 405	4 080	5 559	4 330	2 284	593	569	39	27 859
2011-12 (b)									
<65 years	585	454	528	432	92	55	56	56	2 258
65-69 years	1 102	844	779	568	226	101	85	36	3 741
70-74 years	2 337	1 391	1 430	945	408	170	157	39	6 877
75-79 years	4 268	2 287	2 429	1 733	894	322	262	38	12 233
80-84 years	7 241	3 426	3 856	2 797	1 521	419	412	47	19 719
85+ years	11 227	4 738	6 110	4 804	2 480	663	718	34	30 774
2012-13 (b)									
<65 years	639	496	549	412	79	60	53	70	2 358
65-69 years	1 323	873	945	622	253	89	64	57	4 226

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals

	NSW (a)	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
70-74 years	2 476	1 357	1 616	1 030	422	143	134	76	7 254
75-79 years	4 362	2 381	2 641	1 762	812	290	213	58	12 519
80-84 years	7 497	3 550	4 195	2 940	1 440	457	382	58	20 519
85+ years	11 794	5 007	6 790	5 091	2 461	637	714	38	32 532

Age-specific rates for approvals of eligibility for a community care place (CACP, EACH or EACH-D)

2004-05

<65 years	0.1	0.1	na	0.1	na	0.1	0.3	0.6	na
65-69 years	2.8	2.9	na	2.8	na	1.8	11.0	17.7	na
70-74 years	6.6	6.5	na	6.8	na	4.4	22.0	30.5	na
75-79 years	15.8	14.7	na	15.7	na	10.0	59.1	56.4	na
80-84 years	34.1	29.9	na	36.1	na	22.6	112.0	90.2	na
85+ years	64.8	55.2	na	75.2	na	46.1	231.0	115.8	na

2005-06

<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	na	0.0	0.2	0.6	na
65-69 years	3.0	3.1	1.3	3.6	na	1.1	9.0	18.5	na
70-74 years	7.3	6.7	3.4	8.4	na	4.2	19.8	32.7	na
75-79 years	17.6	14.2	9.3	20.2	na	7.9	54.3	55.5	na
80-84 years	36.7	29.7	21.6	43.0	na	19.8	102.9	116.1	na
85+ years	72.1	54.4	42.8	90.5	na	33.3	204.8	111.3	na

2006-07

<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.8	0.1
65-69 years	3.2	3.4	2.5	4.2	3.4	2.3	5.3	14.4	3.3
70-74 years	7.7	7.3	6.5	9.6	7.6	4.7	16.5	30.9	7.7
75-79 years	19.0	16.2	15.3	23.6	18.8	9.8	35.7	44.1	18.0
80-84 years	40.3	32.4	34.6	50.0	42.7	19.5	80.5	101.0	38.4
85+ years	80.5	59.6	68.7	104.0	81.7	39.0	170.9	152.8	75.1

2007-08

<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.7	0.1
65-69 years	3.4	3.1	3.0	3.9	3.2	2.7	4.7	18.9	3.4
70-74 years	9.4	6.6	7.5	9.4	7.7	5.1	12.4	37.3	8.2
75-79 years	22.5	13.4	17.8	25.0	18.9	11.0	30.2	47.8	19.1
80-84 years	47.9	26.2	39.3	51.2	42.1	21.3	78.4	73.2	40.2
85+ years	95.8	48.1	79.9	106.5	85.1	51.1	150.6	136.7	80.1

2008-09

<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.1
65-69 years	4.4	3.1	4.2	4.7	3.8	3.3	7.0	13.9	4.1
70-74 years	10.9	6.1	9.6	10.4	9.4	6.2	20.0	26.9	9.3
75-79 years	26.4	13.4	21.7	26.1	22.3	15.1	40.8	59.4	21.8

TABLE 13A.41

Table 13A.41 **Aged care assessments per 1000 people – age specific approvals**

	<i>NSW (a)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
80-84 years	55.6	25.4	46.8	55.2	45.3	26.7	104.1	70.8	45.1
85+ years	98.9	39.8	82.8	104.3	82.4	48.4	207.7	130.7	79.7
2009-10									
<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.1
65-69 years	3.4	3.3	3.7	5.3	3.3	3.3	7.2	10.3	3.7
70-74 years	9.4	6.8	9.1	12.5	8.9	7.0	21.5	24.0	9.1
75-79 years	21.8	14.8	22.0	30.3	19.5	16.6	48.8	48.2	20.9
80-84 years	44.3	26.3	44.8	64.9	44.6	34.9	96.7	78.9	42.0
85+ years	76.2	40.8	78.6	114.7	78.2	58.1	183.4	91.1	71.8
2010-11									
<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.1
65-69 years	3.3	3.2	3.8	5.2	2.8	3.3	5.6	11.5	3.6
70-74 years	9.3	6.9	9.5	13.1	7.5	9.1	13.2	22.4	9.1
75-79 years	21.6	14.2	21.0	31.9	16.5	16.4	30.6	25.8	20.1
80-84 years	45.0	26.8	45.3	68.7	36.4	34.0	68.0	56.3	41.6
85+ years	77.0	40.8	83.0	131.5	62.5	59.8	125.8	62.3	72.1
2011-12 (b)									
<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
65-69 years	3.4	3.5	3.9	6.0	2.8	3.7	6.3	5.9	3.8
70-74 years	9.5	7.6	10.1	13.5	6.8	8.5	16.8	10.8	9.4
75-79 years	22.2	15.8	23.6	33.1	18.8	21.6	38.4	20.2	21.7
80-84 years	47.2	29.8	49.3	70.6	38.4	36.8	79.7	39.9	44.5
85+ years	78.2	44.2	85.4	134.9	63.7	63.1	145.3	50.6	74.5
2012-13 (b)									
<65 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1
65-69 years	3.8	3.4	4.5	6.1	3.0	3.1	4.3	8.6	4.0
70-74 years	9.6	7.1	10.8	14.0	6.8	6.8	13.5	19.4	9.4
75-79 years	22.0	16.1	24.8	32.5	16.6	18.9	29.9	28.4	21.6
80-84 years	49.0	30.9	53.2	73.5	37.0	40.1	72.9	47.3	46.2
85+ years	78.0	44.3	90.8	135.4	60.5	59.2	135.7	51.7	74.9

(a) Aged Care Assessment Program 2009-10 data for NSW in the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse includes an unknown number of duplicate records created by a range of database changes and/or Aged Care Assessment Team amalgamations undertaken by the respective state governments. This has a flow-on effect on the national figures.

(b) Data for 2011-12 and 2012-13 were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective dates of 31 August 2013 and 31 August 2014 respectively. Future extracts of this data may change and thus alter final numbers.

na Not available.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) *Aged Care Data Warehouse*; table 2A.2.

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
High care permanent residents (f)										
2005-06										
2 days or less	%	14.7	11.4	8.3	6.6	9.4	6.4	5.6	5.6	11.2
7 days or less	%	32.8	25.6	20.1	19.9	26.5	19.2	13.9	12.5	26.6
less than 1 month	%	59.8	56.3	48.6	50.7	56.8	48.7	36.1	27.8	55.4
less than 3 months	%	82.5	79.7	73.6	76.6	78.9	80.0	68.3	58.3	79.2
less than 9 months	%	96.8	96.4	94.5	96.2	95.9	97.5	96.0	90.3	96.1
Median elapsed time	days	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total admissions	no.	10 035	6 409	4 899	1 956	3 160	826	252	72	27 609
2006-07										
2 days or less	%	14.4	10.2	7.7	6.2	8.9	7.4	4.0	4.1	10.7
7 days or less	%	32.1	25.5	18.4	17.7	23.5	16.5	10.4	10.2	25.4
less than 1 month	%	58.7	57.1	45.5	47.1	53.6	45.9	34.1	30.6	53.9
less than 3 months	%	81.6	81.7	73.0	75.3	79.4	79.3	63.9	63.3	79.1
less than 9 months	%	96.8	96.6	95.4	96.5	96.4	97.9	96.0	98.0	96.5
Median elapsed time	days	20	23	37	35	25	35	55	56	26
Total admissions	no.	9 775	6 278	4 731	1 941	3 088	811	250	49	26 923
2007-08										
2 days or less	%	12.6	8.7	6.5	6.3	5.4	7.0	6.6	6.8	9.1
7 days or less	%	29.4	22.4	17.5	19.2	15.9	17.7	11.8	13.1	22.9
less than 1 month	%	56.6	55.0	45.9	47.9	40.7	47.0	31.6	36.5	51.5
less than 3 months	%	80.6	80.6	71.2	76.0	70.3	77.2	64.5	69.5	77.3
less than 9 months	%	96.2	96.2	94.8	96.1	94.6	97.0	94.7	92.0	95.8
Median elapsed time	days	22	25	36	45	34	33	46	33	28
Total admissions	no.	11 780	7 504	5 803	2 599	3 799	1 005	351	76	32 917
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	13.4	9.7	7.6	6.4	8.2	10.4	7.2	3.0	10.2
7 days or less	%	32.0	26.3	20.8	18.2	24.1	24.1	15.1	7.6	26.3
less than 1 month	%	59.1	60.2	52.4	46.3	55.0	51.8	44.5	19.7	56.3
less than 3 months	%	83.1	84.8	76.5	73.7	81.5	80.3	72.3	50.0	81.2
less than 9 months	%	96.9	97.5	95.5	96.8	96.8	97.2	90.8	84.8	96.7
Median elapsed time	days	19	21	27	36	24	28	42	94	23
Total admissions	no.	10 389	6 808	5 390	2 088	3 231	990	292	66	29 254
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	13.0	9.7	7.1	6.6	6.7	9.4	4.6	2.3	9.7
7 days or less	%	31.4	26.4	19.4	18.2	19.8	23.9	12.4	11.4	25.2
less than 1 month	%	56.7	59.3	48.3	45.4	49.0	57.1	36.5	21.6	53.7
less than 3 months	%	79.7	81.9	70.9	73.8	74.0	78.6	65.9	55.7	77.2
less than 9 months	%	93.0	94.4	89.2	92.4	91.4	92.7	90.1	78.4	87.4
Median elapsed time	days	21	21	33	38	31	23	50	88	26

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	10 671	6 944	5 839	2 328	3 183	1 014	323	88	30 390
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	10.7	8.7	6.3	5.8	5.6	8.8	3.6	1.9	8.3
7 days or less	%	27.3	25.0	19.9	15.3	17.3	23.0	14.9	3.8	23.0
less than 1 month	%	52.5	56.5	49.2	38.0	47.1	52.4	45.7	17.1	51.0
less than 3 months	%	74.8	78.9	69.7	68.0	72.5	76.0	69.6	42.9	74.0
less than 9 months	%	88.4	90.3	85.0	87.5	86.5	89.7	83.9	74.3	87.9
Median elapsed time	days	26	23	32	47	34	27	37	111	28
Total admissions	no.	11 007	7 468	5 959	2 260	3 406	1 041	335	105	31 581
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	9.2	8.3	4.8	5.0	5.3	12.5	4.2	5.7	7.4
7 days or less	%	27.3	24.4	17.3	14.8	17.9	28.7	12.4	10.5	22.6
less than 1 month	%	53.9	56.7	47.2	38.8	46.4	57.8	41.3	27.6	51.2
less than 3 months	%	74.8	77.9	67.9	69.4	70.8	76.2	68.7	49.5	73.2
less than 9 months	%	87.7	90.2	83.5	88.1	86.3	89.2	86.3	78.1	87.3
Median elapsed time	days	24	23	35	48	35	21	41	98	28
Total admissions	no.	11 758	7 534	6 429	2 468	3 571	1 172	380	105	33 417
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	9.2	8.1	4.6	4.0	5.3	10.6	2.6	np	7.2
7 days or less	%	26.7	23.2	18.2	13.2	17.8	28.1	6.8	np	22.0
less than 1 month	%	53.1	54.6	47.6	37.3	45.6	53.3	25.3	23.5	50.0
less than 3 months	%	74.0	77.2	66.1	66.3	70.6	73.2	56.3	50.0	72.0
less than 9 months	%	86.6	89.6	81.4	84.9	84.8	88.0	79.0	77.9	85.9
Median elapsed time	days	25	25	34	48	36	25	77	93	30
Total admissions	no.	11 973	8 097	6 738	2 818	3 890	1 289	352	68	35 225
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	7.7	6.4	4.3	3.2	4.0	11.1	2.7	4.4	6.0
7 days or less	%	24.2	20.3	15.3	10.6	14.4	27.1	6.6	6.6	19.3
less than 1 month	%	50.9	51.9	43.2	33.8	41.5	52.1	26.0	23.1	47.0
less than 3 months	%	71.9	75.0	63.5	62.3	66.6	70.1	52.2	45.1	69.4
less than 9 months	%	85.7	88.0	79.0	82.3	83.2	84.8	75.7	65.9	84.2
Median elapsed time	days	28	28	42	58	45	27	84	108	35
Total admissions	no.	13 153	8 934	7 344	3 100	4 168	1 256	408	91	38 454
Low care permanent residents (f)										
2005-06										
2 days or less	%	3.7	6.5	4.1	3.1	2.8	3.8	1.6	–	4.4
7 days or less	%	9.9	13.9	9.8	9.3	9.8	9.8	4.8	3.2	10.9
less than 1 month	%	30.4	35.4	27.5	32.2	25.9	33.0	18.2	9.7	31.0
less than 3 months	%	62.4	63.6	55.7	64.3	54.2	62.8	46.0	54.8	60.9
less than 9 months	%	92.6	93.3	90.2	94.2	90.6	93.8	86.6	93.5	92.3

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Median elapsed time	days	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total admissions	no.	5 665	5 113	3 109	1 724	1 569	449	188	31	17 848
2006-07										
2 days or less	%	3.8	5.2	4.1	2.3	3.6	4.3	2.4	10.7	4.1
7 days or less	%	8.9	12.7	9.8	6.4	10.5	11.9	5.4	14.3	10.2
less than 1 month	%	29.2	34.2	27.1	26.6	28.4	36.5	11.4	25.0	30.0
less than 3 months	%	60.8	63.6	56.6	60.6	56.6	64.8	37.3	50.0	60.4
less than 9 months	%	92.1	92.4	90.5	93.4	90.4	93.4	85.5	92.9	91.8
Median elapsed time	days	67	57	74	68	72	52	123	94	66
Total admissions	no.	5 444	5 189	3 040	1 554	1 441	395	166	28	17 257
2007-08										
2 days or less	%	3.2	5.7	4.1	2.8	3.1	3.3	2.1	–	4.0
7 days or less	%	9.7	13.3	10.2	8.0	9.0	13.1	8.6	–	10.7
less than 1 month	%	28.7	36.2	30.4	24.5	27.1	35.2	20.0	–	30.7
less than 3 months	%	60.8	65.5	57.4	55.4	59.6	65.7	44.3	28.6	60.9
less than 9 months	%	91.7	93.1	90.9	92.6	92.2	94.6	87.1	100.0	92.1
Median elapsed time	days	67	53	69	78	71	57	113	164	64
Total admissions	no.	4 585	3 972	2 640	1 235	1 055	335	140	7	13 969
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	3.6	5.1	3.9	2.7	2.5	5.1	2.3	8.3	3.9
7 days or less	%	9.4	12.7	10.9	7.1	8.7	13.6	6.3	10.0	10.4
less than 1 month	%	29.1	35.6	31.2	27.2	25.8	37.7	23.8	21.7	31.0
less than 3 months	%	61.1	64.5	59.7	58.8	57.5	67.5	52.8	60.0	61.4
less than 9 months	%	91.9	92.6	90.7	92.2	91.6	94.6	87.1	91.7	91.9
Median elapsed time	days	66	52	67	69	73	48	85	75	63
Total admissions	no.	7 739	6 803	3 986	2 191	1 890	551	303	60	23 523
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	4.1	5.6	3.5	3.8	3.2	6.8	3.9	4.9	4.4
7 days or less	%	11.2	14.1	10.9	9.2	9.0	17.9	5.8	17.1	11.7
less than 1 month	%	31.8	37.3	32.5	28.7	26.5	43.7	19.0	29.3	32.9
less than 3 months	%	63.0	65.8	60.6	61.6	55.3	66.4	51.3	61.0	62.6
less than 9 months	%	90.6	92.7	90.2	91.3	89.6	93.2	86.5	95.1	91.1
Median elapsed time	days	55	46	55	57	69	35	85	56	54
Total admissions	no.	7 936	6 852	4 113	2 230	1 840	599	310	41	23 921
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	4.3	4.0	4.4	2.6	2.6	5.3	4.0	2.7	4.0
7 days or less	%	10.9	12.3	11.4	8.5	7.5	14.9	8.4	8.1	11.0
less than 1 month	%	30.5	35.0	32.3	25.6	25.7	37.2	23.7	24.3	31.4
less than 3 months	%	60.8	62.3	58.0	55.1	55.1	64.2	53.8	43.2	59.8
less than 9 months	%	86.1	86.3	84.5	85.1	85.1	86.9	82.3	91.9	85.7

Table 13A.42 Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Median elapsed time	days	65	59	68	76	77	49	82	104	65
Total admissions	no.	8 116	6 781	3 890	2 194	1 741	551	299	37	23 609
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	4.4	4.5	3.8	2.7	3.5	6.2	np	np	4.1
7 days or less	%	12.9	12.3	11.8	8.0	9.1	16.7	2.5	np	11.8
less than 1 month	%	33.7	35.8	34.7	28.9	30.4	45.0	28.2	32.8	34.0
less than 3 months	%	66.3	66.5	63.0	59.6	62.3	72.5	58.9	79.3	65.0
less than 9 months	%	92.2	93.0	90.1	93.0	90.7	94.8	90.5	96.6	92.1
Median elapsed time	days	56	53	56	66	64	35	67	56	56
Total admissions	no.	7 777	6 635	3 724	2 065	1 645	502	241	58	22 647
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	4.4	4.7	4.0	2.7	3.7	8.6	np	–	4.3
7 days or less	%	12.4	12.8	12.0	8.1	10.3	21.8	5.9	–	12.0
less than 1 month	%	34.4	36.3	36.7	28.3	30.9	44.2	22.4	np	34.5
less than 3 months	%	65.8	66.3	64.2	60.6	62.5	69.0	54.3	58.1	64.9
less than 9 months	%	92.4	92.4	90.6	91.8	90.9	92.8	89.4	80.6	91.9
Median elapsed time	days	56	52	52	67	63	35	85	63	56
Total admissions	no.	8 140	6 698	3 552	2 005	1 550	432	254	31	22 662
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	3.4	4.1	3.1	2.3	3.1	5.9	2.4	2.6	3.5
7 days or less	%	10.6	11.2	11.4	7.5	8.6	17.4	5.3	7.9	10.6
less than 1 month	%	31.0	32.7	34.8	25.1	28.8	41.7	14.4	31.6	31.5
less than 3 months	%	63.1	63.4	61.2	57.1	62.3	70.3	40.9	60.5	62.3
less than 9 months	%	91.1	91.5	88.9	90.7	90.1	93.4	87.0	89.5	90.8
Median elapsed time	days	62	58	59	73	65	47	118	58	62
Total admissions	no.	8 270	7 146	3 424	1 922	1 481	472	208	38	22 961
All permanent residents high/low (e)										
2005-06										
2 days or less	%	10.7	9.2	6.6	5.0	7.2	5.5	3.9	3.9	8.6
7 days or less	%	24.6	20.4	16.1	14.9	21.0	15.9	10.0	9.7	20.5
less than 1 month	%	49.2	47.0	40.4	42.0	46.5	43.1	28.5	22.3	45.8
less than 3 months	%	75.3	72.6	66.6	70.8	70.8	74.0	58.8	57.3	72.0
less than 9 months	%	95.3	95.0	92.8	95.2	94.1	96.2	92.0	91.3	94.6
Median elapsed time	days	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total admissions	no.	16 844	12 378	8 540	3 958	4 960	1 345	465	122	48 612

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2006-07										
2 days or less	%	10.6	8.0	6.3	4.5	7.2	6.4	3.4	6.5	8.1
7 days or less	%	23.8	19.7	15.1	12.7	19.4	15.0	8.4	11.7	19.5
less than 1 month	%	48.2	46.7	38.3	38.0	45.6	42.8	25.1	28.6	44.6
less than 3 months	%	74.2	73.5	66.6	68.7	72.2	74.5	53.3	58.4	71.8
less than 9 months	%	95.1	94.7	93.5	95.2	94.5	96.4	91.8	96.1	94.7
Median elapsed time	days	34	35	49	49	38	38	78	72	39
Total admissions	no.	15 219	11 467	7 771	3 495	4 529	1 206	416	77	44 180
2007-08										
2 days or less	%	10.0	7.7	5.8	4.6	5.6	6.0	5.5	6.0	7.6
7 days or less	%	23.9	19.3	15.2	13.3	17.0	16.6	11.8	10.8	19.3
less than 1 month	%	48.8	48.5	41.1	35.5	43.4	44.0	31.8	28.9	45.3
less than 3 months	%	75.1	75.3	66.9	65.5	72.4	74.3	62.3	61.4	72.4
less than 9 months	%	95.0	95.1	93.6	94.0	95.3	96.4	90.6	95.2	94.7
Median elapsed time	days	33	33	45	54	41	36	56	62	38
Total admissions	no.	16 365	11 476	8 443	3 834	4 854	1 340	491	83	46 886
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	9.2	7.4	6.0	4.5	6.1	8.5	4.7	5.6	7.4
7 days or less	%	22.3	19.5	16.6	12.5	18.4	20.4	10.6	8.7	19.2
less than 1 month	%	46.3	47.9	43.4	36.5	44.2	46.8	33.9	20.6	45.0
less than 3 months	%	73.7	74.7	69.4	66.1	72.6	75.7	62.4	54.8	72.3
less than 9 months	%	94.8	95.0	93.5	94.5	94.9	96.2	88.9	88.1	94.6
Median elapsed time	days	43	36	38	41	44	36	62	57	40
Total admissions	no.	18 128	13 611	9 376	4 279	5 121	1 541	595	126	52 777
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	9.2	7.6	5.6	5.2	5.4	8.4	4.3	3.1	7.4
7 days or less	%	22.8	20.2	15.9	13.8	15.8	21.6	9.2	13.2	19.3
less than 1 month	%	46.1	48.4	41.8	37.2	40.8	52.1	28.0	24.0	44.5
less than 3 months	%	72.6	73.9	66.6	67.8	67.2	74.1	58.8	57.4	70.8
less than 9 months	%	92.0	93.6	89.6	91.8	90.7	92.9	88.3	83.7	91.8
Median elapsed time	days	34	31	41	47	43	26	64	71	36
Total admissions	no.	18 607	13 796	9 952	4 558	5 023	1 613	633	129	54 311
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	8.0	6.5	5.6	4.2	4.6	7.6	3.8	2.1	6.5
7 days or less	%	20.3	18.9	16.5	11.9	13.9	20.2	11.8	4.9	17.9
less than 1 month	%	43.2	46.3	42.5	31.9	39.9	47.1	35.3	19.0	42.6
less than 3 months	%	68.8	71.0	65.1	61.7	66.6	71.9	62.1	43.0	67.9
less than 9 months	%	87.4	88.4	84.8	86.3	86.0	88.8	83.1	78.9	86.9
Median elapsed time	days	43	35	43	61	48	34	55	111	42
Total admissions	no.	19 123	14 249	9 849	4 454	5 147	1 592	634	142	55 190

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	7.3	6.5	4.4	3.9	4.7	10.6	2.9	4.3	6.1
7 days or less	%	21.5	18.7	15.3	11.7	15.1	25.1	8.5	8.6	18.2
less than 1 month	%	45.8	46.9	42.6	34.2	41.4	53.9	36.2	29.4	44.3
less than 3 months	%	71.4	72.6	66.1	64.9	68.1	75.1	64.9	60.1	69.9
less than 9 months	%	89.5	91.5	85.9	90.3	87.7	90.9	87.9	84.7	89.3
Median elapsed time	days	36	34	42	56	45	26	50	66	40
Total admissions	no.	19 533	14 166	10 152	4 527	5 216	1 674	621	163	56 052
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	7.2	6.6	4.4	3.5	4.8	10.1	2.0	np	6.0
7 days or less	%	20.9	18.5	16.0	11.0	15.7	26.4	6.4	np	18.1
less than 1 month	%	45.5	46.2	43.8	33.3	41.4	51.0	24.1	18.2	43.9
less than 3 months	%	70.7	72.2	65.4	63.7	68.3	72.1	55.4	51.5	69.2
less than 9 months	%	89.0	90.8	84.5	87.6	86.5	89.1	83.3	77.8	88.2
Median elapsed time	days	38	35	41	56	44	28	80	83	40
Total admissions	no.	20 113	14 795	10 290	4 823	5 440	1 721	606	99	57 887
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	6.0	5.4	3.9	2.9	3.8	9.7	2.6	3.9	5.1
7 days or less	%	19.0	16.3	14.0	9.4	12.9	24.4	6.2	7.0	16.0
less than 1 month	%	43.2	43.4	40.6	30.5	38.2	49.2	22.1	25.6	41.2
less than 3 months	%	68.5	69.9	62.8	60.3	65.5	70.2	48.4	49.6	66.7
less than 9 months	%	87.8	89.6	82.2	85.5	85.0	87.2	79.5	72.9	86.7
Median elapsed time	days	42	40	48	65	51	32	98	98	45
Total admissions	no.	21 423	16 080	10 768	5 022	5 649	1 728	616	129	61 415
EACH										
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	4.8	7.6	4.3	8.7	9.9	7.0	2.9	3.7	6.1
7 days or less	%	11.4	9.4	12.2	17.8	15.9	12.8	5.8	20.4	12.2
less than 1 month	%	32.0	23.0	38.5	44.3	34.1	33.7	26.1	63.0	33.2
less than 3 months	%	60.5	53.7	61.3	68.8	68.7	66.3	60.9	92.6	61.6
less than 9 months	%	90.4	90.6	92.9	96.4	94.5	94.2	98.6	98.1	92.3
Median elapsed time	days	64	80	58	41	53	59	72	20	62
Total admissions	no.	928	512	395	253	182	86	69	54	2 479
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	2.8	5.8	3.3	5.2	7.3	3.9	4.0	5.1	4.3
7 days or less	%	9.2	8.6	10.3	14.7	13.4	10.7	7.1	22.0	10.6
less than 1 month	%	26.0	25.3	37.0	41.2	29.3	27.2	36.4	66.1	31.5
less than 3 months	%	52.8	57.3	63.8	68.7	56.9	57.3	67.7	86.4	59.7
less than 9 months	%	82.9	88.0	89.7	92.0	88.4	88.3	88.9	96.6	87.6
Median elapsed time	days	83	72	51	47	74	69	49	18	64

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	1 014	764	690	498	232	103	99	59	3 459
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	3.3	3.9	2.6	3.4	10.2	6.6	4.2	11.6	3.8
7 days or less	%	9.2	7.3	9.9	14.2	16.8	12.1	10.8	23.2	10.6
less than 1 month	%	28.7	20.5	38.0	42.8	32.7	29.7	40.1	56.5	33.0
less than 3 months	%	53.3	43.9	62.7	66.5	58.7	52.7	65.9	85.5	57.4
less than 9 months	%	76.8	75.3	84.6	87.1	82.7	75.8	88.0	88.4	81.1
Median elapsed time	days	80	117	53	40	72	82	46	24	65
Total admissions	no.	1 236	864	1 096	832	196	91	167	69	4 551
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	4.7	3.1	3.2	6.8	3.7	7.2	np	np	4.5
7 days or less	%	9.7	6.9	8.6	18.0	8.9	8.4	6.8	12.7	10.8
less than 1 month	%	31.8	24.1	37.3	55.7	19.5	18.1	43.0	50.9	37.4
less than 3 months	%	58.8	48.9	66.8	80.6	42.6	51.8	76.8	76.4	64.4
less than 9 months	%	79.7	78.6	85.0	91.6	68.4	85.5	94.7	92.7	84.0
Median elapsed time	days	64	97	46	26	121	83	38	29	51
Total admissions	no.	1 202	809	1 170	1 126	190	83	207	55	4 842
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	3.3	2.7	1.4	4.7	3.7	np	np	np	3.2
7 days or less	%	7.1	7.2	6.0	12.6	9.5	9.8	8.3	np	8.5
less than 1 month	%	23.4	19.9	26.2	49.8	23.0	25.6	37.8	39.6	30.8
less than 3 months	%	46.2	43.8	51.7	79.8	43.2	50.0	75.6	66.7	56.7
less than 9 months	%	70.8	75.6	79.4	92.2	72.4	75.6	88.3	91.7	79.8
Median elapsed time	days	105	112	85	30	118	94	44	39	69
Total admissions	no.	1 219	804	935	1 204	243	82	180	48	4 715
EACH Dementia										
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	6.4	6.4	4.5	8.9	2.9	15.6	11.4	11.8	6.6
7 days or less	%	13.8	13.5	13.9	20.7	12.5	21.9	28.6	29.4	15.1
less than 1 month	%	43.4	43.9	46.2	55.6	34.6	53.1	60.0	70.6	45.6
less than 3 months	%	75.0	78.4	79.5	82.2	70.6	82.8	80.0	88.2	77.6
less than 9 months	%	98.1	98.5	96.9	97.6	97.1	96.9	100.0	94.1	97.8
Median elapsed time	days	39	35	33	27	52	25	23	20	35
Total admissions	no.	516	408	288	169	136	64	35	17	1 633
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	4.0	6.6	4.8	4.6	3.3	10.4	9.1	–	5.0
7 days or less	%	9.6	11.4	14.5	16.2	11.9	16.4	21.2	33.3	12.7
less than 1 month	%	33.9	32.8	53.2	57.7	33.8	38.8	54.5	66.7	41.6
less than 3 months	%	61.9	70.2	76.9	83.5	62.9	74.6	78.8	100.0	70.7
less than 9 months	%	93.5	92.7	93.0	96.9	90.7	97.0	97.0	100.0	93.7

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Median elapsed time	days	54	51	27	26	53	42	28	12	41
Total admissions	no.	572	396	372	260	151	67	33	12	1 863
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	3.9	3.6	4.9	3.9	3.6	5.2	20.0	17.6	4.5
7 days or less	%	10.7	8.9	14.1	13.0	6.4	6.5	31.1	47.1	11.7
less than 1 month	%	35.7	31.4	48.7	50.8	30.0	24.7	57.8	82.4	40.2
less than 3 months	%	63.5	59.4	73.8	80.7	57.9	57.1	84.4	94.1	67.8
less than 9 months	%	89.0	87.8	88.4	93.8	89.3	92.2	88.9	100.0	89.5
Median elapsed time	days	56	67	31	30	67	75	22	8	44
Total admissions	no.	635	576	596	384	140	77	45	17	2 470
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	4.2	3.6	4.2	6.7	5.9	np	np	np	4.8
7 days or less	%	12.9	7.3	15.9	19.8	13.0	10.4	11.7	37.5	14.1
less than 1 month	%	38.2	28.1	55.2	60.8	27.2	37.3	53.3	68.8	45.3
less than 3 months	%	66.6	63.6	79.1	81.9	60.4	64.2	88.3	87.5	72.7
less than 9 months	%	88.6	91.7	91.9	93.1	89.3	92.5	100.0	100.0	91.4
Median elapsed time	days	49	59	26	21	65	51	29	14	36
Total admissions	no.	649	533	766	581	169	67	60	16	2 841
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	2.9	2.7	3.1	4.4	3.8	7.7	np	30.8	3.7
7 days or less	%	7.2	6.9	11.2	13.3	9.7	12.8	14.6	46.2	10.3
less than 1 month	%	28.4	26.0	44.6	49.4	29.0	30.8	56.2	65.4	37.8
less than 3 months	%	54.2	53.8	71.5	77.7	54.8	60.3	87.6	88.5	65.0
less than 9 months	%	82.2	85.0	89.4	90.7	82.8	79.5	96.6	100.0	86.9
Median elapsed time	days	79	80	35	30	68	57	25	13	47
Total admissions	no.	684	519	747	632	186	78	89	26	2 961
CACP recipients										
2005-06										
2 days or less	%	5.4	5.6	9.0	8.5	5.6	6.5	2.0	16.6	6.5
7 days or less	%	10.6	12.0	18.4	20.5	11.4	12.8	6.4	22.9	13.4
less than 1 month	%	31.6	36.9	50.6	53.2	31.5	34.7	19.9	44.6	38.4
less than 3 months	%	61.7	67.2	77.8	79.4	59.6	63.2	59.4	68.2	67.6
less than 9 months	%	91.0	93.8	95.1	96.9	90.2	95.0	92.4	93.6	93.1
Median elapsed time	days	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Total admissions	no.	5 115	4 004	2 746	1 464	1 245	340	253	171	15 338
2006-07										
2 days or less	%	4.0	5.3	9.0	6.3	7.4	8.4	1.5	12.4	5.9
7 days or less	%	9.8	11.0	20.4	19.1	12.3	14.6	8.7	16.1	13.4
less than 1 month	%	35.2	40.1	57.2	55.7	37.5	39.5	33.1	37.2	42.9
less than 3 months	%	66.9	73.2	80.7	81.9	65.1	73.7	68.0	65.7	72.5

TABLE 13A.42

Table 13A.42 **Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
less than 9 months	%	93.4	96.0	96.1	96.9	93.7	94.4	94.2	94.2	94.9
Median elapsed time	days	51	41	24	25	53	41	49	62	39
Total admissions	no.	5 805	3 767	3 215	1 781	1 572	362	280	145	16 927
2007-08										
2 days or less	%	4.1	3.5	7.5	7.5	5.4	7.7	4.3	7.8	5.1
7 days or less	%	9.5	8.4	19.3	18.7	11.1	13.4	10.4	14.4	12.2
less than 1 month	%	31.7	34.6	54.5	56.7	35.4	38.0	38.9	41.2	39.6
less than 3 months	%	65.6	70.1	80.0	82.0	67.6	69.5	67.9	68.0	71.2
less than 9 months	%	94.5	95.6	96.0	97.5	93.9	97.5	92.1	94.8	95.3
Median elapsed time	days	58	48	26	25	52	45	49	57	44
Total admissions	no.	6 158	4 224	3 277	1 665	1 600	409	283	161	17 777
2008-09										
2 days or less	%	3.0	4.1	7.2	7.2	5.5	3.1	2.9	7.2	4.7
7 days or less	%	8.1	8.6	16.2	17.7	12.0	11.9	6.5	15.9	11.2
less than 1 month	%	29.9	36.4	50.5	56.4	33.6	38.1	29.6	40.6	38.6
less than 3 months	%	64.9	72.1	79.0	80.9	66.2	65.3	68.6	62.3	71.1
less than 9 months	%	94.5	95.8	96.2	96.6	94.6	94.9	95.7	89.9	95.4
Median elapsed time	days	61	45	30	25	55	53	63	66	45
Total admissions	no.	5 761	3 787	3 069	1 803	1 396	352	277	138	16 583
2009-10										
2 days or less	%	3.0	3.2	6.2	7.2	5.2	3.5	2.9	10.9	4.4
7 days or less	%	7.1	7.5	16.4	22.1	11.5	9.3	7.6	22.3	11.4
less than 1 month	%	27.8	32.7	52.0	60.4	37.2	32.9	37.3	51.8	38.8
less than 3 months	%	61.6	68.9	77.2	83.7	67.0	64.2	69.7	74.6	69.7
less than 9 months	%	93.1	94.5	94.7	97.6	94.0	94.8	94.5	89.6	94.4
Median elapsed time	days	66	51	28	21	51	54	46	27	45
Total admissions	no.	6 275	4 137	3 603	2 330	1 526	483	343	193	18 890
2010-11										
2 days or less	%	3.1	3.5	5.7	5.1	6.5	3.3	5.8	12.6	4.3
7 days or less	%	7.7	8.4	15.1	17.7	13.5	10.7	11.2	23.2	11.2
less than 1 month	%	29.0	31.6	50.7	55.7	39.2	31.9	44.6	49.8	38.1
less than 3 months	%	61.6	64.6	76.5	80.5	70.1	60.5	70.5	73.4	68.2
less than 9 months	%	92.3	93.9	93.2	95.3	93.6	90.6	92.9	94.7	93.3
Median elapsed time	days	63	56	29	24	46	63	36	29	47
Total admissions	no.	6 412	4 289	3 552	2 176	1 497	458	312	207	18 903
2011-12										
2 days or less	%	2.6	3.2	4.8	5.3	6.1	4.0	5.6	10.6	3.9
7 days or less	%	7.6	7.6	13.6	17.3	16.1	10.3	10.0	18.1	10.7
less than 1 month	%	32.3	30.4	48.8	55.8	46.4	30.1	42.9	45.2	39.1
less than 3 months	%	66.1	62.6	75.9	79.8	74.3	60.4	75.6	70.7	69.5

Table 13A.42 Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
less than 9 months	%	93.9	93.5	92.6	94.8	93.8	93.2	94.1	91.0	93.6
Median elapsed time	days	54	58	31	26	34	62	37	39	44
Total admissions	no.	6 644	4 294	3 732	2 131	1 657	429	340	188	19 415
2012-13										
2 days or less	%	3.0	3.7	4.5	5.5	5.8	5.2	2.9	12.1	4.1
7 days or less	%	7.2	7.5	11.4	16.3	14.6	10.1	7.0	21.4	9.9
less than 1 month	%	27.3	28.4	44.6	50.5	43.7	27.5	33.2	45.6	35.1
less than 3 months	%	59.1	60.9	73.0	77.2	71.4	57.0	67.4	72.8	65.4
less than 9 months	%	91.3	92.3	91.7	94.4	94.1	91.0	90.7	87.9	92.1
Median elapsed time	days	68	63	35	29	39	69	48	35	52
Total admissions	no.	6 751	4 220	3 908	2 051	1 674	444	313	206	19 567
Home Care levels 1-2										
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	1.9	1.9	2.8	4.4	4.3	2.4	0.3	14.8	2.6
7 days or less	%	5.9	4.7	9.6	16.6	15.5	5.8	4.1	20.6	8.2
less than 1 month	%	25.1	22.5	37.5	49.8	45.2	25.6	29.7	43.9	31.0
less than 3 months	%	53.6	53.0	67.4	72.6	70.6	55.1	59.5	76.1	59.5
less than 9 months	%	85.6	86.1	88.1	88.9	92.1	83.6	88.2	91.6	87.1
Median elapsed time	days	84	84	49	33	38	79	62	43	67
Total admissions	no.	7 329	4 893	4 025	1 931	1 703	586	296	155	20 918
Home Care levels 3-4										
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	1.8	0.6	2.7	2.4	2.6	1.8	3.2	6.5	2.0
7 days or less	%	5.8	3.1	7.0	9.7	9.0	2.6	5.1	9.7	6.5
less than 1 month	%	22.4	15.5	31.0	47.8	32.6	15.8	36.5	32.3	29.6
less than 3 months	%	51.9	42.2	60.5	75.5	56.2	43.9	71.8	45.2	57.9
less than 9 months	%	79.5	74.0	82.6	90.1	77.9	78.1	87.2	74.2	81.6
Median elapsed time	days	86	118	60	33	73	110	45	110	69
Total admissions	no.	1 271	931	961	1 143	267	114	156	31	4 874
Home Care levels 1-4										
2013-14										
2 days or less	%	1.9	1.7	2.8	3.6	4.1	2.3	1.3	13.4	2.5
7 days or less	%	5.9	4.4	9.1	14.1	14.6	5.3	4.4	18.8	7.9
less than 1 month	%	24.7	21.4	36.2	49.1	43.5	24.0	32.1	41.9	30.7
less than 3 months	%	53.3	51.2	66.1	73.6	68.7	53.3	63.7	71.0	59.2
less than 9 months	%	84.7	84.2	87.0	89.3	90.2	82.7	87.8	88.7	86.0
Median elapsed time	days	84	89	50	33	41	84	55	46	67
Total admissions	no.	8 600	5 824	4 986	3 074	1 970	700	452	186	25 792

(a) Data only includes records where ACAT approval is before admission date. Data only includes first admissions in the financial year. Data are based on location of the service.

Table 13A.42 Elapsed time between Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into aged care services (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(b)	The measure of 'elapsed time' is utilised because the period of time between the ACAT approval and entry into residential care may be due to factors which cannot be categorised as 'waiting' time.									
(c)	The data for elapsed time by remoteness and by Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA) were sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory and therefore may have slightly larger total numbers of admissions. The variance between each breakdown of this indicator is less than 0.5 per cent.									
(d)	Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the proportions are for a small program or smaller jurisdictions.									
(e)	For 2013-14, the data for elapsed time by remoteness and by SEIFA was sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory and therefore may have slightly different total numbers of admissions. The variance between each breakdown of this indicator is less than 0.5 per cent.									
(f)	Data on elapsed time for residential aged care relates to permanent residents only.									

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero. **np** Not published.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) *Aged Care Data Warehouse*.

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12										
<i>Residential Aged Care (e)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	7.7	6.6	4.3	4.5	4.7	..	4.2	..	6.2
Seven days or less	%	26.8	22.4	17.5	13.7	18.1	..	12.4	..	21.7
Less than one month	%	54.6	56.9	50.4	39.1	47.7	..	41.3	..	52.1
Less than three months	%	75.1	78.8	71.0	70.9	71.7	..	68.7	..	74.4
Less than nine months	%	88.0	90.7	85.0	89.3	87.1	..	86.3	..	88.1
Total admissions	no.	8 335	5 478	4 062	1 822	2 855	..	380	..	22 932
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	12.4	12.0	6.7	5.2	8.4	11.5	..	..	10.5
Seven days or less	%	28.2	28.6	19.9	19.9	18.9	26.5	..	..	25.6
Less than one month	%	52.1	56.1	47.2	42.5	45.0	57.0	..	..	51.7
Less than three months	%	73.7	75.1	67.0	67.3	70.6	76.3	..	..	72.5
Less than nine months	%	86.8	89.1	83.1	84.8	85.2	89.3	..	..	86.7
Total admissions	no.	2 820	1 682	1 529	407	371	882	..	..	7 691
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	14.0	17.1	3.3	7.4	7.1	15.6	..	np	9.8
Seven days or less	%	29.8	35.0	11.2	13.2	16.5	36.2	..	7.0	22.1
Less than one month	%	54.0	56.4	30.7	29.9	36.8	61.6	..	29.6	43.5
Less than three months	%	75.3	77.2	53.7	64.2	62.6	77.2	..	54.9	66.3
Less than nine months	%	86.9	88.1	76.4	85.8	80.6	88.8	..	80.3	83.1
Total admissions	no.	594	369	787	204	310	276	..	71	2 611

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	np	8.5
Seven days or less	%	np	np	32.1	23.1	5.7	10.0	..	17.9	17.0
Less than one month	%	np	np	60.7	30.8	37.1	30.0	..	25.0	36.2
Less than three months	%	np	np	78.6	53.8	65.7	50.0	..	39.3	60.3
Less than nine months	%	np	np	85.7	84.6	82.9	90.0	..	71.4	83.0
Total admissions	no.	9	5	28	26	35	10	..	28	141
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	–	np	–	np	..	np	7.1
Seven days or less	%	–	..	4.3	np	–	np	..	np	11.9
Less than one month	%	–	..	30.4	np	–	np	..	np	26.2
Less than three months	%	–	..	47.8	np	–	np	..	np	45.2
Less than nine months	%	–	..	82.6	np	–	np	..	np	76.2
Total admissions	no.	–	..	23	9	–	np	..	np	42
Low Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	3.5	3.9	3.6	1.8	3.3	..	np	..	3.4
Seven days or less	%	11.6	11.4	11.2	6.8	9.2	..	2.5	..	10.6
Less than one month	%	33.0	35.9	34.6	28.4	31.7	..	28.2	..	33.4
Less than three months	%	66.4	68.1	63.8	59.7	63.6	..	58.9	..	65.4
Less than nine months	%	92.3	93.7	91.0	93.0	91.9	..	90.5	..	92.5
Total admissions	no.	5 051	4 494	2 415	1 628	1 167	..	241	..	14 996
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	5.7	5.5	4.4	3.7	3.8	5.7	..	..	5.3
Seven days or less	%	14.8	14.2	12.7	11.1	8.1	16.8	..	..	14.0

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	34.2	35.9	37.2	32.6	27.2	44.1	..	..	35.5
Less than three months	%	65.4	63.6	61.8	60.4	53.6	71.9	..	..	64.0
Less than nine months	%	92.2	91.8	88.4	91.5	87.2	94.6	..	..	91.4
Total admissions	no.	2 106	1 721	835	270	235	370	..	..	5 537
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	7.4	6.5	3.0	7.1	4.4	8.5	..	np	5.8
Seven days or less	%	17.3	14.8	11.8	12.6	9.7	18.8	..	np	14.2
Less than one month	%	39.0	34.1	28.7	26.0	27.9	49.6	..	37.0	34.2
Less than three months	%	69.2	61.7	59.3	57.5	65.9	76.1	..	80.4	65.0
Less than nine months	%	92.1	90.6	89.1	95.3	88.9	95.7	..	97.8	91.3
Total admissions	no.	597	413	432	127	226	117	..	46	1 958
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	13.9	np	np	–	..	–	8.1
Seven days or less	%	np	np	30.6	np	np	–	..	–	15.4
Less than one month	%	21.7	np	52.8	28.6	17.6	38.5	..	np	33.8
Less than three months	%	60.9	np	80.6	46.4	47.1	61.5	..	75.0	63.2
Less than nine months	%	78.3	np	86.1	96.4	76.5	92.3	..	91.7	87.5
Total admissions	no.	23	7	36	28	17	13	..	12	136
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	np	33.3	–	np	..	–	20.0
Seven days or less	%	–	..	np	50.0	–	np	..	–	30.0
Less than one month	%	–	..	np	50.0	–	np	..	–	40.0
Less than three months	%	–	..	np	75.0	–	np	..	–	70.0
Less than nine months	%	–	..	np	91.7	–	np	..	–	90.0
Total admissions	no.	–	..	np	12	–	np	..	–	20

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	6.1	5.4	4.1	3.2	4.3	..	2.9	..	5.1
Seven days or less	%	21.1	17.4	15.2	10.5	15.5	..	8.5	..	17.3
Less than one month	%	46.4	47.5	44.5	34.1	43.1	..	36.2	..	44.7
Less than three months	%	71.8	74.0	68.3	65.6	69.4	..	64.9	..	70.9
Less than nine months	%	89.6	92.0	87.2	91.0	88.5	..	87.9	..	89.8
Total admissions	no.	13 386	9 972	6 477	3 450	4 022	..	621	..	37 928
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	9.5	8.7	5.9	4.6	6.6	9.7	..	..	8.3
Seven days or less	%	22.5	21.3	17.4	16.4	14.7	23.6	..	..	20.7
Less than one month	%	44.4	45.9	43.7	38.6	38.1	53.2	..	..	44.9
Less than three months	%	70.2	69.3	65.2	64.5	64.0	75.0	..	..	68.9
Less than nine months	%	89.1	90.4	85.0	87.4	86.0	90.9	..	..	88.6
Total admissions	no.	4 926	3 403	2 364	677	606	1 252	..	..	13 228
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	10.7	11.5	3.2	7.3	6.0	13.5	..	3.4	8.1
Seven days or less	%	23.5	24.3	11.4	13.0	13.6	31.0	..	6.8	18.7
Less than one month	%	46.5	44.6	30.0	28.4	33.0	58.0	..	32.5	39.5
Less than three months	%	72.2	69.1	55.7	61.6	64.0	76.8	..	65.0	65.7
Less than nine months	%	89.5	89.4	80.9	89.4	84.1	90.8	..	87.2	86.6
Total admissions	no.	1 191	782	1 219	331	536	393	..	117	4 569
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	12.5	13.0	np	np	..	np	8.3

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	np	np	31.3	16.7	np	np	..	12.5	16.2
Less than one month	%	18.8	50.0	56.3	29.6	30.8	34.8	..	22.5	35.0
Less than three months	%	62.5	75.0	79.7	50.0	59.6	56.5	..	50.0	61.7
Less than nine months	%	81.3	100.0	85.9	90.7	80.8	91.3	..	77.5	85.2
Total admissions	no.	32	12	64	54	52	23	..	40	277
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	–	23.8	–	np	..	np	11.3
Seven days or less	%	–	..	np	38.1	–	np	..	np	17.7
Less than one month	%	–	..	31.0	38.1	–	np	..	np	30.6
Less than three months	%	–	..	51.7	61.9	–	np	..	np	53.2
Less than nine months	%	–	..	82.8	76.2	–	np	..	np	80.6
Total admissions	no.	–	..	29	21	–	6	..	6	62
CACP										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	2.0	3.4	4.3	3.2	6.6	..	5.6	..	3.4
Seven days or less	%	6.4	8.2	12.1	15.1	18.9	..	10.0	..	10.1
Less than one month	%	30.5	31.9	48.9	55.2	52.6	..	42.9	..	39.4
Less than three months	%	64.3	64.5	76.0	79.8	80.6	..	75.6	..	70.0
Less than nine months	%	94.0	94.0	92.9	95.0	96.2	..	94.1	..	94.1
Total admissions	no.	4 519	3 291	2 254	1 725	1 123	..	340	..	13 252
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	3.6	2.7	4.5	13.0	5.8	4.2	..	..	4.2
Seven days or less	%	8.7	5.8	15.6	27.1	12.0	9.3	..	..	10.7
Less than one month	%	33.7	25.7	50.8	65.1	35.5	27.8	..	..	37.0
Less than three months	%	68.7	57.5	78.6	83.9	61.0	57.2	..	..	68.1

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	93.6	92.1	92.9	96.9	89.6	92.5	..	..	93.0
Total admissions	no.	1 812	807	964	192	259	334	..	..	4 368
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	4.3	2.6	6.9	12.2	3.1	3.5	..	5.5	5.5
Seven days or less	%	17.5	5.7	15.9	25.9	7.5	14.0	..	11.0	14.2
Less than one month	%	48.8	23.8	42.9	53.7	32.5	37.2	..	53.8	41.5
Less than three months	%	77.9	51.8	70.4	76.9	62.7	72.1	..	83.5	69.9
Less than nine months	%	94.4	90.7	90.3	91.2	88.2	96.5	..	98.9	91.8
Total admissions	no.	303	193	452	147	228	86	..	91	1 500
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	7.0	23.7	10.6	np	..	9.6	13.0
Seven days or less	%	np	np	14.0	30.5	12.8	np	..	25.0	22.0
Less than one month	%	80.0	np	46.5	52.5	25.5	np	..	48.1	45.3
Less than three months	%	100.0	np	74.4	79.7	53.2	np	..	65.4	69.5
Less than nine months	%	100.0	np	90.7	96.6	89.4	np	..	86.5	91.0
Total admissions	no.	10	np	43	59	47	np	..	52	223
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	31.6	np	–	–	..	22.2	23.6
Seven days or less	%	–	..	36.8	np	–	–	..	24.4	26.4
Less than one month	%	–	..	68.4	np	–	–	..	24.4	36.1
Less than three months	%	–	..	73.7	np	–	–	..	51.1	55.6
Less than nine months	%	–	..	100.0	np	–	–	..	80.0	84.7
Total admissions	no.	–	..	19	8	–	–	..	45	72

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>EACH</i>										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	3.9	3.2	2.1	5.1	np	..	np	..	3.6
Seven days or less	%	8.4	6.3	6.9	14.5	8.1	..	6.8	..	9.3
Less than one month	%	30.1	23.2	36.1	54.0	22.6	..	43.0	..	37.3
Less than three months	%	57.4	49.0	65.7	80.3	40.3	..	76.8	..	64.6
Less than nine months	%	76.9	78.9	85.1	91.1	66.1	..	94.7	..	83.6
Total admissions	no.	814	555	665	902	124	..	207	..	3 267
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	6.5	2.6	2.4	10.7	–	np	..	..	4.5
Seven days or less	%	10.7	6.7	8.8	26.2	np	np	..	..	10.5
Less than one month	%	30.1	23.7	38.8	66.0	np	16.0	..	..	33.7
Less than three months	%	56.3	46.9	70.6	84.5	36.7	50.7	..	..	61.0
Less than nine months	%	83.8	76.8	87.9	94.2	70.0	86.7	..	..	84.7
Total admissions	no.	309	194	340	103	30	75	..	..	1 051
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	6.3	13.0	np	np	..	6.8	7.5
Seven days or less	%	19.0	11.9	13.2	38.0	np	np	..	13.6	19.3
Less than one month	%	55.7	32.2	35.4	57.6	np	np	..	52.3	43.5
Less than three months	%	83.5	54.2	61.8	79.3	51.9	np	..	77.3	69.2
Less than nine months	%	92.4	81.4	75.7	93.5	70.4	np	..	95.5	84.7
Total admissions	no.	79	59	144	92	27	6	..	44	451
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	np	np	32.0	np	np	..	np	21.3
Seven days or less	%	–	np	np	36.0	np	np	..	np	25.5

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	–	np	np	64.0	np	np	..	np	48.9
Less than three months	%	–	np	np	84.0	np	np	..	np	74.5
Less than nine months	%	–	np	np	88.0	np	np	..	np	85.1
Total admissions	no.	–	np	np	25	9	np	..	7	47
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	33.3	np	–	–	..	np	26.9
Seven days or less	%	–	..	33.3	np	–	–	..	np	30.8
Less than one month	%	–	..	66.7	np	–	–	..	np	69.2
Less than three months	%	–	..	77.8	np	–	–	..	np	80.8
Less than nine months	%	–	..	94.4	np	–	–	..	np	96.2
Total admissions	no.	–	..	18	np	–	–	..	np	26
<i>EACH-D</i>										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	3.5	3.0	2.8	4.3	6.2	..	1.7	..	3.6
Seven days or less	%	11.2	6.1	11.7	16.3	15.4	..	11.7	..	11.8
Less than one month	%	34.1	28.7	51.0	60.9	27.7	..	53.3	..	43.6
Less than three months	%	63.8	62.7	76.7	83.9	60.0	..	88.3	..	71.9
Less than nine months	%	87.1	91.4	91.4	93.3	91.5	..	100.0	..	91.2
Total admissions	no.	428	394	463	460	130	..	60	..	1 935
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	5.5	5.6	5.6	11.8	np	np	..	..	6.4
Seven days or less	%	16.4	9.6	23.6	29.4	np	9.3	..	..	18.4
Less than one month	%	46.4	25.6	64.4	61.2	np	35.2	..	..	48.9
Less than three months	%	69.4	65.6	86.6	72.9	50.0	66.7	..	..	74.1
Less than nine months	%	90.7	93.6	95.8	92.9	80.0	94.4	..	..	93.3

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	183	125	216	85	10	54	..	..	673
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	8.2	np	np	np	..	np	8.7
Seven days or less	%	15.8	np	20.0	31.0	np	np	..	40.0	20.1
Less than one month	%	44.7	35.7	56.5	51.7	28.0	46.2	..	73.3	49.8
Less than three months	%	84.2	71.4	72.9	75.9	64.0	53.8	..	93.3	74.4
Less than nine months	%	94.7	85.7	84.7	93.1	80.0	84.6	..	100.0	88.1
Total admissions	no.	38	14	85	29	25	13	..	15	219
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	–	–	np	np	–	..	np	41.7
Seven days or less	%	–	–	–	np	np	–	..	np	50.0
Less than one month	%	–	–	–	np	np	–	..	np	58.3
Less than three months	%	–	–	–	np	np	–	..	np	75.0
Less than nine months	%	–	–	–	np	np	–	..	np	91.7
Total admissions	no.	–	–	–	7	np		..	np	12
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np
Seven days or less	%	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np
Less than one month	%	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np
Less than three months	%	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np
Less than nine months	%	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np
Total admissions	no.	–	..	np	–	–	–	..	–	np

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13										
<i>Residential Aged Care (d)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	7.9	6.1	4.2	3.8	4.8	..	1.7	..	6.0
Seven days or less	%	25.8	21.0	18.3	13.3	18.4	..	5.8	..	20.9
Less than one month	%	54.2	54.1	49.7	38.9	48.2	..	24.2	..	50.8
Less than three months	%	75.0	77.3	67.9	68.2	72.3	..	54.2	..	73.0
Less than nine months	%	86.9	90.0	83.1	86.8	85.6	..	76.4	..	86.7
Total admissions	no.	8 425	5 790	4 223	2 235	3 048	..	347	..	24 068
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	12.3	13.4	4.9	2.5	5.1	9.4	–	..	9.9
Seven days or less	%	28.7	30.1	19.3	11.8	14.2	26.3	–	..	25.4
Less than one month	%	51.1	57.3	48.6	30.7	32.7	52.2	–	..	50.5
Less than three months	%	72.4	77.1	67.3	55.9	59.8	71.6	–	..	71.1
Less than nine months	%	86.4	88.5	82.0	75.5	79.0	87.4	–	..	85.3
Total admissions	no.	2 751	1 805	1 670	285	393	861	–	..	7 764
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	12.4	14.4	4.9	3.3	9.9	13.2	..	np	9.8
Seven days or less	%	30.3	26.9	14.2	11.4	18.8	32.6	..	np	22.7
Less than one month	%	52.1	52.3	32.8	31.0	40.6	56.7	..	25.7	44.4
Less than three months	%	72.9	76.4	52.8	62.4	68.6	77.6	..	57.9	67.3
Less than nine months	%	86.6	88.3	70.2	80.8	84.6	90.1	..	83.9	82.3
Total admissions	no.	744	457	802	209	395	410	..	43	3 060

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	12.8	17.7	np	np	..	np	9.1
Seven days or less	%	np	np	20.1	28.8	np	np	..	np	17.2
Less than one month	%	42.7	np	42.0	34.4	16.7	43.9	..	38.9	34.1
Less than three months	%	58.8	np	54.6	58.0	56.5	64.3	..	55.3	57.7
Less than nine months	%	87.9	np	74.4	78.1	81.3	87.0	..	89.0	80.0
Total admissions	no.	25	8	65	42	44	14	..	14	212
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	6.3
Seven days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	10.4
Less than one month	%	np	..	25.5	28.8	np	np	..	np	25.0
Less than three months	%	np	..	50.2	46.4	np	np	..	np	45.2
Less than nine months	%	np	..	85.4	72.5	np	np	..	70.5	75.6
Total admissions	no.	np	..	43	25	5	np	..	11	90
Low Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	3.7	3.8	3.3	2.1	3.2	..	np	..	3.4
Seven days or less	%	10.9	11.6	11.6	7.6	10.5	..	5.4	..	10.7
Less than one month	%	33.1	36.2	38.7	27.9	32.6	..	19.8	..	34.0
Less than three months	%	65.1	66.8	65.3	59.1	65.2	..	53.5	..	64.8
Less than nine months	%	92.3	92.8	91.7	91.6	92.7	..	88.9	..	92.2
Total admissions	no.	5 280	4 424	2 229	1 673	1 075	..	243	..	14 925
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	5.4	6.4	5.1	3.8	4.5	8.8	–	..	5.8

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	15.1	14.9	12.8	9.8	10.7	21.7	–	..	14.7
Less than one month	%	36.0	36.4	36.0	29.3	28.3	44.2	–	..	36.0
Less than three months	%	66.3	65.7	63.4	62.8	56.9	68.5	–	..	65.3
Less than nine months	%	92.1	91.5	90.1	91.9	87.6	93.5	–	..	91.5
Total admissions	no.	2 124	1 733	823	153	223	288	–	..	5 344
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	7.1	6.6	4.4	9.1	4.8	10.0	..	–	6.4
Seven days or less	%	15.4	16.0	11.7	15.0	8.0	22.6	..	–	14.2
Less than one month	%	38.6	35.4	30.7	30.9	26.1	41.7	..	np	34.3
Less than three months	%	68.8	64.3	61.7	68.0	56.6	71.4	..	71.4	64.9
Less than nine months	%	93.6	93.3	87.7	94.1	86.5	90.3	..	100.0	91.3
Total admissions	no.	689	504	454	101	250	124	..	14	2 137
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	–	3.5
Seven days or less	%	21.5	np	15.3	np	np	np	..	–	12.5
Less than one month	%	46.3	np	33.8	25.1	np	np	..	np	31.8
Less than three months	%	78.3	np	59.9	67.2	52.2	np	..	65.1	65.6
Less than nine months	%	99.0	np	90.2	85.1	88.3	np	..	81.1	89.7
Total admissions	no.	41	7	41	38	26	7	..	12	173
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	–	np	..	np	14.9
Seven days or less	%	np	..	30.2	np	–	np	..	np	22.3
Less than one month	%	np	..	56.8	np	–	np	..	np	48.3
Less than three months	%	np	..	68.7	65.7	–	np	..	np	68.1

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	np	..	90.0	90.3	–	np	..	np	85.5
Total admissions	no.	np	..	26	14	–	np	..	np	52
All Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	6.3	5.1	3.9	3.1	4.4	..	1.2	..	5.0
Seven days or less	%	20.0	16.9	16.0	10.8	16.4	..	5.6	..	17.0
Less than one month	%	46.1	46.4	45.9	34.2	44.1	..	22.4	..	44.4
Less than three months	%	71.2	72.7	67.0	64.3	70.5	..	53.9	..	69.9
Less than nine months	%	89.0	91.2	86.1	88.8	87.4	..	81.5	..	88.8
Total admissions	no.	13 705	10 214	6 453	3 908	4 123	..	591	..	38 993
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	9.3	10.0	5.0	3.0	4.9	9.3	np	..	8.2
Seven days or less	%	22.8	22.7	17.2	11.1	12.9	25.1	np	..	21.0
Less than one month	%	44.5	47.1	44.5	30.2	31.1	50.2	np	..	44.6
Less than three months	%	69.8	71.5	66.0	58.3	58.8	70.9	np	..	68.7
Less than nine months	%	88.9	90.0	84.7	81.2	82.1	88.9	np	..	87.8
Total admissions	no.	4 874	3 538	2 492	np	616	1 149	np	..	13 108
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	9.9	10.3	4.8	5.2	7.9	12.4	..	np	8.4
Seven days or less	%	23.1	21.2	13.3	12.6	14.6	30.3	..	np	19.2
Less than one month	%	45.6	43.4	32.0	31.0	35.0	53.2	..	21.1	40.2
Less than three months	%	71.0	70.0	56.1	64.3	64.0	76.2	..	61.2	66.3
Less than nine months	%	90.0	90.9	76.6	85.1	85.3	90.1	..	87.8	86.0
Total admissions	no.	1 434	961	1 256	310	645	534	..	57	5 197

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	11.1	10.4	np	np	..	np	6.6
Seven days or less	%	19.2	np	18.2	17.4	np	26.2	..	np	15.1
Less than one month	%	44.9	np	38.8	30.0	15.4	53.1	..	27.9	33.1
Less than three months	%	71.0	67.2	56.6	62.3	54.9	67.5	..	60.0	61.2
Less than nine months	%	94.8	81.4	80.5	81.5	83.9	85.0	..	85.2	84.4
Total admissions	no.	66	16	106	81	70	21	..	26	385
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	9.4	17.0	np	np	..	np	9.4
Seven days or less	%	np	..	15.8	18.8	np	np	..	np	14.8
Less than one month	%	np	..	37.2	29.6	np	np	..	np	33.6
Less than three months	%	np	..	57.1	53.4	np	np	..	np	53.6
Less than nine months	%	np	..	87.1	78.9	np	np	..	56.5	79.2
Total admissions	no.	np	..	69	39	np	8	..	15	142
CACP										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	2.4	3.7	3.2	4.2	7.0	..	2.2	..	3.5
Seven days or less	%	5.5	7.8	9.3	14.8	17.6	..	6.2	..	9.0
Less than one month	%	24.0	31.0	43.3	49.3	51.4	..	32.9	..	35.1
Less than three months	%	55.2	64.5	73.1	76.3	78.0	..	66.4	..	65.7
Less than nine months	%	90.2	93.2	92.4	94.1	95.4	..	90.4	..	92.2
Total admissions	no.	4 457	2 961	2 538	1 648	1 097	..	322	..	13 022
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	3.4	3.5	5.0	11.8	3.5	6.6	–	..	4.3

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	9.6	6.3	13.8	26.7	11.0	10.8	–	..	10.6
Less than one month	%	31.7	22.5	46.4	60.5	32.6	26.7	–	..	33.6
Less than three months	%	65.2	52.7	73.0	80.9	63.1	54.3	–	..	63.8
Less than nine months	%	93.2	91.0	91.3	97.1	91.7	91.2	–	..	92.2
Total admissions	no.	1 727	976	887	181	258	292	–	..	4 322
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	7.1	5.5	7.9	8.0	3.9	np	..	9.5	6.4
Seven days or less	%	13.4	8.8	16.4	16.5	9.8	8.3	..	20.0	13.2
Less than one month	%	40.0	22.2	47.1	42.3	31.0	27.9	..	51.6	37.7
Less than three months	%	70.2	53.0	72.0	73.3	58.3	60.8	..	85.2	66.6
Less than nine months	%	95.0	88.0	89.8	92.5	91.9	90.6	..	96.2	91.7
Total admissions	no.	491	281	485	133	283	136	..	95	1 903
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	14.6	np	np	..	13.4	8.9
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	19.9	np	np	..	23.6	14.6
Less than one month	%	51.2	np	40.3	55.5	12.6	np	..	46.1	39.5
Less than three months	%	69.8	np	63.9	86.2	55.4	55.0	..	66.6	68.6
Less than nine months	%	94.4	np	81.9	98.2	89.6	79.6	..	86.4	90.0
Total admissions	no.	22	7	29	52	41	12	..	52	215
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	36.8	np	np	np	..	16.5	21.4
Seven days or less	%	np	..	38.1	24.5	np	np	..	24.2	27.7
Less than one month	%	np	..	50.7	58.9	np	np	..	38.3	46.9
Less than three months	%	np	..	70.0	89.4	np	np	..	60.1	71.4
Less than nine months	%	np	..	80.6	97.1	np	np	..	74.6	83.0

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	np	..	36	26	6	np	..	46	120
EACH										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	3.6	3.0	1.6	4.1	np	..	np	..	3.1
Seven days or less	%	6.4	6.3	5.5	11.4	7.9	..	7.2	..	7.9
Less than one month	%	19.2	19.8	23.0	49.4	25.0	..	36.3	..	30.5
Less than three months	%	39.1	44.6	49.4	80.1	40.5	..	76.0	..	56.7
Less than nine months	%	63.8	75.6	80.0	92.5	68.5	..	87.2	..	79.0
Total admissions	no.	762	524	557	950	140	..	196	..	3 129
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	2.4	np	np	7.3	np	np	–	..	2.8
Seven days or less	%	6.8	6.3	5.0	20.3	12.2	10.1	–	..	8.4
Less than one month	%	28.6	17.4	29.0	56.8	17.1	28.2	–	..	29.4
Less than three months	%	53.4	38.7	57.0	80.4	44.6	54.7	–	..	54.3
Less than nine months	%	81.4	73.1	80.8	90.6	75.9	78.3	–	..	80.3
Total admissions	no.	349	204	239	124	41	66	–	..	1 025
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	6.1	np	np	7.0	np	np	..	np	4.5
Seven days or less	%	18.4	16.4	8.2	15.8	10.0	np	..	np	12.8
Less than one month	%	41.0	28.6	32.6	48.4	21.9	np	..	50.0	36.6
Less than three months	%	71.5	52.1	51.2	79.0	47.9	33.0	..	73.7	61.4
Less than nine months	%	87.6	82.2	75.5	90.1	77.9	65.1	..	97.4	83.1
Total admissions	no.	88	68	136	102	50	16	..	38	497

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	np	np	–	–	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	16.9
Less than one month	%	np	–	np	45.7	np	–	..	np	30.9
Less than three months	%	np	–	np	76.0	45.8	–	..	np	55.3
Less than nine months	%	np	–	73.5	94.9	81.6	–	..	np	84.9
Total admissions	no.	np	–	10	20	11	–	..	np	50
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	–	np	–	–	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	–	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	np
Less than one month	%	–	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	24.1
Less than three months	%	–	..	49.1	np	–	–	..	np	56.0
Less than nine months	%	–	..	57.2	np	–	–	..	np	71.3
Total admissions	no.	–	..	13	np	–	–	..	np	23
<i>EACH-D</i>										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	1.2	2.4	1.7	3.5	4.1	..	7.2	..	2.6
Seven days or less	%	4.4	6.3	10.0	11.5	9.0	..	17.5	..	8.8
Less than one month	%	20.0	27.7	43.3	50.6	31.1	..	58.8	..	37.2
Less than three months	%	46.4	54.7	72.2	80.2	54.9	..	88.7	..	65.1
Less than nine months	%	78.3	85.0	89.2	92.2	84.4	..	96.9	..	86.9
Total admissions	no.	411	380	459	487	122	..	97	..	1 956
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	4.1	np	3.7	6.1	np	np	–	..	4.7

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	9.9	8.9	11.1	18.2	np	13.8	–	..	11.6
Less than one month	%	34.5	19.9	45.9	47.3	27.9	29.8	–	..	36.6
Less than three months	%	63.9	46.9	69.7	70.2	55.0	54.9	–	..	62.8
Less than nine months	%	89.1	83.0	90.1	87.3	83.0	74.6	–	..	86.8
Total admissions	no.	214	111	194	100	18	55	–	..	692
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	8.8	np	np	np	..	34.8	8.7
Seven days or less	%	14.0	np	17.9	22.1	14.2	np	..	47.8	18.0
Less than one month	%	63.1	26.6	47.8	39.7	26.1	33.1	..	65.2	44.3
Less than three months	%	72.3	65.3	71.9	64.7	55.0	73.1	..	87.0	69.3
Less than nine months	%	86.9	89.7	89.5	81.8	78.8	91.2	..	95.7	87.2
Total admissions	no.	49	29	92	36	42	23	..	23	294
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	–	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	np
Less than one month	%	–	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	47.3
Less than three months	%	–	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	68.7
Less than nine months	%	–	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	79.9
Total admissions	no.	–	–	np	8	6	–	..	np	19
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np
Seven days or less	%	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np
Less than one month	%	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np
Less than three months	%	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np
Less than nine months	%	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	–	..	np	–	–	np	..	–	np
<i>2013-14</i>										
<i>Residential Aged Care (f)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	7.1	5.1	3.9	3.4	3.6	..	2.9	..	5.2
Seven days or less	%	24.4	18.0	15.0	10.7	14.7	..	7.0	..	18.5
Less than one month	%	52.4	50.9	44.1	34.6	43.1	..	25.2	..	47.5
Less than three months	%	73.5	75.1	65.3	63.5	68.0	..	49.8	..	70.5
Less than nine months	%	86.5	88.3	80.5	83.9	84.4	..	74.0	..	85.2
Total admissions	no.	9 201	6 352	4 628	2 196	3 232	..	416	..	26 025
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	8.9	9.6	5.0	3.4	6.4	7.2	–	..	7.6
Seven days or less	%	23.2	26.4	17.4	11.9	14.7	23.0	–	..	21.6
Less than one month	%	47.9	55.7	45.9	34.5	37.3	49.6	–	..	48.1
Less than three months	%	69.0	75.0	64.4	61.4	61.1	68.8	–	..	68.5
Less than nine months	%	84.3	86.9	78.5	78.7	79.0	84.7	–	..	83.1
Total admissions	no.	3 032	1 997	1 868	485	495	838	–	..	8 715
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	9.0	11.0	5.1	2.0	4.6	19.4	..	9.5	8.5
Seven days or less	%	24.2	27.4	12.1	7.7	10.8	36.1	..	13.3	20.0
Less than one month	%	46.2	53.1	31.2	28.7	33.9	57.3	..	28.6	41.7
Less than three months	%	67.9	76.7	50.5	55.2	62.5	73.1	..	57.6	63.8
Less than nine months	%	84.1	88.1	71.9	76.4	80.7	85.1	..	71.4	80.6
Total admissions	no.	837	526	799	302	376	400	..	53	3 292

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	13.2	np	7.2	np	np	np	..	–	4.5
Seven days or less	%	27.1	np	17.1	10.8	13.1	np	..	–	14.1
Less than one month	%	48.7	np	38.7	31.6	35.9	61.0	..	np	35.6
Less than three months	%	74.5	68.8	59.1	60.9	64.8	74.5	..	32.2	60.2
Less than nine months	%	96.0	89.4	77.6	76.9	80.1	85.1	..	61.4	78.7
Total admissions	no.	26	10	72	56	54	12	..	30	260
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	..	15.7	np	np	np	..	np	12.0
Less than one month	%	np	..	36.8	26.5	np	np	..	np	31.1
Less than three months	%	np	..	54.6	49.0	np	np	..	np	49.0
Less than nine months	%	np	..	69.9	80.2	np	np	..	np	70.3
Total admissions	no.	np	..	50	23	np	np	..	np	98
Low Care Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	2.9	3.7	2.9	1.8	2.9	..	2.4	..	3.0
Seven days or less	%	9.9	10.3	10.9	6.8	8.7	..	6.3	..	9.7
Less than one month	%	30.9	32.3	36.0	23.5	29.9	..	17.9	..	31.1
Less than three months	%	63.5	62.6	62.9	56.6	64.1	..	42.0	..	62.2
Less than nine months	%	91.4	91.4	89.9	91.5	91.5	..	84.5	..	91.1
Total admissions	no.	5 387	4 762	2 143	1 528	1 070	..	207	..	15 097
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	4.0	5.2	3.2	2.2	2.9	5.0	–	..	4.2
Seven days or less	%	11.5	12.9	12.0	9.3	8.2	14.9	–	..	12.0

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	30.7	34.0	36.2	28.1	26.0	37.8	–	..	32.7
Less than three months	%	61.5	65.4	59.9	60.6	57.1	67.9	–	..	62.7
Less than nine months	%	91.1	92.6	88.9	89.7	89.3	92.4	–	..	91.2
Total admissions	no.	2 140	1 908	805	224	205	296	–	..	5 579
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	4.0	4.7	4.0	8.3	4.3	8.2	..	np	4.7
Seven days or less	%	12.4	13.2	12.4	13.6	9.5	21.8	..	np	13.0
Less than one month	%	32.0	29.2	26.7	41.1	27.6	47.6	..	24.7	31.5
Less than three months	%	63.3	62.6	55.8	60.3	55.1	73.3	..	58.2	61.5
Less than nine months	%	89.5	88.7	85.0	84.4	84.7	93.3	..	91.8	88.0
Total admissions	no.	670	432	392	97	178	154	..	24	1 947
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	18.8	np	np	np	np	np	..	–	6.4
Seven days or less	%	31.1	np	12.4	np	np	np	..	–	13.4
Less than one month	%	56.6	np	30.1	24.8	np	np	..	34.2	32.1
Less than three months	%	88.8	np	49.1	53.5	52.5	90.4	..	58.4	62.6
Less than nine months	%	99.1	np	83.4	85.4	79.0	98.6	..	82.7	87.5
Total admissions	no.	31	7	47	33	27	10	..	17	173
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	np
Less than one month	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	28.9
Less than three months	%	np	..	70.1	np	np	np	..	np	72.6
Less than nine months	%	np	..	77.4	np	np	np	..	np	86.4
Total admissions	no.	np	..	17	9	np	np	..	np	37

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All Residents										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	5.6	4.5	3.6	2.7	3.4	..	2.7	..	4.4
Seven days or less	%	19.0	14.7	13.7	9.1	13.2	..	6.7	..	15.3
Less than one month	%	44.5	43.0	41.5	30.0	39.8	..	22.8	..	41.5
Less than three months	%	69.8	69.7	64.6	60.7	67.0	..	47.2	..	67.5
Less than nine months	%	88.3	89.6	83.5	87.0	86.1	..	77.5	..	87.4
Total admissions	no.	14 588	11 114	6 772	3 723	4 302	..	623	..	41 122
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	6.8	7.5	4.4	3.0	5.4	6.6	–	..	6.3
Seven days or less	%	18.4	19.8	15.8	11.1	12.8	20.9	–	..	17.8
Less than one month	%	40.8	45.1	43.0	32.5	34.0	46.5	–	..	42.1
Less than three months	%	65.9	70.3	63.0	61.2	59.9	68.6	–	..	66.2
Less than nine months	%	87.1	89.7	81.6	82.1	82.0	86.7	–	..	86.3
Total admissions	no.	5 172	3 905	2 674	709	700	1 134	–	..	14 294
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	6.7	8.1	4.8	3.5	4.5	16.3	..	7.8	7.1
Seven days or less	%	18.9	21.0	12.2	9.2	10.4	32.1	..	11.7	17.4
Less than one month	%	39.9	42.3	29.7	31.7	31.9	54.6	..	27.3	37.9
Less than three months	%	65.9	70.4	52.2	56.4	60.2	73.2	..	57.8	62.9
Less than nine months	%	86.5	88.4	76.2	78.4	82.0	87.4	..	77.9	83.4
Total admissions	no.	1 507	958	1 191	398	554	553	..	77	5 239
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	16.3	np	6.5	np	np	np	..	–	5.3
Seven days or less	%	29.3	np	15.2	9.9	9.2	34.4	..	–	13.8

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	53.0	32.7	35.3	29.1	27.3	54.8	..	21.2	34.2
Less than three months	%	82.3	76.0	55.2	58.2	60.7	81.6	..	41.7	61.1
Less than nine months	%	97.7	93.9	79.9	80.1	79.7	91.2	..	69.1	82.2
Total admissions	no.	57	18	119	89	80	22	..	48	433
<i>Very remote</i>										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	np	4.2
Seven days or less	%	np	..	12.1	np	np	np	..	np	10.7
Less than one month	%	np	..	33.6	27.7	np	np	..	np	30.5
Less than three months	%	np	..	58.5	57.9	np	np	..	np	55.4
Less than nine months	%	np	..	71.8	82.2	np	np	..	58.4	74.7
Total admissions	no.	8	..	67	32	np	np	..	17	135
<i>Home Care recipients</i>										
<i>Levels 1–2</i>										
<i>Major cities</i>										
Within two days or less	%	1.8	2.0	2.2	3.8	5.0	..	np	..	2.4
Seven days or less	%	5.0	4.8	8.1	17.1	18.6	..	4.1	..	7.9
Less than one month	%	23.7	24.8	36.1	50.7	52.3	..	29.7	..	31.6
Less than three months	%	51.9	56.4	68.1	73.1	77.4	..	59.5	..	60.5
Less than nine months	%	84.6	88.2	89.1	89.4	95.2	..	88.2	..	87.8
Total admissions	no.	4 907	3 496	2 492	1 501	1 131	..	296	..	13 823
<i>Inner regional</i>										
Within two days or less	%	2.1	1.3	3.1	5.1	2.6	2.6	–	..	2.4
Seven days or less	%	7.0	4.1	11.6	14.6	10.5	5.2	–	..	7.7
Less than one month	%	26.2	16.4	39.7	48.7	36.3	21.8	–	..	28.1
Less than three months	%	54.9	45.8	65.8	70.3	62.7	51.1	–	..	56.1

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	86.8	81.6	86.9	85.4	87.4	82.3	–	..	85.3
Total admissions	no.	1 938	1 117	987	262	310	375	–	..	4 990
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	2.7	1.9	5.4	5.1	3.2	np	..	8.0	3.6
Seven days or less	%	10.4	5.1	13.8	13.0	8.5	7.2	..	12.7	10.1
Less than one month	%	34.4	17.7	40.8	41.3	26.3	32.6	..	43.2	33.1
Less than three months	%	64.9	38.4	68.7	68.5	51.8	62.7	..	85.1	60.9
Less than nine months	%	91.4	78.0	85.7	91.3	84.2	86.7	..	95.0	86.6
Total admissions	no.	469	274	466	99	212	194	..	63	1 777
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	..	11.7	6.5
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	18.7	np	np	..	20.6	11.6
Less than one month	%	np	np	25.3	48.1	19.9	np	..	44.1	33.3
Less than three months	%	73.8	np	51.7	75.2	44.9	44.3	..	72.3	60.6
Less than nine months	%	99.2	np	83.0	92.2	83.8	70.9	..	88.4	86.8
Total admissions	no.	np	5	43	34	47	13	..	np	211
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	32.6	17.6
Seven days or less	%	np	..	16.3	np	np	np	..	35.2	23.1
Less than one month	%	np	..	41.9	41.9	np	np	..	44.7	44.7
Less than three months	%	np	..	69.9	75.8	np	np	..	66.0	71.8
Less than nine months	%	np	..	93.4	81.9	np	np	..	90.6	90.2
Total admissions	no.	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	34	100

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Levels 3–4										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	1.3	np	2.5	1.4	3.2	..	3.2	..	1.7
Seven days or less	%	5.0	2.0	5.9	7.7	11.3	..	5.1	..	5.7
Less than one month	%	20.5	13.3	30.3	46.9	38.1	..	36.5	..	30.0
Less than three months	%	49.4	38.4	60.4	75.1	58.0	..	71.8	..	58.0
Less than nine months	%	76.4	73.1	82.4	90.1	77.9	..	87.2	..	81.2
Total admissions	no.	807	553	563	844	185	..	156	..	3 108
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	3.1	–	2.1	4.5	np	np	–	..	2.2
Seven days or less	%	5.6	3.8	6.5	13.4	np	np	–	..	6.3
Less than one month	%	20.8	16.4	30.5	50.1	24.9	13.4	–	..	26.0
Less than three months	%	50.9	44.9	62.2	76.9	55.4	47.6	–	..	55.9
Less than nine months	%	83.3	71.8	84.8	87.8	77.8	77.9	–	..	81.0
Total admissions	no.	335	288	268	180	45	80	–	..	1 197
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	5.0	5.5	–	np	..	np	3.5
Seven days or less	%	12.2	7.8	13.4	18.6	np	np	..	np	11.4
Less than one month	%	39.1	25.6	36.0	46.9	16.3	21.6	..	23.5	34.2
Less than three months	%	70.2	57.5	59.4	76.3	51.8	34.8	..	37.5	61.8
Less than nine months	%	88.9	86.7	79.6	94.5	80.6	78.4	..	77.7	85.7
Total admissions	no.	129	90	118	92	31	34	..	22	515
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	–	np	np	np	–	..	np	15.7

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	np	–	np	56.9	np	–	..	np	42.3
Less than three months	%	np	–	np	78.1	np	–	..	np	60.0
Less than nine months	%	np	–	np	94.9	np	–	..	np	83.1
Total admissions	no.	np	–	8	18	5	–	..	np	36
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	np
Less than one month	%	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	np
Less than three months	%	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	55.8
Less than nine months	%	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	65.1
Total admissions	no.	np	..	np	np	–	–	..	np	11.0
Levels 1–4										
Major cities										
Within two days or less	%	1.7	1.8	2.3	3.0	4.8	..	1.3	..	2.2
Seven days or less	%	5.0	4.4	7.7	13.7	17.5	..	4.4	..	7.5
Less than one month	%	23.3	23.3	35.0	49.4	50.3	..	32.1	..	31.3
Less than three months	%	51.5	53.9	66.7	73.8	74.7	..	63.7	..	60.0
Less than nine months	%	83.4	86.2	87.8	89.6	92.7	..	87.8	..	86.6
Total admissions	no.	5 714	4 049	3 055	2 345	1 317	..	452	..	16 932
Inner regional										
Within two days or less	%	2.2	1.1	2.9	4.9	2.6	2.4	–	..	2.3
Seven days or less	%	6.8	4.0	10.5	14.1	9.7	4.7	–	..	7.5
Less than one month	%	25.4	16.4	37.7	49.2	34.9	20.4	–	..	27.7
Less than three months	%	54.3	45.6	65.0	73.0	61.8	50.5	–	..	56.0
Less than nine months	%	86.3	79.6	86.4	86.4	86.2	81.5	–	..	84.4

TABLE 13A.43

Table 13A.43 Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	2 273	1 405	1 256	442	355	455	–	..	6 186
Outer regional										
Within two days or less	%	2.6	2.0	5.3	5.3	2.8	2.2	..	7.1	3.6
Seven days or less	%	10.8	5.8	13.8	15.7	7.8	6.6	..	10.6	10.4
Less than one month	%	35.4	19.6	39.8	44.0	25.1	31.0	..	38.0	33.3
Less than three months	%	66.0	43.1	66.9	72.3	51.8	58.6	..	72.7	61.1
Less than nine months	%	90.9	80.1	84.5	92.9	83.7	85.4	..	90.5	86.4
Total admissions	no.	598.1	363.4	584.0	190.8	243.1	228.0	..	85.6	2 293.0
Remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	12.8	np	np	..	10.9	6.6
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	20.3	np	np	..	20.9	12.2
Less than one month	%	38.2	np	25.5	51.2	18.0	np	..	45.3	34.6
Less than three months	%	73.9	np	49.2	76.2	42.5	44.6	..	72.0	60.5
Less than nine months	%	98.0	np	82.0	93.2	81.5	71.0	..	87.1	86.2
Total admissions	no.	14	5	50	52	52	13	..	61	248
Very remote										
Within two days or less	%	np	..	np	np	np	np	..	31.3	17.2
Seven days or less	%	np	..	14.9	21.6	np	np	..	33.6	22.4
Less than one month	%	np	..	41.3	41.9	np	np	..	45.3	44.3
Less than three months	%	np	..	66.9	73.8	np	np	..	65.6	70.2
Less than nine months	%	np	..	91.2	79.4	np	np	..	87.3	87.7
Total admissions	no.	np	..	36.8	26.4	np	np	..	39.2	111.1

(a) Data only includes records where ACAT approval is before admission date. Data only includes first admissions in the financial year.

(b) A small number of recipient postcodes are invalid and not able to be reported by remoteness area. Postcodes that span more than one remoteness area are apportioned as per ABS 1270.0.55.006 – ASGS: Correspondences, July 2011.

Table 13A.43 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by remoteness (a), (b), (c), (d)**

<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(c) Data with unknown elapsed time are excluded.

(d) Data for 2011-12 are based on location of the service. Data from 2012-13 are based on the postcode of the recipient's usual residence.

(e) Data for elapsed time by remoteness were sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory and therefore may have slightly different total numbers of admissions.

(f) Data for residential care only includes permanent residents.

np Not published .. Not applicable – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DSS (unpublished) Aged Care Assessment Program Minimum Data Set; DSS (unpublished) Aged Care Data Warehouse.

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12										
<i>Residential Aged Care (d)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	10.1	9.5	4.7	6.0	6.0	12.5	np	np	8.7
Seven days or less	%	29.5	27.3	19.8	16.8	21.4	30.8	np	np	26.2
Less than one month	%	55.7	60.3	46.4	40.3	49.2	59.1	np	np	54.2
Less than three months	%	75.1	79.7	66.2	72.5	71.8	75.3	np	25.0	74.2
Less than nine months	%	87.8	90.5	81.2	87.9	86.3	88.4	np	70.8	87.3
Total admissions	no.	2 121	1 277	717	149	980	535	np	np	5 804
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	11.5	12.6	5.4	7.1	6.1	18.4	–	–	9.6
Seven days or less	%	30.7	29.6	18.6	18.3	18.7	35.3	–	–	25.8
Less than one month	%	56.4	57.7	46.4	41.9	46.8	63.7	–	np	52.6
Less than three months	%	76.2	78.0	67.3	72.0	72.0	82.6	–	50.0	73.9
Less than nine months	%	87.4	90.7	82.4	87.7	88.3	93.5	–	78.6	87.1
Total admissions	no.	2 739	1 130	1 600	382	726	201		14	6 792
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	9.7	8.1	5.7	5.3	6.5	9.4	–	np	7.9
Seven days or less	%	28.5	23.7	16.4	17.0	20.3	18.8	–	16.3	23.0
Less than one month	%	56.0	55.0	46.3	41.4	47.5	48.3	–	36.7	51.3
Less than three months	%	75.2	76.3	66.8	67.8	69.1	73.9	–	61.2	72.4
Less than nine months	%	88.8	89.2	84.6	87.7	85.8	87.6	–	83.7	87.7
Total admissions	no.	2 651	1 419	1 257	723	676	234	–	49	7 009

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	7.5	7.5	4.0	4.2	3.9	10.5	np	–	5.7
Seven days or less	%	27.2	23.0	16.7	11.3	12.9	33.9	9.5	–	19.9
Less than one month	%	53.3	54.8	47.0	37.4	44.5	61.3	35.2	np	49.4
Less than three months	%	73.9	77.0	67.6	68.3	71.2	77.4	64.8	58.3	71.9
Less than nine months	%	88.2	90.1	83.6	88.1	84.6	88.7	84.8	75.0	86.8
Total admissions	no.	1 379	1 638	2 031	495	636	124	105	12	6 420
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	6.4	6.0	3.8	3.5	2.8	10.0	4.3	–	5.4
Seven days or less	%	20.7	20.8	16.9	12.6	13.1	18.8	12.6	–	18.7
Less than one month	%	48.5	56.2	50.3	34.7	41.7	52.5	43.3	–	48.9
Less than three months	%	73.1	78.6	72.5	70.2	67.8	67.5	68.0	–	73.6
Less than nine months	%	86.3	90.3	86.2	88.8	86.7	87.5	86.6	–	87.7
Total admissions	no.	2 839	2 036	899	707	540	80	231	–	7 332
Low Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	4.7	4.2	3.4	3.8	2.7	7.4	np	np	4.3
Seven days or less	%	14.6	14.6	11.1	7.1	8.7	18.7	np	np	13.4
Less than one month	%	35.3	38.4	29.4	28.2	29.8	45.8	np	np	35.1
Less than three months	%	67.9	67.7	58.8	53.8	61.3	76.4	np	np	65.8
Less than nine months	%	92.2	93.6	89.2	90.4	91.1	96.6	np	np	92.3
Total admissions	no.	1 336	1 055	415	156	403	203	np	np	3 575
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	5.4	5.8	4.8	2.9	2.9	7.9	–	–	5.1
Seven days or less	%	14.9	14.5	12.9	7.5	8.0	21.3	–	np	13.5

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	37.1	37.3	40.6	26.3	27.0	48.3	–	np	36.5
Less than three months	%	66.6	65.3	66.7	59.1	61.5	76.4	–	92.9	65.7
Less than nine months	%	91.8	91.4	90.0	94.2	89.7	96.6	–	100.0	91.5
Total admissions	no.	1 950	1 147	834	308	348	89	–	14	4 690
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	4.3	4.6	4.4	3.4	4.0	2.5	–	–	4.2
Seven days or less	%	12.8	11.9	13.5	10.1	9.6	12.5	–	–	12.1
Less than one month	%	34.0	32.8	36.1	31.0	30.4	49.2	–	43.8	33.9
Less than three months	%	66.1	65.5	63.3	60.8	63.0	78.3	–	81.3	65.0
Less than nine months	%	92.9	93.2	88.8	93.1	89.8	96.7	–	93.8	92.2
Total admissions	no.	1 724	1 154	832	525	322	120	–	16	4 693
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	5.1	3.4	3.6	3.0	4.2	np	np	np	3.8
Seven days or less	%	14.6	11.4	11.0	8.4	10.8	13.7	np	np	11.5
Less than one month	%	33.0	36.2	33.1	30.2	36.8	41.2	20.8	47.6	34.1
Less than three months	%	66.9	67.2	61.2	60.9	68.8	66.7	52.8	71.4	64.8
Less than nine months	%	92.0	93.3	91.2	92.8	91.3	92.2	86.8	100.0	92.2
Total admissions	no.	870	1 410	1 153	430	288	51	53	21	4 276
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	3.1	4.4	2.9	1.6	4.2	np	–	–	3.3
Seven days or less	%	8.9	10.8	10.6	6.9	8.4	12.5	np	–	9.3
Less than one month	%	29.8	34.5	31.1	27.3	30.2	27.5	30.9	–	31.3
Less than three months	%	65.2	66.7	64.1	57.3	61.4	47.5	61.1	–	64.2
Less than nine months	%	91.9	93.5	91.2	92.5	93.7	85.0	92.0	–	92.5
Total admissions	no.	1 857	1 847	521	637	285	40	175	–	5 362

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	8.0	7.1	4.2	4.9	5.1	11.1	np	np	7.0
Seven days or less	%	23.7	21.5	16.6	11.8	17.7	27.5	np	np	21.3
Less than one month	%	47.8	50.4	40.2	34.1	43.5	55.4	np	np	46.9
Less than three months	%	72.3	74.3	63.5	63.0	68.8	75.6	np	27.6	71.0
Less than nine months	%	89.5	91.9	84.1	89.2	87.7	90.7	np	72.4	89.2
Total admissions	no.	3 457	2 332	1 132	305	1 383	738	np	29	9 379
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	9.0	9.2	5.2	5.2	5.0	15.2	–	–	7.8
Seven days or less	%	24.1	22.0	16.7	13.5	15.3	31.0	–	np	20.8
Less than one month	%	48.4	47.4	44.4	34.9	40.4	59.0	–	17.9	46.0
Less than three months	%	72.2	71.6	67.1	66.2	68.6	80.7	–	71.4	70.5
Less than nine months	%	89.3	91.0	85.0	90.6	88.7	94.5	–	89.3	88.9
Total admissions	no.	4 689	2 277	2 434	690	1 074	290	–	28	11 482
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	7.6	6.5	5.2	4.5	5.7	7.1	–	np	6.4
Seven days or less	%	22.3	18.4	15.2	14.1	16.8	16.7	–	12.3	18.6
Less than one month	%	47.3	45.0	42.2	37.0	42.0	48.6	–	38.5	44.3
Less than three months	%	71.6	71.5	65.4	64.8	67.1	75.4	–	66.2	69.5
Less than nine months	%	90.4	91.0	86.3	90.0	87.1	90.7	–	86.2	89.5
Total admissions	no.	4 375	2 573	2 089	1 248	998	354	–	65	11 702
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	6.5	5.6	3.9	3.7	4.0	9.1	np	np	5.0
Seven days or less	%	22.3	17.6	14.6	9.9	12.2	28.0	7.0	np	16.6

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	45.4	46.2	42.0	34.1	42.1	55.4	30.4	39.4	43.3
Less than three months	%	71.2	72.5	65.3	64.9	70.5	74.3	60.8	66.7	69.1
Less than nine months	%	89.6	91.6	86.3	90.3	86.7	89.7	85.4	90.9	88.9
Total admissions	no.	2 249	3 048	3 184	925	924	175	158	33	10 696
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	5.1	5.3	3.5	2.6	3.3	9.2	2.5	–	4.5
Seven days or less	%	16.1	16.0	14.6	9.9	11.5	16.7	8.1	–	14.7
Less than one month	%	41.1	45.9	43.2	31.2	37.7	44.2	37.9	–	41.5
Less than three months	%	70.0	72.9	69.4	64.1	65.6	60.8	65.0	–	69.7
Less than nine months	%	88.5	91.8	88.0	90.6	89.1	86.7	88.9	–	89.7
Total admissions	no.	4 696	3 883	1 420	1 344	825	120	406	–	12 694
CACP										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	3.3	2.4	8.0	10.2	6.9	5.1	np	16.3	5.0
Seven days or less	%	9.4	6.4	20.1	23.7	14.8	12.4	np	18.6	12.2
Less than one month	%	35.4	29.0	52.9	57.1	47.1	33.7	np	27.9	39.3
Less than three months	%	72.1	57.8	77.6	81.9	73.3	61.8	np	55.8	69.8
Less than nine months	%	95.2	92.2	93.4	94.9	92.6	92.7	np	81.4	93.6
Total admissions	no.	1 139	658	473	177	393	178	np	43	3 062
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	2.9	3.4	4.8	6.1	7.2	np	–	np	4.1
Seven days or less	%	9.1	5.6	13.8	20.2	15.4	11.1	–	np	11.1
Less than one month	%	37.0	24.9	50.2	56.2	43.6	32.2	–	57.9	39.9
Less than three months	%	70.8	56.0	77.5	81.3	70.2	72.2	–	89.5	70.6
Less than nine months	%	93.8	91.9	92.8	94.5	91.5	96.7	–	94.7	93.2

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	1 576	716	853	347	376	90	–	19	3 977
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	2.6	4.8	4.6	6.5	6.1	np	–	9.0	4.3
Seven days or less	%	7.1	8.6	14.6	16.1	15.5	7.2	–	19.2	11.0
Less than one month	%	32.8	30.0	50.2	55.5	43.4	29.9	–	48.7	39.8
Less than three months	%	69.1	60.8	75.3	80.0	71.6	54.6	–	67.9	70.1
Less than nine months	%	94.1	93.6	91.2	94.6	93.4	95.9	–	92.3	93.5
Total admissions	no.	1 555	791	822	571	380	97	–	78	4 294
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	2.5	4.0	3.6	3.5	4.1	np	np	np	3.6
Seven days or less	%	8.4	9.4	10.5	15.2	15.4	12.5	5.5	17.6	10.7
Less than one month	%	34.7	33.8	44.8	54.0	48.1	22.5	47.3	61.8	41.3
Less than three months	%	69.7	65.9	74.3	78.0	76.3	45.0	76.9	88.2	71.8
Less than nine months	%	93.9	93.7	92.6	94.4	96.6	87.5	93.4	97.1	93.7
Total admissions	no.	759.0	873.0	1 124	428.0	266.0	40.0	91.0	34.0	3 615
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	2.0	2.1	4.7	3.8	5.5	–	4.4	–	2.9
Seven days or less	%	4.7	7.8	13.1	16.2	20.3	–	9.2	–	9.2
Less than one month	%	23.5	32.3	48.5	56.4	52.3	np	39.4	–	35.8
Less than three months	%	52.1	67.4	75.9	78.9	83.2	53.3	76.1	–	65.9
Less than nine months	%	92.7	95.2	92.7	95.6	96.5	83.3	94.4	–	94.0
Total admissions	no.	1 584	1 261	536	612	256	30	251	–	4 530
EACH										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	5.2	4.5	7.0	20.5	11.6	np	np	np	8.1

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	11.8	9.8	12.2	29.5	16.3	np	np	np	14.0
Less than one month	%	37.3	22.7	39.1	58.0	23.3	24.1	np	np	36.2
Less than three months	%	60.4	49.2	60.0	79.5	48.8	62.1	np	np	60.4
Less than nine months	%	80.7	75.8	77.4	90.9	65.1	86.2	np	np	80.0
Total admissions	no.	212	132	115	88	43	29	np	np	629
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	4.4	1.3	2.7	8.0	np	np	–	np	4.1
Seven days or less	%	9.4	6.7	7.5	26.1	11.1	np	–	np	11.5
Less than one month	%	32.4	24.2	40.4	58.5	27.8	np	–	np	37.8
Less than three months	%	64.0	47.7	67.2	84.7	46.3	61.5	–	np	65.3
Less than nine months	%	85.9	77.2	83.4	94.9	83.3	92.3	–	np	85.4
Total admissions	no.	361	149	332	176	54	13	–	6	1 091
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	6.2	2.9	3.8	5.1	np	–	–	np	4.7
Seven days or less	%	11.9	6.4	9.6	17.5	np	–	–	np	12.1
Less than one month	%	34.6	24.3	39.7	60.7	np	np	–	48.1	41.6
Less than three months	%	58.1	48.6	67.4	83.7	48.7	36.8	–	70.4	66.5
Less than nine months	%	82.7	78.6	85.8	93.4	64.1	84.2	–	88.9	85.7
Total admissions	no.	260	140	239	331	39	19	–	27	1 055
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	4.0	np	2.6	6.1	–	np	–	–	3.3
Seven days or less	%	8.6	4.3	8.3	13.3	np	np	9.9	np	8.6
Less than one month	%	33.8	23.2	32.2	50.0	np	np	39.4	54.5	34.3
Less than three months	%	67.5	45.1	64.9	76.0	31.0	46.2	76.1	81.8	64.0
Less than nine months	%	82.1	75.6	86.2	88.3	62.1	76.9	94.4	90.9	84.0

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	151	164	348	196	29	13	71	11	983
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	3.3	3.6	np	4.8	–	np	np	–	3.4
Seven days or less	%	5.7	7.2	7.9	14.1	–	np	5.2	–	8.7
Less than one month	%	18.0	23.5	37.9	52.4	np	np	45.8	–	36.0
Less than three months	%	41.2	51.6	75.0	79.0	38.5	np	79.7	–	64.6
Less than nine months	%	62.1	82.8	91.4	90.1	65.4	np	94.8	–	83.5
Total admissions	no.	211	221	140	334	26	8	153	–	1 093
<i>EACH-D</i>										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	5.9	7.1	8.2	26.5	np	np	–	np	8.5
Seven days or less	%	8.8	14.1	18.0	47.1	np	np	–	np	16.4
Less than one month	%	35.3	29.4	57.4	70.6	36.4	36.0	–	np	41.6
Less than three months	%	59.8	56.5	75.4	79.4	60.6	60.0	–	np	63.9
Less than nine months	%	87.3	88.2	88.5	97.1	81.8	96.0	–	np	88.9
Total admissions	no.	102	85	61	34	33	np	–	np	341
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	5.2	5.6	3.4	np	np	np	–	–	4.3
Seven days or less	%	20.2	11.1	14.6	16.5	np	np	–	–	15.1
Less than one month	%	47.4	27.8	55.8	60.8	22.7	50.0	–	–	47.3
Less than three months	%	78.0	56.7	79.1	83.5	75.0	70.0	–	–	75.6
Less than nine months	%	92.5	88.9	91.3	94.9	95.5	80.0	–	–	91.9
Total admissions	no.	173	90	206	79	44	10	–	–	602
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	4.7	5.9	6.2	6.3	np	np	–	np	6.1

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	10.9	7.9	23.2	16.7	np	np	–	np	15.9
Less than one month	%	40.6	21.8	54.8	59.8	18.5	26.3	–	60.0	45.8
Less than three months	%	68.8	60.4	79.7	79.3	48.1	73.7	–	80.0	72.8
Less than nine months	%	87.5	90.1	94.9	92.0	92.6	94.7	–	100.0	91.8
Total admissions	no.	128	101	177	174	27	19	–	10	636
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	3.6	7.0	9.7	np	–	np	3.9
Seven days or less	%	17.7	5.1	12.4	16.5	25.8	np	–	np	12.9
Less than one month	%	46.8	22.9	54.2	57.4	35.5	np	np	np	46.1
Less than three months	%	69.6	58.5	77.3	80.9	61.3	np	58.3	np	71.7
Less than nine months	%	84.8	95.8	91.6	89.6	87.1	np	91.7	np	90.8
Total admissions	no.	79	118	225	115	31	np	12	np	590
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	4.4	np	np	np	–	2.6
Seven days or less	%	6.8	3.5	13.3	20.2	np	np	13.2	–	11.3
Less than one month	%	25.3	36.8	57.1	61.7	26.5	np	54.7	–	44.8
Less than three months	%	55.6	78.5	86.7	84.2	52.9	np	90.6	–	75.3
Less than nine months	%	87.7	93.1	93.9	94.5	88.2	np	100.0	–	92.7
Total admissions	no.	162	144	98	183	34	7	53	–	681
2012-13										
<i>Residential Aged Care (d)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	11.3	10.3	5.4	5.6	6.8	11.5	–	–	9.2
Seven days or less	%	32.6	26.1	20.9	16.0	21.7	29.0	np	np	26.3

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	57.9	58.9	49.0	38.7	48.9	57.0	19.6	np	54.4
Less than three months	%	77.6	79.1	67.8	70.0	73.8	72.5	47.1	np	75.3
Less than nine months	%	88.5	90.6	83.3	90.6	85.5	88.5	74.5	69.2	87.9
Total admissions	no.	2 085	1 923	909	287	877	200	51	13	6 345
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	10.7	11.2	5.3	5.5	6.6	16.8	np	–	9.0
Seven days or less	%	28.1	27.0	19.7	15.7	21.0	36.5	6.8	–	24.3
Less than one month	%	56.1	55.3	46.1	38.8	44.7	56.2	27.3	–	50.6
Less than three months	%	75.5	77.6	66.0	65.8	67.8	75.0	55.7	–	72.0
Less than nine months	%	87.5	88.6	80.6	85.4	82.5	87.4	77.3	–	85.5
Total admissions	no.	2 039	1 401	1 272	707	667	340	88	–	6 514
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	10.3	6.4	4.4	3.5	4.4	7.3	np	np	7.1
Seven days or less	%	29.3	21.7	17.7	12.7	17.8	25.4	4.8	np	22.7
Less than one month	%	55.6	53.5	47.1	38.4	47.2	55.2	21.9	np	50.8
Less than three months	%	75.0	76.9	65.3	63.4	70.1	78.9	51.4	np	71.8
Less than nine months	%	86.7	89.1	80.5	82.5	86.0	91.4	74.3	np	85.5
Total admissions	no.	2 910	1 334	1 398	606	792	232	105	9	7 386
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	7.6	6.8	4.7	2.3	4.9	8.4	np	np	6.1
Seven days or less	%	24.1	22.4	17.4	12.7	15.3	24.0	np	np	20.2
Less than one month	%	52.2	51.9	47.3	34.4	41.8	49.1	26.8	30.6	48.2
Less than three months	%	73.3	75.3	64.5	65.1	71.1	69.8	53.5	58.3	70.5
Less than nine months	%	86.7	89.0	80.2	82.8	85.0	86.9	74.6	91.7	85.1
Total admissions	no.	2 410	1 542	1 811	395	940	275	71	36	7 480

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	6.4	6.1	3.3	3.3	3.5	6.7	–	–	5.1
Seven days or less	%	20.0	19.9	15.7	10.6	13.2	23.5	np	–	17.6
Less than one month	%	45.6	53.0	46.8	36.0	44.8	50.4	25.0	np	46.6
Less than three months	%	70.5	76.7	66.2	67.9	68.4	71.0	71.9	np	70.8
Less than nine months	%	85.0	90.1	82.6	85.3	84.3	86.6	87.5	60.0	85.8
Total admissions	no.	2 495	1 856	1 412	800	607	238	32	10	7 450
Low Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	5.0	5.6	4.7	5.3	3.7	9.1	–	np	5.1
Seven days or less	%	15.1	14.4	14.2	12.4	9.8	27.3	np	np	14.2
Less than one month	%	38.2	37.1	39.9	35.8	29.7	52.7	20.6	np	37.1
Less than three months	%	68.7	68.2	67.9	66.8	62.8	70.9	58.8	np	67.7
Less than nine months	%	92.9	92.7	90.1	93.8	87.9	94.5	91.2	np	92.1
Total admissions	no.	1 337	1 651	464	226	347	55	np	np	4 118
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	4.6	6.9	4.0	2.6	3.5	11.7	–	np	5.0
Seven days or less	%	12.7	15.5	12.0	7.9	10.5	29.2	np	np	13.1
Less than one month	%	37.7	38.3	35.7	28.1	33.5	44.2	23.3	np	36.4
Less than three months	%	68.3	65.5	63.1	60.6	64.2	70.8	48.8	np	65.6
Less than nine months	%	93.7	91.8	89.0	91.3	92.7	94.2	88.4	np	92.1
Total admissions	no.	1 671	1 077	718	391	313	120	np	np	4 335
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	5.0	3.8	4.1	2.8	4.2	6.0	–	np	4.3
Seven days or less	%	13.8	11.5	11.3	7.3	9.9	19.3	5.8	np	12.0

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	35.2	32.9	36.6	26.8	28.2	47.0	18.6	np	33.6
Less than three months	%	64.8	64.1	63.4	56.8	61.3	68.7	55.8	np	63.4
Less than nine months	%	92.6	92.4	91.1	91.2	89.8	89.2	88.4	np	91.9
Total admissions	no.	1 884	1 080	699	396	284	83	86	5	4 517
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	4.3	3.6	4.1	2.3	3.6	10.5	–	–	3.9
Seven days or less	%	12.2	11.2	12.7	8.3	11.0	20.9	np	–	11.7
Less than one month	%	33.0	38.0	38.3	26.5	29.3	41.9	np	–	34.5
Less than three months	%	65.5	66.5	64.8	59.3	61.6	69.8	40.0	57.1	64.7
Less than nine months	%	92.2	93.1	91.4	93.4	91.7	91.9	86.7	85.7	92.2
Total admissions	no.	1 595	1 181	954	302	362	86	45	14	4 539
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	3.0	3.9	3.3	2.3	2.6	6.0	np	np	3.2
Seven days or less	%	8.6	11.4	10.9	7.4	8.6	12.0	np	np	9.7
Less than one month	%	28.4	35.0	35.7	27.1	32.7	37.3	31.4	np	31.8
Less than three months	%	62.4	66.4	63.6	59.6	62.0	66.3	65.7	np	63.6
Less than nine months	%	90.5	92.3	91.8	90.5	92.9	92.8	91.4	np	91.5
Total admissions	no.	1 646	1 678	736	664	266	83	35	6.0	5 114
All Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	8.8	8.1	5.2	5.5	6.0	11.0	–	–	7.6
Seven days or less	%	25.8	20.7	18.6	14.4	18.3	28.6	np	np	21.5
Less than one month	%	50.2	48.8	45.9	37.4	43.5	56.1	20.0	np	47.6
Less than three months	%	74.1	74.1	67.8	68.6	70.7	72.2	51.8	29.4	72.3
Less than nine months	%	90.2	91.6	85.6	92.0	86.2	89.8	81.2	58.8	89.5

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	3 422	3 574	1 373	513	1 224	255	85.0	17	10 463
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	8.0	9.3	4.9	4.5	5.6	15.4	np	np	7.4
Seven days or less	%	21.1	22.0	16.9	12.9	17.7	34.6	6.9	np	19.8
Less than one month	%	47.8	47.9	42.4	35.0	41.1	53.0	26.0	np	44.9
Less than three months	%	72.3	72.3	65.0	63.9	66.6	73.9	53.4	np	69.4
Less than nine months	%	90.3	90.0	83.6	87.5	85.7	89.1	80.9	np	88.1
Total admissions	no.	3 710	2 478	1 990	1 098	980	460	np	np	10 849
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	8.2	5.3	4.3	3.2	4.4	7.0	np	np	6.0
Seven days or less	%	23.2	17.1	15.6	10.6	15.7	23.8	5.2	np	18.6
Less than one month	%	47.6	44.3	43.6	33.8	42.2	53.0	20.4	np	44.3
Less than three months	%	71.0	71.2	64.7	60.8	67.8	76.2	53.4	78.6	68.6
Less than nine months	%	89.0	90.6	84.1	85.9	87.0	90.8	80.6	92.9	87.9
Total admissions	no.	4 794	2 414	2 097	1 002	1 076	315	191	14	11 903
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	6.3	5.4	4.5	2.3	4.5	8.9	np	np	5.3
Seven days or less	%	19.4	17.6	15.8	10.8	14.1	23.3	5.2	np	17.0
Less than one month	%	44.5	45.9	44.2	31.0	38.3	47.4	19.8	22.0	43.0
Less than three months	%	70.2	71.5	64.6	62.6	68.4	69.8	48.3	58.0	68.3
Less than nine months	%	88.9	90.8	84.1	87.4	86.9	88.1	79.3	90.0	87.8
Total admissions	no.	4 005	2 723	2 765	697	1 302	361	116	50	12 019
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	5.0	5.1	3.3	2.8	3.2	6.5	np	–	4.4
Seven days or less	%	15.5	15.8	14.1	9.2	11.8	20.6	np	–	14.4

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	38.8	44.5	43.0	32.0	41.1	47.0	28.4	np	40.6
Less than three months	%	67.3	71.8	65.3	64.1	66.4	69.8	68.7	56.3	67.9
Less than nine months	%	87.2	91.2	85.8	87.6	86.9	88.2	89.6	75.0	88.1
Total admissions	no.	4 141	3 534	2 148	1 464	873	321	67	16.0	12 564
CACP										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	3.4	4.3	7.1	12.8	5.2	13.6	np	14.0	5.4
Seven days or less	%	8.0	7.5	14.6	25.2	12.8	19.7	np	18.0	11.0
Less than one month	%	29.3	24.5	53.6	57.4	39.6	31.8	36.8	28.0	35.0
Less than three months	%	63.4	55.2	81.0	79.8	72.4	57.6	73.7	52.0	65.8
Less than nine months	%	93.2	89.9	93.6	95.0	92.3	83.3	86.8	70.0	91.7
Total admissions	no.	1 104	1 022	562	242	366	66	38.0	50	3 450
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	3.6	3.5	5.1	3.3	6.3	np	–	np	4.0
Seven days or less	%	8.6	8.0	13.0	12.1	15.6	np	–	45.5	10.2
Less than one month	%	30.5	25.7	48.1	47.2	36.1	29.6	27.6	81.8	35.9
Less than three months	%	66.0	59.9	74.5	76.8	66.9	61.2	61.8	90.9	68.0
Less than nine months	%	93.2	93.7	91.1	93.4	93.7	91.8	88.2	90.9	92.8
Total admissions	no.	1 267	666	730	487	302	98	76	11	3 637
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	3.3	5.4	4.2	5.7	5.3	np	np	np	4.3
Seven days or less	%	7.5	9.1	11.2	16.0	14.2	10.5	9.3	30.0	10.1
Less than one month	%	29.8	27.8	42.6	49.3	47.9	23.3	34.3	60.0	35.5
Less than three months	%	64.0	58.2	69.8	74.2	74.6	55.8	68.5	85.0	66.0
Less than nine months	%	93.9	92.0	90.0	95.4	94.4	87.2	91.7	90.0	92.8

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	1 646	722	758	438	338	86	108	20	4 116
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	2.9	2.6	4.0	5.5	7.0	6.4	np	11.5	4.0
Seven days or less	%	7.9	5.9	10.7	17.3	17.3	10.9	8.8	19.5	10.2
Less than one month	%	30.9	31.5	40.7	52.8	49.5	32.7	36.8	47.1	37.4
Less than three months	%	62.4	64.1	68.9	81.9	72.0	65.5	63.2	80.5	67.2
Less than nine months	%	91.7	92.7	90.1	95.9	95.8	98.2	91.2	95.4	92.4
Total admissions	no.	1 320	724	1 070	271	400	110	68	87	4 050
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	1.9	3.1	3.3	4.2	4.7	np	–	np	3.0
Seven days or less	%	4.2	7.2	9.0	15.7	13.8	8.5	np	23.3	8.3
Less than one month	%	15.9	32.1	41.8	49.6	45.8	19.5	28.1	56.7	32.1
Less than three months	%	39.4	67.1	73.9	76.4	72.7	40.2	68.8	76.7	60.9
Less than nine months	%	84.5	94.0	94.1	93.6	94.2	90.2	93.8	93.3	90.9
Total admissions	no.	1 356	1 079	854	593	275	82	32	30	4 301
EACH										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	6.7	np	–	np	np	3.2
Seven days or less	%	6.4	7.3	10.3	15.7	9.4	np	np	np	9.5
Less than one month	%	23.4	20.2	32.9	50.0	22.6	np	54.3	np	30.6
Less than three months	%	43.6	42.5	65.8	82.1	43.4	80.0	71.4	np	56.2
Less than nine months	%	73.9	75.6	78.8	94.0	69.8	90.0	88.6	np	79.5
Total admissions	no.	188	193	146	134	53	np	35	np	761
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	3.7	3.5	–	3.0	np	np	–	–	2.5

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	9.3	8.5	5.2	9.7	15.2	np	8.9	–	8.8
Less than one month	%	29.3	19.7	28.8	48.0	30.4	np	35.7	–	33.5
Less than three months	%	56.1	41.5	58.1	78.5	56.5	np	75.0	–	61.8
Less than nine months	%	82.9	69.7	85.3	93.6	82.6	71.4	89.3	–	84.9
Total admissions	no.	246	142	191	298	46	14	56	–	993
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	3.5	np	np	6.9	np	–	–	np	3.4
Seven days or less	%	8.2	np	7.0	15.3	np	–	np	np	8.8
Less than one month	%	27.4	15.7	28.4	53.3	18.2	np	27.1	np	32.4
Less than three months	%	50.8	34.7	55.3	80.5	27.3	np	78.0	np	57.8
Less than nine months	%	76.0	72.7	81.4	92.3	59.1	61.5	86.4	np	80.7
Total admissions	no.	317	121	215	261	44	13	59	8	1 038
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	5.5	4.7	2.1	4.9	np	np	–	np	4.0
Seven days or less	%	8.4	10.8	5.0	16.6	9.1	np	np	np	9.3
Less than one month	%	24.4	24.3	21.8	52.8	25.8	38.5	34.6	42.3	30.0
Less than three months	%	47.5	50.7	42.9	77.9	45.5	65.4	80.8	57.7	53.7
Less than nine months	%	69.7	77.0	73.9	90.2	78.8	84.6	84.6	88.5	77.6
Total admissions	no.	238	148	238	163	66	26	26	26	931
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	np	3.6	–	3.8	np	np	–	–	2.8
Seven days or less	%	3.8	5.7	np	10.4	np	np	np	–	6.8
Less than one month	%	10.0	19.1	18.4	47.2	15.2	26.3	35.0	np	27.4
Less than three months	%	25.2	46.9	38.6	80.3	39.4	42.1	75.0	80.0	53.2
Less than nine months	%	46.2	80.4	77.2	90.7	66.7	68.4	85.0	100.0	75.8

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	210	194	158	345	33	19	20	10	989
<i>EACH-D</i>										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	3.9
Seven days or less	%	10.4	4.5	8.0	16.0	np	np	np	np	9.3
Less than one month	%	37.5	19.8	45.5	50.0	32.7	np	52.4	np	36.0
Less than three months	%	56.3	50.5	77.3	82.0	57.7	50.0	81.0	np	63.3
Less than nine months	%	83.3	82.0	90.9	90.0	82.7	66.7	95.2	np	85.4
Total admissions	no.	96	111	88	50	52	np	21	np	431
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	6.2	6.8	np	4.2	np	np	np	–	4.7
Seven days or less	%	13.0	13.5	8.1	11.4	np	np	19.2	–	12.2
Less than one month	%	45.2	33.8	37.9	44.0	34.6	np	61.5	–	41.7
Less than three months	%	65.8	50.0	69.4	71.7	53.8	64.3	80.8	–	66.3
Less than nine months	%	91.8	83.8	91.9	89.8	76.9	78.6	96.2	–	89.4
Total admissions	no.	146	74	124	166	26	14	26	–	576
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	5.1	5.3	np	np	np	np	3.7
Seven days or less	%	4.6	8.3	17.6	16.0	np	np	20.8	np	12.0
Less than one month	%	24.6	27.8	49.4	49.3	36.0	np	62.5	np	38.5
Less than three months	%	55.9	51.9	76.7	80.7	64.0	62.5	95.8	np	67.8
Less than nine months	%	81.0	86.1	90.9	90.7	88.0	93.8	100.0	np	87.5
Total admissions	no.	195	108	176	150	25	np	24	np	698
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	–	np	3.0	np	np	np	–	40.0	3.0

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	np	np	10.4	10.2	np	np	np	53.3	8.1
Less than one month	%	21.3	26.4	48.3	48.0	22.4	25.0	50.0	66.7	36.7
Less than three months	%	48.4	56.4	67.2	72.4	51.7	60.0	93.8	86.7	62.0
Less than nine months	%	78.7	88.2	85.6	87.8	81.0	85.0	93.8	100.0	85.2
Total admissions	no.	122	110	201	98	58	20	16	15	640
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	4.2	np	np	np	np	3.4
Seven days or less	%	np	7.7	9.4	13.3	np	np	np	np	9.7
Less than one month	%	9.6	24.8	38.4	56.0	29.6	47.1	np	np	35.8
Less than three months	%	39.1	58.1	69.2	82.5	51.9	64.7	np	np	64.8
Less than nine months	%	75.7	83.8	89.3	93.4	88.9	70.6	np	np	86.5
Total admissions	no.	115	117	159	166	27	17	9	7	617
2013-14										
<i>Residential Aged Care (f)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	9.4	8.0	4.2	2.5	5.1	6.3	7.8	–	7.2
Seven days or less	%	26.8	22.7	17.1	12.3	15.8	23.7	12.5	–	21.7
Less than one month	%	53.5	53.8	46.1	33.4	42.1	45.3	28.1	np	49.4
Less than three months	%	74.6	76.1	67.3	62.6	66.0	63.7	48.4	27.8	71.6
Less than nine months	%	86.9	89.0	79.9	87.1	81.4	83.7	70.3	61.1	85.4
Total admissions	no.	2 280	2 011	998	326	910	190	np	np	6 797
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	8.1	8.2	4.6	3.3	6.2	18.8	np	np	7.1
Seven days or less	%	24.5	23.8	15.2	11.9	18.7	37.9	5.1	np	20.9

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	52.8	53.9	41.7	36.8	46.5	59.4	24.5	np	48.4
Less than three months	%	72.4	75.8	60.4	63.8	70.9	74.3	45.9	np	69.4
Less than nine months	%	85.6	86.6	77.4	80.6	85.0	83.9	69.4	np	83.3
Total admissions	no.	2 259	1 494	1 378	767	738	335	np	np	7 073
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	8.5	5.5	5.6	3.4	2.5	16.4	np	–	6.5
Seven days or less	%	27.6	18.5	16.9	10.2	14.5	30.7	8.2	–	20.8
Less than one month	%	53.9	51.2	45.0	33.5	40.4	56.4	23.9	np	48.1
Less than three months	%	72.7	74.8	63.0	61.1	65.6	73.3	52.2	46.2	69.2
Less than nine months	%	86.7	88.6	78.1	79.8	84.1	87.6	79.9	61.5	84.5
Total admissions	no.	3 124	1 462	1 498	669	785	225	134	13	7 910
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	6.7	5.7	4.4	2.3	3.6	6.6	np	np	5.3
Seven days or less	%	22.8	19.5	14.9	7.7	12.6	21.0	np	9.1	17.8
Less than one month	%	51.6	50.7	41.1	33.8	41.6	49.8	21.9	23.6	46.1
Less than three months	%	71.5	74.4	61.2	63.8	65.5	70.5	49.3	45.5	68.0
Less than nine months	%	85.2	87.1	78.0	81.1	83.4	86.0	72.6	63.6	83.2
Total admissions	no.	2 676	1 699	1 977	470	993	271	73	55	8 214
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	5.9	5.1	3.0	3.6	2.6	3.9	–	np	4.5
Seven days or less	%	19.0	18.1	13.2	10.6	10.0	18.5	np	np	16.0
Less than one month	%	43.4	51.1	43.0	31.8	36.5	46.1	31.9	np	43.6
Less than three months	%	69.7	74.5	66.5	60.6	65.4	66.4	53.2	np	68.9
Less than nine months	%	85.0	88.2	81.6	84.2	83.1	83.2	74.5	np	84.9
Total admissions	no.	2 760	2 221	1 566	840	732	232	47	9	8 407

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Low Care Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	4.5	4.0	2.6	3.0	3.6	np	np	np	3.9
Seven days or less	%	13.0	11.6	11.8	8.5	11.1	21.2	np	np	12.0
Less than one month	%	32.9	33.0	36.5	26.6	29.0	37.9	np	np	32.6
Less than three months	%	65.4	66.3	64.5	58.3	60.2	63.6	57.9	np	64.8
Less than nine months	%	92.3	92.9	89.9	91.0	89.8	90.9	100.0	np	92.0
Total admissions	no.	1 319	1 593	417	199	334	66	np	np	3 949
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	3.5	5.0	4.2	3.5	3.6	6.3	np	–	4.1
Seven days or less	%	11.5	12.6	13.0	8.3	10.2	18.0	11.8	–	11.8
Less than one month	%	32.2	31.8	33.6	25.8	28.5	45.9	21.6	–	31.7
Less than three months	%	63.0	64.2	59.7	58.1	62.4	73.0	45.1	–	62.4
Less than nine months	%	89.7	90.6	87.7	89.5	88.3	94.6	82.4	–	89.6
Total admissions	no.	1 633	1 259	660	399	274	111	51	–	4 387
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	3.1	4.4	2.7	1.7	1.8	8.5	np	–	3.3
Seven days or less	%	10.9	11.2	9.7	7.1	6.9	17.0	np	–	10.2
Less than one month	%	32.3	33.2	30.6	22.8	29.3	43.4	18.6	33.3	31.4
Less than three months	%	63.1	63.4	54.6	57.8	60.9	74.5	34.3	60.0	61.2
Less than nine months	%	92.2	91.2	85.9	90.9	89.5	91.5	85.7	93.3	90.6
Total admissions	no.	1 852	1 161	667	351	276	106	70	15	4 498
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	2.8	3.1	3.0	2.6	3.3	–	–	np	2.9
Seven days or less	%	9.6	10.1	11.9	6.4	8.3	11.2	np	np	9.9

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	30.9	33.7	37.0	25.2	29.3	31.8	12.8	33.3	32.2
Less than three months	%	63.6	61.3	64.6	58.1	65.7	66.4	38.5	61.9	62.8
Less than nine months	%	91.0	91.0	89.9	94.2	92.6	93.5	76.9	81.0	91.0
Total admissions	no.	1 672	1 273	932	313	338	107	39	21	4 695
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	2.9	4.3	2.9	1.4	2.7	13.5	–	np	3.3
Seven days or less	%	8.6	10.4	10.1	7.4	5.8	23.0	np	np	9.4
Less than one month	%	27.5	31.7	35.9	25.1	27.0	48.6	21.4	np	30.0
Less than three months	%	60.8	61.8	62.5	55.7	59.1	71.6	50.0	np	60.7
Less than nine months	%	91.1	91.5	91.2	89.7	90.0	93.2	85.7	np	91.0
Total admissions	no.	1 756	1 828	730	634	259	74	28	5	5 314
All Residents										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	7.6	6.2	3.7	2.7	4.7	5.5	7.2	–	6.0
Seven days or less	%	21.8	17.8	15.5	10.9	14.5	23.0	10.8	–	18.1
Less than one month	%	45.9	44.6	43.3	30.9	38.6	43.4	24.1	np	43.2
Less than three months	%	71.2	71.8	66.5	61.0	64.5	63.7	50.6	30.0	69.1
Less than nine months	%	88.9	90.7	82.8	88.6	83.7	85.5	77.1	65.0	87.9
Total admissions	no.	3 599	3 604	1 415	525	1 244	256	83	20	10 746
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	6.1	6.8	4.5	3.3	5.5	15.7	np	np	6.0
Seven days or less	%	19.0	18.7	14.5	10.6	16.4	33.0	7.4	np	17.5
Less than one month	%	44.2	43.8	39.1	33.0	41.6	56.1	23.5	np	42.0
Less than three months	%	68.4	70.5	60.2	61.8	68.6	74.0	45.6	np	66.7
Less than nine months	%	87.3	88.4	80.7	83.6	85.9	86.5	73.8	np	85.7

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total admissions	no.	3 892	2 753	2 038	1 166	1 012	446	np	np	11 460
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	6.5	5.0	4.7	2.8	2.4	13.9	2.5	–	5.3
Seven days or less	%	21.4	15.3	14.7	9.1	12.5	26.3	6.4	–	17.0
Less than one month	%	45.9	43.2	40.6	29.8	37.5	52.3	22.1	25.0	42.1
Less than three months	%	69.1	69.8	60.4	60.0	64.4	73.7	46.1	53.6	66.3
Less than nine months	%	88.8	89.7	80.5	83.6	85.5	88.8	81.9	78.6	86.7
Total admissions	no.	4 976	2 623	2 165	1 020	1 061	331	204	28	12 408
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	5.2	4.6	4.0	2.4	3.5	4.8	np	np	4.4
Seven days or less	%	17.7	15.5	14.0	7.2	11.5	18.3	np	9.2	14.9
Less than one month	%	43.6	43.4	39.8	30.4	38.5	44.7	18.8	26.3	41.1
Less than three months	%	68.5	68.8	62.3	61.6	65.5	69.3	45.5	50.0	66.1
Less than nine months	%	87.4	88.8	81.8	86.3	85.7	88.1	74.1	68.4	86.0
Total admissions	no.	4 348	2 972	2 909	783	1 331	378	112	76	12 909
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	4.7	4.7	3.0	2.6	2.6	6.2	–	np	4.1
Seven days or less	%	14.9	14.7	12.2	9.2	8.9	19.6	6.7	np	13.4
Less than one month	%	37.2	42.3	40.7	28.9	34.0	46.7	28.0	np	38.3
Less than three months	%	66.2	68.8	65.2	58.5	63.8	67.6	52.0	57.1	65.7
Less than nine months	%	87.3	89.7	84.7	86.6	84.9	85.6	78.7	92.9	87.2
Total admissions	no.	4 516	4 049	2 296	1 474	991	306	75	14	13 721

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Home Care recipients</i>										
Levels 1–2										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	2.1	1.6	4.5	5.4	4.4	–	–	38.9	3.1
Seven days or less	%	7.6	4.0	12.3	16.7	17.4	8.0	np	41.7	9.2
Less than one month	%	27.8	17.9	39.9	49.8	44.2	24.0	46.2	50.0	30.2
Less than three months	%	57.2	47.0	69.7	77.0	71.8	53.3	69.2	66.7	59.0
Less than nine months	%	87.6	84.5	89.2	90.8	90.9	84.0	92.3	88.9	87.4
Total admissions	no.	1 211	1 094	584	239	362	75	39	36	3 640
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	2.0	1.6	2.3	2.7	5.1	np	–	np	2.3
Seven days or less	%	6.1	4.8	10.8	11.6	13.8	5.9	np	np	7.9
Less than one month	%	29.1	18.8	40.4	49.0	36.2	28.7	27.1	np	31.4
Less than three months	%	59.2	48.7	71.2	73.4	59.9	68.4	56.3	80.0	60.9
Less than nine months	%	87.5	82.6	88.5	90.4	88.5	87.5	87.5	100.0	86.9
Total admissions	no.	1 332	879	685	406	312	136	np	np	3 808
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	2.1	2.3	3.5	5.2	3.9	4.5	–	np	2.9
Seven days or less	%	6.1	5.8	10.2	18.1	15.3	7.1	np	np	8.5
Less than one month	%	25.7	23.2	39.6	47.3	44.9	33.9	25.8	33.3	31.5
Less than three months	%	56.3	53.1	64.6	69.5	71.0	63.4	63.4	76.2	60.0
Less than nine months	%	86.9	84.7	86.6	87.1	92.5	89.3	88.2	90.5	87.0
Total admissions	no.	1 808	772	821	387	334	np	93	np	4 348
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	1.8	1.7	2.4	5.1	4.1	np	np	np	2.4

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	6.5	4.4	8.3	19.5	14.5	5.1	np	16.7	8.1
Less than one month	%	26.7	24.4	34.7	55.9	49.1	26.3	21.9	45.8	32.1
Less than three months	%	54.5	53.8	66.7	74.6	72.0	57.1	50.0	77.8	60.4
Less than nine months	%	86.7	87.8	87.8	88.3	93.6	84.0	84.4	90.3	87.8
Total admissions	no.	1 467	917	1 056	256	393	156	64	72	4 381
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	1.6	2.1	2.0	4.2	4.0	np	–	np	2.4
Seven days or less	%	3.4	4.7	8.0	17.7	16.6	np	np	np	7.5
Less than one month	%	17.0	27.5	34.9	49.5	51.0	13.1	36.5	43.8	29.8
Less than three months	%	41.4	60.6	66.6	71.4	78.1	28.0	59.6	87.5	57.5
Less than nine months	%	79.8	89.8	88.9	88.5	94.7	72.0	90.4	100.0	86.2
Total admissions	no.	1 511	1 231	879	643	302	107	52	16	4 741
Levels 3–4										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	2.7	np	np	5.9	np	np	–	np	2.5
Seven days or less	%	7.3	5.4	4.9	13.6	9.2	np	–	np	7.2
Less than one month	%	24.1	20.2	35.0	52.5	32.3	np	25.0	np	29.0
Less than three months	%	54.1	47.9	62.1	78.8	56.9	29.4	55.0	np	56.7
Less than nine months	%	77.3	75.6	86.4	88.1	76.9	76.5	75.0	np	79.4
Total admissions	no.	220	242	103	118	65	17	20	5	790
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	2.1	np	4.8	2.7	np	–	np	np	2.6
Seven days or less	%	7.5	2.8	12.0	10.8	np	–	np	np	8.2
Less than one month	%	24.7	17.0	31.7	45.9	26.8	21.7	43.6	np	30.9
Less than three months	%	56.8	42.6	55.7	76.1	58.5	39.1	82.1	np	59.9

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	86.0	72.2	81.4	89.6	82.9	65.2	89.7	np	83.3
Total admissions	no.	292	176	167	259	41	23	np	np	999
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	2.2	np	2.2	3.6	np	np	np	np	2.4
Seven days or less	%	6.1	3.8	7.6	10.8	12.8	np	np	np	7.4
Less than one month	%	24.6	12.0	32.3	58.0	40.4	26.1	33.3	np	32.9
Less than three months	%	48.6	38.8	58.3	79.2	57.4	34.8	72.9	np	57.2
Less than nine months	%	78.3	74.3	79.8	92.0	85.1	82.6	91.7	np	82.0
Total admissions	no.	313	183	223	250	47	np	48	np	1 090
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	2.1	np	np	–	np	np	1.4
Seven days or less	%	4.6	np	6.1	9.8	np	np	np	np	5.4
Less than one month	%	18.4	13.5	29.3	47.6	31.1	21.7	32.3	np	27.1
Less than three months	%	52.5	41.3	62.9	76.2	59.0	60.9	67.7	np	58.5
Less than nine months	%	82.9	72.9	84.6	87.2	77.0	82.6	87.1	68.8	82.0
Total admissions	no.	217	155	280	164	61	23	31	16	947
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	2.7	np	np	–	–	np	1.3
Seven days or less	%	3.1	np	4.3	6.8	11.3	–	–	np	4.6
Less than one month	%	18.8	12.6	29.3	40.3	32.1	np	50.0	np	27.8
Less than three months	%	47.6	38.3	62.8	71.0	49.1	50.0	72.2	np	57.3
Less than nine months	%	71.6	74.3	81.9	91.2	69.8	82.1	83.3	np	81.0
Total admissions	no.	229	175	188	352	53	28	18	5	1 048

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Levels 1–4										
Quintile 1										
Within two days or less	%	2.2	1.5	4.1	5.6	4.0	np	–	34.1	3.0
Seven days or less	%	7.5	4.3	11.2	15.7	16.2	7.6	np	36.6	8.8
Less than one month	%	27.3	18.3	39.2	50.7	42.4	20.7	39.0	48.8	30.0
Less than three months	%	56.7	47.2	68.6	77.6	69.6	48.9	64.4	65.9	58.6
Less than nine months	%	86.0	82.9	88.8	89.9	88.8	82.6	86.4	85.4	86.0
Total admissions	no.	1 431	1 336	687	357	427	92	59	41	4 430
Quintile 2										
Within two days or less	%	2.0	1.4	2.8	2.7	4.8	np	np	np	2.4
Seven days or less	%	6.3	4.5	11.0	11.3	13.0	5.0	6.9	np	7.9
Less than one month	%	28.3	18.5	38.7	47.8	35.1	27.7	34.5	41.7	31.3
Less than three months	%	58.8	47.7	68.2	74.4	59.8	64.2	67.8	83.3	60.7
Less than nine months	%	87.2	80.9	87.1	90.1	87.8	84.3	88.5	100.0	86.2
Total admissions	no.	1 624	1 055	852	665	353	159	87	12	4 807
Quintile 3										
Within two days or less	%	2.1	2.0	3.3	4.6	3.7	4.4	np	np	2.8
Seven days or less	%	6.1	5.4	9.7	15.2	15.0	6.7	3.5	np	8.3
Less than one month	%	25.6	21.0	38.0	51.5	44.4	32.6	28.4	37.5	31.8
Less than three months	%	55.2	50.4	63.2	73.3	69.3	58.5	66.7	75.0	59.5
Less than nine months	%	85.7	82.7	85.2	89.0	91.6	88.1	89.4	87.5	86.0
Total admissions	no.	2 121	955	1 044	637	381	135	141	24	5 438
Quintile 4										
Within two days or less	%	1.7	1.5	2.3	3.3	3.7	np	np	5.7	2.2
Seven days or less	%	6.3	3.8	7.9	15.7	13.2	5.0	np	14.8	7.6

TABLE 13A.44

Table 13A.44 Elapsed times for aged care services, by SEIFA IRSD quintiles (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than one month	%	25.7	22.9	33.5	52.6	46.7	25.7	25.3	39.8	31.2
Less than three months	%	54.2	52.0	65.9	75.2	70.3	57.5	55.8	68.2	60.1
Less than nine months	%	86.2	85.6	87.1	87.9	91.4	83.8	85.3	86.4	86.8
Total admissions	no.	1 684	1 072	1 336	420	454	179	95	88	5 328
Quintile 5										
Within two days or less	%	1.4	1.9	2.2	3.1	4.2	np	–	np	2.2
Seven days or less	%	3.4	4.3	7.3	13.9	15.8	np	np	np	6.9
Less than one month	%	17.2	25.6	33.9	46.2	48.2	11.1	40.0	42.9	29.5
Less than three months	%	42.2	57.8	65.9	71.3	73.8	32.6	62.9	81.0	57.5
Less than nine months	%	78.7	87.9	87.6	89.4	91.0	74.1	88.6	100.0	85.3
Total admissions	no.	1 740	1 406	1 067	995	355	135	70	21	5 789

(a) Data only includes records where ACAT approval is before admission date. Data only includes first admissions in the financial year.

(b) Elapsed time by SEIFA are determined from the recipient's residential postcode at time of assessment using 2033.0.55.001 – Census of Population and Housing: Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas (SEIFA), Australia, 2011. Recipient's postcodes not found in the ABS's SEIFA data are excluded.

(c) Data with unknown elapsed time are excluded.

(d) Data are based on the postcode of the recipient's usual residence.

(e) Data for elapsed time by SEIFA were sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory and therefore may have slightly different total numbers of admissions.

(f) Data for residential care only includes permanent residents.

np Not published – Nil or rounded to zero

Source: DSS (unpublished) Aged Care Assessment Program Minimum Data Set; DSS (unpublished) Aged Care Data Warehouse.

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2011-12</i>										
<i>Residential Aged Care (f)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	10.3	np	np	np	–	np	–	np	8.5
Seven days or less	%	25.3	23.8	17.1	21.1	11.8	np	–	np	19.9
Less than one month	%	56.3	33.3	35.7	26.3	35.3	np	–	14.3	38.2
Less than three months	%	78.2	61.9	51.4	50.0	76.5	np	–	28.6	59.6
Less than nine months	%	83.9	85.7	75.7	65.8	100.0	np	–	71.4	78.7
Total admissions	no.	87	21	70	38	np	np	–	35	272
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	9.2	8.3	4.7	4.9	5.3	12.5	4.2	np	7.4
Seven days or less	%	27.3	24.4	17.3	14.7	17.9	28.6	12.4	11.4	22.6
Less than one month	%	53.9	56.8	47.4	39.0	46.5	57.8	41.3	34.3	51.3
Less than three months	%	74.8	77.9	68.1	69.8	70.7	76.2	68.7	60.0	73.4
Less than nine months	%	87.7	90.2	83.6	88.4	86.2	89.2	86.3	81.4	87.4
Total admissions	no.	11 671	7 513	6 359	2 430	3 554	1 168	380	70	33 145
Low Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	–	np	np	np	np	–	np	8.3
Seven days or less	%	18.9	np	np	26.1	np	np	–	np	13.5
Less than one month	%	43.2	np	32.6	39.1	np	np	–	np	34.6
Less than three months	%	78.4	54.5	58.1	65.2	np	np	–	np	65.4
Less than nine months	%	91.9	81.8	83.7	95.7	np	np	–	np	88.7
Total admissions	no.	37	11	43	23	np	np	–	9	133

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	4.4	4.5	3.8	2.5	3.5	6.2	np	–	4.1
Seven days or less	%	12.9	12.3	11.8	7.8	9.2	16.8	2.5	np	11.8
Less than one month	%	33.7	35.9	34.7	28.8	30.5	44.9	28.2	36.7	34.0
Less than three months	%	66.2	66.6	63.1	59.5	62.4	72.5	58.9	79.6	65.0
Less than nine months	%	92.2	93.0	90.2	92.9	90.7	94.8	90.5	98.0	92.1
Total admissions	no.	7 740	6 624	3 681	2 042	1 638	499	241	49	22 514
All Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	10.5	9.4	5.3	13.1	–	np	–	np	8.4
Seven days or less	%	23.4	18.8	13.3	23.0	np	np	–	np	17.8
Less than one month	%	52.4	31.3	34.5	31.1	29.2	np	–	13.6	37.0
Less than three months	%	78.2	59.4	54.0	55.7	66.7	np	–	38.6	61.5
Less than nine months	%	86.3	84.4	78.8	77.0	95.8	np	–	75.0	82.0
Total admissions	no.	124	32	113	61	24	7	–	44	405
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	7.3	6.5	4.4	3.8	4.8	10.6	2.9	np	6.1
Seven days or less	%	21.5	18.7	15.3	11.6	15.2	25.1	8.5	8.4	18.2
Less than one month	%	45.8	47.0	42.7	34.3	41.4	53.9	36.2	35.3	44.3
Less than three months	%	71.4	72.6	66.2	65.1	68.1	75.1	64.9	68.1	70.0
Less than nine months	%	89.5	91.5	86.0	90.5	87.6	90.9	87.9	88.2	89.3
Total admissions	no.	19 411	14 137	10 040	4 472	5 192	1 667	621	119	55 659
CACP										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	16.5	np	20.5	26.0	np	np	50.0	16.0	17.8

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	28.2	8.6	26.1	32.0	np	np	58.3	22.2	24.1
Less than one month	%	55.3	40.0	54.5	60.0	50.0	np	66.7	29.6	48.0
Less than three months	%	78.8	71.4	75.0	84.0	66.7	np	66.7	56.8	72.0
Less than nine months	%	92.9	92.9	88.6	92.0	88.9	np	91.7	84.0	90.0
Total admissions	no.	85	70	88	50	18	6	12	81	410
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	2.4	3.2	4.4	4.9	5.9	3.8	4.0	6.5	3.6
Seven days or less	%	7.3	7.6	13.3	17.0	16.0	10.2	8.2	15.0	10.5
Less than one month	%	32.0	30.2	48.6	55.7	46.4	29.8	42.1	57.0	38.9
Less than three months	%	66.0	62.4	76.0	79.7	74.4	60.3	75.9	81.3	69.5
Less than nine months	%	93.9	93.5	92.7	94.9	93.9	93.1	94.2	96.3	93.7
Total admissions	no.	6 559	4 224	3 644	2 081	1 639	423	328	107	19 005
EACH										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	20.0	np	np	21.4	np	np	np	–	13.3
Seven days or less	%	32.0	np	np	25.0	np	np	np	–	21.0
Less than one month	%	48.0	53.8	47.4	53.6	np	np	np	np	45.7
Less than three months	%	84.0	92.3	63.2	75.0	np	np	np	54.5	72.4
Less than nine months	%	88.0	92.3	84.2	85.7	np	np	np	72.7	83.8
Total admissions	no.	25	13	19	28	5	np	np	11	105
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	4.3	3.0	3.0	6.5	3.8	7.3	np	np	4.3
Seven days or less	%	9.2	6.7	8.4	17.9	9.2	8.5	6.9	15.9	10.5
Less than one month	%	31.4	23.6	37.1	55.7	20.0	17.1	42.6	59.1	37.2
Less than three months	%	58.3	48.2	66.9	80.8	43.2	51.2	77.0	81.8	64.2

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	79.5	78.4	85.0	91.7	69.2	85.4	94.6	97.7	84.0
Total admissions	no.	1 177	796	1 151	1 098	185	82	204	44	4 737
EACH-D										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	42.1
Less than one month	%	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	63.2
Less than three months	%	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	73.7
Less than nine months	%	np	np	np	np	–	–	–	np	89.5
Total admissions	no.	np	np	np	8	–	–	–	np	19
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	4.0	3.4	4.2	6.6	5.9	np	np	np	4.7
Seven days or less	%	12.9	7.1	15.9	19.4	13.0	10.4	11.7	35.7	14.0
Less than one month	%	38.1	28.0	55.2	60.6	27.2	37.3	53.3	71.4	45.2
Less than three months	%	66.7	63.5	79.1	82.0	60.4	64.2	88.3	85.7	72.7
Less than nine months	%	88.5	91.7	92.0	93.2	89.3	92.5	100.0	100.0	91.5
Total admissions	no.	645	532	762	573	169	67	60	14	2 822
2012-13										
<i>Residential Aged Care (f)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	14.6	np	5.1	9.3	np	np	–	np	9.4
Seven days or less	%	31.7	30.0	15.3	13.0	29.4	np	–	np	21.0
Less than one month	%	56.1	50.0	29.6	33.3	41.2	60.0	–	27.8	40.8
Less than three months	%	79.3	70.0	50.0	57.4	64.7	70.0	–	44.4	62.1

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	93.9	86.7	73.5	81.5	88.2	80.0	–	83.3	83.2
Total admissions	no.	82	30	98	54	17.0	10.0	–	18	309
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	9.1	8.1	4.6	3.9	5.3	10.6	2.6	np	7.2
Seven days or less	%	26.6	23.2	18.2	13.2	17.8	28.2	6.8	np	22.0
Less than one month	%	53.1	54.6	47.8	37.4	45.6	53.2	25.3	22.0	50.1
Less than three months	%	74.0	77.2	66.3	66.5	70.6	73.2	56.3	52.0	72.1
Less than nine months	%	86.6	89.6	81.5	84.9	84.7	88.0	79.0	76.0	85.9
Total admissions	no.	11 891	8 067	6 640	2 764	3 873	1 279	352	50	34 916
Low Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	–	np	9.0
Seven days or less	%	18.2	np	np	np	np	np	–	np	16.4
Less than one month	%	40.0	37.5	44.0	25.0	np	np	–	np	37.3
Less than three months	%	63.6	68.8	72.0	64.3	np	np	–	np	64.9
Less than nine months	%	96.4	81.3	96.0	96.4	np	np	–	np	91.8
Total admissions	no.	55	16	25	28	np	np	–	5	134
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	4.4	4.7	3.9	2.6	3.7	8.6	np	–	4.2
Seven days or less	%	12.4	12.8	11.9	8.1	10.3	21.6	5.9	–	12.0
Less than one month	%	34.3	36.3	36.6	28.3	30.8	44.2	22.4	np	34.5
Less than three months	%	65.8	66.3	64.1	60.5	62.5	69.1	54.3	61.5	64.9
Less than nine months	%	92.4	92.4	90.6	91.8	90.9	93.0	89.4	88.5	91.9
Total admissions	no.	8 085	6 682	3 527	1 977	1 547	430	254	26	22 528

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	11.7	15.2	5.7	9.8	np	np	–	np	9.3
Seven days or less	%	26.3	28.3	15.4	12.2	25.0	np	–	np	19.6
Less than one month	%	49.6	45.7	32.5	30.5	45.0	58.3	–	26.1	39.7
Less than three months	%	73.0	69.6	54.5	59.8	65.0	66.7	–	43.5	63.0
Less than nine months	%	94.9	84.8	78.0	86.6	90.0	75.0	–	73.9	85.8
Total admissions	no.	137	46	123	82	20	12	–	23	443
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	7.2	6.6	4.4	3.4	4.8	10.1	2.0	np	6.0
Seven days or less	%	20.8	18.5	16.0	11.1	15.6	26.6	6.4	np	18.1
Less than one month	%	45.5	46.3	43.9	33.6	41.4	51.0	24.1	17.1	44.0
Less than three months	%	70.7	72.3	65.6	64.0	68.3	72.1	55.4	55.3	69.3
Less than nine months	%	88.9	90.9	84.7	87.8	86.5	89.3	83.3	80.3	88.3
Total admissions	no.	19 976	14 749	10 167	4 741	5 420	1 709	606	76	57 444
CACP										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	24.4	np	17.6	14.0	–	np	np	15.2	14.6
Seven days or less	%	34.1	6.5	23.5	22.8	np	np	np	24.1	22.2
Less than one month	%	53.7	20.8	49.4	57.9	43.8	np	np	38.0	43.5
Less than three months	%	73.2	55.8	68.2	82.5	81.3	np	np	62.0	67.9
Less than nine months	%	90.2	89.6	88.2	94.7	81.3	np	np	75.9	87.4
Total admissions	no.	82	77	85	57	16	np	np	79	405
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	2.7	3.8	4.2	5.2	5.9	5.0	2.3	10.2	3.9

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	6.9	7.5	11.1	16.1	14.7	10.0	6.5	19.7	9.6
Less than one month	%	27.0	28.5	44.5	50.3	43.7	27.4	32.9	50.4	34.9
Less than three months	%	58.9	61.0	73.1	77.1	71.4	57.1	67.4	79.5	65.4
Less than nine months	%	91.3	92.3	91.7	94.4	94.2	90.9	90.6	95.3	92.2
Total admissions	no.	6 669	4 143	3 823	1 994	1 658	438	310	127	19 162
EACH										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	–	np	–	np	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	–	np	np	14.6
Less than one month	%	np	25.0	np	50.0	np	–	np	np	36.6
Less than three months	%	72.2	35.0	np	80.0	np	–	np	np	67.1
Less than nine months	%	88.9	75.0	np	95.0	np	–	np	np	85.4
Total admissions	no.	18	20	8	20	6	–	np	np	82
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	3.2	2.7	1.4	4.8	3.4	np	np	np	3.1
Seven days or less	%	7.1	6.9	5.9	12.6	9.3	9.8	8.0	np	8.4
Less than one month	%	23.4	19.8	26.0	49.8	21.9	25.6	37.5	42.9	30.7
Less than three months	%	45.8	44.0	51.5	79.8	41.8	50.0	75.6	66.7	56.5
Less than nine months	%	70.5	75.6	79.4	92.1	71.7	75.6	88.6	92.9	79.7
Total admissions	no.	1 201	784	927	1 184	237	82	176	42	4 633
EACH-D										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	–	np	–	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	np	–	np	–	np	np
Less than one month	%	np	np	53.8	np	–	np	–	np	41.2

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than three months	%	np	np	69.2	np	–	np	–	np	70.6
Less than nine months	%	np	np	84.6	np	–	np	–	np	88.2
Total admissions	no.	np	6	13	7	–	np	–	np	34
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	2.9	2.5	3.0	4.5	3.8	7.9	np	30.4	3.6
Seven days or less	%	7.2	6.8	11.2	13.4	9.7	13.2	14.6	47.8	10.3
Less than one month	%	28.2	25.9	44.4	49.8	29.0	30.3	56.2	69.6	37.8
Less than three months	%	54.2	53.4	71.5	77.9	54.8	59.2	87.6	91.3	64.9
Less than nine months	%	82.1	84.8	89.5	90.9	82.8	78.9	96.6	100.0	86.8
Total admissions	no.	681	513	734	625	186	76	89	23	2 927
2013-14										
<i>Residential Aged Care (f)</i>										
High Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	9.3	np	8.4	np	–	np	np	–	5.9
Seven days or less	%	25.2	32.0	18.7	9.7	–	np	np	–	17.4
Less than one month	%	50.5	60.0	42.1	29.0	np	np	np	np	39.3
Less than three months	%	70.1	72.0	62.6	53.2	76.9	np	np	np	61.2
Less than nine months	%	84.1	88.0	79.4	79.0	92.3	np	np	50.0	79.5
Total admissions	no.	107	25	107	62	13	np	np	np	356
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	7.6	6.5	4.3	3.2	4.0	11.2	2.9	7.5	6.0
Seven days or less	%	24.1	20.4	15.3	10.6	14.3	27.3	7.0	10.4	19.3
Less than one month	%	51.0	52.1	43.1	34.0	41.5	52.3	25.1	29.9	47.0
Less than three months	%	72.1	75.1	63.4	62.4	66.5	70.2	49.6	55.2	69.4

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Less than nine months	%	85.9	88.0	78.9	82.2	83.3	84.8	74.0	73.1	84.3
Total admissions	no.	12 992	8 862	7 310	3 010	4 145	1 244	415	67	38 045
Low Care Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	–	np	5.5
Seven days or less	%	21.3	np	np	np	np	np	–	np	15.6
Less than one month	%	51.1	np	29.4	45.5	np	np	–	np	39.4
Less than three months	%	74.5	np	52.9	81.8	np	np	–	np	67.0
Less than nine months	%	95.7	np	82.4	90.9	np	np	–	np	89.9
Total admissions	no.	47	9	34	11	5	np	–	np	109
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	3.3	4.2	3.1	2.2	3.0	6.1	2.4	np	3.5
Seven days or less	%	10.5	11.2	11.3	7.4	8.6	17.5	6.3	np	10.6
Less than one month	%	31.0	32.6	34.8	24.9	28.7	41.6	17.9	28.6	31.5
Less than three months	%	63.0	63.4	61.3	57.1	61.7	70.3	42.0	59.5	62.2
Less than nine months	%	91.2	91.5	89.1	90.8	90.2	92.9	84.5	90.5	90.8
Total admissions	no.	8 185	7 105	3 372	1 885	1 476	462	207	42	22 734
All Residents										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	9.1	np	7.1	np	–	–	np	–	5.8
Seven days or less	%	24.0	23.5	17.0	12.3	–	np	np	–	17.0
Less than one month	%	50.6	50.0	39.0	31.5	np	np	np	np	39.4
Less than three months	%	71.4	70.6	60.3	57.5	77.8	72.7	np	21.2	62.6
Less than nine months	%	87.7	91.2	80.1	80.8	88.9	90.9	np	48.5	81.9
Total admissions	no.	154	34	141	73	18	np	np	33	465

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	6.0	5.4	3.9	2.8	3.8	9.8	2.7	5.5	5.1
Seven days or less	%	18.9	16.3	14.0	9.3	12.8	24.7	6.8	8.3	16.0
Less than one month	%	43.2	43.4	40.5	30.5	38.1	49.4	22.7	29.4	41.2
Less than three months	%	68.6	69.9	62.7	60.4	65.3	70.2	47.1	56.9	66.7
Less than nine months	%	87.9	89.5	82.1	85.5	85.1	87.0	77.5	79.8	86.7
Total admissions	no.	21 177	15 967	10 682	4 895	5 621	1 706	622	109	60 779
<i>Home Care recipients</i>										
Levels 1–2										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	np	–	13.6	5.8
Seven days or less	%	18.6	np	12.5	20.7	np	np	–	15.9	13.7
Less than one month	%	37.3	13.9	35.4	41.4	np	np	–	25.0	29.6
Less than three months	%	62.7	25.0	58.3	65.5	np	np	–	38.6	50.0
Less than nine months	%	84.7	72.2	85.4	79.3	np	np	–	70.5	78.8
Total admissions	no.	59	np	48	29	np	np	–	np	226
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	1.4	1.3	2.4	3.4	3.3	1.9	–	–	1.9
Seven days or less	%	4.3	3.6	8.2	13.6	11.8	4.8	4.0	np	6.2
Less than one month	%	18.0	16.8	30.1	41.1	34.9	18.6	25.4	27.3	23.4
Less than three months	%	42.6	41.8	56.5	62.3	59.2	43.2	52.7	78.8	48.2
Less than nine months	%	80.0	80.1	81.8	83.6	87.3	77.6	84.4	100.0	81.3
Total admissions	no.	5 219	3 349	2 595	1 275	1 041	419	224	33	14 155

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Levels 3–4										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	–	–	np	np
Seven days or less	%	np	np	np	np	np	–	–	np	np
Less than one month	%	21.4	np	np	np	np	–	–	np	29.4
Less than three months	%	64.3	np	np	np	np	–	–	np	58.8
Less than nine months	%	71.4	np	np	np	np	–	–	np	67.6
Total admissions	no.	14	np	6	7	np	–	–	np	34
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	2.0	np	2.2	2.1	np	np	np	–	1.7
Seven days or less	%	4.9	1.9	5.9	8.3	7.0	np	4.5	–	5.2
Less than one month	%	18.3	11.0	26.8	39.8	25.9	17.6	29.1	26.3	23.9
Less than three months	%	44.6	33.2	52.5	67.7	47.3	37.4	64.5	36.8	49.4
Less than nine months	%	74.6	67.6	77.0	86.0	71.6	72.5	81.8	73.7	76.1
Total admissions	no.	1 008	746	716	799	201	91	110	19	3 690
Levels 1–4										
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander										
Within two days or less	%	6.8	np	np	np	np	np	–	12.8	5.4
Seven days or less	%	17.8	np	11.1	19.4	np	np	–	14.9	13.1
Less than one month	%	34.2	15.8	33.3	47.2	np	np	–	23.4	29.6
Less than three months	%	63.0	28.9	59.3	66.7	np	np	–	36.2	51.2
Less than nine months	%	82.2	73.7	85.2	80.6	np	np	–	66.0	77.3
Total admissions	no.	73	38	54	36	np	np	–	47	260
Non-Indigenous										
Within two days or less	%	1.5	1.1	2.4	2.9	3.1	1.8	np	–	1.8

TABLE 13A.45

Table 13A.45 **Elapsed times for aged care services, by State and Territory, by Indigenous status (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Seven days or less	%	4.4	3.3	7.7	11.5	11.0	4.3	4.2	np	6.0
Less than one month	%	18.1	15.7	29.4	40.6	33.4	18.4	26.6	26.9	23.5
Less than three months	%	42.9	40.3	55.6	64.4	57.2	42.2	56.6	63.5	48.4
Less than nine months	%	79.1	77.8	80.8	84.5	84.8	76.7	83.5	90.4	80.2
Total admissions	no.	6 227	4 095	3 311	2 074	1 242	510	334	52	17 845

(a) Data only includes records where ACAT approval is before admission date. Data only includes first admissions in the financial year.

(b) Data with Indigenous status 'unknown' is excluded.

(c) Data are based location of the aged care service.

(d) Excludes elapsed time unknown.

(e) Data for elapsed time by Indigenous status were sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory and therefore may have slightly different total numbers of admissions.

(f) Data for residential care only includes permanent residents.

np Not published. – Nil or rounded to zero

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) *Aged Care Data Warehouse*.

TABLE 13A.46

Table 13A.46 Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2004-05										
Community										
Private residence	%	44.7	50.1	34.1	39.6	38.1	50.7	63.3	61.8	44.1
Other community (e)	%	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.9	4.0	2.2	5.7	5.1	3.7
Total community	%	48.1	53.7	37.8	44.5	42.1	52.9	69.0	66.9	47.8
Residential										
High care	%	22.9	19.5	26.8	23.6	28.5	25.7	13.7	14.6	23.0
Low care	%	19.2	17.7	26.0	25.3	21.5	19.1	10.8	7.7	20.4
Total residential	%	42.1	37.2	52.8	48.9	50.0	44.8	24.5	22.3	43.4
Other (f)	%	1.8	0.7	1.4	1.0	1.4	0.3	2.4	9.1	1.3
No long term plan made (g)	%	5.6	2.2	0.4	4.0	8.1	1.5	3.7	1.3	3.8
Total	no.	58 986	43 660	24 452	14 237	13 264	3 874	2 736	773	161 982
2005-06										
Community										
Private residence	%	48.9	53.5	40.9	43.3	40.5	53.4	66.4	62.6	48.1
Other community (e)	%	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.9	4.0	2.2	5.7	5.1	3.7
Total community	%	52.2	57.1	44.6	48.2	44.4	55.7	72.0	67.7	51.8
Residential										
High care	%	23.4	20.4	28.4	22.2	27.9	25.6	14.6	14.7	23.5
Low care	%	19.2	17.0	24.7	21.7	19.6	17.2	10.4	8.8	19.5
Total residential	%	42.6	37.3	53.2	43.9	47.5	42.8	25.1	23.4	43.0
Other (f)	%	2.0	1.1	1.8	0.3	1.8	0.4	1.9	8.3	1.5
No long term plan made (g)	%	3.2	4.5	0.4	7.5	6.3	1.1	1.0	0.6	3.7
Total	no.	57 612	43 087	26 704	15 377	14 821	4 139	2 619	807	165 166

TABLE 13A.46

Table 13A.46 Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2006-07										
Community										
Private residence	%	46.7	51.5	37.7	44.3	38.4	50.2	64.2	60.9	45.9
Other community (e)	%	3.3	3.5	4.3	4.5	3.6	2.0	5.2	9.5	3.7
Total community	%	50.0	55.0	42.0	48.8	42.0	52.2	69.4	70.4	49.6
Residential										
High care	%	21.2	18.6	23.0	20.3	26.0	23.0	15.9	13.8	21.1
Low care	%	16.9	14.5	19.0	19.5	16.9	13.3	10.6	9.5	16.7
Total residential	%	38.1	33.1	42.0	39.8	42.9	36.3	26.5	23.3	37.8
Other (f)	%	2.4	1.4	4.2	0.3	2.2	0.2	1.2	5.6	2.2
No long term plan made (g)	%	9.5	10.5	11.7	11.0	12.9	11.3	2.8	0.7	10.5
Total	no.	65 311	47 873	32 369	16 945	15 718	4 718	2 180	951	186 065
2007-08										
Community										
Private residence	%	44.7	53.6	34.3	44.6	38.1	49.1	56.5	61.8	44.9
Other community (e)	%	2.9	3.2	3.9	4.4	3.6	1.7	4.7	9.0	3.4
Total community	%	47.6	56.8	38.3	48.9	41.7	50.8	61.2	70.8	48.3
Residential										
High care	%	24.8	20.4	24.7	23.4	28.2	29.3	20.8	11.7	23.8
Low care	%	16.8	13.7	16.8	18.9	17.5	11.7	12.2	6.3	16.0
Total residential	%	41.6	34.1	41.5	42.3	45.7	41.0	33.0	17.9	39.8
Other (f)	%	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.3	1.7	0.2	1.8	3.9	0.8
No long term plan made (g)	%	9.8	8.6	19.5	8.5	10.5	8.0	2.9	7.2	11.0
Total	no.	69 117	49 945	34 783	17 987	16 185	5 017	1 948	1 038	196 020

TABLE 13A.46

Table 13A.46 Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2008-09										
Community										
Private residence	%	48.2	55.2	34.3	45.0	40.4	57.0	66.7	60.2	47.0
Other community (e)	%	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.4	3.8	2.1	3.1	9.3	3.6
Total community	%	51.3	58.7	38.2	49.4	44.2	59.2	69.8	69.5	50.5
Residential										
High care	%	22.7	18.4	22.8	21.6	27.4	21.4	14.8	12.9	21.7
Low care	%	15.3	11.6	15.6	16.6	15.3	9.2	9.8	7.4	14.3
Total residential	%	38.0	30.0	38.4	38.2	42.7	30.6	24.6	20.3	36.0
Other (f)	%	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	2.6	0.1	2.1	3.0	0.6
No long term plan made (g)	%	10.0	10.9	23.1	12.1	10.4	10.1	3.5	7.2	12.8
Total	no.	69 610	50 113	35 971	18 855	16 535	5 189	2 138	912	199 323
2009-10										
Community										
Private residence	%	45.9	55.8	34.8	46.6	37.6	53.4	63.3	57.3	46.3
Other community (e)	%	3.4	3.7	4.1	4.4	4.2	3.1	4.7	9.6	3.8
Total community	%	49.3	59.5	38.8	50.9	41.9	56.5	68.0	66.8	50.0
Residential										
High care	%	24.9	20.0	26.9	21.6	31.6	26.6	17.7	15.1	24.2
Low care	%	16.6	12.4	16.9	15.6	14.1	9.1	9.8	8.4	14.9
Total residential	%	41.5	32.4	43.7	37.2	45.7	35.6	27.5	23.5	39.1
Other (f)	%	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.2	2.3	0.1	2.5	2.4	0.6
No long term plan made (g)	%	8.8	7.6	17.1	11.7	10.1	7.8	2.0	7.3	10.2
Total	no.	60 388	46 805	31 818	19 189	16 898	4 613	2 049	929	182 689

TABLE 13A.46

Table 13A.46 Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2010-11										
Community										
Private residence	%	44.5	54.2	34.8	47.2	36.5	55.3	61.2	61.0	45.6
Other community (e)	%	3.0	3.8	4.2	4.6	4.0	3.3	4.6	7.9	3.7
Total community	%	47.5	58.0	39.0	51.8	40.6	58.6	65.9	69.0	49.4
Residential										
High care	%	25.8	19.9	28.0	20.4	33.8	24.0	18.1	16.1	24.5
Low care	%	16.9	13.0	17.8	14.3	14.2	8.9	12.0	6.8	15.2
Total residential	%	42.8	32.9	45.7	34.7	47.9	32.8	30.1	22.9	39.7
Other (f)	%	0.4	0.7	0.2	0.2	2.8	0.2	2.3	2.1	0.6
No long term plan made (g)	%	9.3	8.4	15.1	13.3	8.7	8.3	1.7	6.0	10.3
Total	no.	58 850	46 803	30 521	19 339	13 493	4 609	1 788	983	176 386
2011-12 (h)										
Community										
Private residence	%	45.8	53.9	37.4	48.6	35.0	57.5	71.0	57.3	46.6
Other community (e)	%	3.3	4.3	4.6	5.3	3.9	3.1	5.5	6.5	4.1
Total community	%	49.0	58.2	42.0	54.0	38.9	60.6	76.4	63.8	50.7
Residential										
High care	%	25.8	18.2	26.6	19.3	32.2	25.0	15.1	13.8	23.5
Low care	%	15.8	12.4	14.8	11.7	13.0	6.6	5.3	7.3	13.6
Total residential	%	41.6	30.6	41.4	31.0	45.3	31.6	20.4	21.1	37.1
Other (f)	%	0.2	1.3	0.2	0.2	3.3	0.1	1.6	1.7	0.8
No long term plan made (g)	%	9.2	9.9	16.4	14.8	12.5	7.7	1.6	13.3	11.4
Total	no.	59 360	49 501	32 647	19 211	14 149	4 885	2 146	1 029	182 928

TABLE 13A.46

Table 13A.46 Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13 (h)										
Community										
Private residence	%	47.7	55.4	39.0	48.5	36.0	59.0	63.2	66.1	48.1
Other community (e)	%	3.7	4.5	4.8	4.9	3.7	3.2	5.5	5.0	4.3
Total community	%	51.4	59.9	43.8	53.4	39.7	62.2	68.7	71.1	52.4
Residential										
High care	%	25.1	17.9	26.0	20.2	35.7	23.7	14.4	12.0	23.3
Low care	%	15.7	11.2	14.0	13.0	12.9	5.6	4.4	5.5	13.2
Total residential	%	40.8	29.1	40.0	33.2	48.6	29.3	18.8	17.5	36.5
Other (f)	%	0.4	1.3	0.2	0.2	3.9	0.1	1.3	0.9	0.9
No long term plan made (g)	%	7.4	9.6	16.0	13.2	7.7	8.3	11.3	10.5	10.2
Total	no.	59 334	51 278	33 221	18 726	13 178	4 662	2 214	922	183 535

- (a) Data in this table includes complete assessments only for years after 2006-07.
- (b) The client count is sourced from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse and may change in subsequent data loads. The individual client count was achieved by taking the most recent assessment for an individual client (if the client had more than one assessment in the financial year).
- (c) Results for this table may have been derived using small numbers, in particular where the rates are for a small program, smaller jurisdictions or remote/very remote areas.
- (d) Aged Care Assessment Program 2009-10 data for NSW in the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse includes an unknown number of duplicate records created by a range of database changes and/or Aged Care Assessment Team amalgamations undertaken by the respective state governments. This has a flow-on effect on the national figures.
- (e) Includes independent living in retirement villages, supported community accommodation and boarding houses.
- (f) Includes hospital, other institutional care and other.
- (g) No long term plan made includes the following categories: died, cancelled, transferred, other incomplete assessments and unknown.
- (h) Data for 2011-12 and 2012-13 were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective dates of 31 August 2013 and 31 August 2014 respectively. Future extracts of this data may change and thus alter final numbers.

Table 13A.46 **Recommended location of longer term living arrangements of Aged Care Assessment Program (ACAP) clients (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (d)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) *ACAP Minimum Data Set, Aged Care Data Warehouse*.

TABLE 13A.47

Table 13A.47 **Older people needing assistance with at least one everyday activity: extent to which need was met, 2012 (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Persons with a need not fully met	'000	120.4	122.8	75.8	35.0	33.3	12.7	4.2	1.4	404.0
Lower confidence interval	'000	105.9	110.8	65.7	28.9	28.1	10.2	2.9	0.8	384.6
Upper confidence interval	'000	134.9	134.8	85.9	41.1	38.5	15.2	5.5	2.0	423.4
All persons needing assistance	'000	398.0	332.6	216.2	95.1	98.1	34.8	13.9	3.7	1 189.9
Lower confidence interval	'000	374.6	314.9	201.7	86.4	89.0	31.4	12.0	2.8	1 156.1
Upper confidence interval	'000	421.4	350.3	230.7	103.8	107.2	38.2	15.8	4.6	1 223.7
Self-reported total or partial unmet need	%	30.3	36.9	35.1	36.8	34.0	36.5	30.3	38.8	34.0
Lower confidence interval	%	27.1	33.8	31.0	31.4	29.8	30.4	21.8	26.3	32.7
Upper confidence interval	%	33.5	40.0	39.2	42.2	38.2	42.6	38.8	51.3	35.3

(a) Aged 65 years or over, living in households.

(b) Measures need for assistance with the following activities: transport, household chores, property maintenance and meal preparation.

(c) Upper and lower confidence intervals represent the 95 per cent confidence interval associated with each point estimate.

(d) The random adjustment of estimates, by perturbation, for the purpose of maintaining confidentiality, may result in the sum of components not equalling the total, or subtotal. In these cases, the difference between the sum of components and its total will be small and will not impact the overall information value of the estimate for the total or any individual component.

Source: ABS (unpublished) *Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012, Cat. no. 4430.0*.

TABLE 13A.48

Table 13A.48 **Public hospital separations for care type "maintenance" for older people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2009-10</i>										
Length of stay in separation with diagnosis Z75.11 or Z74.2 (g)										
35 days or more	no.	339	169	661	108	204	68	71	13	1 633
less than 35 days	no.	3 804	323	2 373	618	1 589	229	482	159	9 577
Total	no.	4 143	492	3 034	726	1 793	297	553	172	11 210
Proportion greater than 35 days	%	8.2	34.3	21.8	14.9	11.4	22.9	12.8	7.6	14.6
Total number of public hospital separations for people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64years										
	no.	635 603	554 434	317 861	187 492	153 872	37 472	33 164	37 473	1 957 371
<i>2010-11</i>										
Length of stay in separation with diagnosis Z75.11 or Z74.2 (g)										
35 days or more	no.	397	122	715	87	182	74	57	16	1 650
less than 35 days	no.	4 536	232	2 782	599	1 664	246	583	133	10 775
Total	no.	4 933	354	3 497	686	1 846	320	640	149	12 425
Proportion greater than 35 days	%	8.0	34.5	20.4	12.7	9.9	23.1	8.9	10.7	13.3
Total number of public hospital separations for people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64years										
	no.	665 153	583 744	342 563	203 217	160 181	37 859	35 124	39 777	2 067 618
<i>2011-12</i>										
Length of stay in separation with diagnosis Z75.11 or Z74.2 (g)										
35 days or more	no.	406	71	599	97	188	52	59	24	1 496
less than 35 days	no.	4 810	196	2 985	572	1 659	247	522	40	11 031
Total	no.	5 216	267	3 584	669	1 847	299	581	64	12 527
Proportion greater than 35 days	%	7.8	26.6	16.7	14.5	10.2	17.4	10.2	37.5	11.9
Total number of public hospital separations for people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64years										
	no.	700 421	609 923	357 837	222 296	168 352	38 648	36 719	43 840	2 178 036

TABLE 13A.48

Table 13A.48 **Public hospital separations for care type "maintenance" for older people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50-64 years (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2012-13</i>										
Length of stay in separation with diagnosis Z75.11 or Z74.2 (g)										
35 days or more	no.	363	63	488	133	134	23	97	37	1 338
less than 35 days	no.	4 845	151	3 314	572	1 502	247	303	18	10 952
Total	no.	5 208	214	3 802	705	1 636	270	400	55	12 290
Proportion greater than 35 days	%	7.0	29.4	12.8	18.9	8.2	8.5	24.3	67.3	10.9
Total number of public hospital separations for people aged 65 years and over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64years										
	no.	731 068	592 666	374 270	232 536	171 762	42 433	36 864	47 322	2 228 921

- (a) Data includes completed hospital separations with a care type of maintenance care for people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 50–64 years, with a principal or additional diagnosis of Z75.11 or Z74.2. Z75.11 is defined as “person awaiting admission to residential aged care”. Z74.2 is defined as “need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care”.
- (b) These data only account for completed unlinked separations — that is, if a change in the type of care occurs during a patient’s hospital stay, these data do not combine these separations to reflect the full length of hospital stay for a patient.
- (c) Diagnosis codes may not be applied consistently across jurisdictions, or over time.
- (d) Although the diagnosis codes reflect a care type, they do not determine a persons appropriate requirement for residential aged care (this is determined by an ACAT assessment).
- (e) The code ‘need for assistance at home and no other household member able to render care’ may also be used for respite care for aged care residents or those receiving community care and some jurisdictions may have a high proportion of this type of use. This is particularly relevant in some rural areas where there are few alternative options for these clients.
- (f) Data from 2011-12 include public patients in private hospitals, these patients were not included in 2009-10 or 2010-11.
- (g) Includes separations with a care type of maintenance only.

np Not published.

Source: AIHW (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>2007-08</i>									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	2 725	–	4 282	3 095	1 493	257	–	1 683	13 278
Other Australians (d)	74 060	30 178	126 325	39 135	66 207	14 599	6 415	3 202	339 107
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	26 149	4 068	60 479	25 114	28 166	160	6 409	–	150 545
Inner regional	23 855	19 203	20 614	2 460	1 471	11 026	6	–	78 635
Outer regional	14 794	6 593	45 159	12 082	17 507	3 185	–	4 190	103 510
Remote	7 978	307	2 329	1 912	17 346	418	–	494	30 784
Very remote	91	–	1 653	288	3 208	67	–	201	5 508
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	30 020	8 481	39 559	3 426	14 172	6 711	6	759	103 134
Quintile 2	18 640	10 115	26 579	10 857	28 001	1 286	31	140	95 649
Quintile 3	12 796	7 975	25 000	12 856	11 979	2 988	303	3 429	77 326
Quintile 4	4 413	2 996	25 288	6 009	4 214	3 781	857	531	48 089
Quintile 5	6 998	604	13 808	8 708	9 332	90	5 218	26	44 784
Total (g)	76 785	30 178	130 607	42 230	67 700	14 856	6 415	4 885	373 656
Rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	15.3	–	20.2	21.1	26.7	26.8	–	10.7	16.9
Other Australians (d)	9.1	4.6	26.7	17.3	30.5	25.5	18.1	24.8	14.2

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	4.6	0.9	21.3	14.8	18.3	58.9	21.4	–	8.9
Inner regional	13.8	14.0	17.7	8.4	6.7	28.8	0.2	–	15.1
Outer regional	24.0	17.6	62.1	51.1	50.1	17.9	–	33.6	39.4
Remote	125.8	33.6	20.9	17.3	201.1	51.1	–	8.1	68.3
Very remote	13.8	–	23.9	4.8	118.3	23.1	–	2.1	21.1
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	16.7	7.3	30.1	16.9	18.8	21.8	0.6	5.9	18.2
Quintile 2	8.3	8.4	32.2	21.1	53.9	24.4	0.9	4.3	17.7
Quintile 3	8.9	5.9	26.1	17.2	35.6	26.9	14.2	56.3	15.4
Quintile 4	3.8	2.2	21.9	15.1	12.2	36.8	7.6	12.3	10.3
Quintile 5	4.5	0.4	20.9	16.2	35.2	112.6	28.6	1.7	9.6
Total (g)	9.3	4.6	26.4	17.5	30.4	25.5	17.8	17.0	14.6
2008-09 (h)									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	863	123	5 743	681	1 676	–	–	1 512	10 598
Other Australians (d)	57 177	27 917	133 453	38 704	60 810	12 477	3 963	4 300	338 801
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	29 201	3 195	58 826	18 020	25 149	135	3 910	14	138 450
Inner regional	18 371	16 034	23 583	3 160	4 666	8 487	28	–	74 329
Outer regional	9 752	8 716	45 943	11 351	14 858	3 744	25	4 962	99 351

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remote	118	85	7 046	6 372	9 510	111	–	445	23 687
Very remote	47	–	3 491	427	8 260	–	–	391	12 616
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	16 932	7 043	41 257	3 446	16 821	7 588	–	888	93 975
Quintile 2	17 368	7 047	30 998	15 229	21 964	793	4	175	93 578
Quintile 3	11 064	9 011	24 879	11 100	13 322	2 871	218	3 098	75 563
Quintile 4	6 147	4 006	27 401	3 573	3 876	1 225	1 333	1 568	49 129
Quintile 5	5 978	923	14 230	5 982	6 460	–	2 408	83	36 064
Total (g)	58 040	28 040	139 196	39 385	62 486	12 477	3 963	5 812	349 399
Rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	4.7	3.2	26.1	4.7	29.6	–	–	9.2	13.1
Other Australians (d)	7.1	4.3	27.5	16.7	28.3	22.8	10.6	32.2	13.4
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	5.1	0.7	20.0	10.4	16.5	55.5	12.5	4.3	8.2
Inner regional	10.6	11.7	20.0	10.5	19.8	23.0	0.7	–	14.2
Outer regional	16.6	23.0	61.3	45.9	44.6	22.0	1.2	39.0	38.0
Remote	2.2	10.4	66.4	58.7	np	15.1	–	7.1	54.9
Very remote	7.8	–	45.9	7.6	np	–	–	4.0	46.8
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	9.6	6.1	30.4	17.4	22.2	24.7	–	6.7	16.6
Quintile 2	7.6	6.3	35.8	29.0	42.4	17.1	np	5.6	17.3
Quintile 3	7.9	6.6	25.2	14.5	38.6	27.4	9.3	51.9	15.0

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Quintile 4	5.5	2.8	23.6	8.5	11.8	13.3	11.0	31.7	10.4
Quintile 5	3.9	0.6	21.0	11.0	25.6	–	12.7	5.0	7.8
Total (f)	7.0	4.3	27.4	16.0	28.3	22.4	10.5	19.5	13.6
2009-10 (h), (i)									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	375	69	4 251	1 539	303	–	34	2 775	9 312
Other Australians (d)	64 424	25 624	123 481	31 410	57 499	7 149	4 817	3 378	305 816
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	27 754	1 075	47 657	9 308	26 947	303	4 823	–	117 867
Inner regional	24 682	14 965	21 456	1 828	2 792	4 581	12	–	70 316
Outer regional	11 870	9 280	46 238	12 956	14 677	2 059	16	3 357	100 453
Remote	107	np	9 720	8 651	10 402	np	–	1 165	30 047
Very remote	–	–	2 284	206	2 961	–	–	1 631	7 082
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	18 717	5 977	48 683	1 788	17 708	4 291	24	2 686	99 874
Quintile 2	16 656	8 255	23 463	15 494	18 051	353	62	246	82 580
Quintile 3	19 140	8 457	18 778	7 784	13 523	1 100	204	2 117	71 103
Quintile 4	4 859	2 164	25 333	3 948	4 650	896	1 463	768	44 081
Quintile 5	5 041	469	11 098	3 935	3 847	303	3 098	336	28 127
Total (g)	64 799	25 693	127 732	32 949	57 802	7 149	4 851	6 153	327 128

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	2.0	1.6	18.5	10.6	4.7	–	5.4	16.5	11.1
Other Australians (d)	8.0	3.8	24.9	13.1	26.8	12.0	12.7	26.0	12.5
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	4.7	0.2	15.8	5.2	17.5	np	15.1	–	6.7
Inner regional	14.7	10.3	17.8	5.6	12.0	11.1	0.3	–	13.1
Outer regional	20.2	23.7	61.6	53.3	45.3	12.1	np	27.5	38.5
Remote	2.0	np	87.4	75.3	123.1	np	–	17.8	67.4
Very remote	–	–	32.2	3.8	127.3	–	–	15.8	27.0
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	10.2	5.0	34.9	9.4	23.1	13.1	2.3	17.6	17.1
Quintile 2	7.4	6.5	26.7	28.9	36.0	7.0	1.7	13.0	15.0
Quintile 3	13.5	5.9	18.7	9.6	38.7	10.6	9.0	35.7	13.7
Quintile 4	4.3	1.5	21.5	9.0	14.3	7.9	12.1	16.6	9.2
Quintile 5	3.2	0.3	15.8	6.9	15.1	np	16.0	18.4	5.8
Total (g)	7.8	3.8	24.6	12.9	26.2	11.9	12.6	20.6	12.4
2010-11 (i)									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	2 344	65	10 403	353	961	–	–	3 108	17 234
Other Australians (d)	59 874	15 544	119 913	27 664	61 784	6 772	4 143	2 529	287 308

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	31 035	372	49 670	9 032	38 639	–	4 030	–	132 778
Inner regional	14 577	7 314	20 877	2 556	1 782	4 979	35	–	52 120
Outer regional	10 125	7 711	44 894	10 842	11 384	1 685	75	2 666	89 382
Remote	5 975	212	10 102	5 437	8 941	17	–	1 694	32 378
Very remote	–	–	4 107	90	1 904	–	–	1 277	7 378
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	22 963	5 837	38 981	3 105	18 105	4 368	–	1 901	95 260
Quintile 2	16 562	5 394	31 391	10 911	24 708	620	110	362	90 058
Quintile 3	10 701	2 187	26 028	5 745	10 042	919	440	2 394	58 456
Quintile 4	5 110	1 970	20 812	3 966	5 378	767	1 469	827	40 299
Quintile 5	6 376	221	12 434	4 230	4 417	7	2 121	153	29 959
Total (g)	62 218	15 609	130 316	28 017	62 745	6 772	4 143	5 637	315 457
Rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	11.1	1.3	44.9	2.2	11.8	–	–	17.8	18.9
Other Australians (d)	7.2	2.3	23.7	11.1	28.6	12.3	10.5	18.1	11.5
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	5.2	0.1	16.2	4.8	24.6	–	12.0	–	7.4
Inner regional	8.2	4.9	16.7	7.5	7.6	13.9	0.8	–	9.5
Outer regional	17.7	19.5	58.7	42.4	35.4	9.8	3.4	20.3	33.9
Remote	115.2	22.6	91.2	45.8	112.4	2.1	–	24.4	72.2

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Very remote	..	..	56.3	1.5	67.8	–	–	12.1	26.5
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	12.6	4.9	27.7	15.2	23.1	14.5	–	12.1	16.2
Quintile 2	7.0	4.0	34.6	19.0	48.0	12.1	3.1	16.2	15.5
Quintile 3	7.5	1.5	25.1	6.8	29.7	8.9	16.6	36.3	11.0
Quintile 4	4.4	1.4	17.5	8.7	15.5	9.0	11.8	17.1	8.3
Quintile 5	3.9	0.2	17.2	7.4	17.6	np	10.4	8.7	6.2
Total (g)	7.3	2.3	24.6	10.5	28.0	12.1	10.3	17.9	11.7
2011-12 (i)									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	669	26	1 941	442	181	–	99	1 366	4 724
Other Australians (d)	66 274	13 310	117 953	24 280	73 554	5 771	4 255	1 232	306 629
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	34 425	228	51 903	9 410	38 862	–	4 259	–	139 087
Inner regional	20 320	7 838	23 538	3 782	3 468	4 399	60	–	63 405
Outer regional	11 950	5 190	38 380	6 346	12 676	1 044	20	1 134	76 740
Remote	38	73	3 075	5 044	12 294	250	–	740	21 514
Very remote	–	–	2 425	136	2 870	–	–	724	6 155
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	23 437	3 216	38 863	3 029	10 654	4 121	35	1 046	84 401
Quintile 2	16 951	5 031	25 816	4 271	38 308	372	272	482	91 503

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Quintile 3	16 211	4 080	24 611	10 044	10 463	910	–	695	67 014
Quintile 4	4 095	981	18 801	2 976	6 914	290	1 573	158	35 788
Quintile 5	6 039	21	11 230	4 398	3 831	–	2 459	217	28 195
Total (g)	66 943	13 336	119 894	24 722	73 735	5 771	4 354	2 598	311 353
Rate per 1000 patient days rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	3.0	0.5	7.9	2.6	1.9	–	13.4	7.4	4.8
Other Australians (d)	7.6	1.9	22.7	9.4	33.2	10.9	10.2	8.8	11.5
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	5.4	–	16.3	4.8	24.4	..	12.1	..	7.5
Inner regional	11.3	5.1	18.5	10.7	14.0	12.4	1.3	..	11.3
Outer regional	21.2	13.2	48.8	25.2	36.3	6.4	0.9	8.5	28.8
Remote	0.8	8.5	29.9	42.7	142.7	30.6	..	11.1	48.8
Very remote	..	..	34.2	2.0	119.6	..	..	6.2	21.2
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	10.8	2.7	27.5	15.0	15.5	13.9	1.9	6.3	14.1
Quintile 2	7.3	3.3	25.1	11.9	56.8	7.3	9.2	19.9	15.5
Quintile 3	10.6	3.3	23.2	10.4	41.1	9.4	..	13.4	12.2
Quintile 4	3.8	0.6	16.3	5.5	17.5	3.3	14.0	3.9	7.0
Quintile 5	3.5	–	14.9	6.5	13.4	..	10.0	5.5	5.6
Total (g)	7.5	1.9	22.0	8.9	31.9	10.6	10.3	8.0	11.2

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2012-13(i)									
Number									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	672	10	3 926	469	1 635	20	–	1 771	8 483
Other Australians (d)	60 834	8 043	108 401	37 247	52 149	3 936	6 593	3 453	270 127
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	38 497	167	45 303	7 856	30 257	–	6 405	–	128 485
Inner regional	17 125	3 585	24 251	5 694	603	2 251	20	–	53 529
Outer regional	5 697	4 256	35 418	18 818	9 776	1 604	60	2 518	78 147
Remote	48	45	4 934	4 648	11 400	39	–	1 713	22 827
Very remote	–	–	2 126	669	1 701	62	–	993	5 551
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	22 356	1 401	41 986	2 081	6 053	2 213	29	1 187	77 306
Quintile 2	15 306	3 543	30 576	18 424	25 287	390	217	1 283	95 026
Quintile 3	9 877	2 530	16 195	12 250	14 720	771	315	1 477	58 135
Quintile 4	7 057	562	13 503	2 104	5 433	541	2 682	851	32 733
Quintile 5	6 771	17	9 760	2 826	2 244	41	3 242	426	25 327
Total (g)	61 506	8 053	112 327	37 716	53 784	3 956	6 593	5 224	289 159
Rate per 1000 patient days									
Indigenous status (c)									
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander	2.8	0.2	15.7	2.7	22.2	1.5	–	9.5	8.7
Other Australians (d)	7.1	1.2	20.6	14.0	24.1	7.2	15.7	23.5	10.5

TABLE 13A.49

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Remoteness of residence (e)									
Major cities	6.0	–	13.9	3.7	19.4	..	18.0	..	6.9
Inner regional	9.8	2.5	19.2	23.8	2.9	5.9	0.4	..	10.0
Outer regional	10.2	10.9	45.2	77.7	28.2	9.9	2.9	17.8	29.5
Remote	1.1	4.4	57.8	37.5	132.4	4.4	..	25.3	53.7
Very remote	–	–	25.8	11.7	77.0	22	..	8.5	18.8
SEIFA of residence (f)									
Quintile 1	10.0	1.1	28.5	6.3	10.0	8.5	1.4	7.8	12.2
Quintile 2	7.8	2.6	27.5	30.0	36.4	4.7	8.1	31.5	16.0
Quintile 3	6.6	1.8	13.4	18.6	44.6	8.4	8.0	24.8	10.9
Quintile 4	5.7	0.3	13.5	4.1	13.2	4.9	21.7	15.0	6.5
Quintile 5	3.7	–	14.3	4.0	12.2	3	15.5	18.3	5.3
Total (g)	6.9	1.2	20.4	13.3	24.0	7.1	15.4	15.7	10.4

- (a) For data before 2012-13, some cells have been suppressed to protect confidentiality where the presentation could identify a patient or service provider or where rates are likely to be highly volatile, for example, where the denominator is very small. See the Data Quality Statement for further details.
- (b) Victoria has developed alternative care pathways for older people waiting for residential aged care to be supported outside the acute hospital system. These alternative care pathways impact on the data reporting the number of hospital patient days by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care.
- (c) Data for Tasmania and ACT should be interpreted with caution until further assessment of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander identification is completed. The Australian totals for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander/Other Australians do not include data for the ACT, Tasmania and NT (private hospitals only).
- (d) 'Other Australians' includes non-Indigenous Australians and those for whom Indigenous status was not stated.
- (e) Disaggregation by remoteness is by the patient's usual residence, not the location of the hospital. Patient days are reported by jurisdiction of hospitalisation, regardless of the jurisdiction of residence. Hence, rates represent the number of patient days for patients living in each remoteness area (regardless of their jurisdiction of usual residence) divided by the total number of patient days for patients living in that remoteness area and hospitalised in the reporting jurisdiction.

Table 13A.49 **Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care (a)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(f)	SEIFA quintiles are based on the ABS Index of Relative Socio-economic Disadvantage (IRSD), with quintile 1 being the most disadvantaged and quintile 5 being the least disadvantaged. Each SEIFA quintile represents approximately 20 per cent of the national population, but does not necessarily represent 20 per cent of the population in each state or territory. Disaggregation by SEIFA is by the patient's usual residence, not the location of the hospital. Patient days are reported by jurisdiction of hospitalisation, regardless of the jurisdiction of residence. Hence, rates represent the number of patient days for patients living in each SEIFA quintile (regardless of their jurisdiction of usual residence) divided by the total number of patient days for patients living in that SEIFA quintile and hospitalised in the reporting jurisdiction.								
(g)	Total includes separations for which a SEIFA category or remoteness area could not be assigned/mapped as the place of residence was not known or not stated.								
(h)	Data for Tasmania for 2008-09 does not include two private hospitals that account for approximately one eighth of Tasmania's total hospital separations. – Nil or rounded to zero. np Not published. .. Not applicable.								

Source: AIHW (unpublished) National Hospital Morbidity Database; ABS (unpublished) Estimated Residential Population, 30 June (*various years*); ABS (2013) *Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2021*, series B, Cat. no. 3238.0.

Table 13A.50 Residential aged care services re-accredited in the past year, re-accreditation period in effect, as at 30 June 2014 (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Re-accreditation period (b)										
<2 years	no.	3	5	9	1	4	–	–	2	24
2 years or more but < 3 years	no.	10	9	11	3	2	–	–	1	36
3 years	no.	118	125	85	51	39	13	3	2	436
Total re-accredited services	no.	131	139	105	55	45	13	3	5	496
Re-accreditation period (b)										
<2 years	%	2.3	3.6	8.6	1.8	8.9	–	–	40.0	4.8
2 years or more but < 3 years	%	7.6	6.5	10.5	5.5	4.4	–	–	20.0	7.3
3 years	%	90.1	89.9	81.0	92.7	86.7	100.0	100.0	40.0	87.9
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Data as at 30 June 2014 relate only to decisions made during 2013-14 following a re-accreditation site audit or a review audit activity. Excludes decisions on 28 commencing homes during 2013-14.

(b) Note that accreditation period shows the decision in effect as at 30 June 2014.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.51

Table 13A.51 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by remoteness, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Major cities										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	5	9	11	2	3	..	–	..	30
3 years	no.	80	84	40	38	26	..	3	..	271
Total re-accredited services	no.	85	93	51	40	29	..	3	..	301
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	5.9	9.7	21.6	5.0	10.3	..	–	..	10.0
3 years	%	94.1	90.3	78.4	95.0	89.7	..	100.0	..	90.0
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	..	100.0	..	100.0
Inner regional										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	5	3	2	–	–	–	–	..	10
3 years	no.	24	28	15	4	6	10	–	..	87
Total re-accredited services	no.	29	31	17	4	6	10	–	..	97
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	17.2	9.7	11.8	–	–	–	–	..	10.3
3 years	%	82.8	90.3	88.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	..	89.7
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	..	100.0
Outer regional										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	3	2	5	1	3	–	..	2	16

TABLE 13A.51

Table 13A.51 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by remoteness, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
3 years	no.	13	13	22	5	7	3	..	–	63
Total re-accredited services	no.	16	15	27	6	10	3	..	2	79
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	18.8	13.3	18.5	16.7	30.0	–	..	100.0	20.3
3 years	%	81.3	86.7	81.5	83.3	70.0	100.0	..	–	79.7
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	..	100.0	100.0
Remote										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	–	–	1	–	–	–	..	1	2
3 years	no.	1	–	3	2	–	–	..	2	8
Total re-accredited services	no.	1	–	4	2	–	–	..	3	10
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	–	–	25.0	–	–	–	..	33.3	20.0
3 years	%	100.0	–	75.0	100.0	–	–	..	66.7	80.0
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	–	100.0	100.0	–	–	..	100.0	100.0
Very remote										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	–	..	1	1	–	–	..	–	2
3 years	no.	–	..	5	2	–	–	..	–	7
Total re-accredited services	no.	–	..	6	3	–	–	..	–	9

TABLE 13A.51

Table 13A.51 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by remoteness, 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	-	..	16.7	33.3	-	-	..	-	22.2
3 years	%	-	..	83.3	66.7	-	-	..	-	77.8
Total re-accredited services	%	-	..	100.0	100.0	-	-	..	-	100.0

(a) Includes decisions made during 2013-14 following a re-accreditation site audit or a review audit activity.

(b) Accreditation period shows the decision in effect as at 30 June 2014.

(c) Excludes decisions on 28 commencing homes during 2013-14.

.. Not applicable - Nil or rounded to zero

Source: Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (unpublished)

TABLE 13A.52

Table 13A.52 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by size of facility (places), 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Size of residential aged care facility (places)</i>										
1-20 places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	–	–	3	1	1	–	–	1	6
3 years	no.	1	8	8	3	2	–	1	1	24
Total re-accredited services	no.	1	8	11	4	3	–	1	2	30
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	–	–	27.3	25.0	33.3	–	–	50.0	20.0
3 years	%	100.0	100.0	72.7	75.0	66.7	–	100.0	50.0	80.0
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	100.0	100.0	100.0
21-40 places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	1	3	2	2	2	–	–	–	10
3 years	no.	20	19	12	7	7	1	–	1	67
Total re-accredited services	no.	21	22	14	9	9	1	–	1	77
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	4.8	13.6	14.3	22.2	22.2	–	–	–	13.0
3 years	%	95.2	86.4	85.7	77.8	77.8	100.0	–	100.0	87.0
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	100.0	100.0

TABLE 13A.52

Table 13A.52 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by size of facility (places), 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
41-60 places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	3	2	2	–	1	–	–	1	9
3 years	no.	21	30	20	12	9	4	–	–	96
Total re-accredited services	no.	24	32	22	12	10	4	–	1	105
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	12.5	6.3	9.1	–	10.0	–	–	100.0	8.6
3 years	%	87.5	93.8	90.9	100.0	90.0	100.0	–	–	91.4
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	100.0	100.0
61-80 places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	2	1	3	–	–	–	–	–	6
3 years	no.	26	22	15	13	6	2	2	–	86
Total re-accredited services	no.	28	23	18	13	6	2	2	–	92
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	7.1	4.3	16.7	–	–	–	–	–	6.5
3 years	%	92.9	95.7	83.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	93.5
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	100.0
81-100 places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	2	2	3	–	1	–	–	–	8

TABLE 13A.52

Table 13A.52 **Proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited, by size of facility (places), 2013-14 (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
3 years	no.	17	20	9	5	10	3	–	–	64
Total re-accredited services	no.	19	22	12	5	11	3	–	–	72
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	10.5	9.1	25.0	–	9.1	–	–	–	11.1
3 years	%	89.5	90.9	75.0	100.0	90.9	100.0	–	–	88.9
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	–	100.0
101+ places										
Re-accreditation period (number)										
< 3 years	no.	5	6	7	1	1	–	–	1	21
3 years	no.	33	26	21	11	5	3	–	–	99
Total re-accredited services	no.	38	32	28	12	6	3	–	1	120
Re-accreditation period (proportion)										
< 3 years	%	13.2	18.8	25.0	8.3	16.7	–	–	100.0	17.5
3 years	%	86.8	81.3	75.0	91.7	83.3	100.0	–	–	82.5
Total re-accredited services	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	–	100.0	100.0

(a) Includes decisions made during 2013-14 following a re-accreditation site audit or a review audit activity.

(b) Accreditation period shows the decision in effect as at 30 June 2014.

(c) Excludes decisions on 28 commencing homes during 2013-14.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (unpublished).

Table 13A.53 **All re-accredited residential aged care services, re-accreditation period in effect, as at 30 June 2014 (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Re-accreditation period (b)										
<2 years	no.	3	5	9	1	4	–	–	2	24
2 years or more but < 3 years	no.	13	14	20	7	5	–	2	3	64
3 years	no.	852	728	412	229	249	77	23	7	2 577
Total re-accredited services	no.	868	747	441	237	258	77	25	12	2 665
Re-accreditation period (b)										
<2 years	%	0.3	0.7	2.0	0.4	1.6	–	–	16.7	0.9
2 years or more but < 3 years	%	1.5	1.9	4.5	3.0	1.9	–	8.0	25.0	2.4
3 years	%	98.2	97.5	93.4	96.6	96.5	100.0	92.0	58.3	96.7
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) Data as at 30 June 2014 relate to all re-accredited services, but do not include accreditation periods for 28 commencing services.

(b) Note that accreditation period shows the decision in effect as at 30 June 2014.

– Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: Australian Aged Care Quality Agency (unpublished).

Table 13A.54 **Aged Care Complaints Scheme (a), (b)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total number of complaints received by the Complaints Scheme which are within the scope of the Scheme to handle.										
2011-12	no.	900	925	657	277	292	73	58	22	3 204
2012-13	no.	1 181	1 015	794	351	315	88	53	14	3 811
2013-14	no.	1 281	1 144	691	272	385	89	22	19	3 903
Number of complaints received by the Complaints Scheme per 1000 permanent care recipients										
2011-12	no.	15.8	21.6	21.9	19.8	18.8	17.3	31.0	46.6	19.3
2012-13	no.	20.5	23.4	26.1	24.9	20.1	20.8	28.0	28.6	22.7
2013-14	no.	21.3	25.4	22.1	18.6	23.8	20.9	11.4	42.6	22.4
Proportion of in-scope complaints that were resolved without the need for a Direction										
2011-12	%	97.9	99.7	100.0	99.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	89.0	99.2
2012-13	%	98.0	99.9	99.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	96.2	85.7	99.1
2013-14	%	97.2	97.7	97.5	97.4	97.4	89.9	100.0	97.7	97.5

(a) From 1 July 2012, the Australian Government assumed full funding and operational responsibility for Commonwealth HACC services delivered to people aged 65 years and over (or 50 years and over for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples), except in WA and Victoria, where state-based arrangements continue. The Aged Care Complaints Scheme began responding to HACC aged care complaints from that date. This table includes data for in-scope HACC complaints.

(b) Data for 2011-12 are for the period 1 September 2011 to 30 June 2012.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.55 Compliance with service standards for community aged care services (NRCP and Home Care) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW (b)</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld (c)</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas (d)</i>	<i>ACT (b), (d)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total number of reviews										
2011-12	no.	76	88	106	41	24	13	9	17	374
2012-13	no.	169	154	127	27	42	26	6	9	560
2013-14	no.	198	94	107	46	63	9	2	26	545
Number of services to be reviewed (b)										
2011-12	no.	142	111	125	39	44	21	6	22	510
2012-13	no.	153	130	159	40	63	26	5	23	599
2013-14	no.	188	84	112	44	60	24	na	38	550
Proportion of services reviewed (b), (e)										
2011-12	%	53.5	79.3	84.8	105.1	54.5	61.9	150.0	77.3	73.3
2012-13	%	110.5	118.5	79.9	67.5	66.7	100.0	120.0	39.1	93.5
2013-14	%	106.4	111.9	95.5	104.5	105.0	37.5	na	68.4	99.1
<i>Proportion of reviews that met all expected outcomes under each of the Standards</i>										
Standard 1 — Effective management (f)										
2011-12	%	73.6	76.7	67.9	56.8	44.7	7.7	71.4	20.0	63.8
2012-13	%	61.8	68.6	25.2	78.3	75.0	38.5	66.7	–	54.8
2013-14	%	77.8	63.8	24.3	100.0	95.2	66.7	50.0	42.3	67.2
Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery (g)										
2011-12	%	80.6	80.0	71.6	67.6	68.4	15.4	42.9	20.0	70.1
2012-13	%	70.0	83.7	46.5	69.6	72.5	53.9	50.0	–	66.3
2013-14	%	76.3	84.0	42.1	100.0	96.8	77.8	100.0	53.8	74.6
Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities (h)										
2011-12	%	95.8	96.7	79.8	78.4	97.4	53.9	85.7	60.0	86.9
2012-13	%	88.8	90.2	55.1	82.6	82.5	38.5	100.0	60.0	78.0
2013-14	%	93.4	96.8	59.8	100.0	87.3	77.8	100.0	57.7	85.5

(a) Community aged care services include providers of National Respite for Carers Program, Home care (for 2013-14) and CACP, EACH, EACH-D (up to 2012-13). These services are required to appraise their performance against the Community Care Common Standards and complete a quality review at least once during a three year cycle.

(b) Data for the ACT on the number of services to be reviewed and the proportion of services reviewed are combined with that of NSW for 2013-14. Number of services to be reviewed for each financial year was provided at the beginning of the financial year.

(c) Queensland data for 2013-14 on the proportion of reviews that met all expected outcomes under each of the Standards excludes five quality reviews, as the review outcomes were not available at the time of data preparation.

(d) The proportion of reviews that met all expected outcomes under each of the Standards are based on less than ten quality reviews in the ACT for all years and in Tasmania for 2013-14.

(e) In some states and territories, more services were reviewed than the annual target in the relevant year.

(f) Standard 1 — Effective management — the service provider demonstrates effective management processes based on a continuous improvement approach to service management, planning and delivery.

Table 13A.55 Compliance with service standards for community aged care services (NRCP and Home Care) (a)

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i> (b)	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i> (c)	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i> (d)	<i>ACT</i> (b), (d)	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(g)	Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery — each service user (and prospective service user) has access to services and service users receive appropriate services that are planned, delivered and evaluated in partnership with themselves and/or their representatives									
(h)	Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities — each service user (and/or their representative) is provided with information to assist them to make service choices and has the right (and responsibility) to be consulted and respected. Service users (and/or their representative) have access to complaints and advocacy information and processes and their privacy and confidentiality and right to independence is respected.									

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Table 13A.56 **Compliance with service standards for community aged care services — HACC (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT (c)</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Total number of reviews										
2012-13	no.	78	157	76	64	43	5	–	1	424
2013-14	no.	104	204	154	37	100	14	1	7	621
Number of services to be reviewed										
2012-13	no.	na	157	na	64	na	na	na	na	na
2013-14	no.	na	204	na	37	na	na	na	na	na
Proportion of services reviewed										
2012-13	%	na	100.0	na	100.0	na	na	na	na	na
2013-14	%	na	100.0	na	100.0	na	na	na	na	na
<i>Proportion of reviews that met all expected outcomes under each of the Standards</i>										
Standard 1 — Effective management (d)										
2012-13	%	55.8	20.0	53.7	75.0	42.9	20.0	100.0	–	43.2
2013-14	%	45.2	22.0	60.4	59.0	53.0	71.4	100.0	57.1	44.2
Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery (e)										
2012-13	%	64.9	25.0	67.2	84.0	59.5	60.0	–	–	52.7
2013-14	%	57.7	28.0	81.8	74.0	78.0	85.7	100.0	42.9	58.7
Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities (f)										
2012-13	%	88.3	32.0	79.1	85.0	81.0	40.0	100.0	50.0	63.9
2013-14	%	89.4	31.0	85.7	74.0	73.0	85.7	100.0	57.1	65.3

- (a) The HACC program for older people transitioned to the Australian Government on 1 July 2012 for all states and territories except for WA and Victoria. In 2012-13 targets for the review of Commonwealth HACC services were not established due to the transition of the review function from state and territory governments. Targets for the HACC component of the Commonwealth Home Support Program will be established following its introduction from 1 July 2015. The Home Support Program will combine under one program services currently providing basic home support, including Commonwealth HACC program, the National Respite for Carers program, the Day Therapy Centres program and Assistance with Care and Housing for the Aged program.
- (b) Victoria reviews agencies against the Community Care Common Standards and against the Victorian HACC Program Manual. Victoria considers that the aggregated method used in constructing this table leads to results that do not accurately reflect the high quality of Victorian HACC funded agencies in delivering services to clients.
- (c) Data for the ACT on the number of reviews are combined with that of NSW, as these reviews are undertaken by the NSW office.
- (d) Standard 1 — Effective management — the service provider demonstrates effective management processes based on a continuous improvement approach to service management, planning and delivery.
- (e) Standard 2 — Appropriate access and service delivery — each service user (and prospective service user) has access to services and service users receive appropriate services that are planned, delivered and evaluated in partnership with themselves and/or their representatives.
- (f) Standard 3 — Service user rights and responsibilities — each service user (and/or their representative) is provided with information to assist them to make service choices and has the right (and responsibility) to be consulted and respected. Service users (and/or their representative) have access to complaints and advocacy information and processes and their privacy and confidentiality and right to independence is respected.

na Not available. – Nil or rounded to zero.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); Victorian and WA governments (unpublished).

TABLE 13A.57

Table 13A.57 **Aged care assessment program — activity and costs (a)**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (b)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Aged care assessment, activity (2012-13)										
Teams (c)	no.	30	18	17	15	11	3	1	4	99
Assessments (all people)	no.	60 996	53 374	30 640	18 097	13 338	4 854	2 089	892	184 280
Expenditure (d)	\$m	35.0	25.2	18.2	10.4	9.3	2.7	1.1	1.4	103.3
Aged care assessment, unit costs (2012-13 dollars) (e)										
Cost per assessment (all people) (d), (f), (g)										
2004-05	\$	346.51	312.15	400.72	391.01	451.39	381.12	215.54	1 254.49	360.33
2005-06	\$	360.26	329.75	416.43	376.29	396.51	369.27	233.79	1 173.21	367.30
2006-07	\$	385.16	355.99	416.75	416.58	438.51	369.20	316.40	963.66	391.64
2007-08	\$	367.43	342.68	405.07	392.34	428.25	349.79	391.58	963.61	376.27
2008-09	\$	378.63	361.33	427.47	395.96	428.95	355.62	358.88	1 061.33	391.81
2009-10	\$	458.62	401.25	495.39	423.82	446.60	431.87	404.28	1 104.52	446.85
2010-11	\$	427.47	330.38	460.30	396.73	385.98	405.96	374.96	846.78	400.77
2011-12	\$	518.28	456.01	514.62	482.79	689.30	447.41	457.29	1 217.82	510.56
2012-13	\$	573.51	471.52	592.43	575.51	697.00	563.23	538.81	1 546.96	560.30

(a) Data for assessments for 2011-12 and 2012-13 were extracted from the Ageing and Aged Care Data Warehouse from preliminary data using the snapshot effective dates of 31 August 2013 and 31 August 2014 respectively. Future extracts of this data may change and thus alter final numbers.

(b) The high cost for each assessment in the NT may be influenced by the remoteness of people requiring assessments, clients having English as a second or third language and a lack of supporting health and community services infrastructure to assist with assessments.

(c) Includes one non-government funded ACAT team in NSW.

(d) Aged care assessment expenditure is Australian Government spending only.

(e) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2012-13 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2012-13 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(f) Cost per assessment includes clients aged less than 65 years.

(g) From 2006-07, includes completed assessments only. Earlier years may include complete and incomplete assessments.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

**Table 13A.58 Home and Community Care — cost per hour of service (2012-13 \$)
(a), (b)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (c)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (d)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d), (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2008-09									
Domestic assistance	51.22	26.50	48.16	49.59	41.24	30.27	38.59	33.29	na
Personal Care	38.99	36.08	66.99	49.59	40.20	33.42	56.22	35.07	na
Allied Health	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Nursing	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2009-10									
Domestic assistance	52.53	30.26	48.41	52.74	38.12	42.42	38.18	32.54	na
Personal Care	40.93	36.90	66.92	52.74	46.50	35.81	62.69	32.54	na
Allied Health	74.79	86.96	92.38	148.16	79.76	79.96	73.43	103.04	na
Nursing	90.99	75.85	96.05	148.16	66.95	82.85	80.59	103.04	na
2010-11									
Domestic assistance	53.79	30.49	49.57	58.05	34.02	45.73	37.66	na	na
Personal Care	56.16	38.02	62.95	58.05	40.71	42.27	49.48	na	na
Allied Health	85.79	80.98	100.53	150.00	107.67	96.86	70.29	na	na
Nursing	81.58	81.87	91.80	150.00	54.12	97.95	85.55	na	na
2011-12									
Domestic assistance	37.27	30.03	na	50.02	37.31	44.77	36.81	na	na
Personal Care	41.32	36.70	na	50.02	57.58	41.50	54.71	na	na
Allied Health	71.02	87.43	na	118.48	77.71	90.88	70.63	na	na
Nursing	73.26	81.45	na	118.48	71.31	96.43	79.34	na	na
2012-13									
Domestic assistance	51.91	30.32	43.07	51.46	34.54	47.94	40.82	38.36	45.31
Personal Care	58.41	37.60	44.12	51.46	49.66	45.66	57.60	29.68	51.41
Allied Health	89.57	82.03	84.89	133.01	73.27	92.48	75.65	na	85.44
Nursing	87.32	88.77	84.61	133.01	102.49	98.22	78.95	na	88.29

(a) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2012-13 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2012-13 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(b) There is no commonly agreed methodology for calculating unit costs and therefore unit costs across jurisdictions are not comparable.

(c) The unit costs reported for some years do not correspond to Victoria's HACC unit prices published by the Department of Health, since they are based on a different methodology.

(d) WA contract by service group. Unit costs reported are an average across all services in the group. The NT contracted by service group in 2009-10.

(e) Unit costings are not available for the NT for some years or for some services in some years as the remote services and other factors effect a reliable unit cost being developed and applied in the NT.

na Not available.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished) from State and Territory governments *HACC Annual Business Reports* or estimates.

Table 13A.59 Governments' real expenditure on residential services, per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (2013-14 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Including payroll tax supplement									
2010-11	2 671.97	2 799.42	2 535.23	2 338.58	3 111.43	2 618.53	2 122.47	1 302.41	2 668.67
2011-12	2 770.91	2 920.74	2 620.40	2 370.72	3 208.06	2 707.79	2 216.14	1 392.89	2 759.99
2012-13	2 755.79	2 949.30	2 716.71	2 456.23	3 256.39	2 733.74	2 226.58	1 560.14	2 794.32
2013-14	2 827.75	3 025.34	2 680.43	2 534.84	3 228.61	2 687.81	2 040.15	1 130.14	2 827.92
Excluding payroll tax supplement									
2010-11	2 628.66	2 745.99	2 505.51	2 296.06	3 075.77	2 603.63	2 100.87	1 296.93	2 627.45
2011-12	2 724.43	2 860.70	2 587.48	2 322.91	3 170.51	2 692.01	2 193.43	1 383.26	2 714.76
2012-13	2 702.74	2 876.60	2 677.27	2 401.83	3 212.65	2 716.41	2 196.42	1 554.29	2 741.21
2013-14	2 774.20	2 951.37	2 639.05	2 476.78	3 186.30	2 673.31	1 999.15	1 125.96	2 773.70

- (a) DVA expenditure figures are sourced from the DoHA. The figures are subject to lag and may therefore be subject to revision. For data on DVA expenditure per person client see table 13A.13.
- (b) See table 13A.2 for footnotes on the sources of population data.
- (c) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.
- (d) Expenditure data include State and Territory funding (except in Victoria and WA) of younger people in residential aged care. State and Territory governments expenditure on supplements provided to residential aged care are also included for the first time in this edition of the Report.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); DVA (unpublished); State and Territory governments (unpublished); table 2A.51.

Table 13A.60 Australian, Victorian and WA governments' real expenditure on HACC services per person in the HACC target population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (2013-14 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic (b)</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA (b)</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12	1 590.56	1 865.60	2 293.37	2 271.33	1 710.81	1 992.81	1 739.30	1 738.23	1 880.01
2012-13	1 664.26	1 949.79	2 362.79	2 352.30	1 955.42	2 093.76	1 793.79	1 954.75	1 970.80
2013-14	1 721.05	2 114.23	2 464.63	2 558.93	2 020.73	2 201.38	1 849.86	2 041.86	2 079.89

- (a) The HACC target population is people in the Australian community who, without basic maintenance and support services provided under the scope of the HACC Program, would be at risk of premature or inappropriate long term residential care, including older and frail people with moderate, severe or profound disabilities. The HACC target population is estimated by applying the proportion of all people with moderate, severe or profound disability in households, by sex and five year age groups, from the ABS SDAC to population projections for the total population in each jurisdiction. To calculate the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 50–64 year component of the HACC target population for older people, the proportion of all people aged 50–64 years in households with moderate, severe or profound disability was multiplied by an additional Indigenous factor of 1.9 (from ABS unpublished analysis) and then applied to DSS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections in the 50–64 years age groups in each jurisdiction. The HACC target population for June 2014 is based on SDAC 2012 while HACC target populations for previous years are based on SDAC 2009. See table 13A.2 for details about the total population projections and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population used in these calculations.
- (b) For Victoria and WA, this table represents expenditure under the HACC Review agreements. HACC total program expenditure is adjusted (reduced) to take into account the proportion of people who are older (around 75 per cent in Victoria and 80 per cent in WA).
- (c) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.
- (d) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.
- (e) Includes expenditure by the Australian, Victorian and WA governments.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

Table 13A.61 Australian, Victorian and WA governments' total real expenditure on HACC services, per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (2013-14 dollars) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2011-12	427.26	502.37	599.01	595.23	467.02	524.74	453.15	398.08	501.19
2012-13	443.56	521.76	610.80	612.30	529.35	546.48	465.92	445.32	521.32
2013-14	436.53	539.43	605.36	632.75	519.82	543.95	457.18	433.04	523.34

(a) For Victoria and WA, this table represents expenditure under the HACC Review agreements. HACC total program expenditure is adjusted (reduced) to take into account the proportion of people who are older (around 75 per cent in Victoria and 80 per cent in WA) and will not match data reported in table 13A.8.

(b) Reports provisional data that have not been validated and may be subject to revision.

(c) See table 13A.2 for notes and sources of population data.

(d) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

Table 13A.62 **Australian Government real expenditure on Home Care, per person aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (2013-14 dollars) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>CACP</i>									
2011-12	177.44	182.52	147.76	162.83	176.55	173.11	196.06	466.74	173.45
2012-13	180.79	189.14	154.30	153.82	189.46	172.83	193.33	484.62	177.84
<i>EACH and EACH-D</i>									
2011-12	127.25	139.10	171.60	258.30	103.54	142.32	330.43	294.04	153.26
2012-13	130.96	140.56	185.74	323.37	109.87	149.31	395.74	321.60	165.62
Home Care levels 1–2									
2013-14	186.45	195.81	161.96	152.39	182.70	162.88	195.83	467.42	181.82
Home Care levels 3–4									
2013-14	137.66	148.10	201.00	363.65	121.47	144.94	446.10	349.98	178.44
Total									
2011-12	304.68	321.62	319.37	421.13	280.09	315.42	526.49	760.78	326.71
2012-13	311.74	329.70	340.04	477.18	299.33	322.14	589.07	806.23	343.46
2013-14	324.11	343.92	362.96	516.05	304.17	307.82	641.94	817.39	360.26

(a) See table 13A.2 for footnotes on the sources of population data.

(b) Time series financial data are adjusted to 2013-14 dollars using the GGFCE chain price deflator (2013-14 = 100) (table 2A.51). See chapter 2 (sections 2.5-6) for details.

(c) Includes State and Territory funding of younger people receiving Home Care.

Source: DSS (unpublished); table 2A.51.

TABLE 13A.63

Table 13A.63 **Participation of people aged 65 years or over in any social and community activities away from home in the last 3 months, by disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT (e)	Aust
<i>Participated in social or community activities away from home</i>									
Profound or severe disability	83.9 ± 3.4	85.0 ± 2.4	76.3 ± 4.8	82.1 ± 5.7	82.1 ± 6.0	79.7 ± 8.2	83.6 ± 10.3	68.8 ± 22.7	82.7 ± 1.8
Other disability	94.3 ± 1.0	95.4 ± 1.0	93.0 ± 1.8	94.1 ± 2.8	94.5 ± 1.2	94.2 ± 3.4	97.3 ± 2.8	78.9 ± 10.4	94.5 ± 0.3
All disability types	90.7 ± 1.9	91.9 ± 0.3	87.9 ± 2.8	92.3 ± 1.9	91.3 ± 2.8	91.9 ± 0.8	92.7 ± 2.9	75.9 ± 9.7	90.8 ± 1.1
Without disability	95.6 ± 1.2	96.5 ± 1.5	94.9 ± 2.4	94.9 ± 0.4	98.1 ± 1.4	94.1 ± 3.9	97.8 ± 1.5	88.9 ± 9.2	95.6 ± 0.5
All older people	93.4 ± 0.9	94.0 ± 0.9	91.5 ± 1.8	94.1 ± 1.5	94.5 ± 1.5	91.9 ± 2.0	95.5 ± 1.2	84.5 ± 5.9	93.2 ± 0.6
<i>Did not participate in any social or community activities away from home</i>									
Profound or severe disability	16.1 ± 3.8	14.6 ± 4.4	24.1 ± 5.1	16.6 ± 6.6	16.8 ± 5.2	15.2* ± 7.7	14.8* ± 10.4	25.0* ± 16.3	17.5 ± 2.1
Other disability	5.0 ± 1.9	4.4 ± 1.5	7.4 ± 2.9	4.7* ± 2.4	6.4 ± 2.4	4.5* ± 3.1	np	15.8* ± 12.0	5.5 ± 1.0
All disability types	9.1 ± 1.8	7.5 ± 1.8	12.1 ± 2.8	8.4 ± 2.8	9.7 ± 2.2	7.7 ± 2.9	6.8* ± 3.6	20.4 ± 9.4	9.2 ± 1.0
Without disability	4.2 ± 1.2	3.7 ± 1.4	5.2 ± 1.8	4.9 ± 2.1	1.7* ± 1.2	5.9* ± 3.8	2.6* ± 2.2	7.9* ± 6.5	4.4 ± 0.7
All older people	6.7 ± 0.9	6.0 ± 0.9	8.9 ± 1.8	5.9 ± 1.5	5.9 ± 1.5	7.7 ± 2.0	4.2 ± 1.2	14.7 ± 5.9	6.8 ± 0.6

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) The rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent). A '*' indicates a relative standard error (RSE) of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Estimates with RSEs greater than 25 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

(c) Data are for older people living in households only.

Table 13A.63 Participation of people aged 65 years or over in any social and community activities away from home in the last 3 months, by disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c), (d)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (e)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
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(d) The social and community activities participated in away from home in the last 3 months are: visited relatives or friends, went to restaurant or club, church activities, voluntary activities, performing arts group activity, art or craft group activity, other special interest group activities and other activities not specified elsewhere.

(e) Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012 (derived using Table Builder product).

TABLE 13A.64

Table 13A.64 **People aged 65 years or over who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in last three months, by frequency of contact and disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
<i>Last week (e)</i>									
Profound or severe disability	73.7 ± 4.0	77.8 ± 4.4	66.6 ± 5.4	84.2 ± 5.5	81.3 ± 4.7	75.4 ± 9.5	78.7 ± 7.9	68.8 ± 15.1	74.8 ± 1.4
Other disability	75.9 ± 2.1	83.3 ± 3.8	72.2 ± 2.8	82.2 ± 4.7	82.3 ± 5.0	83.0 ± 5.5	72.3 ± 9.3	60.5 ± 13.0	78.5 ± 2.0
All disability types	75.4 ± 2.2	81.3 ± 2.7	70.6 ± 2.5	83.1 ± 4.4	81.4 ± 4.5	81.4 ± 4.7	70.1 ± 6.1	64.8 ± 10.0	77.2 ± 1.5
Without disability	78.1 ± 2.9	80.9 ± 2.6	75.9 ± 4.0	81.3 ± 1.6	82.6 ± 2.3	78.3 ± 6.9	80.7 ± 6.1	69.8 ± 11.1	78.9 ± 1.3
All older people	77.0 ± 2.0	80.9 ± 2.1	73.3 ± 2.7	82.1 ± 2.5	82.5 ± 2.8	79.8 ± 3.6	76.6 ± 3.8	68.1 ± 9.2	78.1 ± 1.0
<i>Last month (f)</i>									
Profound or severe disability	91.5 ± 2.7	93.6 ± 3.1	86.4 ± 4.7	94.3 ± 2.2	96.3 ± 2.9	81.9 ± 7.8	98.4 ± 22.1	81.3 ± 10.2	91.7 ± 1.7
Other disability	92.0 ± 1.8	96.7 ± 1.9	93.7 ± 0.2	96.5 ± 2.7	95.0 ± 2.4	93.6 ± 3.5	92.9 ± 5.8	84.2 ± 10.5	94.1 ± 1.2
All disability types	91.8 ± 2.2	95.6 ± 1.9	91.2 ± 1.1	95.3 ± 3.1	94.9 ± 2.3	93.0 ± 2.1	92.7 ± 4.7	77.8 ± 9.3	93.3 ± 1.2
Without disability	92.5 ± 1.6	95.2 ± 1.9	90.5 ± 2.4	95.1 ± 2.3	97.0 ± 0.7	93.0 ± 4.6	93.4 ± 2.7	87.3 ± 8.8	93.4 ± 0.6
All older people	92.2 ± 1.4	95.6 ± 1.2	91.3 ± 1.5	95.9 ± 1.5	95.9 ± 1.5	93.0 ± 1.9	93.5 ± 2.2	82.8 ± 6.9	93.4 ± 0.7
<i>Last three months (g)</i>									
Profound or severe disability	98.2 ± 1.4	97.8 ± 2.6	94.5 ± 4.0	97.4 ± 15.1	97.9 ± 3.3	91.3 ± 6.9	98.4 ± 1.5	87.5 ± 12.3	97.8 ± 1.3
Other disability	97.7 ± 1.2	99.1 ± 1.0	98.6 ± 6.8	99.5 ± 9.9	99.6 ± 8.9	98.7 ± 1.4	np	89.5 ± 10.9	98.5 ± 0.6
All disability types	97.7 ± 1.6	98.8 ± 1.1	97.2 ± 1.0	98.6 ± 0.8	99.8 ± 7.0	np	95.5 ± 3.1	92.6 ± 7.6	98.2 ± 0.8
Without disability	97.9 ± 1.2	99.1 ± 1.1	96.8 ± 1.8	98.1 ± 1.8	98.5 ± 1.0	99.4 ± 2.2	97.8 ± 1.4	95.2 ± 8.5	98.0 ± 0.6

Table 13A.64 **People aged 65 years or over who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household in last three months, by frequency of contact and disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All older people	97.8 ± 0.8	98.9 ± 0.7	97.3 ± 0.8	99.0 ± 0.7	99.2 ± 0.7	98.6 ± 1.1	97.8 ± 0.9	91.4 ± 4.9	98.1 ± 0.5

- (a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.
- (b) The rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent). A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Estimates with RSEs greater than 25 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.
- (c) Data are for older people living in households only.
- (d) Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.
- (e) Includes people who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household every day or at least once in the last week.
- (f) Includes people who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household every day, at least once in last month including every day or last week.
- (g) Includes people who had face-to-face contact with family or friends not living in the same household every day, at least once in last three months including every day or last week or last month.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012 (derived using Table Builder product).

TABLE 13A.65

Table 13A.65 **People aged 65 years or over and whether they leave home as often as they would like, by disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT (d)	Aust
<i>Older people who left home as often as liked</i>									
Profound or severe disability	51.2 ± 4.4	53.9 ± 5.3	48.4 ± 8.0	61.6 ± 6.5	53.2 ± 7.1	61.6 ± 11.4	62.3 ± 10.5	25.0* ± 20.4	53.3 ± 2.9
Other disability	84.7 ± 2.6	83.6 ± 2.6	80.7 ± 2.9	85.2 ± 3.8	86.3 ± 3.6	87.8 ± 4.7	86.6 ± 7.5	81.6 ± 9.7	83.9 ± 0.3
All disability types	73.0 ± 2.4	74.3 ± 2.7	71.7 ± 3.0	77.5 ± 3.0	76.5 ± 4.0	81.7 ± 4.4	78.0 ± 4.7	68.5 ± 10.6	74.1 ± 0.8
Without disability	94.6 ± 1.9	94.1 ± 1.9	90.3 ± 2.7	94.1 ± 0.8	95.2 ± 1.7	90.4 ± 3.8	94.3 ± 3.3	95.2 ± 3.4	93.5 ± 1.2
All older people	84.3 ± 1.3	83.3 ± 2.1	81.2 ± 2.3	87.0 ± 2.1	85.6 ± 2.0	85.1 ± 2.9	87.6 ± 3.5	81.9 ± 5.1	83.8 ± 0.6
<i>Older people who did not leave home or did not leave home as often as they would like</i>									
Profound or severe disability	49.3 ± 4.7	44.9 ± 5.7	49.8 ± 6.9	39.2 ± 9.7	45.2 ± 9.1	40.6 ± 9.0	42.6 ± 11.2	56.3 ± 23.3	46.8 ± 2.5
Other disability	15.2 ± 2.9	16.1 ± 2.3	19.5 ± 3.8	13.8 ± 3.7	14.9 ± 3.6	10.9 ± 4.1	15.2 ± 7.0	13.2* ± 10.7	16.0 ± 1.3
All disability types	26.9 ± 2.7	25.7 ± 2.7	28.4 ± 3.8	21.1 ± 4.0	23.9 ± 3.8	19.7 ± 4.8	23.2 ± 6.7	33.3 ± 8.8	26.0 ± 1.3
Without disability	5.2 ± 1.5	6.6 ± 1.8	9.2 ± 2.3	4.7 ± 2.1	4.5 ± 1.7	10.4 ± 3.7	4.4* ± 3.3	6.3* ± 5.4	6.4 ± 0.7
All older people	15.7 ± 1.8	16.6 ± 1.7	19.1 ± 2.4	12.7 ± 2.2	14.6 ± 2.4	15.8 ± 3.1	13.4 ± 3.3	17.2 ± 5.0	16.2 ± 0.8
<i>Reasons why older people did not leave home as often as would like</i>									
Own disability/condition	41.8 ± 3.1	47.8 ± 4.7	35.1 ± 5.4	33.3 ± 8.9	44.8 ± 7.0	30.6 ± 9.5	47.1 ± 10.6	50.0 ± 17.8	41.5 ± 2.8
Another person's disability/condition	11.3 ± 3.5	10.5 ± 3.4	9.7 ± 3.2	9.8* ± 5.0	9.2 ± 4.4	11.6* ± 6.9	np	np	10.3 ± 1.4
Could not be bothered/nowhere to go	14.5 ± 3.6	11.5 ± 4.0	20.7 ± 4.7	12.1* ± 6.5	12.8* ± 6.6	9.9* ± 6.8	11.8* ± 7.2	np	14.6 ± 1.9
Other reasons	32.8 ± 4.7	29.5 ± 4.4	33.7 ± 6.3	40.8 ± 7.9	33.4 ± 5.4	43.0 ± 12.7	41.2 ± 12.9	38.9* ± 23.1	33.6 ± 2.5

Table 13A.65 **People aged 65 years or over and whether they leave home as often as they would like, by disability status, 2012 (per cent) (a), (b), (c)**

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT (d)</i>	<i>Aust</i>
All reasons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<i>Reasons why older people did not leave home</i>									
Prevented by own disability/condition	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	39.9 ± 12.4
Old age/too old	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	28.1* ± 17.4
Does not want to	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	17.2* ± 13.9
Other reasons	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np
All older people	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	np	100.0

(a) Cells in this table have been randomly adjusted to avoid the release of confidential data. Discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

(b) The rates reported in this table include 95 per cent confidence intervals (for example, X per cent ± X per cent). A '*' indicates a RSE of between 25 per cent and 50 per cent. Estimates with RSEs greater than 25 per cent should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs greater than 50 per cent are considered too unreliable for general use.

(c) Data are for older people living in households only.

(d) Data for the NT should be used with caution as very remote areas were excluded from the Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers. This translates to exclusion of around 23 per cent of the NT population.

np Not published.

Source: ABS (unpublished) Survey of Disability, Ageing and Carers 2012 (derived using Table Builder product).

TABLE 13A.66

Table 13A.66 Transition care program, summary measures

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
2006-07										
Admissions (a)	no.	2 470	2 081	632	494	715	200	183	28	6 803
Discharges (a)	no.	2 204	1 738	520	445	678	169	163	22	5 939
Average length of stay (a)	days	49	41	49	60	52	51	54	31	48
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	703	502	351	160	176	57	35	16	2 000
Operational places (b)	no.	571	424	257	100	147	52	35	8	1 594
Services (b)	no.	28	12	12	2	4	2	1	1	62
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	12.4	8.5	3.1	3.0	3.9	1.0	0.9	0.1	32.9
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	13.1	9.6	2.4	2.8	4.3	2.0	1.0	0.1	35.1
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
2007-08										
Admissions (a)	no.	3 480	3 110	1 417	1 040	528	278	175	53	10 081
Discharges (a)	no.	3 384	3 033	1 308	510	1 002	277	170	52	9 736
Average length of stay (a)	days	53	45	48	59	55	53	53	27	50
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	772	570	389	178	193	67	37	22	2 228
Operational places (b)	no.	674	502	343	176	160	57	35	16	1 963
Services (b)	no.	32	14	14	5	5	2	1	3	76
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	19.6	14.8	6.8	3.3	5.7	1.6	1.1	0.1	52.8
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	19.3	19.6	6.4	3.3	6.7	2.6	0.9	0.3	59.1
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	78	58	80	68	64	66	78	63	70
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	88	64	91	80	77	83	92	70	80
2008-09										
Admissions (a)	no.	4 118	3 685	2 025	818	1 202	318	219	86	12 471
Discharges (a)	no.	4 007	3 635	1 954	770	1 190	302	218	83	12 159
Average length of stay (a)	days	63	54	56	61	60	56	58	41	58
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	934	674	480	227	231	82	41	29	2 698
Operational places (b)	no.	772	570	389	178	193	67	37	22	2 228
Services (b)	no.	36	14	12	7	3	2	1	4	79
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	25.8	21.8	11.6	5.2	8.0	2.0	1.3	0.5	76.1
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	22.5	26.6	10.6	3.6	7.1	2.6	1.2	0.6	74.8

TABLE 13A.66

Table 13A.66 Transition care program, summary measures

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	78	60	78	67	65	64	82	70	70
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	88	67	90	77	74	82	94	78	80
2009-10										
Admissions (a)	no.	4 714	4 271	2 748	1 188	1 277	348	202	92	14 840
Discharges (a)	no.	4 602	4 175	2 647	1 166	1 227	353	201	85	14 456
Average length of stay (a)	days	64	55	58	68	56	57	64	65	60
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	1 156	837	606	286	289	97	49	29	3 349
Operational places (b)	no.	934	674	480	227	231	82	41	29	2 698
Services (b)	no.	41	15	10	7	3	3	1	4	84
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	35.8	28.3	19.5	8.6	10.4	2.5	1.6	0.8	107.5
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	22.5	25.8	17.3	7.2	7.1	2.9	1.3	0.4	84.6
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	80	64	77	67	65	64	76	78	72
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	89	71	89	83	74	82	85	93	82
2010-11										
Admissions (a)	no.	5 576	5 018	3 318	1 733	1 574	367	203	113	17 902
Discharges (a)	no.	5 358	4 888	3 225	1 656	1 522	364	210	118	17 341
Average length of stay (a)	days	66	56	60	52	67	63	65	62	61
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Operational places (b)	no.	1 156	837	606	286	289	97	49	29	3 349
Services (b)	no.	46	18	10	8	3	3	1	4	93
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	49.1	38.4	27.6	12.3	14.5	3.3	1.7	1.0	147.9
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	22.3	31.9	18.1	8.3	7.4	4.1	1.4	0.4	93.8
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	80	64	77	61	67	68	78	73	72
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	89	70	89	68	84	84	94	84	81
2011-12										
Admissions (a)	no.	6 842	6 008	4 126	2 048	1 856	455	222	105	21 662
Discharges (a)	no.	6 688	5 860	4 026	2 018	1 798	452	224	98	21 164
Average length of stay (a)	days	68	58	59	52	70	60	59	66	62
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Operational places (b)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Services (b)	no.	51	19	11	8	3	3	1	4	100

Table 13A.66 Transition care program, summary measures

	Unit	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Aust
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	68.0	54.3	36.9	16.8	19.0	4.5	1.8	1.0	202.4
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	28.1	34.7	18.5	8.7	7.0	6.4	1.4	0.5	105.3
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	80	66	78	60	67	69	78	77	72
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	91	73	90	67	83	85	93	90	83
2012-13										
Admissions (a)	no.	7 213	6 189	4 613	2 121	1 986	458	241	114	22 935
Discharges (a)	no.	7 185	6 244	4 612	2 098	2 011	459	223	122	22 954
Average length of stay (a)	days	68	60	55	51	66	57	59	68	61
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Operational places (b)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Services (b)	no.	45	19	11	8	4	3	1	2	93
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	75.2	60.6	41.2	17.6	21.2	5.5	2.1	1.3	224.7
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	25.6	37.9	18.5	9.2	6.9	5.8	1.3	0.1	105.3
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	80	66	78	58	67	66	82	79	72
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	91	74	90	64	84	83	94	89	83
2013-14										
Admissions (a)	no.	7 312	6 152	4 772	2 016	1 896	599	282	128	23 157
Discharges (a)	no.	7 349	6 192	4 740	2 076	1 910	622	292	119	23 300
Average length of stay (a)	days	67	57	54	54	67	52	61	78	60
Allocated places (b), (c)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Operational places (b)	no.	1 378	1 000	733	346	347	109	58	29	4 000
Services (b)	no.	40	19	11	8	4	3	1	1	87
Australian government expenditure (d)	\$m	78.9	60.1	42.4	19.6	21.3	5.6	2.9	1.4	232.3
State and territory governments expenditure (e)	\$m	26.3	38.8	18.5	8.9	7.2	2.0	1.2	0.2	102.9
Average Modified Barthel Index on entry (f), (g), (h)	no.	80	65	75	58	69	65	89	81	72
Average Modified Barthel Index on exit (f), (g), (h)	no.	91	72	86	65	84	84	96	92	82

(a) Average length of stay is only for recipients who completed a transition care episode (that is, as it is for the Modified Barthel Index figures), while admissions and discharges are totals for the financial year (that is, not restricted to those who completed TC episode).

(b) At 30 June.

Table 13A.66 **Transition care program, summary measures**

	<i>Unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>Tas</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
(c)	Allocated places include places that will not be funded and therefore cannot become operational until the next financial year.									
(d)	Nominal expenditure for the year. Includes direct funding only.									
(e)	Nominal expenditure for the year. Includes direct funding and in-kind contributions.									
(f)	The Modified Barthel Index is a measure of functioning in the activities of daily living reported for Transition Care Program recipients who completed a transition care episode with zero being fully dependent and 100 being fully independent. Data are available from 2007-08 onwards.									
(g)	Different health and aged care service systems, local operating procedures and client groups can have an effect on the outcomes of the Transition Care Program across jurisdictions.									
(h)	Average Functional Capacity Scores on Entry and on Exit are for Transition Care completed episodes only.									
	na Not available.									

Source: DoHA/DSS (unpublished).

Data quality information — Aged care services, chapter 13

Data Quality Information

Data quality information (DQI) provides information against the seven Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) data quality framework dimensions, for a selection of performance indicators in the Aged care services chapter. DQI for additional indicators will be progressively introduced in future reports.

Technical DQI has been supplied or agreed by relevant data providers. Additional Steering Committee commentary does not necessarily reflect the views of data providers.

DQI Contents:

Use by different groups — access to residential aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people	3
Use by different groups — access to Home Care by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people	5
Use by different groups — the rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians benchmarked against the rate for all people	8
Use by different groups — Veterans' access to residential aged care	10
Use by different groups — the proportion of new residents classified as concessional, assisted or supported residents	14
Operational aged care places	16
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Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients — proportion of completed hospital separations for which the length of stay was 35 days or longer	20
Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care — proportion of total patient days used by patients who are waiting for residential aged care	23
Compliance with service standards for residential care — proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited	27

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Use by different groups — access to residential aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people

Data quality information (DQI) for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government Department of Social Services (DSS), with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Use by different groups — access to residential aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition</u></p> <p>Number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who access residential aged care services per 1000 people.</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>(1) the number of people of all ages using residential aged care services</p> <p>(2) the number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people of all ages using residential aged care services</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>(1) estimated resident population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50–65 years</p> <p>(2) estimated resident Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50 years or over</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as a rate. Calculation is: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 1000.</p>
Data source/s	<p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>Australian Government DSS's Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse. The Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse is a consolidated data warehouse of service provider and service recipient data held by the Ageing and Aged Care Division and the Office of Aged Care Quality and Compliance of the DSS.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>Total population projections 65 years or over</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• From June 2013 — projections based on the 2011 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• June 2008–June 2012 — projections based on the 2006 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• Before June 2008 — projections based on the 2001 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS. <p>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections 50–64 year olds or aged 50 years or over</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• June 2008–June 2013 — based on Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental 2006 Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data at statistical local area (SLA) level and aligned to published ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data in Experimental Estimates and Projections (ABS Cat. no. 3238.0, series B).• June 2014 — Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections are based closely on ABS 3238.0 — <i>Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026</i>. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional	Approved service providers submit data to the Department of Human Services
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environment	<p>(DHS) to claim subsidies from the Australian Government for services delivered under the Aged Care Act 1997 (the Act) and Aged Care Principles (the Principles)¹. These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse.</p> <p>Information relating to the recipient details is provided by DHS to provide context around the claims.</p> <p>The tables for this indicator are prepared by the DSS.</p>
Relevance	<p>The data are reported by state / territory and provide information on the ratios of recipients in aged care based on characteristics of age and Indigenous status to the relevant populations aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50 years or over.</p>
Timeliness	<p>DHS provides recipient data weekly to DSS and numbers are considered complete in the month after the period in question.</p> <p>On occasion a small percentage of late data are received from DHS.</p> <p>Data collected in September for the previous financial year are considered complete for publishing purposes.</p> <p>Population data are based on the ABS data from the 2011 census. Future census data for population projections (denominator) may be used to provide updates to the current ratios if significantly different.</p>
Accuracy	<p>Funding to service providers of Aged Care under the Act and the Principles is contingent on their submitting claims to DHS. Service providers' claims are audited annually.</p> <p>The data presented against this indicator relate to people who are in a residential care service as at 30 June.</p> <p>Approximately one per cent of all residential aged care recipients has an unspecified Indigenous status. These unspecified responses are excluded.</p> <p>Approximately one half of one per cent of all residential aged care recipients has an unspecified country of birth. These unspecified responses are excluded.</p> <p>The age of the recipient is calculated as at 30 June.</p>
Coherence	<p>The data items used to construct this performance indicator will be consistent and comparable over time.</p> <p>The recipient data are also set to 30 June and are available as a time series. The time series is broken down into months.</p> <p>Rates derived using population data based on different Censuses are not comparable.</p>
Accessibility	<p>Data are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Further information on definitions is available in the: <i>Aged Care Act 1997 and Aged Care Principles</i>; the Residential Aged Care Manual 2009; Residential Respite Care Manual; Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services Aged Care Services Data Manual.</p>

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The data provide relevant and accurate information on recipients of residential aged care services by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians. • Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14. • The data are consistent and comparable over time. • No significant data gaps or issues are identified.
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¹ Services delivered under the *Act Care Act 1997* and *Aged Care Principles* include residential care and residential respite care.

Use by different groups — access to Home Care by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Use by different groups — access to Home Care by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition</u></p> <p>Number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who received Home Care per 1000 people compared to number of all people received Home Care per 1000 people.</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>(1) number of people of all ages who received Home Care</p> <p>(2) number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people of all ages who received Home Care</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>(1) estimated resident population aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50-64 years</p> <p>(2) estimated resident Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50 years or over</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as a rate. Calculation is: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 1000.</p>
Data source/s	<p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>Australian Government DSS's Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse. The Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse is a consolidated data warehouse of service provider and service recipient data held by the Ageing and Aged Care Division and the Office of Aged Care Quality and Compliance of the DSS.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>Total population projections 65 years or over</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• From June 2013 — projections based on the 2011 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• June 2008–June 2012 — projections based on the 2006 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• Before June 2008 — projections based on the 2001 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS. <p>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections 50–64 year olds or aged 50 years or over</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• June 2008–June 2013 — based on ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental 2006 ERP data at SLA level and aligned to published ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data in Experimental Estimates and Projections (ABS Cat. no. 3238.0, series B).• June 2014 — Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections are based closely on ABS 3238.0 — <i>Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026</i>. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional	Approved service providers submit data to DHS to claim subsidies from the
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environment	<p>Australian Government for services delivered under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles (the Principles)</i>². These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse.</p> <p>Information relating to the recipient details is provided by DHS to provide context around the claims.</p> <p>The tables for this indicator are prepared by DSS.</p>
Relevance	<p>The data are reported by state / territory and provide information on the ratios of Home Care recipients based on characteristics of age and Indigenous status to the relevant populations of people aged 65 or over and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population aged 50 years or over.</p>
Timeliness	<p>The latest reference period for these data is 2013-14.</p> <p>DHS provides recipient data to DSS weekly and numbers are considered complete in the month after the period in question.</p> <p>On occasion a small percentage of late data are received from DHS.</p> <p>Data collected in September for the previous financial year is considered complete for publishing purposes.</p>
Accuracy	<p>Funding to service providers of Aged Care under the Act and the Principles is contingent on their submitting claims to DHS. Service providers' claims are audited annually.</p> <p>The data presented against this indicator relate to people who have received Home Care in the relevant financial year.</p> <p>Approximately ten per cent of all consumers of Home Care have no record on whether they are Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander or not. This may be attributed to the quality of some of the data collected from the new payments system for this program and non-reporting by home care consumers on whether they were Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander. Data with unspecified Indigenous status are excluded.</p> <p>The age of the recipient is calculated as at 30 June.</p>
Coherence	<p>From 1 August 2013, the new Home Care Program replaced the former community and flexible packaged care programs — Community Aged Care Packages (CACPs), Extended Aged Care at Home (EACH) packages, and EACH Dementia (EACH-D) packages. For existing CACP consumers, their packages became Home Care Level 2 and for existing EACH/EACH-D consumers, their packages became Home Care Level 4. For the 2013-14 data, the CACP, EACH and EACH-D data for month of July were allocated accordingly.</p> <p>Due to the program change the data items for 2013-14 used to construct this performance indicator are not consistent or comparable with data from previous reporting years.</p> <p>The recipient data are set to 30 June.</p> <p>Rates derived using population data based on different Censuses are not comparable.</p>
Accessibility	<p>Data are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Further information on definitions are available in the: <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles</i>; the draft <i>Community Packaged Care Guidelines 2007</i>; and the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services Aged Care Services Data Manual.</p>

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

² Services delivered under the *Act Care Act 1997* and *Aged Care Principles* include residential care and residential respite care.

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- The data have a relatively high missing rate for information on Indigenous status.
 - Rates that are based on different Censuses are not comparable.
 - Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14.
 - No significant data gaps or issues are identified.

Use by different groups — the rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians benchmarked against the rate for all people

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Use by different groups — the rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians benchmarked against the rate for all people.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition:</u></p> <p>Rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians compared against the rate for all people.</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>(1) Number of contacts made by Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres.</p> <p>(2) Number of contacts made by all people with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>(1) Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50 years or over.</p> <p>(2) People aged 65 years or over plus Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as a rate. Calculation is: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 1000.</p>
Data source/s	<p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>Commonwealth Carelink Centre Information System (CCCIS). The CCCIS is a database used by Centre staff to provide information to people about residential and community care services for older people and younger people with disabilities and their carers. CCCIS also captures information on all people that contact the Centres for information and/ or assistance. The CCCIS is owned and supported by the Australian Government DSS.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>Total population projections 65 years or over:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• From June 2013 — projections based on the 2011 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• June 2008–June 2012 — projections based on the 2006 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.• Before June 2008 — projections based on the 2001 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS. <p>Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections 50–64 year olds or aged 50 years or over:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• June 2008–June 2013 — based on ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental 2006 ERP data at SLA level and aligned to published ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data in Experimental Estimates and Projections (ABS Cat. no. 3238.0, series B).• June 2014 — Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections are based closely on ABS 3238.0 — <i>Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026</i>. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional Environment	Centres are bound by their funding agreement with the Commonwealth to record information about people that contact them for information and assistance. Centres have access to the CCCIS to capture this data. Centres that do not use the CCCIS to capture client episodes must upload their data monthly onto the CCCIS. The Department uses the data on the CCCIS to monitor Centre performance under the funding agreement, and to improve the planning, targeting and delivery of the program.
Relevance	The data are reported by state / territory and provide information on the rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres based on Indigenous status compared to rate of contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centres for the total population. It is important to note that the provision of demographic data by people contacting Centres for information and assistance is voluntary. There is a high percentage of people that do not give any personal details since this is an information provision service and it is not proportionate, or fit for purpose, for Centres to collect personal information for every contact.
Timeliness	Centres that use the CCCIS database to record personal details and to maintain data on community service providers do not need to send monthly data to the DSS. The data are accessed centrally for reporting purposes. Centres that do not use CCCIS are required to submit data to DSS every month, through CCCIS. Submissions must include the data for a whole calendar month, and must be made in the first week of the following month.
Accuracy	<p>Funding to Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centre service organisations is contingent on their meeting the requirements under their funding agreement which include submitting data about people that contact the Centre seeking information and assistance.</p> <p>The data presented against this indicator relate to people who have contacted a Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centre in the relevant financial year. Contacts include phone calls, visits, emails and facsimiles. It is not compulsory for Centres to ask about Indigenous status. It is also not practical that Centres ask a range of demographic data if the person is seeking only information. However, if the call leads to service delivery e.g. respite provision then it is more likely that the Centre will ask about Indigenous status or the person will self-identify. For this reason there is likely to be substantial under-reporting of Indigenous status in the overall data collected.</p>
Coherence	<p>The data items used to construct this performance indicator are consistent and comparable across states / territories.</p> <p>Contacts with Commonwealth Respite and Carelink Centre include those made by people of any age (numerators). Populations used to derive the rates include people aged 65 years or over plus Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years (denominators).</p>
Accessibility	Data are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services.
Interpretability	Further information for Centres is contained in the CCCIS user manual, the CCCIS training manual, the Centres operational manual and through the CCCIS helpdesk within the DSS.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The provision of demographic data, such as Indigenous status and age, by people contacting Centres for information and assistance is voluntary. There is a proportion of people who contact a Centre but do not provide demographic information.• Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14.
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Use by different groups — Veterans' access to residential aged care

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government Department of Veterans' Affairs (DVA), with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Use by different groups — Veterans' access to residential aged care
Measure (computation)	<u>Definition</u> (1) Veterans in residential aged care per 1000 eligible veterans. (2) Total expenditure (\$million) on residential aged care per 1000 eligible veterans. <u>Numerators</u> (1) Total expenditure (\$million) on veterans in residential care. (2) Total DVA clients in residential aged care. <u>Denominator</u> Number of eligible veterans aged 65 years or over. <u>Computation</u> (1) — Numerator (1)/Denominator (2) — Numerator (2)/Denominator
Data source/s	Unpublished DVA data. DVA source the residential aged care client and expenditure data from DSS.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>Approved service providers submit data to DHS to claim subsidies from the Australian Government for services delivered under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles</i> (the Principles)³. The DVA clients and expenditure data are provided to the DSS, which in turn and provide them to DVA.</p> <p>Information relating to the recipient details is provided by DHS to provide context around the claims.</p> <p>Eligible veterans are holders of DVA Gold or White cards. A Gold Card is determined to:</p> <p><u>Australian Veterans</u></p> <p>A Gold Card is issued to veterans of Australia's defence force who:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• are ex-prisoners of war;• are World War 1 veterans, nurses or mariners;• are returned ex-servicewomen of World War 2, that is, who served in Australia's defence force between 3 September 1939 and 29 October 1945 and who have qualifying service from that conflict;• are World War 2 veterans who served in Australia's defence force and mariners who served in Australia's merchant navy, between 3 September 1939 and 29 October 1945, who are aged 70 years or over, and have qualifying service from that conflict;• are mariners who served in Australia's merchant navy between 3 September 1939 and 29 October 1945 and are ex-prisoners of war; or• are veterans who served in Australia's defence force after World War 2, who are aged 70 years or over, and have qualifying service under section 7A of the VEA. This includes members who have rendered a period of service classified as
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³ Services delivered under the *Act Care Act 1997* and *Aged Care Principles* include residential care and residential respite care.

warlike on or after 1 July 2004, and which is covered under the Military, Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004 (MRCA) for compensation purposes.

Commonwealth and Allied Veterans

Some veterans of Commonwealth or allied forces with qualifying service are eligible for a Gold Card if they are:

- a veteran who served with a Commonwealth or allied force during World War 2 or in specified operational areas after World War 2 and were domiciled in Australia immediately prior to enlistment in the Commonwealth or allied force; or
- a mariner who served on a Commonwealth or allied ship during World War 2, if they or their dependants were residing in Australia for at least 12 months immediately prior to the commencement of their service on that ship.

Note: Eligibility for individuals who served with a Commonwealth or allied force requires that they have been 'domiciled' in Australia immediately prior to enlistment. Until 1 July 2010, individuals who were under 21 years of age were automatically determined to have been domiciled in the same country as their father (or mother, where their father was deceased). On 1 July 2010, this age was lowered to 18, allowing individuals older than this to take their own domicile.

Veterans Receiving Disability Pension under the Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986 (VEA)

Veterans who don't fit into the above categories but who receive the disability pension are also eligible to receive the Gold Card, if:

- the rate of their disability pension is 100 per cent of the general rate or higher;
- the rate of their disability pensions is 50 per cent of the general rate or higher and they also receive any amount of service pension;
- their disability pension includes an additional amount under section 27 of the VEA for specific service-related amputations or blindness in one eye; or
- they were granted the disability pension for pulmonary tuberculosis before 2 November 1978.

Veterans Receiving an Age or Invalidity Service Pension

Some veterans who receive an age or invalidity service pension are eligible to receive the Gold Card, if they also:

- satisfy the treatment benefits eligibility income and assets test; or
- are permanently blind in both eyes; or
- receive any amount of service pension and have an impairment from one or more service injuries or diseases that constitutes at least 30 impairment points under the MRCA.

Members with Conditions Accepted under MRCA

Former members of the Australian Defence Force (ADF), cadets and reservists who have conditions for which liability has been accepted under the MRCA are eligible for a Gold Card if they:

- have permanent impairment from accepted conditions assessed at or above 60 points; or
- have a permanent impairment from accepted conditions assessed at 30 points or above, and the person is receiving any amount of Service Pension, or
- meet the criteria for the Special Rate Disability Pension (SRDP) safety net payment even if they have not chosen that pension.

Dependants of Veterans

Certain dependants of veterans are also eligible for a Gold Card if they are:

- a war widow or widower in receipt of the war widow's or widower's pension;
- as at 1 July 2008 a war widow whose partner was in receipt of Temporary Special Rate and Intermediate Rate Pensions at the time of their death;
- a dependent child of a deceased veteran whose death has been accepted as war-caused, who is under 16 or between the ages of 16 and 25 and undergoing full-time education;
- a child of a deceased veteran whose death was not war-caused and who had

- operational service, if the child is not being cared for by the remaining parent;
- an invalid son or daughter of a deceased veteran whose death has been accepted as war-caused, who had treatment entitlement before 6 June 1985*;
- a widowed mother or widowed step-mother who was dependent on an unmarried deceased veteran whose death has been accepted as war-caused, who had treatment entitlement before 6 June 1985*; or
- a wholly dependent partner or dependent child of a member who is eligible for compensation for the member's death under the MRCA.

A White Card is determined to:

- Australian veterans or mariners under the *Veterans' Entitlements Act 1986* (VEA) with an accepted war or service-caused injury or disease. (may be eligible for non-liability health care treatment, whether war caused or not, for the following conditions;
 - malignant cancer (neoplasia);
 - pulmonary tuberculosis;
 - posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD);
 - anxiety and/or depression;
 - substance use disorder; or
 - alcohol use disorder.)
- Former members of the Australian Defence Force who have accepted conditions under the *Safety, Rehabilitations and Compensation Act 1988* (SRCA) and ongoing treatment needs.
- Ex-service personnel who are eligible for treatment under agreements between the Australian Government and New Zealand, Canada, South Africa and the United Kingdom for disabilities accepted as war-caused by their country of enlistment.
- Former members of the Australian Defence Force, current part-time Reservists, cadets and, in limited circumstances, to full-time members under the *Military Rehabilitation and Compensation Act 2004* (MRCA) who have a medical condition accepted as service related under the MRCA.

Once DVA Gold or White Cards are determined it is recorded on the following Departmental systems: VIEW, aDVAnce and DEFCARE.

The tables for this indicator are prepared by the DVA.

Relevance	The data are reported by State and Territory and provide information on all clients and expenditure for veterans in residential aged care.
Timeliness	<p>Eligible veterans aged 65 years or over include data for those who age is unknown. An eligible veteran is defined as a DVA Gold or White card holder.</p> <p>DVA requests DSS monthly payment files. DSS provides these files 3 months in arrears, at the end of a month.</p> <p>On occasion a small percentage of late client data are received from Medicare Australia. The figures are subject to lag and may therefore be subject to revision.</p>
Accuracy	<p>Data collected in September for the previous financial year is considered complete for publishing purposes.</p> <p>Funding to service providers of Aged Care under the Act and the Principles is contingent on their submitting claims to Medicare Australia. Service providers' claims are audited annually.</p> <p>The data presented against this indicator relate to people who have received residential aged care that is funded by DVA.</p> <p>Before 1 July 2014, there was a data exchange between DSS, Centrelink and DVA via a nightly flat file (referred to as the "Train") that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • was prepared by DSS, containing all relevant aged care recipients and sent to DVA; • DVA then updated the file by amending the liability indicator and details of care recipients who are DVA clients, and subsequently sent the file to Centrelink; • Centrelink updated the file with details of care recipients who are Centrelink

	clients and subsequently returned the file to DSS. From 1 July 2014 a new process has been established.
Coherence	The data items used to construct this performance indicator will be consistent and comparable over time.
Accessibility	Data are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services. Expenditure for Residential Aged Care is published in the annual Portfolio Budget Statements. Veteran's Demographic Data on DVA clients and eligible veterans are published on the DVA website.
Interpretability	Further information on definitions is available in the: <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles</i> and the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services Aged Care Services Data Manual.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The data provide relevant and accurate information on DVA expenditure and clients for residential aged care. • Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14. • The data are consistent and comparable over time. • No significant data gaps or issues are identified.
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Use by different groups — the proportion of new residents classified as concessional, assisted or supported residents

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Use by different groups — concessional, assisted or supported residents.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition:</u></p> <p>Proportion of new residents classified as concessional, assisted or supported residents, divided by the number of new residents.</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>(1) Number of new high care residents classified as concessional, assisted or supported.</p> <p>(2) Number of new low care residents classified as concessional, assisted or supported.</p> <p>(3) Number of new residents (high and low care) classified as concessional, assisted or supported.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>(1) Number of new high care residents</p> <p>(2) Number of new low care residents</p> <p>(3) Number of new residents (high and low care).</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as a proportion. Calculation is: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100.</p>
• Data source/s	Australian Government DSS's Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse. The Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse is a consolidated data warehouse of service provider and service recipient data held by the Ageing and Aged Care Division and the Office of Aged Care Quality and Compliance of the DSS.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional Environment	<p>Approved service providers submit data to DHS to claim subsidies from the Australian Government for services delivered under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> (the Act) and Aged Care Principles (the Principles)⁴. These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Information relating to the recipient details is provided by DHS to provide context around the claims.• The tables for this indicator are prepared by the DSS.
Relevance	<p>These data only refer to permanent residents only, at their first admission.</p> <p>For 2005-06 and 2006-07, data include concessional or assisted residents. Data for 2007-08 include concessional, assisted or supported residents. Data from 2008-09 include supported residents only.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Concessional residents are those who receive an income support payment and have not owned a home for the last two or more years (or whose home is occupied by a 'protected' person, for example, the care recipient's partner), and have assets of less than 2.5 times the annual single basic age pension. For residents who enter care from 20 Sept 2009 onwards the threshold is 2.25 times the annual single basic age pension.• Assisted residents are those meeting the above criteria, but with assets between

⁴ Services delivered under the *Act Care Act 1997* and *Aged Care Principles* include residential care and residential respite care.

	<p>2.5 and 4.0 times the annual single basic age pension. For residents who enter care from 20 Sept 2009 onwards the range is from 2.25 to 3.61 times the annual single basic age pension.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supported residents are those who have entered permanent residential care on or after 20 March 2008 (or who re-enter care on or after 20 March 2008 after a break in care of more than 28 days) and have assets of up to a set value (\$102 544 as at March 2011). This threshold is indexed in March and September each year in line with pension increases. <p>The data are reported by state / territory and provide information on the proportion of people entering residential aged care who are supported residents, by level of care.</p>
Timeliness	<p>DHS provides recipient data to DSS weekly and numbers are considered complete in the month after the period in question.</p> <p>On occasion a small percentage of late data are received from DHS.</p> <p>Data collected in September for the previous financial year is considered complete for publishing purposes.</p>
Accuracy	<p>Funding to service providers of Aged Care under the Act and the Principles is contingent on their submitting claims to DHS. Service providers' claims are audited annually.</p> <p>The data presented against this indicator relate to people who have entered residential aged care in the relevant financial year.</p>
Coherence	<p>The data items used to construct this performance indicator will be consistent and comparable over time.</p> <p>The recipient data are set to 30 June and are available as a time series. The time series is broken down into months.</p>
Accessibility	<p>Data are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Further information on definitions is available in the: <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles</i> and the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services Aged Care Services Data Manual.</p>

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The data provide relevant and accurate information on the proportion of new residents classified as supported. Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14. The data are consistent and comparable over time. No significant data gaps or issues are identified.
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Operational aged care places

DQI for this indicator has been sourced from the Australian Institute of Health and Welfare (AIHW) for the National Healthcare Agreement with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Effectiveness – Access
Indicator	Operational residential and community aged care places/packages per 1,000 people aged 70 year or over (and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50 years and over), excluding services funded through Home and Community Care (HACC).
Measure (computation)	<p><i>Numerator:</i> Number of operational residential and community aged care places at 30 June (excluding services funded through Home and Community Care).</p> <p>Residential aged care places is a count of operational residential care places delivered in Australian Government subsidised residential aged care facilities. It includes Multi-Purpose Services and places delivered under the National Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care Program and the Innovative Care program provided in a residential aged care facility.</p> <p>Community Aged Care places is a count of operational packages under the following programs: Home Care Packages Levels 1–4; Transition Care Program (except when broken down into aged care region); Multi-Purpose Services; and places delivered under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy in the community as well as Innovative Care Programs provided in the community.</p> <p><i>Denominator:</i> Estimated population aged 70 years and over for the total population plus the estimated Indigenous population aged 50–69 years as at 30 June of the current reporting period.</p> <p>Expressed as numerator only and rate ($1000 \times \text{numerator} \div \text{denominator}$).</p> <p>Rate (per 1000 population) calculated separately for residential and community aged care places.</p>
Data source/s	<p><i>Numerator:</i> Australian Government Department of Social Services Aged Care data warehouse of service provider and service recipient data held by Department of Social Services (DSS).</p> <p><i>Denominator: For total population:</i> For June 2014, DSS projections of the total population are based on 2012 Estimated Resident Population. These projections were prepared at the Statistical Area 2 (SA2) level for DSS by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) according to the assumptions set by DSS.</p> <p><i>For Indigenous population:</i> For June 2014, DSS Indigenous population projections are based closely on <i>Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2001 to 2016 (ABS cat no. 3238.0)</i>. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.</p>

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional Environment	<p>Approved services submit data to DHS to claim subsidies from the Australian Government. This data is provided to DSS to administer services under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and the Aged Care Principles and to administer places delivered under the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Aged Care Strategy.</p> <p>The data quality statement was developed by DSS and includes comments from the AIHW. The AIHW did not have all of the relevant datasets required to independently verify the data tables for this indicator. For further information see the AIHW website.</p>
Relevance	<p><i>Numerator:</i> The data includes all places offered by aged care services subsidised by the Australian Government under the programs identified above.</p> <p>Residential places are those allocated to an Aged Care Planning Region which were delivered in an Australian Government subsidised residential aged care facility and were operational at 30 June 2013, and includes Multi-Purpose Services and places delivered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care and Innovative Care Programs provided in a residential aged care facility.</p>

Community care places are those allocated to an Aged Care Planning Region which were operational at 30 June 2013 and includes: Home Care Packages Levels 1–4 and Multi-Purpose Services and places delivered under the National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Flexible Aged Care and Innovative Care Programs provided in the community. Note that it does not include places allocated under the Transition Care Program only for Aged Care Planning Region, as it is not possible to disaggregate these places by Aged Care Planning Region.

This indicator does not include services funded through HACC.

Timeliness *Numerator:* Based on a stocktake of aged care places which were operational at 30 June 2014. Data for the current reporting period is available October each year.

Accuracy The data used to calculate this indicator are from an administrative data collection designed for payment of subsidies to service providers and have accurate data on the number and location of funded aged care places.

Coherence The data items used for the numerator in this indicator are consistent and comparable over time. This indicator is consistent with other publicly available information about aged care places.

Indigenous population projections have been calculated using a different method compared with that used in previous years. This will have a small effect on comparability with results from previous years.

In 2011, the ABS updated the standard geography used in Australia for most data collections from the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) to the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS). Also updated at this time were remoteness areas, based on the 2011 ABS Census of Population and Housing. The new remoteness areas will be referred to as RA 2011, and the previous remoteness areas as RA 2006. Data for 2009 through to 2012 reported by remoteness were reported for RA 2006. Data for 2013 and subsequent years are reported for RA 2011. The AIHW considers the change from RA 2006 to RA 2011 to be a series break when applied to data supplied for this indicator, therefore remoteness data for 2012 and previous years are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2013 and subsequent years.

Accessibility Aggregated data items are published in the Steering Committee for the Review of Government Service Provision's Report on Government Services, the Reports on the Operation of the *Aged Care Act 1997* prepared by DSS, and in the AIHW's Aged care statistics series.

Interpretability Further information on definitions is available in the *Aged Care Act 1997* and Aged Care Principles, and in the Guide to Aged Care.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- Data development is required in order to develop a measure of capacity available under the HACC program.
- Remoteness data for 2012 and previous years are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2013 and subsequent years.

Elapsed times for aged care services

DQI for this indicator has been sourced from the AIHW for the National Healthcare Agreement with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Effectiveness — access — timeliness
Indicator	Elapsed times for aged care services. The elapsed time between an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into a residential aged care service or commencement of a Home Care Package.
Measure (computation)	<i>Numerator:</i> Number of new aged care recipients who commence a service within the following elapsed time periods during the previous financial year: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Within two days or less• Seven days or less• Less than one month• Less than three months• Less than nine months <i>Denominator:</i> Total number of new aged care recipients during the previous financial year. Expressed as percentage of people admitted by length of entry period and service type ($100 \times \text{numerator} \div \text{denominator}$) calculated separately for each service type and elapsed time period.
Data source/s	Australian Government DSS's Aged Care Assessment Program Minimum Data Set. Australian Government Department of Social Services' Aged Care Data Warehouse.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	Approved service providers submit data to the DHS to claim subsidies from the Australian Government for services delivered under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and Aged Care Principles. These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse. The tables for this indicator were prepared by the DSS and quality-assessed by the AIHW. The data quality statement was developed by DSS and includes comments from the AIHW. The AIHW did not have the relevant datasets required to independently verify the data tables for this indicator.
Relevance	The measure of 'elapsed time' is utilised because the period of time between the Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT) approval and entry into residential care or commencement of community care may be influenced by factors that cannot be categorised as time spent 'waiting' and not all 'waiting' time is included. Factors that influence this indicator are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• care placement offers that are not accepted• the availability of alternative community care, informal care and respite services• variations in care fee regimes that influence client choice of preferred service• building quality and perceptions about quality of care that influence client choice of preferred service.
Timeliness	The reference period for this data set is the previous financial year.
Accuracy	The elapsed time between an ACAT approval and entry into an aged care service is retrospective, i.e. the elapsed time is calculated once a person has obtained entry into an aged care service. The data for elapsed time by State and Territory, and by Indigenous status, are derived from the location of the aged care service. The data for elapsed time by Remoteness are derived from the recipient's

postcode at time of assessment and exclude some postcodes which cannot be matched to a Remoteness area.

Socio-Economic Indexes for Area (SEIFA) quintiles and deciles are derived from the recipient's postcode at time of assessment. Recipient's postcodes not found in the ABS's SEIFA data are excluded.

The data for elapsed time by remoteness and SEIFA were sourced at a later date than the data for elapsed time by state/territory resulting in slightly different total numbers of admissions. The variance across the different breakdowns of this indicator is less than 0.4 per cent.

Coherence

The state/territory level data items used to construct this performance indicator are consistent and comparable over time. As noted in the Accuracy section above, there is variance between the state/territory level data items and the data for remoteness and SEIFA. This occurs for 2011-12 and subsequent years.

For 2011-12 and subsequent years, cells have been suppressed to protect confidentiality where the presentation could identify an aged care recipient or where rates are likely to be highly volatile, for example where the denominator is very small. The following rules were applied:

Rates were suppressed where the numerator was less than 5 and/or the denominator was less than 10.

Counts were suppressed when the number was less than 5.

Consequential suppression was applied.

In 2011, the ABS updated the standard geography used in Australia for most data collections from the ASGC to the Australian Statistical Geography Standard ASGS. Also updated at this time were remoteness areas and the SEIFA, based on the 2011 ABS Census of Population and Housing.

The new remoteness areas will be referred to as RA 2011, and the previous remoteness areas as RA 2006. The new SEIFA will be referred to as SEIFA 2011, and the previous SEIFA as SEIFA 2006.

Data for 2011-12 were reported for RA 2006. Data for 2012-13 and subsequent years are reported for RA 2011. The AIHW considers the change from RA 2006 to RA 2011 to be a series break when applied to data supplied for this indicator, therefore remoteness data for 2011-12 are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2012-13 and subsequent years.

Data for 2011-12 for SEIFA quintiles and deciles were reported using SEIFA 2006. Data for 2012-13 and subsequent years for SEIFA quintiles and deciles are reported using SEIFA 2011. The AIHW considers the change from SEIFA 2006 to SEIFA 2011 to be a series break when applied to data supplied for this indicator, therefore SEIFA data for 2012-13 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2011-12.

Accessibility

The data for this indicator are also used to report in the Report on Government Services.

Interpretability

The Report on Government Services includes footnotes and explanations on this measure.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues

The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- The measure of 'elapsed time' is used as a proxy for demand for aged care services, however there are many factors that cannot be categorised as time spent 'waiting' and not all 'waiting' time is included in this measure.
- For residential aged care, it is important to focus on high care services, as the link between 'elapsed time' before entry to residential care and actual 'waiting time' is stronger for high care residents than for low care residents.
- Remoteness data for 2011-12 are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2012-13 and subsequent years.
- SEIFA data for 2012-13 and subsequent years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2011-12.

Hospital patient days used by aged care type patients – proportion of completed hospital separations for which the length of stay was 35 days or longer

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the AIHW, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Equity — Access
Indicator	Proportion of completed hospital separations for aged care type patients (aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years) for which the length of stay was 35 days or longer.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Numerator:</u></p> <p>Number of completed hospital separations for ‘aged care type’ patients aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years where the length of stay was 35 days or longer.</p> <p><u>Denominator:</u></p> <p>Number of completed hospital separations for ‘aged care type’ patients aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Numerator/Denominator * 100</p>
Data source/s	This indicator is calculated using data from the National Hospitals Morbidity Database (NHMD), based on the National Minimum Data Set (NMDS) for Admitted patient care.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>The AIHW has calculated this indicator.</p> <p>The AIHW is a major national agency set up by the Australian Government under the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i> to provide reliable, regular and relevant information and statistics on Australia’s health and welfare. It is an independent statutory authority established in 1987, governed by a management board, and accountable to the Australian Parliament through the Health portfolio.</p> <p>The AIHW aims to improve the health and wellbeing of Australians through better health and welfare information and statistics. It collects and reports information on a wide range of topics and issues, ranging from health and welfare expenditure, hospitals, disease and injury, and mental health, to ageing, homelessness, disability and child protection.</p> <p>The Institute also plays a role in developing and maintaining national metadata standards. This work contributes to improving the quality and consistency of national health and welfare statistics. The Institute works closely with governments and non-government organisations to achieve greater adherence to these standards in administrative data collections to promote national consistency and comparability of data and reporting.</p> <p>One of the main functions of the AIHW is to work with the states and territories to improve the quality of administrative data and, where possible, to compile national datasets based on data from each jurisdiction, to analyse these datasets and disseminate information and statistics.</p> <p>The <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i>, in conjunction with compliance to the Privacy Act 1988 (Commonwealth), ensures that the data collections managed by the AIHW are kept securely and under the strictest conditions with respect to privacy and confidentiality.</p> <p>For further information see the AIHW website www.aihw.gov.au</p> <p>Data for the NHMD were supplied to the AIHW by state and territory health authorities under the terms of the National Health Information Agreement (see the</p>
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following links):

- www.aihw.gov.au/nhissc/
- meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/182135

The state and territory health authorities received these data from public hospitals and private hospitals. States and territories use these data for service planning, monitoring and internal and public reporting. Hospitals may be required to provide data to states and territories through a variety of administrative arrangements, contractual requirements or legislation.

Relevance

Aged care type' patients are defined as older patients (65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people aged 50–64 years) where the care type was 'maintenance' and the diagnosis (either principal or additional) was either 'awaiting admission to residential aged care' or 'no-one to provide care at home'.

- 'Awaiting admission to residential aged care' are those separations recorded as code Z75.11.
- 'No-one to provide care at home' are those separations recorded as code Z74.2.
- Only 'completed unlinked separations' are included, these are separations by care type, not the full length of the hospital stay for a patient.

Although the diagnosis codes reflect a care type, they do not determine a person's appropriate requirement for residential aged care (this is determined by an ACAT assessment). This indicator is a proxy indicator.

The purpose of the NMDS for Admitted patient care is to collect information about care provided to admitted patients in Australian hospitals. The scope of the NMDS is episodes of care for admitted patients in essentially all hospitals in Australia, including public and private acute and psychiatric hospitals, free standing day hospital facilities, alcohol and drug treatment hospitals and dental hospitals. Hospitals operated by the Australian Defence Force, corrections authorities and in Australia's off shore territories are not included. Hospitals specialising in ophthalmic aids and other specialised acute medical or surgical care are included.

The hospital separations data do not include episodes of non-admitted patient care provided in outpatient clinics or emergency departments.

Acute care certificate

After a patient has been hospitalised for 35 days health funds are not obliged to pay unless the treating doctor issues an Acute Care Certificate indicating why the patient needs to remain in hospital. Under section 3B of the *Health Insurance Act 1973*, an Acute Care Certificate needs to be completed by the Doctor for each 30 day period that a patient requires hospitalisation. This is applicable to long-term patients. The 3B certificate can be reviewed by an independent committee called the Acute Care Advisory Committee (ACAC), formed under the Health Insurance Act. If the committee decides that the 3B should be revoked, health funds are only required to pay the equivalent of the benefit that would be payable to nursing home type patients – which is less than the Acute Care rate.

Timeliness

The latest reference period for these data is 2012-13.

Accuracy

States and territories are primarily responsible for the quality of the data they provide. However, the AIHW undertakes extensive validation on receipt of data. Data are checked for valid values, logical consistency and historical consistency. Where possible, data in individual data sets are checked against data from other data sets. Potential errors are queried with jurisdictions, and corrections and resubmissions may be made in response to these queries. The AIHW does not adjust data to account for possible data errors or missing or incorrect values.

For 2012-13, almost all public hospitals provided data for the NHMD, with the exception of all separations for a mothercraft hospital in the ACT. The great majority of private hospitals also provided data, the exceptions being the private free-standing day hospital facilities in the ACT, the single private free-standing day hospital in the NT, and a private free-standing day hospital in Victoria.

There is some variation among jurisdictions in the assignment of care type categories.

Coherence

Data from 2011-12 include public patients in private hospitals, these patients were

not included in 2009-10 or 2010-11.

The data can be compared across all jurisdictions for each year.

The information presented for this indicator is calculated using the same methodology as data published in Australian hospital statistics.

Accessibility

The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the NHMD. Published products available on the AIHW website are:

Australian hospital statistics with associated Excel tables

Interactive data cubes for Admitted patient care (for Principal diagnoses, Procedures and Diagnosis Related Groups).

These products may be accessed on the AIHW website at: www.aihw.gov.au/hospitals/.

Interpretability

Supporting information on the quality and use of the NHMD are published annually in Australian hospital statistics (technical appendixes), available in hard copy or on the AIHW website. Readers are advised to note caveat information to ensure appropriate interpretation of the performance indicator. Supporting information includes discussion of coverage, completeness of coding, the quality of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data, and changes in service delivery that might affect interpretation of the published data. Metadata information for the NMDS for Admitted patient care is published in the AIHW's online metadata repository, METeOR, and the National health data dictionary.

The National health data dictionary can be accessed online at:

- www.aihw.gov.au/publication-detail/?id=10737422826

The Data Quality Statement for the National Hospital Morbidity Database can be accessed on the AIHW website at:

- meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/568730

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues

The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- Further development is required to enable reporting on the number of days waited by people in hospitals who have received ACAT assessments and are deemed eligible for residential aged care.

Hospital patient days used by those eligible and waiting for residential aged care — proportion of total patient days used by patients who are waiting for residential aged care

DQI for this indicator has been sourced from the AIHW for the National Healthcare Agreement with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Effectiveness — Appropriateness
Indicator	Number of hospital bed days used by patients whose acute (or sub-acute) episode of admitted patient care has finished and who have been assessed by an ACAT and approved for residential aged care.
Measure (computation)	<p>The <u>numerator</u> is the number of patient days used by patients who are waiting for residential aged care where the care type is <i>Maintenance</i>, a diagnosis was reported as <i>Person awaiting admission to residential aged care service</i> and the separation mode was not <i>Other (includes discharge to place of usual residence)</i>. Includes overnight separations only.</p> <p>The <u>denominator</u> is the total number of patient days (including overnight and same-day separations).</p> <p>An overnight separation is an episode of care for an admitted patient that involves at least one overnight stay—that is, the date of admission and date of separation are different.</p> <p>Calculation is $1000 \times (\text{numerator} \div \text{denominator})$.</p>
Data source/s	<p>Numerator and denominator:</p> <p>This indicator is calculated using data from the NHMD, based on the National Minimum Data Set (NMDS) for Admitted patient care.</p> <p>Data for socioeconomic status was calculated by AIHW using the ABS Index of Relative Socio-Economic Disadvantage 2011 and ERP by Statistical Area level 2 (SA2) as at 30 June 2012. Each SA2 in Australia is ranked and divided into quintiles and deciles in a population-based manner, such that each quintile has approximately 20 per cent of the population and each decile has approximately 10 per cent of the population..</p>

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>The AIHW has calculated this indicator.</p> <p>The AIHW is a major national agency set up by the Australian Government under the <i>Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987</i> to provide reliable, regular and relevant information and statistics on Australia's health and welfare. It is an independent statutory authority established in 1987, governed by a management board, and accountable to the Australian Parliament through the Health portfolio.</p> <p>The AIHW aims to improve the health and wellbeing of Australians through better health and welfare information and statistics. It collects and reports information on a wide range of topics and issues, ranging from health and welfare expenditure, hospitals, disease and injury, and mental health, to ageing, homelessness, disability and child protection.</p> <p>The Institute also plays a role in developing and maintaining national metadata standards. This work contributes to improving the quality and consistency of national health and welfare statistics. The Institute works closely with governments and non-government organisations to achieve greater adherence to these standards in administrative data collections to promote national consistency and comparability of data and reporting.</p> <p>One of the main functions of the AIHW is to work with the states and territories to improve the quality of administrative data and, where possible, to compile national datasets based on data from each jurisdiction, to analyse these datasets and</p>
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disseminate information and statistics.

The *Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Act 1987*, in conjunction with compliance to the Privacy Act 1988 (Commonwealth), ensures that the data collections managed by the AIHW are kept securely and under the strictest conditions with respect to privacy and confidentiality.

For further information see the AIHW website www.aihw.gov.au.

Data for the NHMD were supplied to the AIHW by state and territory health authorities under the terms of the National Health Information Agreement (see the following links):

- www.aihw.gov.au/nhissc/
- meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/182135

The state and territory health authorities received these data from public hospitals. States and territories use these data for service planning, monitoring and internal and public reporting. Hospitals may be required to provide data to states and territories through a variety of administrative arrangements, contractual requirements or legislation.

Relevance

The purpose of the NMDS for Admitted patient care is to collect information about care provided to admitted patients in Australian hospitals. The scope of the NMDS is episodes of care for admitted patients in essentially all hospitals in Australia, including public and private acute and psychiatric hospitals, free-standing day hospital facilities, alcohol and drug treatment hospitals and dental hospitals. Hospitals operated by the Australian Defence Force, corrections authorities and in Australia's off-shore territories are not included. Hospitals specialising in ophthalmic aids and other specialised acute medical or surgical care are included.

The hospital separations data do not include episodes of non-admitted patient care provided in outpatient clinics or emergency departments.

This indicator is a proxy indicator.

Analyses by remoteness and socioeconomic status are based on the SA2 of usual residence of the patient. The SEIFA categories for socioeconomic status represent approximately the same proportion of the national population, but do not necessarily represent that proportion of the population in each state or territory (each SEIFA decile or quintile represents 10 per cent and 20 per cent respectively of the national population).

The SEIFA scores for each SA2 are derived from 2011 Census data and represent the attributes of the population in that SA2 in 2011.

In 2011, the ABS updated the SEIFA, based on the 2011 ABS Census of Population and Housing. The new SEIFA will be referred to as SEIFA 2011, and the previous SEIFA as SEIFA 2006. Data for 2007-08 through to 2010-11 reported for SEIFA quintiles and deciles are reported using SEIFA 2006 at the SLA level. Data for 2011-12 are reported using SEIFA 2011 at the SLA level. Data for 2012-13 are reported using SEIFA 2011 at the SA2 level. The AIHW considers the change from SEIFA 2006 to SEIFA 2011, and the change from SLA to SA2 to be series breaks when applied to data supplied for this indicator. Therefore, SEIFA data for 2010-11 and previous years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2011-12, and SEIFA data for 2011-12 and previous years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2012-13 and subsequent years.

Patient days are reported by jurisdiction of hospitalisation, regardless of the jurisdiction of residence. Hence, rates represent the number of patient days for patients living in each remoteness area or SEIFA population group (regardless of their jurisdiction of usual residence) divided by the total number of patient days for patients living in that remoteness area or SEIFA population group hospitalised in the reporting jurisdiction. This is relevant if significant numbers of one jurisdiction's residents are treated in another jurisdiction (for example, the ACT).

Other Australians includes separations for non-Indigenous people and those for whom Indigenous status was not stated.

Timeliness

The latest reference period for these data is 2012-13.

Accuracy

For 2012–13, almost all public hospitals provided data for the NHMD, with the exception of all separations for a mothercraft hospital in the ACT.

The majority of private hospitals provided data, with the exception of the private day hospital facilities in the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory.

States and territories are primarily responsible for the quality of the data they provide. However, the AIHW undertakes extensive validation on receipt of data. Data are checked for valid values, logical consistency and historical consistency. Where possible, data in individual data sets are checked against data from other data sets. Potential errors are queried with jurisdictions, and corrections and resubmissions may be made in response to these queries. The AIHW does not adjust data to account for possible data errors or missing or incorrect values.

There is some variation among jurisdictions in the assignment of care type categories, this may impart reflect measurement and definitional differences across jurisdictions.

The NHMD does not include data on ACAT assessments.

The AIHW report Indigenous identification in hospital separations data: quality report (AIHW 2013) found that nationally, about 88 per cent of Indigenous Australians were identified correctly in hospital admissions data in the 2011–12 study period, and the ‘true’ number of separations for Indigenous Australians was about 9 per cent higher than reported. The report recommended that the data for all jurisdictions are used in analysis of Indigenous hospitalisation rates, for hospitalisations in total in national analyses of Indigenous admitted patient care. However, these data should be interpreted with caution as there is variation among jurisdictions in the quality of the Indigenous status data.

Cells have been suppressed to protect confidentiality where the presentation could identify a patient or a service provider or where rates are likely to be highly volatile, for example, where the denominator is very small. The following rules were applied:

- Counts less than 3 were suppressed.
- Rates were suppressed where the numerator was less than 5 and/or the denominator was less than 1,000.
- Rates which appear misleading (for example, because of cross border flows) were also suppressed.
- Consequential suppression was applied where appropriate to protect confidentiality.

Coherence

The information presented for this indicator is calculated using the same methodology as data published in Australian hospital statistics 2012–13.

The data can be meaningfully compared across reference periods for all jurisdictions except Tasmania. Data for Tasmania for 2008–09 does not include two private hospitals that were included in 2007–08 and 2009–10 data reported in National Healthcare Agreement reports.

Methodological variations also exist in the application of SEIFA to various data sets and performance indicators. Any comparisons of the SEIFA analysis for this indicator with other related SEIFA analysis should be undertaken with careful consideration of the methods used, in particular the SEIFA Census year, the SEIFA index used and the approach taken to derive quintiles and deciles.

National level data disaggregated by Indigenous status for 2007–08 included data from NSW, Qld, WA, SA and NT. National level data disaggregated by Indigenous status for 2008–09, 2009–10 and 2010–11 included data from NSW, Victoria, Qld, WA, SA and NT. National level data disaggregated by Indigenous status for 2011–12 and subsequent years includes data from all eight states and territories. Therefore, data disaggregated by Indigenous status from 2007–08 is not comparable to 2008–09, 2009–10 and 2010–11, and data for 2011–12 and subsequent years are not comparable with data for 2010–11 and prior years.

Accessibility

The AIHW provides a variety of products that draw upon the NHMD. Published products available on the AIHW website are:

- Australian hospital statistics with associated Excel tables
- interactive data cubes for Admitted patient care (for Principal diagnoses,

Procedures and Diagnosis Related Groups).

These products may be accessed on the AIHW website at: <http://www.aihw.gov.au/hospitals/>

Interpretability

Supporting information on the quality and use of the NHMD are published annually in Australian hospital statistics (technical appendixes), available in hard copy or on the AIHW website. Readers are advised to note caveat information to ensure appropriate interpretation of the performance indicator. Supporting information includes discussion of coverage, completeness of coding, the quality of Indigenous data, and changes in service delivery that might affect interpretation of the published data. Metadata information for the National Minimum Data Set (NMDS) for Admitted patient care is published in the AIHW's online metadata repository, METeOR, and the National health data dictionary.

The National health data dictionary can be accessed online at:

- <http://www.aihw.gov.au/publication-detail/?id=10737422826>

The Data Quality Statement for the 2012–13 NHMD can be accessed on the AIHW website at:

- <http://meteor.aihw.gov.au/content/index.phtml/itemId/546749>

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues

The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- The indicator as presented is a proxy measure based on available data items in the NHMD. The indicator is not a count of patient days used by those eligible (as assessed and approved by an Aged Care Assessment Team (ACAT)) and waiting for residential aged care. The indicator as presented is the number of patient days (and proportion of all patient days) used by patients where the care type is 'Maintenance', a diagnosis was reported as 'Person awaiting admission to residential aged care service' and the separation mode was not 'Other (includes discharge to place of usual residence)'.
• There is some variation among jurisdictions in the assignment of care type categories, this may impart reflect measurement and definitional differences across jurisdictions.
• Numerators for remoteness and socioeconomic status are based on the reported area of usual residence of the patient, regardless of the jurisdiction of hospital. This is relevant if significant numbers of one jurisdiction's residents are treated in another jurisdiction. Interpretation of rates for jurisdictions should take into consideration cross-border flows, particularly in the Australian Capital Territory.
• Remoteness data for 2011–12 and previous years are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2012–13 and subsequent years.
• SEIFA data for 2010–11 and previous years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2011–12, and SEIFA data for 2011–12 and previous years are not directly comparable with SEIFA data for 2012–13 and subsequent years.

Compliance with service standards for residential care — proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited

DQI for this indicator has been sourced from the AIHW for the National Healthcare Agreement with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Effectiveness — quality
Indicator	Compliance with service standards for residential care — proportion of residential aged care services that are three year re-accredited
Measure (computation)	<p><i>Numerator:</i> Number of residential aged care facilities that received re-accreditation for three years during the financial year, decision as in effect at 30 June.</p> <p><i>Denominator:</i> Total number of residential aged care facilities that received re-accreditation decisions during the financial year.</p> <p>Expressed as percentage ($100 \times \text{numerator} \div \text{denominator}$).</p>
Data source/s	Australian Aged Care Quality Agency.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>The data are from an administrative data collection designed for meeting the Accreditation Standards and a home's responsibilities under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i>.</p> <p>The tables for this indicator were prepared by the Australian Aged Care Quality Agency and quality-assessed by the AIHW. The data quality statement was developed by DSS and includes comments from the AIHW. The AIHW did not have the relevant datasets required to independently verify the data tables for this indicator</p>
Relevance	<p>The data are restricted to services seeking re-accreditation. Each year there are more assessment contacts (including unannounced visits) than there are audits. Restricting this measure to 're-accreditation' data excludes those homes which were subject to a review audit – that is, those homes which the regulator has sufficient concerns to decide that the provider may not be meeting the Accreditation Standards or its responsibilities under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i>.</p> <p>Assessment contacts are necessarily limited in scope and hence how a home performs at a full audit is considered a more robust indicator. This indicator is a 'point in-time' assessment of performance and as accreditation generally follows a three-yearly cycle. The audit data can sometimes be up to three years old.</p> <p>A limitation in the data is that they are only for re-accreditation decisions made during the financial year.</p> <p>In 2013-14 there were 2693 accredited residential aged care homes but only 496 re-accreditation decisions were made. In the previous year 1139 decisions were made.</p>
Timeliness	The data are restricted to re-accreditations within the previous financial year.
Accuracy	<p>The data used to calculate this indicator are from an administrative data collection designed for meeting the Accreditation Standards and a home's responsibilities under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i>. The data are considered to be accurate.</p> <p>The intent of the indicator is to provide a proxy for overall industry performance. The indicator shows how many homes are on the maximum period of accreditation (due to being consistently good performers). It is not relevant how many homes were assessed during the year.</p>
Coherence	<p>The data are used to report in the Report on Government Services and are coherent.</p> <p>The 'accreditation period' only shows the decision in effect at 30 June of that year.</p>

The figures will not necessarily be consistent with the accreditation decisions made in the previous year because those decisions may not yet have taken effect, or may have been superseded. The data vary across years according to how many homes were due for assessment during the year. The comparison across reference periods of the number of homes assessed is not meaningful. The comparison across reference periods of the proportions of re-accredited homes is meaningful and comparable.

The measure excludes those homes where there are reasonable grounds to believe there may be significant and systemic failure. The possible decisions available following a review audit of this kind are:

- to revoke the service's accreditation,
- not revoke and not vary the period of accreditation, or
- not revoke and to vary the period of accreditation.

'Re-accreditation' is not a decision available following a review audit under the Accreditation Grant Principles 2011.

In 2011, the ABS updated the standard geography used in Australia for most data collections from the ASGC to the ASGS. Also updated at this time were remoteness areas, based on the 2011 ABS Census of Population and Housing. The new remoteness areas will be referred to as RA 2011, and the previous remoteness areas as RA 2006. Data for 2011-12 (reported in the previous cycle) were reported for RA 2006. Data for 2012-13 and subsequent cycles are reported for RA 2011. The AIHW considers the change from RA 2006 to RA 2011 to be a series break when applied to data supplied for this indicator, therefore remoteness data for 2011-12 are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2012-13 and subsequent years.

Accessibility

The data are collected by the Australian Aged Care Quality Agency and are readily available.

Interpretability

The data are restricted to re-accreditations within the previous financial year and exclude those homes that are reviewed during a financial year for possible systemic failures.

Terms used in the dataset may be ambiguous because a user may not understand that the data has limitations as a proxy measure of the industry's performance.

The Report on Government Services includes footnotes and explanations on this measure.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues

The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- This indicator is a proxy measure of the quality of aged care. Although it identifies facilities that met the re-accreditation standards, it does not distinguish levels at which facilities may have exceeded the standards.
- Consideration of disaggregation of this indicator by SES is a priority.
- The data are restricted to re-accreditations within the previous financial year.
- The data exclude those homes that are reviewed during a financial year for possible systemic failures.
- Remoteness data for 2011-12 are not directly comparable to remoteness data for 2012-13 and subsequent years.

Compliance with service standards for residential care — compliance with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Effectiveness — quality
Indicator	Compliance with service standards for residential care — compliance with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition</u></p> <p>Proportion of residential aged care services that are compliant with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements.</p> <p><u>Numerator:</u></p> <p>Number of residential aged care services that were compliant with building certification, fire safety and privacy and space requirements.</p> <p><u>Denominator:</u></p> <p>Number of operational residential aged care services.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as a proportion. Calculation is: (Numerator ÷ Denominator) x 100.</p>
Data source/s	<p><u>Numerator and Denominator:</u></p> <p>Australian Government DSS aged care data warehouse.</p>

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional Environment	Approved providers submit data to DHS to claim subsidies from the Australian Government for services delivered under the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and Aged Care Principles. These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse.
Relevance	The data provides complete coverage of residential aged care services subsidised by the Australian Government.
Timeliness	Data for the current reporting period are available in October each year.
Accuracy	A residential aged care facility must be certified to receive accommodation bonds, accommodation payments and extra service charges. To be eligible to receive the maximum level of the accommodation supplement, aged care homes are required to meet fire safety and privacy and space requirements.
Coherence	The data items used to construct this performance indicator will be consistent and comparable over time.
Accessibility	Data items are published in the <i>Reports on the Operation of the Aged Care Act 1997</i> prepared by the DSS.
Interpretability	Further information on definitions is available in the <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and Aged Care Principles and the Residential Aged Care Manual 2009.

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The data provide relevant and accurate information on compliance with residential aged care standards. • Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2012-13. • The data are consistent and comparable over time. • No significant data gaps or issues are identified.
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Cost per output unit — government funding per hour of HACC service

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, Victorian and WA governments with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Efficiency — inputs per output unit
Indicator	Inputs per output unit — government funding per hour of HACC service.
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition</u></p> <p>Government funding per hour of HACC service, by service type (nursing, allied health, domestic assistance and personal care).</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u></p> <p>Government funding spent on HACC services, by service type.</p> <p><u>Denominators:</u></p> <p>Number of hours of services, by service type.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as \$ per hour of service. Numerator/Denominator.</p> <p>Real funding is reported across years. The general formula for applying the deflator (used in the attachment tables) to convert nominal dollars to real dollars is:</p> $R_t = \frac{D_t}{N_t} \times 100$ <p>Where:</p> <p>R_t is real dollars in year t</p> <p>D_t is nominal dollars in year t</p> <p>N_t is the new index based in year t (2012-13=100).</p>
Data source/s	DSS using data reported by States or Territories in their annual HACC business reports.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>The Australian Government (DSS) has funding and program responsibility for the Commonwealth HACC program for older people in all jurisdictions is responsible for the policy oversight and regulation of HACC aged care services except in Victoria and WA where it is a joint Australian Government, and State governments' initiative administered under the Home and Community Care Review Agreement 2007. HACC service providers vary from small community-based groups to large charitable and public sector organisations.</p> <p>Commonwealth HACC agencies service providers report to the Australian governments on outputs achieved. HACC service providers in Victoria and WA report to the state government, who collate this into regional information, which is forwarded to the Australian Government Health Minister in an Annual Business Report. The data for this indicator in Victoria and WA are accessed from these annual reports.</p>
Relevance	<p>Expenditure and hours data relate to services provided to all service users that is for older people and younger people with disability. Funding per hour of HACC service for the service types reported (nursing, allied health, domestic assistance and personal care) is not expected to vary significantly across the older or younger aged cohorts.</p>

	Funding only includes that provided by Australian, State or Territory governments and does not include any non-government or local government expenditure on HACC services.
Timeliness	Business reports are submitted annually six months after the end of the reference period. The reference period for the latest data is 2012-13.
Accuracy	<p>Data are collected by service providers either electronically or via paper forms. Data are collected progressively and aggregated for transmission in accordance with a quarterly collection cycle. Aggregated data are transmitted during the collection months immediately following each quarterly activity period.</p> <p>The proportion of HACC agencies that submitted data may vary across years and between jurisdictions and actual service levels may be higher than stated.</p> <p>The unit costs reported for Victoria do not correspond to Victoria's HACC unit prices published by the Victorian Department of Health as they are based on a different method.</p>
Coherence	<p>There is no commonly agreed method for calculating the funding per hour of service. Results may vary across jurisdictions and are not comparable.</p> <p>Results for WA and the NT differ to other jurisdictions as they contract by service group and the data are an average across all services in the group.</p>
Accessibility	Further information on this indicator is available in the <i>2007-08/2008-09 HACC Annual Reports</i> .
Interpretability	Further information on this indicator is available in the HACC Review Agreements and the <i>2007-08 HACC Annual Report</i> .

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issue:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There is no commonly agreed method for calculating the funding per hour of service. Results may vary across jurisdictions and are not comparable.
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Expenditure per head of aged care target population — HACC

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, Victorian and WA governments with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Efficiency
Indicator	Efficiency — expenditure per head of aged care target population
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition</u></p> <p>Australian, State and Territory governments' expenditure on HACC services, per head of aged care target population.</p> <p><u>Numerator:</u></p> <p>Australian, State and Territory governments' expenditure on HACC services for older people.</p> <p><u>Denominator:</u></p> <p>Number of people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians 50–65 years.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u></p> <p>Expressed as \$ per head of aged care target population. Numerator/Denominator.</p> <p>Real expenditure is reported across years. The general formula for applying the deflator (used in the attachment tables) to convert nominal dollars to real dollars is:</p>

$$R_t = \frac{D_t}{N_t} \times 100$$

Where:

R_t is real dollars in year t

D_t is nominal dollars in year t

N_t is the new index based in year t (2013-14=100).

Data source/s

Numerators:

DSS unpublished.

Denominators:

Total population projections 65 years or over:

- From June 2013 — projections based on the 2011 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.
- June 2008–June 2012 — projections based on the 2006 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.
- Before June 2008 — projections based on the 2001 Census as prepared for DSS by the ABS according to the assumptions agreed to by DSS.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections 50–64 year olds or aged 50 years or over:

- June 2008–June 2013 — based on ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Experimental 2006 Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data at statistical local area (SLA) level and aligned to published ABS Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander data in Experimental Estimates and Projections (ABS Cat. no. 3238.0, series B).
- June 2014 — Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander projections are based closely on ABS 3238.0 — *Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait*

Islander Australians, 2001 to 2026. These projections have been adjusted slightly by DSS to include Other Territories.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional environment	<p>The Australian Government (DSS) is responsible for the policy oversight and regulation of HACC aged care services except in Victoria and WA where it is a joint Australian Government, and State governments' initiative administered under the <i>Home and Community Care Review Agreement 2007</i>. HACC service providers vary from small community-based groups to large charitable and public sector organisations.</p> <p>HACC agencies report to the State and Territory governments on outputs achieved. The State and Territory governments then collate this into regional information, which is forwarded to the Australian Government Health Minister in an Annual Business Report. The data for this indicator are accessed from these annual reports.</p>
Relevance	<p>Expenditure is for services provided to people aged 65 years or over and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians aged 50–64 years. Data for NSW, Qld, SA, Tasmania, the ACT and the NT are actual/estimated Australian Government expenditure in these jurisdictions under the Commonwealth HACC program. Expenditure in Victoria and WA is derived using an estimate of the proportion of activity that is for older people. Victoria provides this estimate based on their own modelling work and for WA it is based on the proportion of total hours that are accounted for by older people. These proportions are applied to the Australian Government and the State governments (Victoria and WA) total HACC program expenditure.</p> <p>Funding only includes that provided by Australian, State or Territory governments and does not include any non-government or local government expenditure on HACC services.</p>
Timeliness	<p>The reference period for the latest data is 2013-14.</p>
Accuracy	<p>No accuracy issues identified.</p>
Coherence	<p>The method for determining expenditure differs across Commonwealth HACC program jurisdictions and Victoria and WA (see relevance section). This may have a small effect on the comparability of the results across jurisdictions.</p> <p>The population projections used to calculate this indicator are not comparable overtime when based on different Censuses (2011, 2006 and 2001). Data from June 2013 (based on the 2011 Census) are not comparable to earlier years and data for 2008–2012 (based on the 2006 Census) are not comparable to data before 2008 (based on the 2001 Census).</p> <p>From 2010, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population projections were calculated using a different method compared with that used in previous years. This will have a small effect on comparability with results from previous years.</p>
Accessibility	<p>Aggregated HACC data are published in the HACC MDS Statistical Bulletin on an annual basis. The last annual Bulletin contains 2010-11 data.</p>
Interpretability	<p>Further information on definitions is available in the HACC Data Dictionary and the HACC MDS Statistical Bulletin.</p>

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues	<p>The Steering Committee notes the following issues:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14.• The data are consistent and comparable over time.• No significant data gaps or issues are identified.
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Maintenance of individual physical function

DQI for this indicator has been drafted by the Australian Government DSS, with additional Steering Committee comments.

Indicator definition and description

Element	Outcome
Indicator	Maintenance of individual physical function Transition Care Program (TCP)
Measure (computation)	<p><u>Definition:</u> Improvement in the TCP clients level of functioning.</p> <p><u>Numerators:</u> Average Modified Barthel Index (MBI) score^a on entry to the TCP. Average MBI score^a on exit from the TCP.</p> <p><u>Computation:</u> Comparison of MBI score on entry to MBI score on exit.</p> <p><u>Notes:</u> ^a The minimum MBI score is 0 (fully dependent) and the maximum score is 100 (fully independent).</p>
Data source/s	Australian Government DSS aged care data warehouse.

Data Quality Framework Dimensions

Institutional Environment	The flexible care places used in the TCP are legislated by the Act and the Principles made under the Act. The TCP is jointly funded by the Australian and State and Territory governments. Service providers submit claims to the DHS - Medicare to claim for services delivered under the TCP. These data are provided to the DSS and are stored in the Ageing and Aged Care data warehouse.
Relevance	<p>The data provides complete coverage of aged care services subsidised by the Australian Government under the TCP.</p> <p>TCP clients can move from one facility to another during their care. From 2011-12 data, clients who transfer are excluded so that there is no double counting. This applies to a very small proportion of clients, approximately 2 per cent.</p>
Timeliness	Claims are submitted by service providers on a monthly basis for services delivered under the TCP. Data for the current reporting period is available October each year.
Accuracy	<p>Subsidies to service providers of Transition Care under the Act and the Principles are contingent on their submitting claims to the DHS — Medicare. Service providers' claims are audited annually.</p> <p>Clients who transferred across facilities are double counted in the data before 2011-12. This applies to a very small proportion of clients, approximately 2 per cent.</p>
Coherence	<p>The data items used to construct this performance indicator will be consistent and comparable over time.</p> <p>Clients who transfer between facilities are excluded from 2011-12. This will have a small effect on comparability with results from previous years.</p> <p>Different health and aged care service systems, local operating procedures and client groups can have an impact on the outcomes of the Transition Care Program across jurisdictions.</p>
Accessibility	Aggregated data items are published in the <i>Reports on the Operation of the Aged Care Act 1997</i> prepared by the DSS, and detailed data are in the AIHW aged care statistic series.
Interpretability	Further information on definitions is available in the: <i>Aged Care Act 1997</i> and <i>Aged Care Principles and the Transition Care Guidelines 2011</i> .

Data Gaps/Issues Analysis

Key data gaps/issues

The Steering Committee notes the following issues:

- Annual data are available. The most recent data available are for 2013-14.
- Different health and aged care service systems, local operating procedures and client groups can have an impact on the outcomes of the TCP results across jurisdictions.